

CONNECT AND PROTECT

Enlogic – Advantage & Secure

Power Distribution Units

User Manual Version 1.6 | 16th April 2025



Revision History

Versions	Dates	Updates
V1.0	25.09.2023	Preliminary Release
V1.1	18.12.2023	CLI Commands Questions & Answers only
V1.2	13.03.2024	Seven Segment Alarms NTP Commands Power Share Features Curl Commands Questions & Answers
V1.3	20.05.2024	OMB Syslog Secondary Radius Server LDAPS Configuration Secure Copy Protocol [SCP] TELNET HTTP/HTTPS redirection Web UI Improvements – Power Share, Power Parameters, Outlet & CB Management Redfish New URLs Curl Commands - Sys, User, Dev, Net, Pwr commands updated
V1.4	20.05.2024	TLS1.3 Password Hashing Outlet Grouping Radius Server Configuration 1U/2U Horizontal iPDUs & NMCs Redfish New URLs RESTAPI Curl Commands Outlet Grouping - Curl Commands - Dev commands Sensors Air flow Sensor LED Beacon Handle Update Procedures
V1.5	20.12.2024	Single User Multi Session (SUMS) Residual Current Monitoring (RCM) Overload Prevention (OLP) 8021.X Authentication Redfish Newly implemented URLs Curl Commands - Sys, User, Dev, Net, Pwr commands updated Zero Touch Provisioning (ZTP) Open SSH 9.9 Access Control List Web UI Improvements
V1.6	16.04.2025	Power Share (Daisy Chain Capabilities)

TABLE OF CONTENTS

GENERAL SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS	7
INSTALLATION AND OPERATION SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS	7
SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS - DISCLAIMER	7
SAFETY SYMBOLS	8
SAFETY INFORMATION FOR OPERATORS	8
PRODUCT LABELS AND STANDARDS	9
REFERENCES AND ARCHITECTURE SPECIFICATIONS	9
GENERAL INSTALLATION	10
UL 2900 CERTIFIED BY UL CAP	11
PRODUCT & DOCUMENTS	11
REGIONS SUPPORTED	12
INPUT & OUTPUT CURRENT RATINGS	13
PRODUCT DESCRIPTION	16
IPDU & ITS COMPONENTS	17
PRODUCT COMPONENTS NMC	18
DISPLAYS	19
INTERFACES	19
RESET BUTTON	20
ADVANCED NETWORK MANAGEMENT CONTROLLER (NMC) NETWORK SECURITY	21
ENCRYPTION	21
REMOTE AUTHENTICATION	21
LOGIN & PASSWORD POLICY	22
CERTIFICATES	22
FIRMWARE AND CONF FILE ENCRYPTION	23
CHAIN OF TRUST FIRMWARE SIGNATURE	23
SECURE BOOT	23
CONF FILE	23
OTHER VULNERABILITIES	24
NETWORK SECURITY HARDENING GUIDE	24
DISABLE SNMPV1 AND ENABLE SNMPV3	25
CONFIGURE SNMPV3 TO USE AES/SHA	25
CHANGE THE ADMIN USER ACCOUNT PASSWORD	25
ENABLE STRONG PASSWORDS	
HASHING PASSWORDS FOR INCREASED CYBERSECURITY	25
DEFAULT PORTS	
SEVEN SEGMENT LED DISPLAY	
OLED DISPLAY AND NETWORK MANAGEMENT CONTROLLER (NMC)	28
MAIN MENU SELECTIONS	29
SETUP MENU	29
NETWORK SUBMENU	30
DEVICE SUBMENU	30
SCREEN SUBMENU	31
LANGUAGE SUBMENU	31
USB SUBMENU	32
UNITS SUBMENU	32
ALARMS MENU	33
POWER MENU	33

DEVICE SUBMENU	33
PHASE SUBMENU	33
BREAKER SUBMENU	35
OUTLET SUBMENU	35
SENSORS MENU	36
RCM MENU	37
HORIZONTAL iPDU	38
MAIN MENU SELECTIONS	42
NMC HOT SWAP	56
INSTALLING THE NEW NMC	58
OUTLET UNITS	59
SELF-LOCKING COMBO OUTLET	
NEWLY LAUNCHED OUTLETS & VARIANTS	61
SELF-LOCKING CABLE & NON-LOCKING CABLE	62
LOCKING POWER CORDS	62
MOUNTING PDU IN SERVER CABINET	64
CONNECTING TO POWER SOURCE	64
CONNECTING PDU TO NETWORK	
CONNECTING WITH SERIAL CONNECTION	66
CONNECTING SENSORS (OPTIONAL)	68
WEB USER INTERFACE (UI)	71
INTRODUCTION TO WEB UI	71
NAVIGATING THROUGH THE WEB UI	73
SINGLE USER MULTIPLE SESSIONS (SUMS)	74
DASHBOARD	76
CONTROL AND MANAGE	80
OUTLET GROUPING	82
VIEW LOGS	87
VIEW DATA LOGS	88
SETTINGS	89
NETWORK SETTINGS	89
802.1x Authentication	
WEB/RESTAPI ACCESS CONFIGURATION	94
SSH/FTPS CONFIGURATION	
NETWORK TIME PROTOCOL (NTP)	95
DATE/TIME SETTING	
DAYLIGHT-SAVING TIME	96
SYSLOG CONFIGURATION	
SYSTEM MANAGEMENT	99
SNMP MANAGEMENT	101
EMAIL SETUP	
EVENT NOTIFICATIONS	105
TRAP RECEIVER	
DEFINING THRESHOLDS	108
POWER THRESHOLD	
INPUT PHASES	
CIRCUIT BREAKER	
CONTROL MANAGEMENT	
EXTERNAL SENSORS	
PHASE POWER	
OVERLOAD PREVENTION (OLP)	
RACK ACCESS CONTROL	120

SMART RACK CONTROL	121
RESIDUAL CURRENT MONITORING (RCM)	125
USER SETTINGS	134
LDAP/LDAPS SERVER SETTINGS	139
RADIUS CONFIGURATION	141
SESSION MANAGEMENT	144
PASSWORD POLICY	145
SNMP	146
WORKING WITH MIB BROWSER	146
REDFISH	148
REDFISH CONFIGURATION	148
REDFISH AUTHENTICATION AND AUTHORIZATION	149
REDFISH URLS SUPPORTED WITH GET METHOD	151
REDFISH URLS SUPPORTED WITH POST METHOD	153
REDFISH URLS SUPPORTED WITH DELETE METHOD	153
NEW REDFISH URLS SUPPORTED WITH POST METHOD	154
GETTING STARTED WITH REDFISH	155
RESTAPI - CURL COMMANDS	126
THE COMMAND LINE INTERFACE (CLI)	179
CLI COMMANDS AND PROMPTS	179
CLI COMMANDS	180
SYS Commands	183
NET COMMANDS	186
USR COMMANDS	191
DEV COMMANDS	195
PWR COMMANDS	201
FTPS	202
SENSORS	203
DETECTING SENSORS	209
MONITORING THE EXTERNAL SENSOR	
DAISY CHAIN AND RNA-REDUNDANT NETWORK ACCESS	214
RNA (REDUNDANT NETWORK ACCESS) FUNCTIONALITY	
ZERO TOUCH PROVISIONING (ZTP)	
POWER SHARE OVER DAISY CHAIN PDUs	
FIRMWARE UPDATE PROCEDURES	221
HANDLE UPDATE PROCEDURES	
QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS (FAQS)	225



Statutory Information

Safety Instruction

GENERAL SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

- This Power Distribution Unit (PDU) unit is intended to provide power to the IT equipment only. Do not connect the secondary power units to the outlets of the PDU.
- It is recommended not to operate the system with Internet from a public network, but with an internal network protected externally with firewalls.
- When remote accesses are deployed, select a secure access path, such as VPN (Virtual Private Network) or HTTPS.
- Ensure that the current nVent Enlogic firmware is installed on all nVent Enlogic iPDUs.
- Restrict access authorizations to networks and systems to only persons that need an authorization and disable unused user accounts.
- This product generates, uses, and radiates radio frequency energy, which can cause harmful interference to radio communications if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

INSTALLATION AND OPERATION SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

- Assembly and installation of the PDU may only be performed by experienced, trained, and authorized personnel.
- Please observe the valid regulations for electrical installation in the country in which the PDU is installed and operated, and the national regulations for accident prevention. Please also observe any internal company regulations, such as work, operating and safety regulations.
- Operating the system in direct contact with water, aggressive materials or inflammable gases and vapors is prohibited.
- The PDU must not be opened. It does not contain any parts that need servicing.
- Internal parts of the PDU can get extremely hot during operation. Be cautious before handling.
- There is a risk of electrical shock from the ground conductor leakage. If the total leakage current exceeds 3.5 mA or if leakage current of the connected load is unknown, connect the ground terminal of the PDU to a dependable ground/earth connection.
- AC plug on the power supply cord of this product is used as disconnecting device, and it shall be easily accessible when it is installed.
- This equipment must be connected to an electrical supply with protected ground outlets and a branch circuit breaker with the same current rating as the equipment. Test all outlets for proper polarity and grounding. Failure to comply with this requirement can result in severe injury.
- Use only original nVent Enlogic accessories or products recommended by nVent Enlogic along with the nVent Enlogic iPDU.
- Changes and modifications to this equipment can affect the warranty. nVent Enlogic is not responsible for damage to this product, resulting from accident, disaster, or misuse.

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS - DISCLAIMER

- Enlogic by nVent accepts no liability for any errors in this documentation. To the maximum extent permissible by law, any liability for damage, direct or indirect, arising from the supply or use of this documentation is excluded.
- Enlogic by nVent retains the right to modify this document, including the liability disclaimer, at any time without notice and accepts no liability for any consequences of such alterations.
- There is a risk of electrical shock from the ground conductor leakage. If the total leakage current exceeds 3.5 mA or if leakage current of the connected load is unknown, connect the ground terminal of the PDU to a dependable ground/earth connection.
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SAFETY SYMBOLS

In these original operating instructions, warning notices point out residual risks that cannot be avoided by constructive means when installing or operating the nVent Enlogic iPDU. The warning notices are classified according to severity of the damage occurring and its statistic occurrence.

Symbol	Brief description of the danger
⚠ DANGER	
	The signal word DANGER indicates an immediate danger. Non-observance will result in severe injuries or death.
▲ WARNING	
	The signal word WARNING indicates danger. Non-observance can lead to severe injury or death.
▲ CAUTION	
	The signal word CAUTION indicates a danger. Non-observance can lead to injuries.
ATTENTION	
	The signal word ATTENTION indicates damages to equipment. Non-observance can lead to damage to the device.
i	Important Information

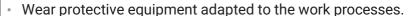
SAFETY INFORMATION FOR OPERATORS

Only trained specialists are authorized to carry out assembly, commissioning, completion, maintenance, and service of the nVent Enlogic iPDU. The nationally applicable health and safety regulations must be adhered as well.

MWARNING

Risk of injury due to insufficient personal protective equipment

If you use wrong / no protective equipment at all, serious injuries are possible.



- Check the protective equipment before each use to ensure that it is intact!
- · Use only approved protective equipment.



Please refer to specific Drawing Assembly or the Circuit diagram for the total current of the combination of different outlets per model.

PRODUCT LABELS AND STANDARDS

This equipment has been evaluated and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment.





This product is CE compliant, and UL tested. An appropriate declaration of conformity has been issued and can be supplied on request.

The Power Cable of this product must be used exclusively for the respective PDU only.

REFERENCES AND ARCHITECTURE SPECIFICATIONS

Related Documents

This product meets the requirements of the following specifications:

Electromagnetic Compatibility

The requirements of the following EMC standards for electrical equipment are fulfilled and verified via an independent EMC test laboratory.

- EN 61326-1 class B group 1 Basic Immunity
- EN 61000-3-3 Limitation of voltage changes, voltage fluctuations and flicker
- EN 61000-3-2 Limits for harmonic current emissions

CE / UKCA Compliance

- LVD 2014/35/EU Low-Voltage Directive
- EMC 2014/30/EU Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive
- RoHS 2011/65/EU RoHS Directive-2

Products fulfilling those requirements are marked with a CE/UKCA label. For Declarations of Conformity of this product please visit www.enlogic.com

GENERAL INSTALLATION

Unpacking

ATTENTION

When opening the shipping carton, use caution to avoid damaging the system.

Consider the following when unpacking and storing the system:

- Leave the system packed until it is needed for immediate installation
- · After unpacking the system, save and store the packaging material in case the system must be returned If the packaging is damaged and system damage is present, report to the shipper and analyze the damage.

Initial Operation

⚠ WARNING



Risk of injury and accidents due to insufficiently qualified personnel!

The installation may only be carried out by qualified personnel who are authorized to do so according to the valid safety regulations, e.g., by authorized specialized companies or authorized departments of the company.

Ensure that the system has not been damaged during transport, storage, or assembly.

UL 2900 CERTIFIED BY UL CAP

Enlogic iPDUs have been certified by Underwriter Laboratories through the UL Cybersecurity Assurance Program (UL CAP) against the presence of vulnerabilities, malware and security-relevant software weaknesses for cybersecurity assured products.

UL2900 certification specifies the methods by which a product is evaluated and tested for the presence of vulnerabilities, software weaknesses and malware. It has been adopted as an American National Standards Institute (ANSI) standard. The standard includes requirements and methods to evaluate and te connectable products, including:

- Software developer requirements and risk management process for the product
- Evaluation and test methods for the presence of vulnerabilities, software weaknesses, and malware
- Security risk control requirements for the architecture and design of a product

As the world becomes more sustainable and electrified and global demand for data continues to grow, we will continue to develop innovative solutions to connect, protect and manage heat in critical systems for our data solutions customers. From energyefficient cooling solutions to keeping operations safe from cyber threats, we are ready to meet our customers' ever-changing needs.

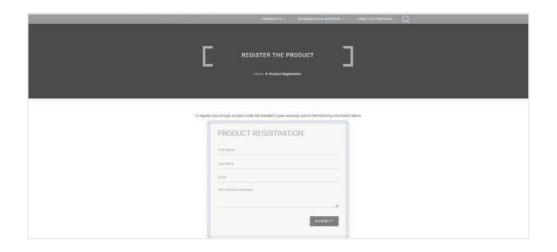
PRODUCT & DOCUMENTS

This unit is delivered in a cardboard box and contains:

- PDU & NMC
- Plugs & Wires
- · Quick Start Guide
- Safety Information Sheet
- Warranty Card

Check the unit for any damage that may have occurred during transport. Any damage and other faults, e.g., incomplete delivery, should be reported immediately, in writing, to the shipping company and to Enlogic Systems LLC.

Use the information provided in the enclosed warranty card to register your product online at www.enlogic.com



REGIONS SUPPORTED

Follow all local and national codes, when installing the PDU. The PDU should be connected to a dedicated circuit protected by a branch circuit breaker matching the PDU input plug-type for your region:

Regions	PDU Input Plug Type	Input Rating
	IEC60320 C20 Inlet (Removable Power Cord)	16A SINGLE PHASE
	CEE 7/4, CEE 7/5, CEE 7/7 Plugs	16A SINGLE PHASE
	IEC60309 316P6 or 316P6W	16A SINGLE PHASE
	IEC60309 332P6 or 332P6W	32A SINGLE PHASE
Europe, International	IEC60309 363P6 or 363P6W	32A SINGLE PHASE
. ,	IEC60309 516P6 or 516P6W	16A THREE PHASE
	IEC60309 532P6 or 532P6W	32A THREE PHASE
	IEC60309 563P6 or 563P6W	63A THREE PHASE
	3-pin (2P+G)	20A SINGLE PHASE
	3-pin (2P+G)	32A SINGLE PHASE
	5-pin (3P+N+G)	20A THREE PHASE
	5-pin (3P+N+G)	32A THREE PHASE
Australia	IEC60320 C20 Inlet (Removable Power Cord)	20A SINGLE PHASE
Australia	NEMA 5-20P or NEMA L5-20P	20A SINGLE PHASE
	NEMA 6-20P or NEMA L6-20P	20A SINGLE PHASE
	NEMA 6-30P or NEMA L6-30P	30A SINGLE PHASE
	NEMA 5-30P or NEMA L5-30P	30A SINGLE PHASE
	IEC60309 330P9 or 330P9W	30A SINGLE PHASE
	CS8265C	50A SINGLE PHASE
	NEMA L21-20P or NEMA L15-20P	20A THREE PHASE
	NEMA L21-30P or NEMA L15-30P	30A THREE PHASE
North America/Japan	CS8365C	50A THREE PHASE
	IEC60309 460P9 or 460P9W	60A THREE PHASE
	IEC60309 520P6 or 520P6W	20A THREE PHASE
	IEC60309 530P6 or 530P6W or NEMA L22- 30P	30A THREE PHASE

INPUT & OUTPUT CURRENT RATINGS

The PDU should be connected to Input current <= 27.7A for Delta series and "Wye in + Delta out" series, attached is all models, only the models indicated below cannot be configured to reach the maximum output current of 10A or 16A.

1. For EP#0&*16-XXXX-C, EP#0&*16-XXXX-L, EP#1&*16-XXXX-C, EP#1&*16-XXXX-L, EP#2&*16-XXXX-C, EP#2&*16-XXXX-L. EP#5&*16-XXXX-C. EP#5&*16-XXXX-L. EP#6&*16-XXXX-C. EP#6&*16-XXXX-L.

INPUT:

200-240VAC, DELTA, 3-PHASE, 50/60Hz, 16A

OUTPUT:

C13/C15 Combo/Locking; 100-240VAC, 9.2A max per outlet

C13/C15/C19 Combo/Locking; 100-240VAC, 9.2A max per outlet

INPUT:

120/208VAC, WYE, 3W+PE 3-PHASE, 50/60Hz, 16A

OUTPUT:

C13/C15 Combo/Locking; 208VAC, 9.2A max per outlet

C13/C15/C19 Combo/Locking; 208VAC, 9.2A max per outlet

2. For EP#0&*24-XXXX-C, EP#0&*24-XXXX-L, EP#1&*24-XXXX-C, EP#1&*24-XXXX-L, EP#2&*24-XXXX-C, EP#2&*24-XXXX-L, EP#5&*24-XXXX-C, EP#5&*24-XXXX-L, EP#6&*24-XXXX-L

INPUT:

200-240VAC, DELTA, 3-PHASE, 50/60Hz, 24A

C13/C15/C19 Combo/Locking; 100-240VAC, 10A max per outlet C13/C15/C19 Combo/Locking; 100-240VAC, 13.8A max per outlet

INPUT:

120/208VAC, WYE, 3W+PE, 3-PHASE, 50/60Hz, 24A

OUTPUT:

C13/C15 Combo/Locking; 208VAC, 10A max per outlet

C13/C15/C19 Combo/Locking; 208VAC, 13.8A max per outlet

3. For EP#0&*16-XXXX, EP#1&*16-XXXX, EP#2&*16-XXXX, EP#5&*16-XXXX, EP#6&*16-XXXX

INPUT:

200-240VAC, DELTA, 3-PHASE, 50/60Hz, 16A

OUTPUT:

C13; 100-240VAC, 50/60Hz, 9.2A max per outlet

C19; 100-240VAC, 50/60Hz, 9.2A max per outlet

INPUT:

120/208VAC, WYE, 3W+PE 3-PHASE, 50/60Hz, 16A

OUTPUT:

C13; 208VAC, 50/60Hz, 9.2A max per outlet

C19; 208VAC, 50/60Hz, 9.2A max per outlet

4. For EP#0&*24-XXXX, EP#1&*24-XXXX, EP#2&*24-XXXX, EP#5&*24-XXXX, EP#6&*24-XXXX

INPUT:

200-240VAC, DELTA, 3-PHASE, 50/60Hz, 24A

OUTPUT:

C13; 100-240VAC, 50/60Hz, 10A max per outlet

C19; 100-240VAC, 50/60Hz, 13.8A max per outlet

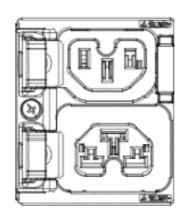
INPUT:

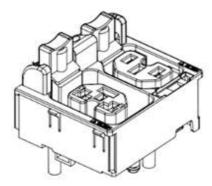
120/208VAC, WYE, 3W+PE 3-PHASE, 50/60Hz, 24A

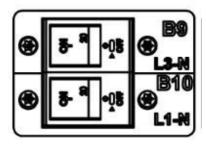
OUTPUT:

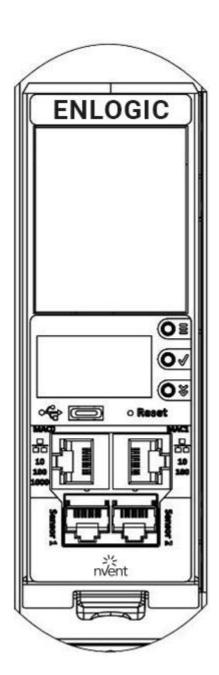
C13; 208VAC, 50/60Hz, 10A max per outlet

C19; 208VAC, 50/60Hz, 13.8A max per outlet











PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

The Advantage Secure PDU from Enlogic is a sleek and space saving unit with low profile circuit breakers, color-coded receptacles and different types of power outlets, which can be customized according to the user needs and IT requirements.

The PDU provides efficient and reliable power distribution capabilities, ensuring maximum uptime of IT equipment through intelligent features such as:

- Full featured network management and alerting capabilities supporting HTTP, HTTPS, SSH, SNMP, and email.
- Strong encryption, passwords, and advanced authorization options including local permissions, LDAP, and Active Directory.
- Daisy Chain up to 64 Rack PDUs and supports a maximum of 10 environmental sensors each.
- Power Sharing feature that allows the data of the PDU to be recorded even during a Power Failure.

The power distribution systems offered by the Advantage Secure from Enlogic are as follows:

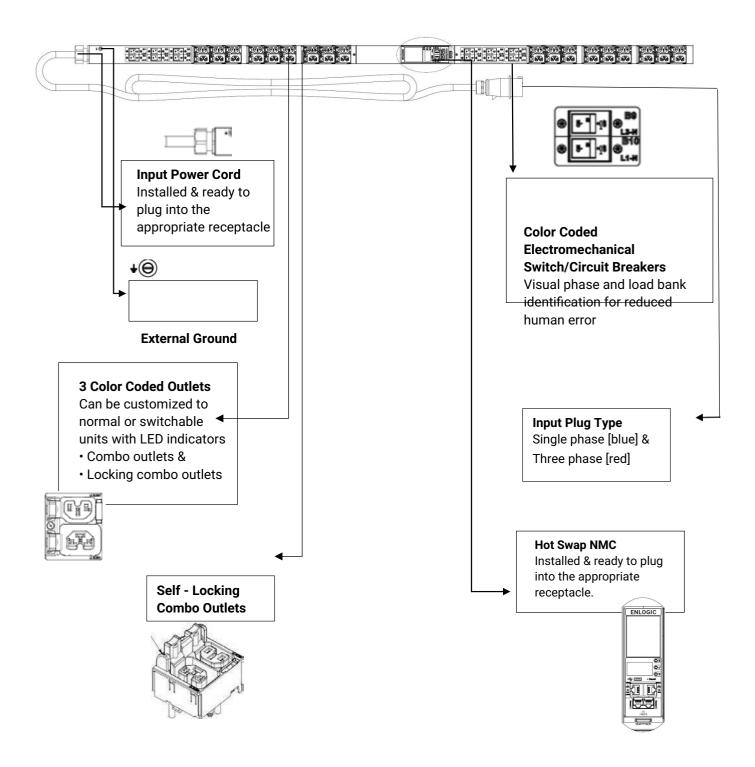
Product Series	Inlet Power Measurement (Metered)	Outlet Power Measurement	Switchable Outlet
EN1000 Series	⊗		
EN2000 Series	⊗		⊗
EN5000 Series	⊗	Ø	
EN6000 Series	⊗	Ø	
EZ1000 Series	⊗		⊗

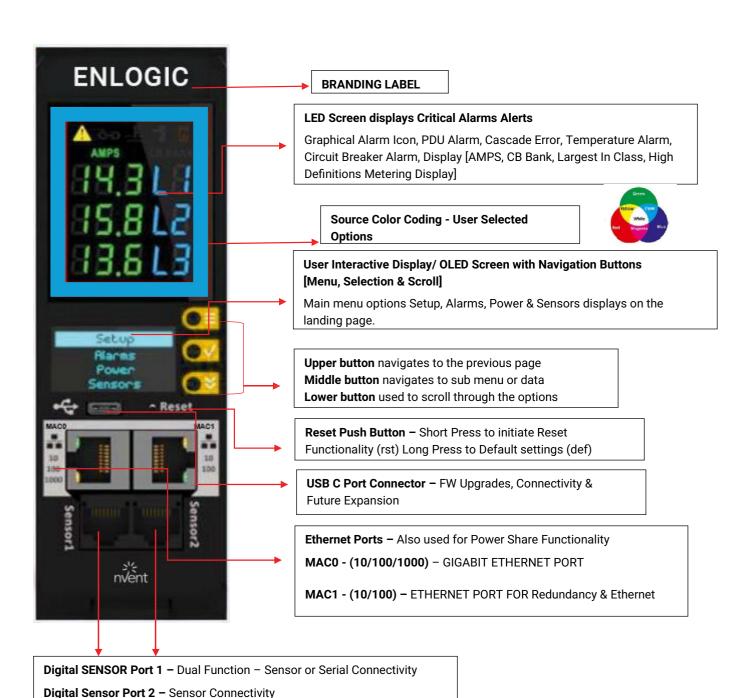
Single-Phase Models

All Single-Phase models support hydraulic-magnetic breakers that are color coded to the corresponding outlets.

Three-Phase Models

- In standard, 415 V Three-Phase (Wye) configurations, the color of each circuit breaker and outlet corresponds to the appropriate input phase. The PDU is labelled to indicate the input phase associated with each circuit breaker and outlets.
- In North America 208 V Three-phase (delta) configurations, the color of the circuit breaker corresponds to the line connections and includes a label of the two connected input-phases, (i.e., L1-L2, L2-L3, or L3-L1).
- All Three-Phase models rated 16 A, will also use an outlet indicator LED in color Green.





[Supports up to 10 physical sensors with the help of sensor hub]

DISPLAYS

There are two displays on all standard Advantage Secure models, as specified below:

- The Seven Segment LED display shows data in high visibility at Phase Level and CB Level.
 - LED Graphical Alarm Icons: PDU Alarm, Cascade Error Alarm, Temperature Alarm, Security Handle Alarm, and Circuit Breaker Alarm.
 - Display (AMPS, CB BANK): Largest In-class HD Metering Display.
- The OLED screen will display a status bar, when the PDU operating system is loading.
 - OLED display: Set up, Alarms, Power, Sensors (click menu, select, and scroll to operate).

INTERFACES

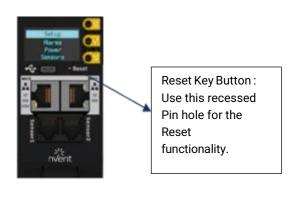
There are five interfaces on all standard Advantage Secure models, as specified below:

- USB-C: Fast Configuration, Fast upload of firmware and download log files.
- Ethernet Port 1: 1x Gigabit Ethernet (10/100/1000 Mbps) Primary network port / Power Share.
- Ethernet Port 2: 1x (10/100 Mbps) Daisy chain / Power Share / RNA / Network.
- Sensor-1: Primary Sensor Port / Serial Port -The Serial function is a user interface that enables the user to configure Features and update Firmware.
- Sensor-2: Secondary Sensor Port This port also can connect the sensors.

Note – Overall, the sensor ports support connecting up to total 10 sensors with the help of the sensor hub.

RESET BUTTON

Outcome	Action
NMC Reboot [RST]	Use a pin, press, and hold the recessed RESET key button for about 8 seconds, which will initiate the reset option without changing any configuration values. The OLED display will show the RST during this operation.
NMC Reboot [DEF] To set it to default settings if user does not know the password	Use a pin, press, and hold the RESET key button for about 20 seconds, which will initiate the DEF option in the LED display. This action initiates the NMC to reset to the factory default settings.
NMC Quick/Forced Restart	Use the pin, press, and hold the RESET key button along the scroll button simultaneously. This action initiates a quick/forced NMC restart.







ADVANCED NETWORK MANAGEMENT CONTROLLER (NMC) NETWORK SECURITY

Enlogic iPDUs and in-line meters are equipped with:

- The latest network security protocols (secured by encryption algorithms).
- The latest support for remote authentication (Active Directory, LDAP & RADIUS) and
- · Aggressive USER Login and Password Policies.

The Firmware updates are released on a quarterly basis, to ensure that Enlogic iPDUs will always provide the highest-level network security, which protects against attacks in high-risk environments.

ENCRYPTION

Communication Protocol	Supported Encryption
HTTP/HTTPS/REDFISH	TLS 1.3
API	2048 key length supported
	SNMPv2c
0111470 0 / 0	Encryption: Based on community
SNMPv2c/v3	string SNMPv3
	Authentication: MD5, SHA, Privacy: AES128, AES192, AES256
	TCP/IP SSL
SSH	Support for user-defined ports
	Up to 16 SSH user sessions at the same time
FTP/FTPS	File Transport Protocol (FTP)
	File Transport Protocol Secure (FTPS) (TLS1.3 encryption)
LDAP and RADIUS	Privilege assignment over LDAP and RADIUS

REMOTE AUTHENTICATION

Authentication Protocol	Supported
Open LDAP	YES Supported
RADIUS	YES Supported

LOGIN & PASSWORD POLICY

Communication Protocol	Supported Encryption
Strong Password	Supports case sensitive alphanumeric and symbols
Creating Password Exceptions	Supports ASCII
Minimum password length	Passwords must be greater than eight characters
Forced password change on first login	User must assign an 8-32 character password at first login
User blocking after failed attempts	User definable number of attempts
Password Aging Interval	1-to-365-days expiration, or set it to 'never expire'
User Lockout Time	Specifies the duration time of lockout the user experiences before logging in again after the failed attempts
Automatic Idle Out	User definable idle out timer
Password Hashing	Passwords are hashed for increased Cybersecurity. Users can now create passwords with no length constraints, such as 32 or 64 characters.

Password Exceptions	Supported
For Creating Passwords Supported character set	Supports all special characters and symbols from the ASCII table [US English Keypad].
from ASCII	

CERTIFICATES

Enlogic iPDUs supports X.509 PEM digital certificates to create secure encrypted connections. The device is loaded with built-in default SSL certificate (1024 or 2048 key length), or the user can choose created SSL certificates. Key lengths supported are 1024 or 2048 bit.

FIRMWARE AND CONF FILE ENCRYPTION

Secure Encryption Design is adopted for files used to configure iPDU.

Firmware File

- · enlogic.fw is a secured firmware file.
- The below mentioned attributes makes enlogic.fw secure:
 - Supports Secure Boot.
 - Supports Chain of Trust.
 - Support Firmware file signature.
 - Encrypted using AES256.

File	Encryption
Checksum	SHA256
Encryption Algorithm	AES256
Chain of Trust	AES192, AES256, RSA4096, SHA256
Signature Algorithm	ECDSA, SHA256

CHAIN OF TRUST FIRMWARE SIGNATURE

Validation:

- File tampering is rejected from firmware to overcome Denial of Service (DoS).
- With strong algorithm check process, foreign file penetration into firmware application is avoided.

SECURE BOOT

Secure Boot makes sure that a device boots using only software that is trusted.

CONF FILE

- CONF File downloaded is encrypted using AES256.
- EEPROM version validation is added to make sure NMC gets exact conf file.

File	Encryption
Encryption	AES256
Checksum	SHA256

OTHER VULNERABILITIES

Following vulnerabilities are avoided in firmware:

- WEBSERVER Weak Ciphers
 - Weak Ciphers are removed from TLS Support.
- WEBSERVER Privilege Escalation & Improper Authentication
 - Unique Role and ID is assigned to each user.
- WEBSERVER Click Jacking
 - X-Frame option request header is added.
- UNUSED Ports
 - All unused ports in firmware are closed.
 - Ports used for internal use will not be accepting any external requests.

NETWORK SECURITY HARDENING GUIDE

This section provides recommendations for hardening the security of products that connects to the network using an Advanced Network Management Controller (NMC).

Recommendations

To ensure that the product has the latest security enhancements and features available, verify that it is running the latest firmware version. Visit the Enlogic website at: https://www.enlogic.com/firmwaresoftware/firmware to find the latest firmware for your device.

Disable all unused protocols

If a protocol is not in use, ensure it is disabled to reduce your threat surface. This applies to protocols such as HTTP, HTTPS, SSH, SMTP, FTP, FTPS, etc.

Use custom network ports where applicable

If a non-standard port is in use, the device may not be detected by scans, which verify only standard ports. This applies to protocols such as HTTP, HTTPS, SSH, SMTP, FTP, FTPS, etc.

Disable HTTP and enable HTTPS for web support

To use secure and encrypted web protocol, disable HTTP and enable HTTPS. By default, HTTP is disabled on Network Management Controller-enabled products.

Disable older versions of TLS

Transport Layer Security (TLS) is a cryptographic protocol that provides communication security over the internet. Ensure that older versions of TLS are disabled on your Network Management Controller-enabled device and use the latest version available. PDU latest firmware supports ONLY TLS 1.3

Disable FTPS

For secure, encrypted file transfer protocol, enable FTPS if it is disabled. When FTPS is not in use, disable it to help harden security on your device. By default, PDU firmware supports data communication over TLS1.3.

Note: If FTP login data is sent over plain text (not secured) from computer FTP client to the PDU FTPS server, the PDU authentication server will close the connection with error code 421.

DISABLE SNMPV1 AND ENABLE SNMPV3

For encrypted SNMP protocol, disable SNMPv1 if it is enabled and enable SNMPv3. It is recommended to use SNMPv3 as it is more secure than SNMPv1. By default, SNMPv1 is Enabled and SNMPv3 is disabled.

Note: When SNMPv1 is not in use, it is recommended to disable SNMPv1.

CONFIGURE SNMPV3 TO USE AES/SHA

Configure SNMPv3 to use the most secure algorithms, AES, and SHA, to provide encryption and authentication.

CHANGE THE ADMIN USER ACCOUNT PASSWORD

After installation and initial configuration of your Network Management Controller-enabled device, immediately change the default admin user account password.

Note: You will be prompted to change the admin password at first login to the NMC.

ENABLE STRONG PASSWORDS

Enable this feature to ensure strong passwords are created. All passwords will be required to be a minimum length and contain special characters to make passwords harder to guess.

HASHING PASSWORDS FOR INCREASED CYBERSECURITY

Password hashing aims to improve security since it increases the likelihood of a major data breach and puts data security at risk when produced or active passwords are kept on file. Depending on the algorithm chosen, hashing is the process of transforming data, such as text, numbers, and files, into a fixed-length string of letters and numbers as passwords.

The conversion of plain text to hashed values is an irreversible operation, once hashed, the original passwords cannot be recovered or generated and this enables increased security.

Hashing of passwords encompasses but is not limited to the following scenarios: New User creation and validation

- · Default users
- · Existing User login validation
- · Upload Configuration file
- Hot Swapping NMC

DEFAULT PORTS

Following are the default ports the NMC supports. The list of enabled and disabled ports is also mentioned below:

Default Enabled Ports	
Port Number	Protocol
Port 21	FTP over TLS1.3
Port 22	SSH
Port 443	HTTPS
Port 8001	Cascade Function – Not accessible on Network
Port 161	SNMP
Default Disabled Ports	
Port 80	HTTP
Port 162	SNMP Traps
Port 514	SYSLOG
Port 389	LDAP
Port 25	SMTP

SEVEN SEGMENT LED DISPLAY

The Seven Segment LED display shows data in high visibility at Phase Level and CB Level.

Phase Level

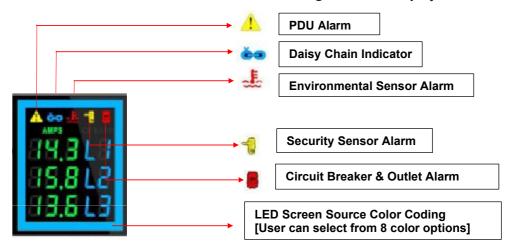
In this level information about the Current Input at each respective line, L1, L2 and L3.

CB Level

In this level information about the Current Input at each respective Circuit breaker, 1, 2 and 3.



Indicators and Alarms shown on the Seven Segment LED display



- 1. PDU Alarm It shows the user when a Critical Alarms or Warning Alarms occurs in a PDU. Displays the Active Power Alarms, Voltage, Current Unit Power, Frequency, Power Share.
- 2. Daisy Chain Indicator It displays for about 30 mins if the Daisy Chain connection is disconnected. PDU becomes standalone.
- **3. Environmental Sensor Alarm** It shows the user if there is an alarm related to the environmental sensors. Displays the Temperature sensor, Humidity sensor, Rope sensor, Dry sensor, Alarm Beacon and Air flow sensor.
- 4. Circuit Breaker & Outlet Alarm It shows the user if there is an alarm related to the circuit breaker. Displays the Outlet Alarms and CB Alarms.
- **5. Security Sensor Alarm** It shows the user if there is an alarm related to the door sensors.
- **6. LED Source Color coding** The user can choose from a list of eight LED screen color options.

OLED DISPLAY AND NETWORK MANAGEMENT CONTROLLER (NMC)

The Onboard Display provides information about the PDU and connected devices. The Network Management Controller (NMC) of the PDU has a three-button. Use the buttons to change the screen display and retrieve specific data.

OLED NAVIGATION



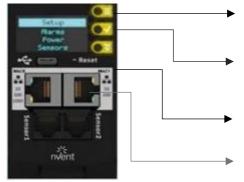
Press on the Menu button to access the OLED Main Menu or previous Submenu.



▶ Press on the Scroll button to navigate through the options.



Press on the Select button to choose the option.



Menu Button: Use this button as a BACK button to navigate to the previous menu screen.

Select Button: Use this button to pick an option

from the list.

Scroll Button: Use this button to scroll to the next

line.

Reset Button: Use this Pin hole to reset the PDU.

Note: The highlighted menu item is ready to be selected.

The Network Controller Display has three modes:

1. Menu mode: (Network Controller Display main menu): When the PDU is powered up or when a button is pushed while in Standby Mode or Power Save mode.



2. Standby mode: This happens when a PDU is idle (no buttons pushed) for 2 minutes while in Menu mode. The following screen savers with the respective data comes into view.











3. Power Save mode: The PDU enters Power Save mode when it has been in Standby mode for 30 minutes. The screen is switched off to save power. To exit Power Save mode, press any button on the display.

MAIN MENU SELECTIONS

The PDU menu selection hierarchy consists of Setup, Alarms, Power, and Sensors. On the main menu, scroll down to highlight Setup. Press Select. Scroll down to select a submenu and press Select to display the submenu options. Press **Menu** to return to the previous menu.



SETUP MENU

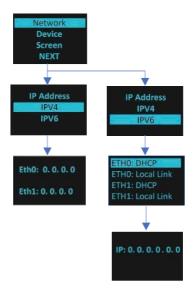
The Setup menu provides user configuration options including Network, Device, Screen, Language, USB, and Units.





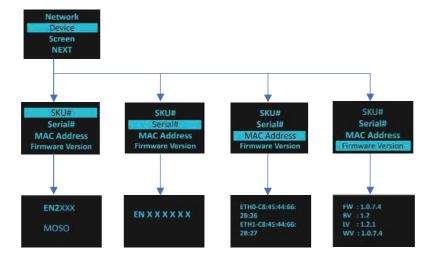
NETWORK SUBMENU

The Network submenu allows you to view IP address IPv4 or IPv6. On the Setup menu, scroll down to Network. Press Select to enter the Network Submenu. Scroll down to highlight the selected option from the menu. Press **Select** to display the screens that display the IP address. Press **Menu** to return to the previous menu.



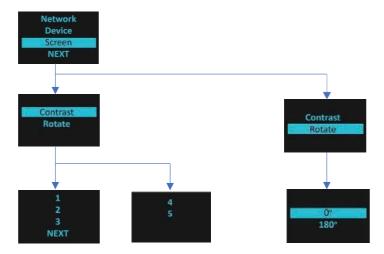
DEVICE SUBMENU

The Device submenu provides the SKU number, Serial number, MAC address and Firmware version. On the Setup menu, scroll down to highlight Device submenu. Press Select to enter the Device Submenu. Scroll down to the item you wish to display, and press Select. Press Menu to return to the previous menu.



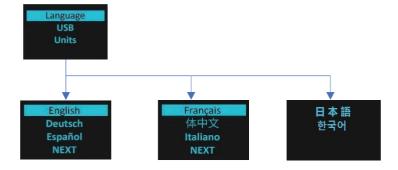
SCREEN SUBMENU

The Screen submenu allows you to customize settings for Contrast and Rotate. In the Setup menu, scroll down to highlight Screen. Press Select to select the submenu. Press Menu to return to the previous menu.



LANGUAGE SUBMENU

The Language submenu allows you to select the language you need to use. On the Setup menu, scroll down to highlight Language. Press Select to display the screens to select the submenu. After you select the values, press Select to set the values as displayed on the screen. Press Menu to return to the previous menu.

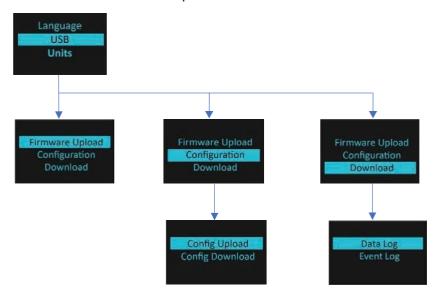


USB SUBMENU

The **USB** submenu allows you to upload firmware file, upload configuration file and download event log or data log.

On the **Setup** menu, scroll down to highlight USB. Press **Select** to enter the **USB** Submenu. The user can select the Operation and Mode to proceed further.

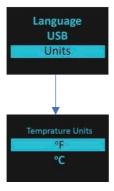
Note: If a USB drive is not present in the USB slot the PDU will enter normal operation.



UNITS SUBMENU

The **Units** submenu displays the temperature units. On the **Setup** menu, scroll down to highlight Units. Press **Select** to enter the **Units** Submenu. After you select the values, press **Select** to set the values as displayed on the screen. Press **Menu** to return to the previous menu.

Note: This can only be done locally at the PDU and also using the WEBUI.



ALARMS MENU

The Alarms menu displays active alarms for the PDU. On the Main Menu, scroll down to highlight Alarms. Press **Select** to display the **Alarm** Screen. When you finish your review, press **Menu** to return to the main menu.



POWER MENU

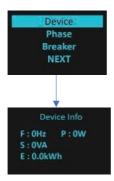
The Power menu manages Device, Phase, Breaker, and Outlet. On the Main Menu, scroll down to highlight Power. Press Select. Scroll down to select a submenu and press Select to display the submenu options. Press Menu to return to the previous menu.





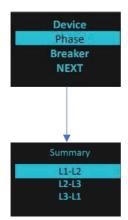
DEVICE SUBMENU

The **Device** submenu is to Display Current, Voltage and Power. On the **Power** menu, scroll down to highlight **Device.** Press **Select** to display the power values for the entire PDU. Press **Menu** to return to the previous menu.



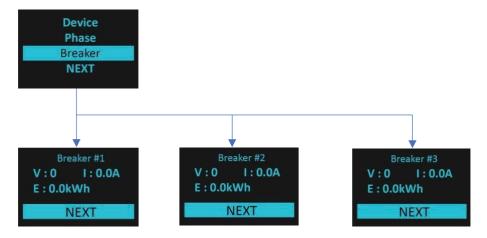
PHASE SUBMENU

The Phase submenu is to display the status of 3-Phase. On the Power menu, scroll down to highlight Phase. Press Select to display the screens to set the values for the submenu. After you select the phase, press Select to display the values for that phase on the screen. Press Menu to return to the previous menu.



BREAKER SUBMENU

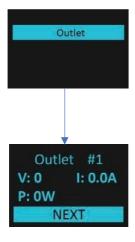
The **Breaker** submenu is to display power values for the breakers. Press **Select** to display the values of the first breaker. To go to the next breaker, Select **Next.** Press **Menu** to return to the previous menu.



OUTLET SUBMENU

The **Outlet** submenu is to display voltage, current and power from outlet number 1 to number n. On the **Power** menu, scroll down to highlight **Outlet**. Press **Select** to display values for the first outlet. To go to the next outlet, **Select** next. Press **Menu** to return to the previous menu.

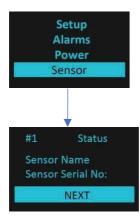
Note: Custom outlet names noted in the Web GUI do not make changes to the local display. This is done to make it easier to map to outlet numbers which can locally be seen on the outlets themselves.



SENSORS MENU

The **Sensor menu** is to display temperature, humidity, door switch, fluid leak etc. On the Main Menu, scroll down to highlight Sensor. Press Select. This will display the sensor data for the first sensor. To go to the next sensor, Select next. Press Menu to return to the previous menu.

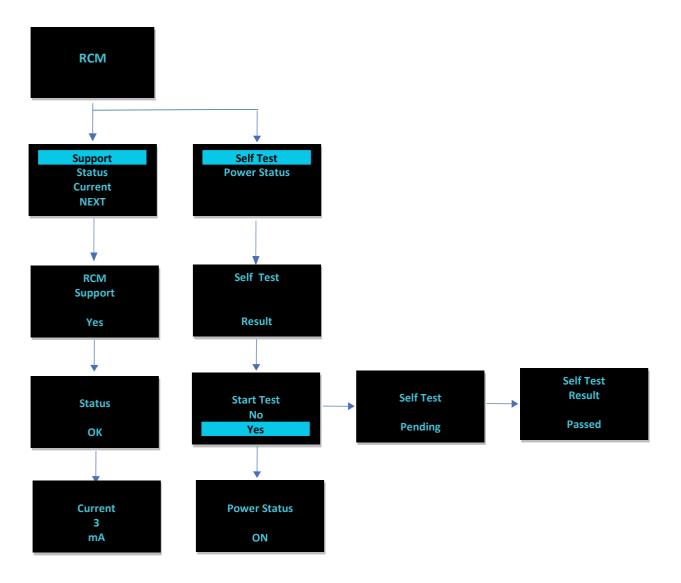
Note: Maximum of ten sensors are configured per PDU.



RCM MENU

The RCM menu is to display residual current monitoring support, status, RCM current, initiate on-demand self test and get power status. Press Select. This will display the RCM options. To go to the next screen, Select next. Press Menu to return to the previous menu.

Note: RMC menu is displayed only for SKU fitted with the RCM Module.



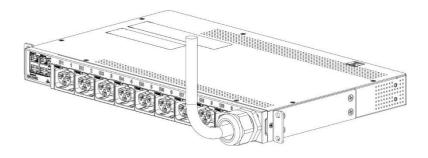
HORIZONTAL iPDU

Enlogic presents the new NMCs along with the new Horizontal Orientation iPDUs. This is a hardware and software option for customers who need a horizontal, small iPDU that could fit well within any kind of IT infrastructure enclosure. Some of the unique features of this iPDU are:

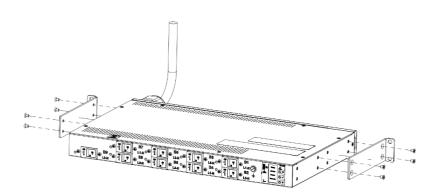
- 1. A single, highly visible "Status LED" with a color indicator for the horizontal NMCs. In contrast with vertical iPDUs, horizontal iPDU NMCs don't comprise of 7-segment display (that shows current and alarm values), instead, it comprises a status LED to indicate alarms/warnings. Green indicates no alarms, orange for warnings and red for critical alarms.
- 2. There are two sets of labeled Ethernet and sensor ports that are aligned horizontally.
- 3. All eight languages—French, Spanish, German, Chinese, Japanese, English, Korean, and Italian—are supported by the firmware, with relevant acronyms adapted to reflect the new orientation.
- 4. The updated firmware easily transitions to the horizontal orientation after identifying the kind of NMC. A CLI/SSH command is added to control the Status LED to on/off.

HORIZONTAL iPDU & its Components

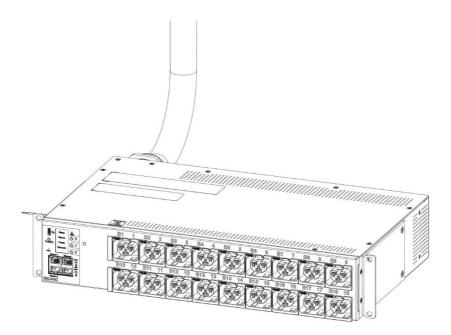
• 1 Unit [1U] - Front View



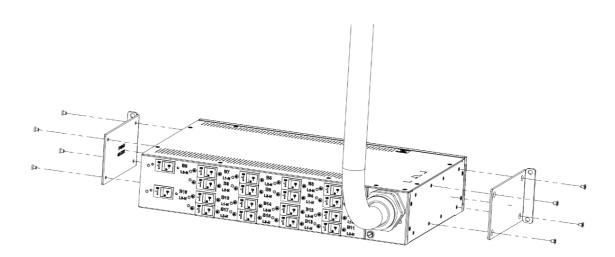
1 Unit [1U] – Backward View



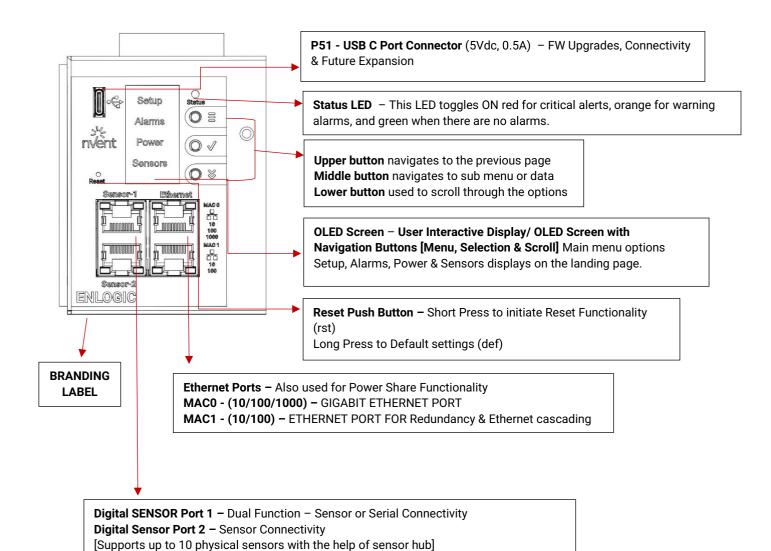
• 2 Units [2U]



• 2 Units [2U] – Backward View



Product Components NMC



DISPLAYS

There are two displays on all standard Advantage Secure models, as specified below:

- The OLED screen will display a status bar, when the PDU operating system is loading.
- OLED display: Set up, Alarms, Power, Sensors (click menu, select, and scroll to operate).

INTERFACES

There are five interfaces on all standard HORIZONTAL iPDUs, as specified below:

- 3. USB-C: Fast Configuration, Fast upload of firmware and download log files.
- 4. Ethernet Port 1: 1x Gigabit Ethernet (10/100/1000 Mbps) Primary network port / Power Share.
- 5. Ethernet Port 2: 1x (10/100 Mbps) Daisy chain / Power Share / RNA / Network.
- 6. Sensor-1: Primary Sensor Port / Serial Port -The Serial function is a user interface that enables the user to configure Features and update Firmware.
- 7. Sensor-2: Secondary Sensor Port This port also can connect the sensors.
- 8. Note Overall, the sensor ports support connecting up to total 10 sensors with the help of the sensor hub.

HORIZONTAL 1U/2U COMMANDS IN CLI

All Advantage Series/Secure CLI commands are applicable for Horizontal 1U/2U iPDUs except the specific command mentioned below:

Command	Description	Example
dev statusled	If pduid value entered, that particular PDUs LED	EN2.0> dev statusled 1 on
[pduid/all] [on/off]	is controlled, if all, LEDs of all nodes will be controlled.	SUCCESS

MAIN MENU SELECTIONS

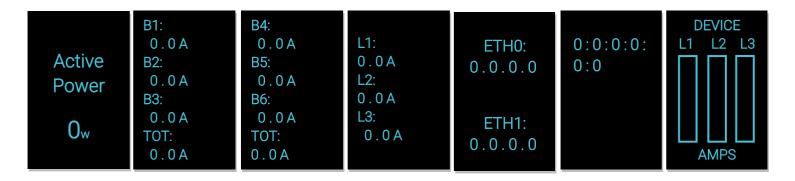
The Network Controller display has three modes:

Menu mode: (Network Controller Display main menu): When the PDU is powered up or when a button is pushed while in Standby Mode or Power Save mode.



STANDBY MODE

Standby mode: This happens when a PDU is idle (no buttons pushed) for 2 minutes while in Menu mode. The following screen savers with the respective data comes into view.



POWER SAVE MODE

Power Save mode: The PDU enters Power Save mode when it has been in Standby mode for 30 minutes. The screen is switched off to save power. To exit Power Save mode, press any button on the display.

MAIN MENU SELECTIONS

The PDU menu selection hierarchy consists of Setup, Alarms, Power, and Sensors. On the main menu, scroll down to highlight Setup. Press Select. Scroll down to select a submenu and press Select to display the submenu options. Press Menu to return to the previous menu.



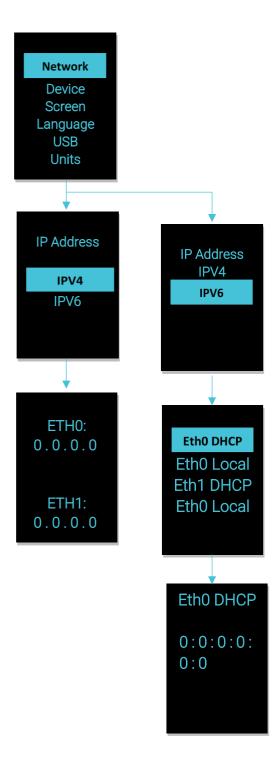
SETUP MENU

The Setup menu provides user configuration options including Network, Device, Screen, Language, USB, and Units.



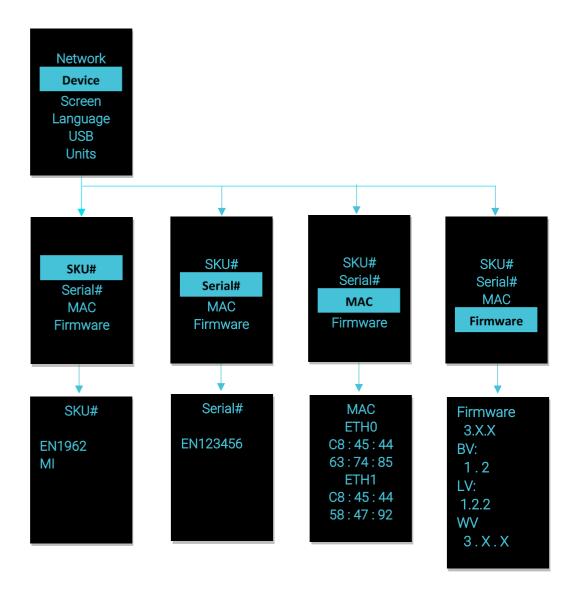
NETWORK SUBMENU

The Network submenu allows you to view IP address IPv4 or IPv6. On the Setup menu, scroll down to Network. Press Select to enter the Network Submenu. Scroll down to highlight the selected option from the menu. Press Select to display the screens that display the IP address. Press Menu to return to the previous menu.



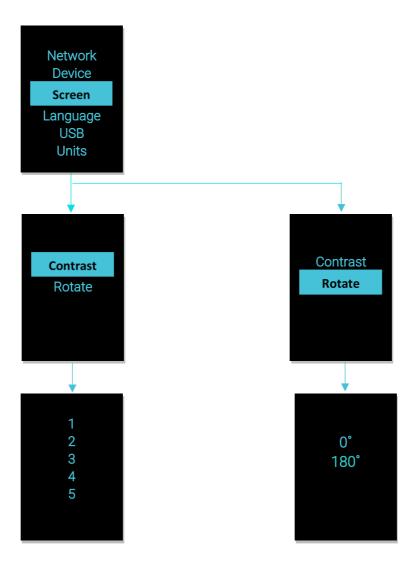
DEVICE SUBMENU

The Device submenu provides the SKU number, Serial number, MAC address and Firmware version. On the Setup menu, scroll down to highlight Device submenu. Press Select to enter the Device Submenu. Scroll down to the item you wish to display, and press Select. Press Menu to return to the previous menu.



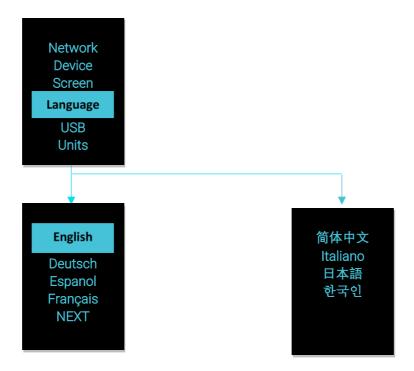
SCREEN SUBMENU

The Screen submenu allows you to customize settings for Contrast and Rotate. In the Setup menu, scroll down to highlight Screen. Press Select to select the submenu. Press Menu to return to the previous menu.



LANGUAGE SUBMENU

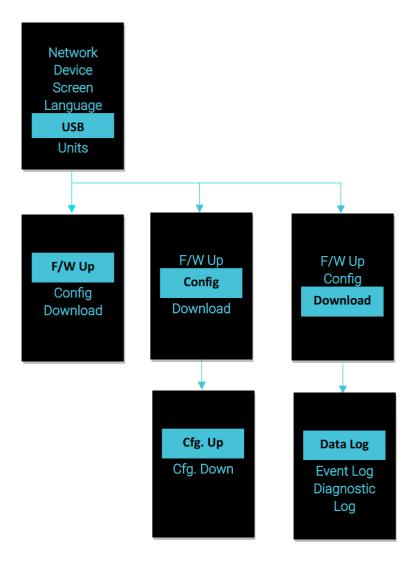
The Language submenu allows you to select the language you need to use. On the Setup menu, scroll down to highlight Language. Press Select to display the screens to select the submenu. After you select the values, press Select to set the values as displayed on the screen. Press Menu to return to the previous menu.



USB SUBMENU

The USB submenu allows you to upload firmware file, upload configuration file and download event log or data log. On the Setup menu, scroll down to highlight USB. Press Select to enter the USB Submenu. The user can select the Operation and Mode to proceed further.

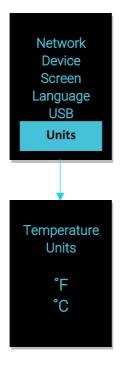
Note: If a USB drive is not present in the USB slot the PDU will enter normal operation.



UNITS SUBMENU

The Units submenu displays the temperature units. On the Setup menu, scroll down to highlight Units. Press Select to enter the Units Submenu. After you select the values, press Select to set the values as displayed on the screen. Press Menu to return to the previous menu.

Note: This can only be done locally at the PDU and also using the WEBUI.



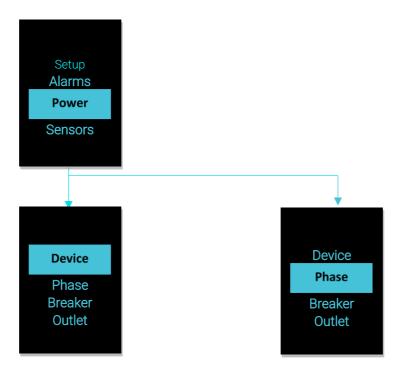
ALARMS SUBMENU

The Alarms menu displays active alarms for the PDU. On the Main Menu, scroll down to highlight Alarms. Press Select to display the Alarm Screen. When you finish your review, press Menu to return to the main menu.



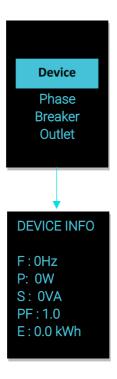
POWER SUBMENU

The Power menu manages Device, Phase, Breaker, and Outlet. On the Main Menu, scroll down to highlight Power. Press Select. Scroll down to select a submenu and press Select to display the submenu options. Press Menu to return to the previous menu.



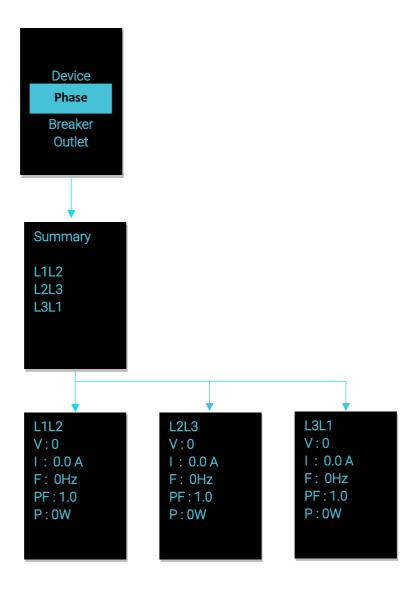
DEVICE SUBMENU

The Device submenu is to Display Current, Voltage and Power. On the Power menu, scroll down to highlight Device. Press Select to display the power values for the entire PDU. Press Menu to return to the previous menu.



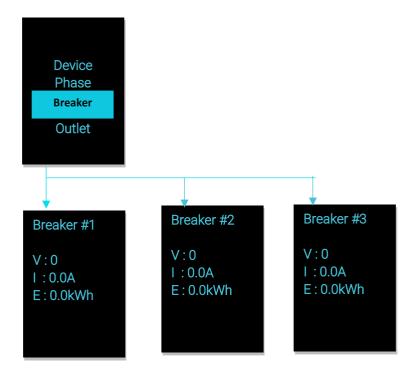
PHASE SUBMENU

The Phase submenu is to display the status of 3-Phase. On the Power menu, scroll down to highlight Phase. Press Select to display the screens to set the values for the submenu. After you select the phase, press Select to display the values for that phase on the screen. Press Menu to return to the previous menu.



BREAKER SUBMENU

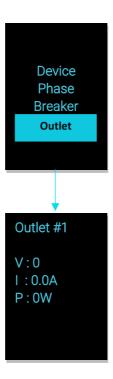
The Breaker submenu is to display power values for the breakers. Press Select to display the values of the first breaker. To go to the next breaker, Select Next. Press Menu to return to the previous menu.



OUTLET SUBMENU

The Outlet submenu is to display voltage, current and power from outlet number 1 to number n. On the Power menu, scroll down to highlight Outlet. Press Select to display values for the first outlet. To go to the next outlet, Select next. Press Menu to return to the previous menu.

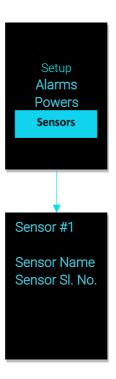
Note: Custom outlet names noted in the Web GUI do not make changes to the local display. This is done to make it easier to map to outlet numbers which can locally be seen on the outlets themselves.



SENSORS SUBMENU

The Sensor menu is to display temperature, humidity, door switch, fluid leak etc. On the Main Menu, scroll down to highlight Sensor. Press Select. This will display the sensor data for the first sensor. To go to the next sensor, Select next. Press Menu to return to the previous menu.

Note: Maximum of ten sensors are configured per PDU.



NMC HOT SWAP

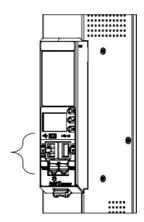
The Network Management Controller (NMC) for a vertical iPDU, is a hot-swappable unit.



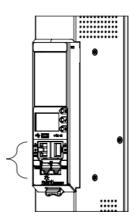
Ribbon Cable

INSTALLATION

Disconnect the NMC



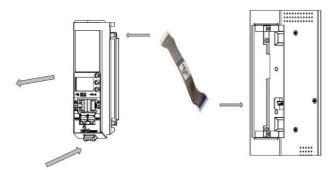
1. Write down the details of the ports and the RJ45 plugs connected, this will enable reconnecting them after installing the replacement NMC.



- 2. Remove all the connectors from the ports of the existing NMC (Ethernet, Serial, Sensor, etc.).
- 3. Push the bottom snap lock button UP. Gently pull the NMC to unmount, without disconnecting the Ribbon cable. The Ribbon cable can be extended only to a comfortable length, care should be taken to avoid any damages to the Ribbon cable.

Note - Do not disconnect the Ribbon cable from the PDU back board.

4. Only, in case of damages to the existing Ribbon cable, replace it with the new Ribbon cable provided in the box package. Then, detach the Ribbon cable from the PDU back board also and then re-plug it.



INSTALLING THE NEW NMC

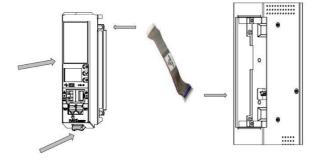
5. Plug the Ribbon cable into the connecting socket on the top section of the replacement NMC. Gently fold the Ribbon cable. Mount the NMC back into the PDU chassis.



6. Align the NMC and connect the Ribbon cable back to the PDU back board. Now, slide the top flange to align in the slot. Push the bottom snap lock button **UP** and gently fix the NMC into the PDU chassis.

Note – Do not strain or kink any of the wires in the Ribbon cable.

- 7. Verify if replaced NMC is powered ON.
- 8. The replacement NMC is mounted on the PDU chassis.



OUTLET UNITS

Combo Outlets

The Advantage Secure PDU features a C13/C15 and C13/C15/C19 combination Outlet Port configuration, which increases the adaptability.

This helps the user to get the highest level of versatility allowing the connection of both ICE C14 and C16 plugs into the same C13/C15 (2-in-1) combination Outlet Port and ICE C14, C16 and C20 plugs into the same C13/C15/C19 (3-in-1) combination Outlet Port.

Combo Outlet



C13/C15 [2 in 1] Outlet

NAM & EAU

C13/C15/C19 [3-in-1] Outlet

NAM & EAU

APOLLO OUTLET

The Advantage Secure PDU features a C13 and C19 combination discreet Outlet Port configurations. The specifications of the Outlet Unit are as follows:



C13 Outlet

NAM & EAU

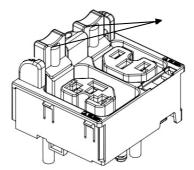
C19 Outlet

NAM & EAU

- Degree of protection by enclosure according to IEC60529 is IP20.
- Mating plug inserting force is 70 N max.
- Mechanical operation cycles without load are 1000 cycles and with load is 500 cycles.
- Temperature range: 25°C 100°C.
- Rated impulse voltage: 2.5 kV.

SELF-LOCKING COMBO OUTLET

The Advantage Secure PDU features C13/C15 and C13/C15/C19 combination Locking Outlet Port configurations.



Depress Release Button to Install the Plug

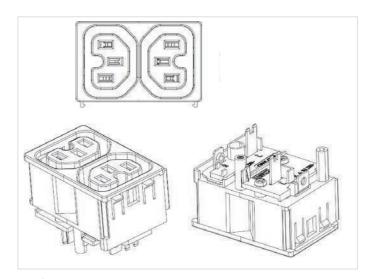
Locking Combo Outlet port features both the Combo Outlet C13/C15 [2 in 1] Outlet NAM & EAU and C13/C15/C19 [3-in-1] Outlet NAM & EAU with an additional locking port facility.

The specifications of these Locking Combo Outlet Units are:

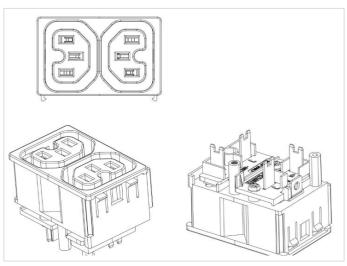
- The release button must be fully pressed [depress it] prior to installing the plug.
- Both type of plugs with and without locking clips can be inserted.
- The plugs can be installed just by pushing into the outlets directly without depressing release button.
- To unlock, fully depress release button and remove plug.

NEWLY LAUNCHED OUTLETS & VARIANTS

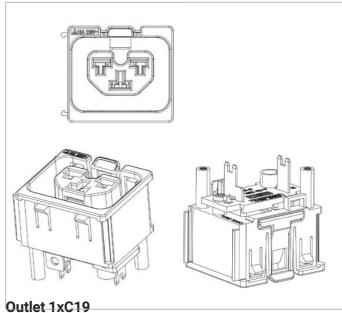
The Advantage Secure PDU features a new range of individual and combination Regular/Locking Outlet Port configurations.



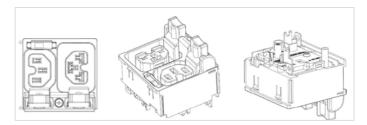
Outlet 2xC13 Combo



Outlet 2xC13 Combo



Combo



Outlet C13/ C19 Locking



Outlet C13/ C19 Combo

SELF-LOCKING CABLE & NON-LOCKING CABLE

The IEC plug connectors will securely lock into the combo outlets. Both connections require deliberate action in order to plug/release the locking/non-locking buttons.



The locking/non-locking power cord is an inventive step to avoid loose IEC power connections and accidently unplugging the equipment. Enlogic's reliable and secure locking power cords ensures reduction of risk and protection of vital IT assets.



LOCKING POWER CORDS

Enlogic two way locking IEC power cords provide protection against accidental power loss from your attached IT equipment when used with the Enlogic PDUs. A small tab fits into the IEC C13 or C19 outlet of any PDU providing an error proof locking mechanism.





Getting Started

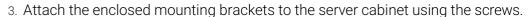
MOUNTING PDU IN SERVER CABINET

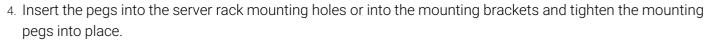
Enlogic iPDUs are built with tool-less mounting in most rack enclosure designs.

(If the standard mounting pegs or mounting bracket do not comply with your rack configuration, contact Enlogic support for assistance.) Installation of a bracket can require a screwdriver.

- 1. The Advantage Secure PDU comes with tool-less mounting pegs for ease and convenience.
- 2. Determine where the Advantage Secure PDU is mounted in the inside of the server cabinet.

Note: If your rack does not require mounting brackets, skip step 4 and 5. If required, attach the mounting brackets to the server cabinet. The standard Enlogic mounting brackets are secured to the rack using a screwdriver.





Note: The distance between the mounting pegs varies depending on PDU models.

5. Pull the power cord through the cabinet and tighten the mounting pegs. Proceed with connecting to a power source.

CONNECTING TO POWER SOURCE

Before initiating the installation procedure, check the Branch Circuit Rating in the Safety Information section of this manual. Always follow local and national codes when installing the PDU. The PDU should be connected to a dedicated circuit protected by a branch circuit breaker that matches the PDU input-plug type.

Note: When connecting the Enlogic iPDU to a Power Source, make sure that you have enough length in the PDU power cord to reach the PDU power source.

- 1. Turn Off the feed circuit breaker.
- 2. Make sure that all circuit breakers on the Enlogic iPDU are set to ON.
- 3. Connect each Enlogic iPDU to an appropriately rated branch circuit.
- 4. Note: Refer to the label on the PDU for the input ratings.
- 5. Turn ON the feed circuit breaker.

The OLED screen will display a status bar, when the PDU operating system is loading. The LED code on the OLED screen will flash in light pink. After 3 seconds, the Main Menu (Setup, Alarms, Power, Sensors) will display on the LED screen. Switched PDUs in the EN2000 series or EN6000 series show a light corresponding to each outlet as it is powered up.

CONNECTING PDU TO NETWORK

The Enlogic range of PDUs are set to obtain an IP address via DHCP by default. Therefore, when an Enlogic iPDU is connected to a network for the first time, the PDU will automatically obtain an IP Address. In case the PDU is placed within a static network environment, users can configure the PDU to a Static IP via connecting to the PDU by serial cable or uploading a configuration file via USB. The PDU automatically obtains an IP address via DHCP, when connected to a network. Login to the Web UI to configure the PDU and assign a static IP address (if required).

- 1. Connect a standard Ethernet patch cable to Ethernet Port1/Port2 on the Advantage Secure PDU.
- 2. Connect the other end of the Ethernet cable to the LAN.
- 3. Make sure that the Ethernet port on the PDU shows a solid green light on the left and a flashing yellow light on the right to indicate successful connectivity to the network. (Gigabit Router is used in this network connection.)
- 4. Use the menu buttons to look up the IP address of the device on the OLED display by selecting Setup > Network > IPv4 or IPv6 as applicable.
- 5. In a standard web browser, type the PDU IP address and proceed to configure the PDU.

CONNECTING WITH SERIAL CONNECTION

Alternatively, you can configure the network settings using the command line interface (CLI) with a serial connection. Users can either connect serially using the optional Enlogic RJ45-DB9 Cable (SKU EA9119) or by creating a unique pinout as described below.

- 1. Connect the RJ45 end of the serial cable into the port sensor 1 on the PDU.
- 2. Connect the DB9 end of the cable into the communications (COM) port on your computer.

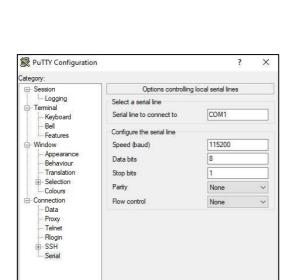
Note: You can need to use a DB9 serial to USB connection cable for this step to connect via serial port is not available on your computer.

- 3. Open a communications program such as HyperTerminal or PUTTY. Select the COM port. Set the communications port as follows:
 - Bits per second: 115200
 - Data bits: 8 - Parity: None Stop bits: 1
 - Flow control: None
- 4. Use the default initial login indicated below.

Note: Username and Password are both case sensitive.

- Username: admin Password: 12345678

- 5. The EN2.0> prompt appears after you have logged in.
- 6. To configure network settings, Type the appropriate net commands in Command prompt and press Enter button. All commands are case sensitive. You can type "?" to access the commands.
 - For the Net eth0 and eth1 IPv4 DHCP configuration, configure the below parameter.
 - net tcpip eth0dhcp
 - net tcpip eth1dhcp
 - Enter "Y" to validate and reboot the network management card.
 - For the static IPv4 configuration, configure the below parameters.
 - net tcpip eth0static x.x.x.x (ipaddress) x.x.x.x (netmask) x.x.x.x (gateway) Example: net tcpip eth0static 192.168.1.100 255.255.255.0 192.168.1.1
 - Enter "Y" to validate and reboot the network management card.
 - OR
 - net tcpip eth1static x.x.x.x (ipaddress) x.x.x.x (netmask) x.x.x.x (gateway) Example net tcpip eth1static 192.168.1.100 255.255.255.0 192.168.1.1



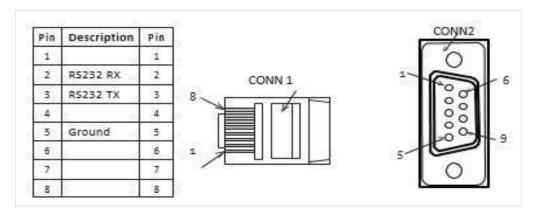
About

Open Cancel

CREATING UNIQUE PINOUT CONNECTION

Enlogic recommends purchasing our serial cable for use with the Advantage Secure iPDU. This ensures an accurate connection. However, to create your own pinout connection for the RJ45 to Serial cable, make the wired connections as shown:

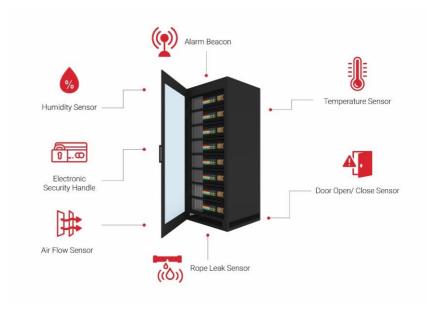
Refer to the Web UI section and Command Line Interface section for more information about managing the PDU.



CONNECTING SENSORS (OPTIONAL)

To enable the Advantage Secure device to detect Enlogic conditions, connect one or more sensors to the PDU sensor port 1 or 2. The maximum distance for sensor cabling, which is plugged into the device sensor port should not exceed 100 feet (30 m). The maximum number of sensor detection points should not exceed 10.

Refer to the table below to determine the sensor detection points for each sensor used. For example: If you are using the 3 Temperature sensor + 1 Humidity sensor, 4 sensor points are in use, so only 4 additional sensor points are available.



Accessories & Sensor Description	No of Sensor Points	Enlogic SKU
Temperature Sensor	1	EA9102
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	2	EA9103
(3) Temperature + (1) Humidity Sensor	4	EA9105
Sensor Input Hub (3 sensor inputs)	NA	EA9106
Door Switch Sensor	1	EA9109
Dry Contact Cable	1	EA9110
Spot Fluid Leak Sensor	1	EA9111
Rope Fluid Leak Sensor	1	EA9112
LED Light Strip Sensor	1	EA9125
Air flow Sensor	1	EA9205
Alarm Beacon Sensor	1	EA9101
RJ45-DB9 CABLE	1	EA9119
USB TO RS232 (RJ45-USB) CABLE	1	EA9128
HID RACK ACCESS Kit	1	EA9130
E-Handle (RFID) – no keypad available	2	EA9502
• E-Handle (with addition sensors of 3 Temperature + 1 Door)	6	
E-Handle (RFID & User PIN authentication) – with keypad	2	F40F00
 E-Handle (with addition sensors of 3 Temperature + 1 Door) 	6	EA9500

For more information about Enlogic sensors, refer to the Installation sheet included with each sensor.



Web User Interface

WEB USER INTERFACE (UI)

Connect the ethernet cable to the NMC, ensure it is active, which is indicated by a solid green light on the right and a flashing yellow light on the left. This indicates successful connectivity to the network.

Use the menu buttons to look up the IP address of the device on the OLED display by selecting Setup > Network > IPv4 or IPv6 as applicable.

In a standard web browser, enter the PDU IP address ("https://IP ADDRESS") and proceed to configure the PDU as shown in the Web Configuration section. The supported Web browsers are Google Chrome (mobile and desktop), Mozilla Firefox, and Microsoft Edge on desktop. If browser displays "can't reach this page" please double check that you are using the "https://" protocol not "http://"

INTRODUCTION TO WEB UI

When the user logs in for the first time or in the case of a password expiry, the password must be entered on the login page. On the login page:

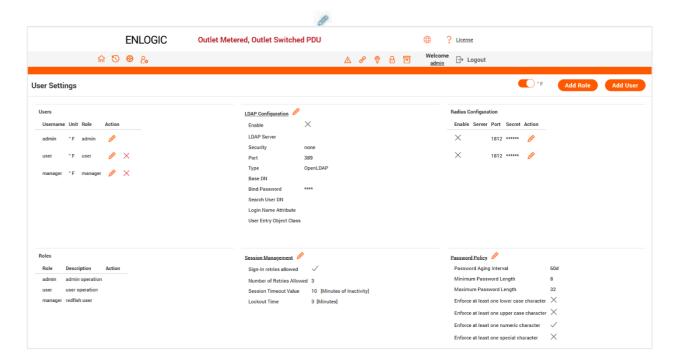
- 1. A Change **Default Password** screen comes to view.
- 2. Type the Current Password, New Password and Confirmed New Password.



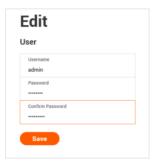
If the user needs to change the password using the web UI:

- 1. Click on the User Settings icon, the User Settings page comes to view.
- 2. In the **Users** section, under the category **Action**, click / the icon next your **Username** and **Role** to edit/change the password





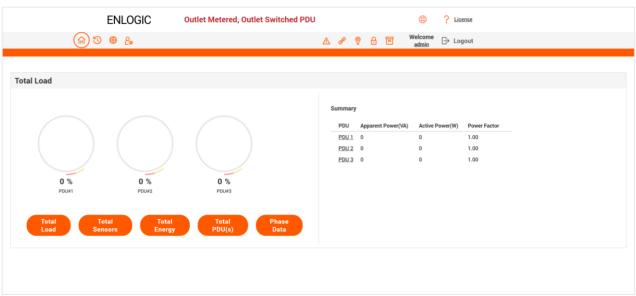
- 3. Type the new password in the **Password** and **Confirm Password**.
- 4. Click Save button to complete the setting.



NAVIGATING THROUGH THE WEB UI

The landing page, followed by the login page.

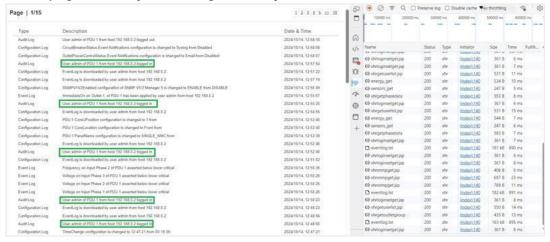




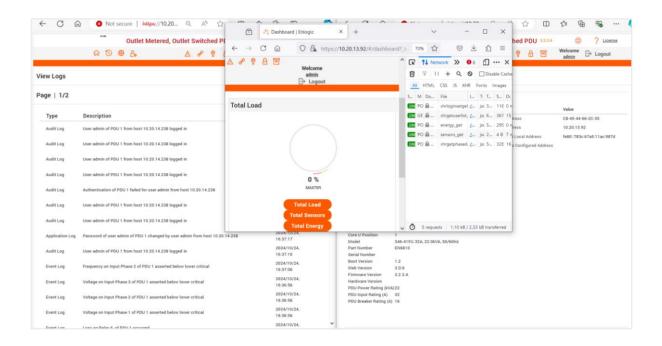
SINGLE USER MULTIPLE SESSIONS (SUMS)

The Single User Multiple Session (SUMS) feature allows users to use the same login credentials to configure and monitor parameters across multiple sessions without logging out previous sessions of the same user.

- 1. This functionality allows users to configure various parameters present on different web pages.
- 2. Once parameters are updated, the same values reflect across all sessions upon navigating to respective web pages, thereby enhancing efficiency.



- 3. The system supports up to 10 sessions via WEBUI and REDFISH, ensuring that performance remains largely unaffected by the increase in session numbers.
- 4. Multiple sessions allow a user to monitor all details using the same user login credentials in multiple sessions (using browser tabs/windows) and allows to configure different parameters present in different Web pages.

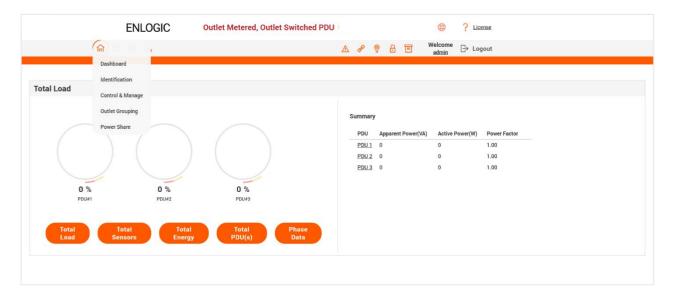


lcon	Description
	Home Icon
ित	Click this Home icon to redirect/move to home page. Home page provides an overview of the PDU with access to the Dashboard, Identification and Control & Manage.
50	Logs icon
	Click this icon to view and download the logs and data logs of the PDU.
⊕	Settings Icon
	This settings icon allows the user to setup the Network Settings, System Management, SNMP Manager, Email Setup, Event Notifications, Trap Receiver, Thresholds, Rack Access Control and Smart Rack Control.
	User Settings Icon
2.	Click this icon to view the logged-in user or admin or manager. Also, the user can change the account passwords and manage user accounts through this page. Users and Roles can be added.
	Also, configure the RADIUS and LDAP servers
	Alarms
	Click this Alarm icon to view the details of the active critical alarms and active warning alarms.
	The Alarms are configured, based on different Thresholds which are set by the user on different parameters like Power, Voltage, Input Phase, Circuit Breaker, and External Sensors.
	Icon colors can be changed based on PDU alarm status. Critical Alarm always have high precedence over warnings. Red – Critical Alarms Yellow – Warnings
g ^O	Link
	This Icon indicates the daisy-chain connection status alarms.
?	Sensor Warning
	This icon represents the sensor related alarms like:
	• Temp
	Humidity
	• Dry
a	Status Alarms
	This icon indicates the Door and HID sensor status alarms.
	Status Alarms
	This icon indicates the CB and Outlet status alarms.
⊕	Select a Language
	This icon allows the user to select a Language.
	Currently eight languages are available to choose: English, French, Italian, Korean, German, Spanish, Japanese and Chinese.
?	Click this icon to download system diagnostic logs or navigate to the user guide.

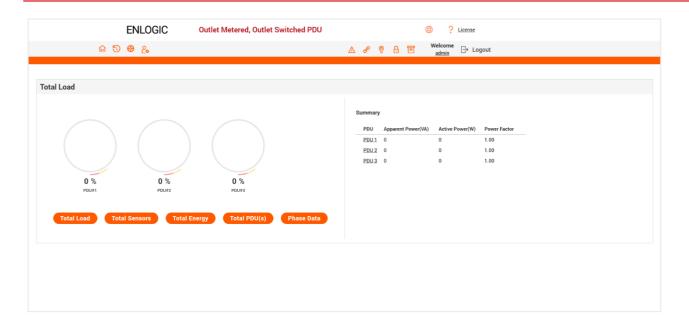
DASHBOARD

In this page, the user can view information of Total Load, Total Sensors, Total Energy and Total PDUs.

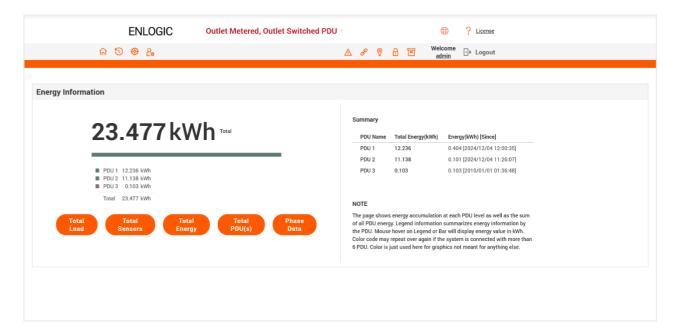
- 1. Click on the **Home** icon to dropdown the Home menu.
- 2. Select **Dashboard** to view information

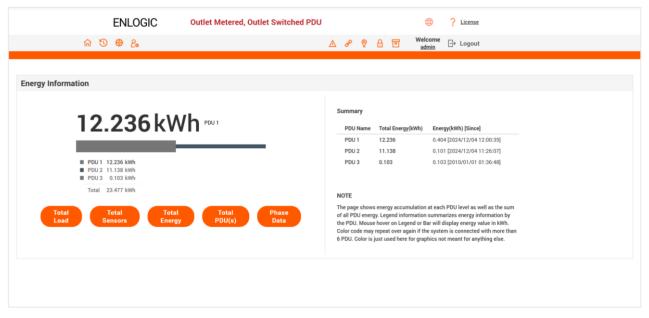


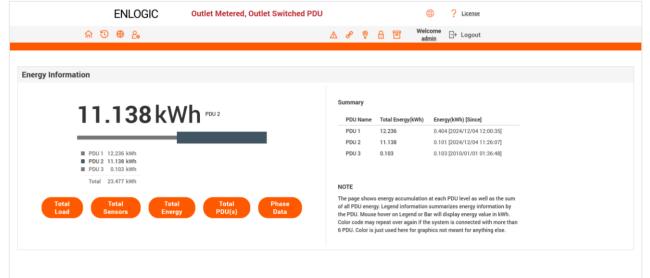
TOTAL LOAD



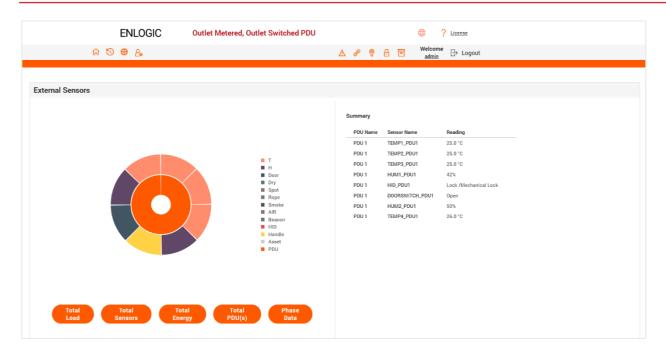
TOTAL ENERGY



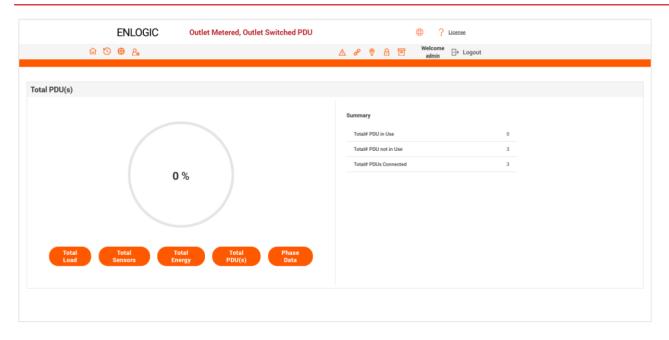




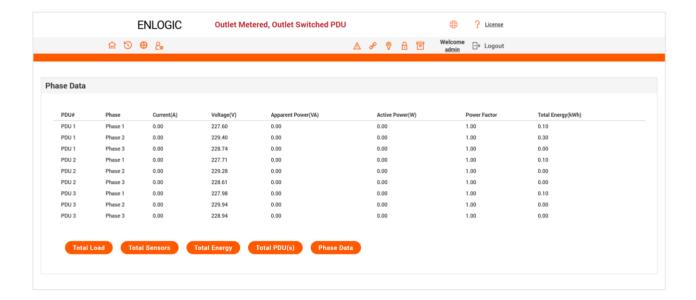
TOTAL SENSORS



TOTAL PDUS



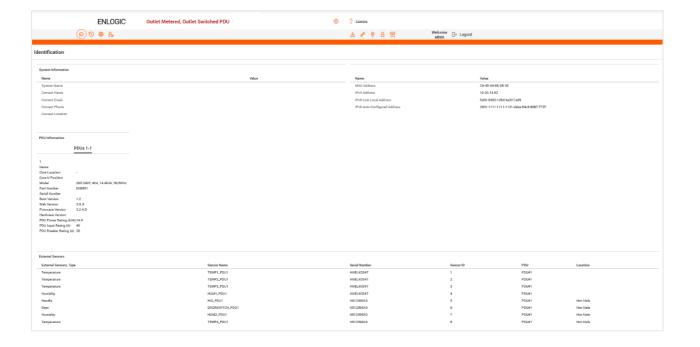
PHASE DATA



DENTIFICATION

In this page, the user can view the **System Information**, and individual **PDU Information**.

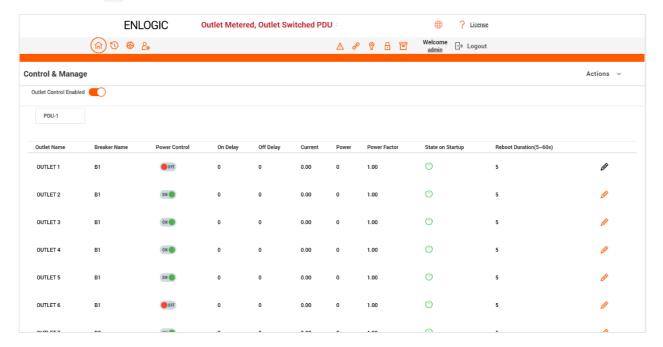
- 1. Click on the **Home** icon to dropdown the Home menu
- 2. Select Identification to view the information and details about the External sensors connected.



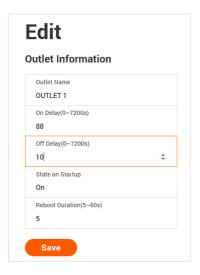
CONTROL AND MANAGE

In this page, the user can view and control the Power Outlets & Circuit Breakers of the PDUs. On this page information about the Outlets belonging to each CB are displayed together.

- 1. Click on the Home icon to dropdown the Home menu
- 2. Select Control & Manage.
- 3. Enable the Outlet Control Enabled.
- 4. Click on the / icon.



- 5. Edit/change the Outlet information below:
 - Outlet name to identify the outlet
 - On delay time (0-7200 seconds)
 - Off delay time (0-7200 seconds)
 - State on startup (On, Off, and last known can be selected)
 - Reboot duration (configure time between 5 to 60 seconds)

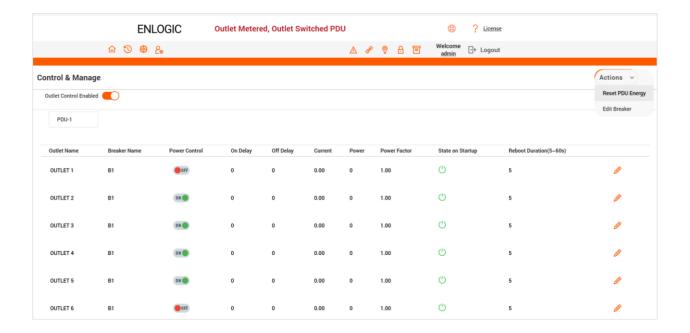


On the top right side of the Control & Manage page there is

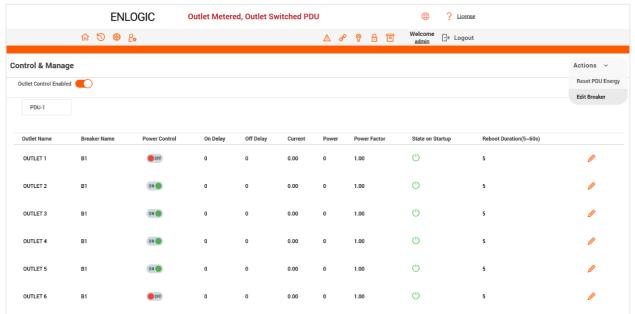


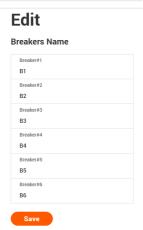
an icon, to Reset PDU Energy.

This step will Reset Total energy values to zero for CB and Phase for that PDU in all interfaces.



To Edit Breaker names, Click on the Edit Breaker option from the drop-down menu.



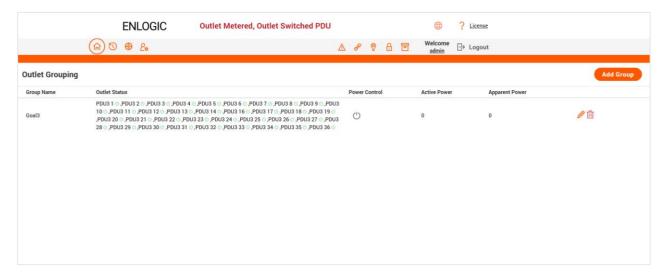


OUTLET GROUPING

Outlet grouping makes it simple for the user to group the outlets of interest from any of the PDUs in the daisy chain configuration, monitor, and control the entire group. Control involves turning on, off, and rebooting the outlets without delays.

Note: Users can create a maximum number of 64 outlet groups. The maximum number of outlets in each group also are set to 64.

- Click on the Home icon to dropdown the Home menu.
- Select Outlet Grouping.



- To start grouping outlets. Click on Add Group button.
- Select the Outlets to be grouped. Click on the corresponding radio button and select the outlets. Scroll down if the outlets needs to be selected from all/any I in the daisy chain setup.
- The syntax of the items listed is: PDU_ID Outlet index. Example 1: 1-16 represents outlet index 16 of 1st PDU in the daisy chain.

Example 2: 4-32 represents outlet index 32 of 4th PDU in the daisy chain.

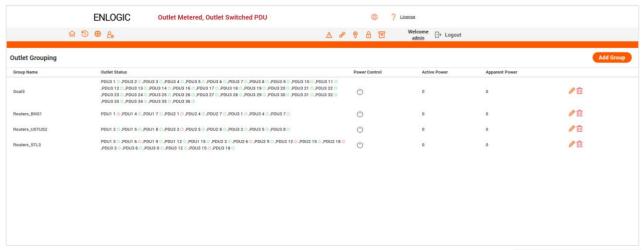
Click Save.



7. The Outlet Groups are created successfully.

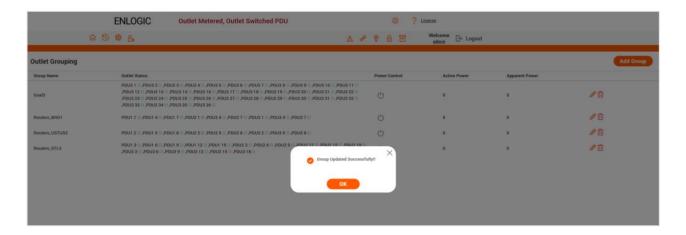


To edit the Outlet Group, click on the /oicon. Add or modify the group information. Click Save.



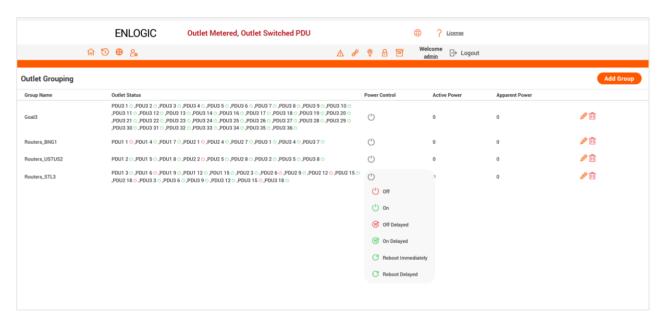


Click Save. The Group is updated successfully.



- 10. Click on the iii icon to delete any group. Click Delete and the group is deleted.
- 11. For every outlet group, a set of Power Control options can be executed as shown in the image below. Click the options in the drop down menu and the action will be completed successfully.

Note - Active Power and Apparent Power columns display the respective values across each group created. The power values are computed by summing up the power associated with each of the outlets in the group.



OUTLET GROUPING USING SNMP INTERFACE

To add a new Group:

- 12. Access the pduOutletGroupSwitchedNames OID, click on Value field, click SET option and then type the group name of the new group.
- 13. Access the pduOutletGroupMemberID OID associated with the PDU ID that contains the outlets that need to be selected. Then, click the value field, select SET, and type in the outlet IDs that need to be grouped.
- 14. For each PDU ID from which an outlet needs to be added to the group, repeat STEP 2 again.
- 15. Note: For adding a group successfully, at least one sub-OID of the pduOutletGroupMemberID OID and pduOutletGroupSwitchedNames must be SET. After a group has been successfully formed, pduOutletGroupSwitchedCount gets incremented. The group count will not be increased and the group addition will be deemed unsuccessful if any of the aforementioned OIDs are not set.

To modify a Group:

16. Group names and PDU/outlet IDs can be edited. The user can change all or some of the outlets that correspond to certain PDU IDs, provided that the total number of outlets in a group does not exceed 64 numbers. The group count is unaffected when group information is modified.

To delete a Group:

- 17. There are two methods to go about this.
- 18. Any group name deletion results in the group's total deletion. The group count is decreased by this action.
- 19. A group can also be deleted by removing all values that have previously been set across all pduOutletGroupMemberID sub-OIDs.
- 20. Note: A group cannot be deleted even if one sub-OID of the pduOutletGroupMemberID contains outlet numbers. As a result, all sub-OID data must be cleared.

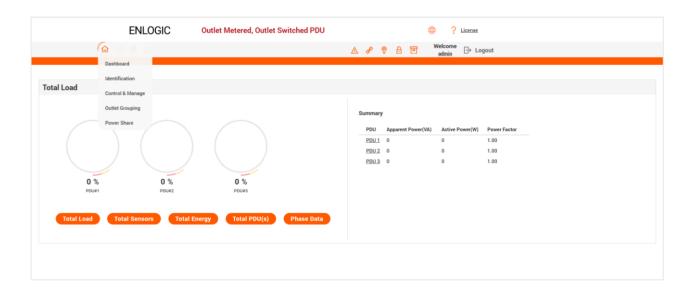
To control Grouped Outlets:

- 21. Click on value field of pduOutletGroupSwitchedControl OID of the corresponding group that needs to be controlled and select the drop down menu to choose one of the 6 options-ON/OFF/REBOOT/ONDELAY/OFFDELAY/REBOOTDELAY.
- 22. Display Active and Apparent Power:
- 23. pduOutletGroupSwitchedActivePower and pduOutletGroupSwitchedApparentPower OIDs return the power values of corresponding outlet group to be monitored.

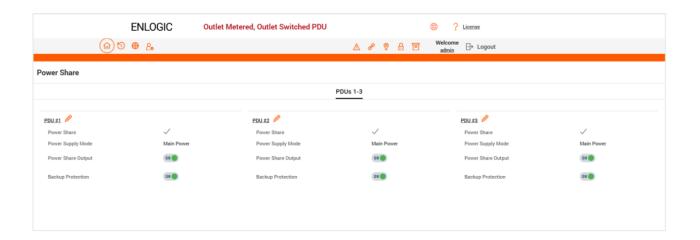
POWER SHARE

In this page, the user can view and control the Power Share details of the PDUs.

- 24. Click on the Home icon to dropdown the Home menu
- 25. Select Power Share.
- 26. Click on the /o icon.



27. Enable the Power Share feature for specific PDU. Click Save.



VIEW LOGS

In this page, the user can view, download, and clear the Actions performed by the PDU.

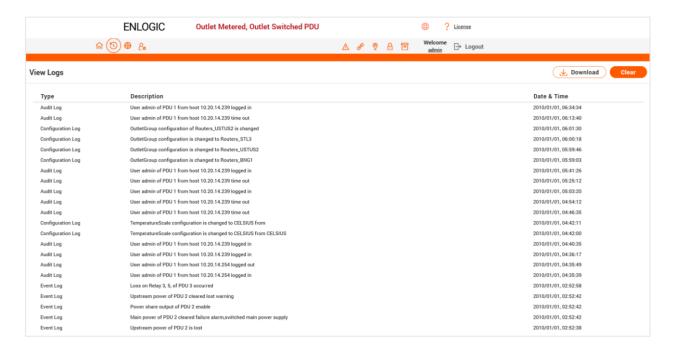
Some of the actions performed by the PDU are:

- Generating Event, Audit and Application logs,
- Recording Power Share details.



Click on the **System Administration** icon to dropdown the menu.

1. Select the **View Logs** to view the information.



2. On the top-right side of the view log page, Click the below options as required:

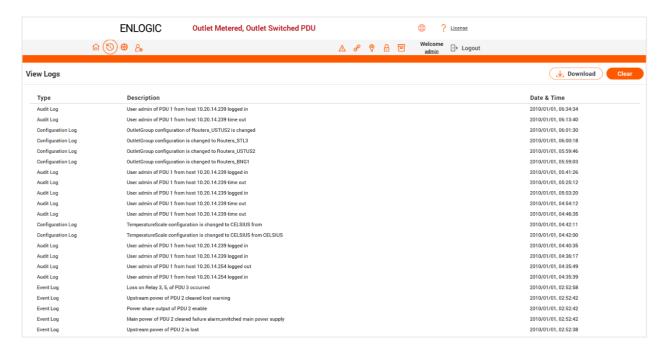


- 3. Download Log: to download the logs
- 4. Clear Log: to delete/clear the logs.

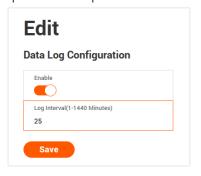
VIEW DATA LOGS

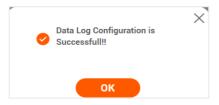
In this page, the user can view, configure, download, and clear the Data recorded by the PDU. The Data recorded by the PDU are:

- Energy information
- Power information
- Date and Time information
- 1. Click on the System Administration icon to dropdown the menu.
- 2. Select the View Data Logs to view the information.



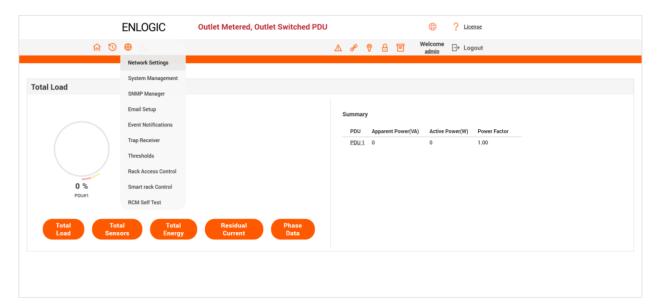
- 3. On the top-right side of the View Data Log page, Click the below options as required:
- Data Log Configuration, Click on this button to:
- Enable Data Log Configuration if data log is required.
- Log Interval time that needs to be recorded. Click Save.
- **Download Data Log**: to download the data logs
- Clear Data Log: to delete/clear the logs.





SETTINGS

Click on settings icon allows the user to setup the Network Settings, System Management, SNMP Manager, Email Setup, Event Notifications, Trap Receiver, Thresholds, Rack Access Control, Smart Rack Control and RCM Self Test.

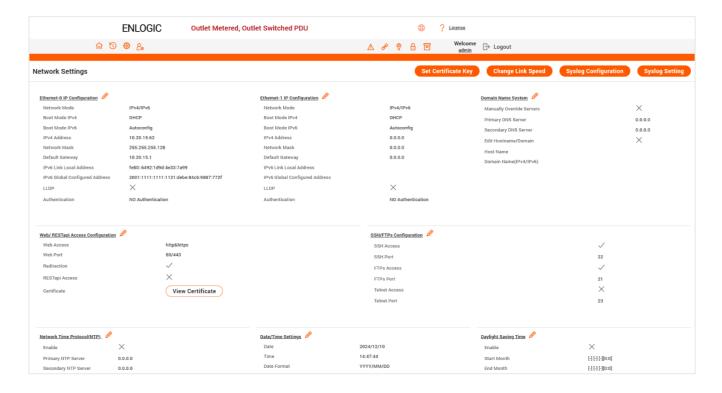


NETWORK SETTINGS

This page allows the management of IP Configuration, Web Configuration, RESTapi Configuration, DNS Configuration, SSH/FTPs Configuration, Network Time Protocol (NTP), Date/Time Settings and Daylight-Savings Time.

This PDU supports IPv4 and IPV6 with full featured network management and alerting capabilities. After you select your Internet protocol option, you will be able to communicate via HTTP, HTTPS, SNMP, FTPS and SSH and Email for network communications.

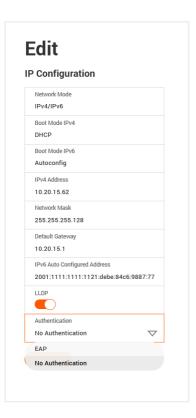
- Click on the Settings icon to dropdown the Settings menu.
- Select the Network Settings to view the information.



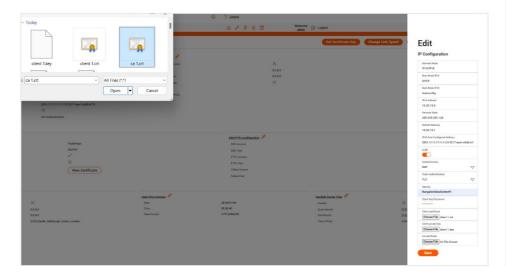
802.1x Authentication

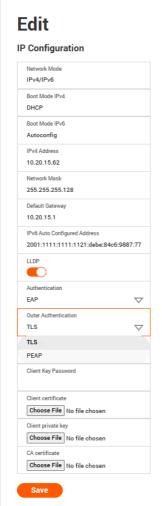
802.1X is an authentication protocol that ensures secure network access through an ethernet port. The iPDUs now are integrated with IEEE 802.1X authentication, which is disabled by default. This protocol can be configured independently on each LAN port to provide secure access for the iPDU. It verifies an ethernet port's identity using credentials or certificates. The 802.1X protocol uses the certificate uploaded from the Certificate Repository to authenticate the user. The iPDU supports EAP-TLS, PEAP-TLS, and PEAP-MSCHAPv2 as authentication methods.

- 3. Click on the icon to edit/change the IP Configuration information below:
 - Network Mode
 - Boot Mode
 - Boot Mode Ipv6
 - IPv4 Address
 - Network Mask
 - Default Gateway
 - IPv6 Auto Configured Address
 - LLDP
 - Authentication
- EAP
- No Authentication

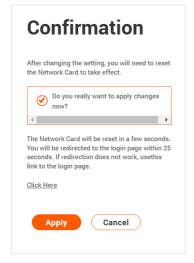


- Select Authentication type as EAP
- Two types of Outer Authentication TLS or PEAP.
- Select TLS and Upload the Client Certificate, Client Private Key and CA certificate for authentication.
- Update the Identity and Client Key Passphrase.

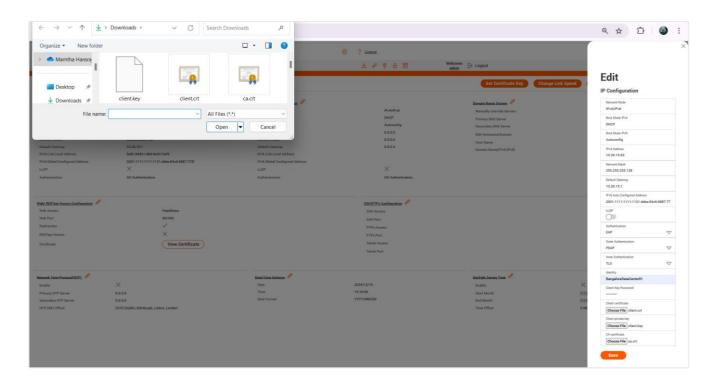




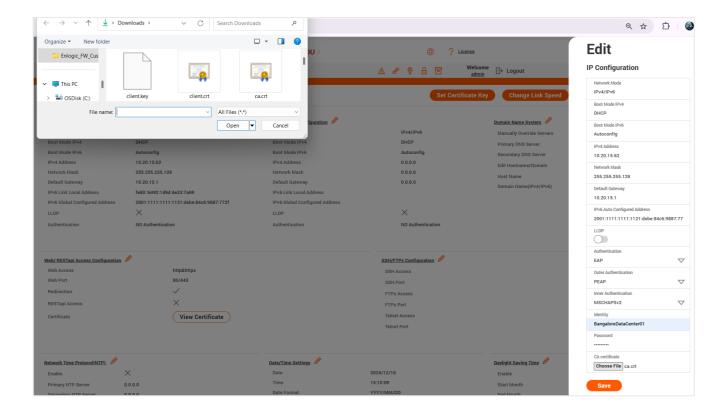
- Click Save
- In the confirmation screen, approve the change.
- · Click Apply.



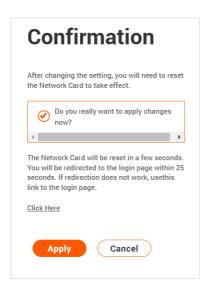
- Select Authentication type as **EAP**.
- Two types of Outer Authentication TLS or PEAP.
- Select **PEAP**.
- Select TLS or MSCHAPScv2 as the Inner Authentication.
- Select TLS and Upload the Client Certificate, Client Private Key and CA certificate for authentication.
- Update the **Identity**.
- Update Client Key Paraphrase if required.



- Select PEAP.
- Select MSCHAPScv2 as the Inner Authentication.
- Update the CA certificate for authentication.
- Update the Identity and Password are mandatory.

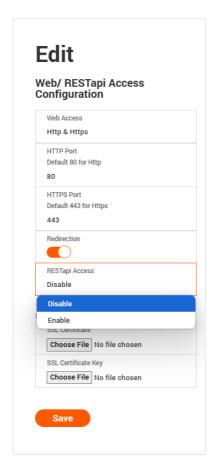


- Click Save.
- In the confirmation screen, approve the change.
- Click Apply.



WEB/RESTAPI ACCESS CONFIGURATION

- 1. By default, accessing the PDU uses HTTPS port setting.
- 2. Click the icon to edit/change the Web/RESTapi Access Configuration information below:
- Web Access (HTTP or HTTPS)
- 4. HTTP Port (Default 80 for HTTP)
- 5. HTTPS Port (443 for HTTPS)
- Toggle ON/OFF the Redirection to enable HTTP to HTTPS Redirection 6.
- Enable RESTapi Access
- To access the HTTPS settings, upload the SSL Certificate and SSL Certificate Key provided by Enlogic
- Click Save button to complete the settings.



SSH/FTPS CONFIGURATION

Edit the SSH/FTPS configuration Settings information below:

Click the | icon to edit/change the SSH/FTPs Configuration information below:

- 1. Enable SSH Access.
- SSH Port (Default 22). 2.
- 3. Enable FTPs Access.
- 4. FTPs Port (Default 21).
- Enable Telnet Access. 5.
- Telnet Port (Default 23).
- Click Save button to complete the settings. 7.

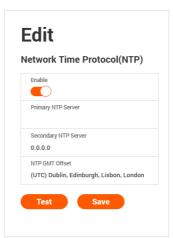


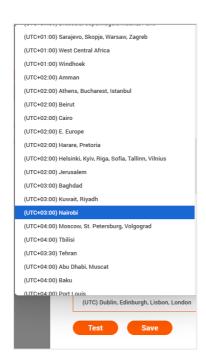
NETWORK TIME PROTOCOL (NTP)

You can link the PDU to a Network Time Protocol (NTP) server and let it set the date and time.

Click the // icon to edit/change the NTP Setting information below:

- **Enable** the NTP settings. 1.
- To synchronize the PDU time with a selected server.
- Type the valid **Primary** NTP server address. 3.
- Type the valid **Secondary** NTP server address. 4.
- The user has an option to configure only the primary IP, the secondary one is not mandatory.
- Select the desired NTP GMT offset time from the dropdown list.
- Click **Test** button to check if the network is valid or not. 7.
- Click Save button to complete the settings.

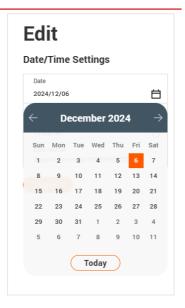




DATE/TIME SETTING

You can manually set the internal clock on the PDU. Click the
 icon to edit/change the Date/Time Setting information below:

- Type the **Date** in YYYY/MM/DD format or use the calendar icon.
- Type the **Time** in HH: MM: SS format and time is measured in 24-hour format.
- Click Save button to complete setting.

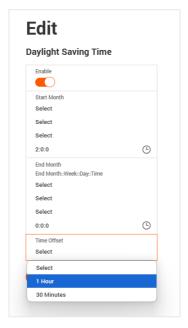


DAYLIGHT-SAVING TIME

Click on the

icon to edit/change the Daylight-Saving Time information below:

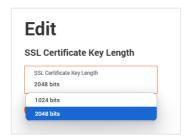
- Enable the Daylight-Saving Time.
- Select the specifics of the Start Month:
 - Month
 - Week
 - Day
 - Time
- 3. Select the specifics of the End Month:
 - Month
 - Week
 - Day
 - Time
- 4. Assign the Time Offset.
- Click Save button to complete setting.



On the top-right side of the Network Settings page, Click the below options as required: Set Certificate Key

Below are the steps to edit SSL Certificate Key Length.

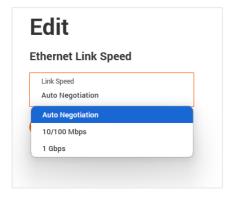
- Click Set Certificate Key button.
- Select bits (1024/2048) from dropdown menu. 8.
- Click Save button to complete setting.



Change Link Speed

Below are the steps to change the Ethernet link speed.

- 10. Click Change Link Speed button
- 11. Select speed (as required below) from dropdown menu
 - Auto Negotiation
 - 10/100 Mbps
 - 1 Gbps
- 12. Click Save button to complete setting

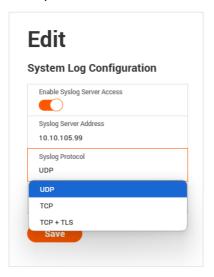


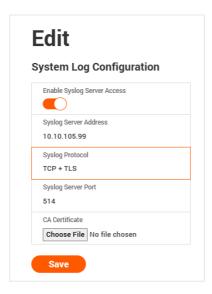
SYSLOG CONFIGURATION

In relation to cybersecurity incidents, Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Syslog requires an Implementation where syslog's are required and must adhere to the M-21-31 memorandum requirements specified by the Federal Government's Investigative and Remediation Capabilities. This memorandum outlines the logs that agencies need to keep and maintain for necessary retention periods.

Below are the steps to configure the Syslog.

- Click Syslog Configuration button.
- 2. Enable the Enable Syslog Server Access.
- 3. Type the Syslog Server Address.
- 4. Select the Syslog Protocol from the dropdown menu >> UDP /TCP
- If selecting TCP+TLS option, upload a valid TLS certificate.
- Select Syslog Server Port number.
- Click Save button to complete setting.





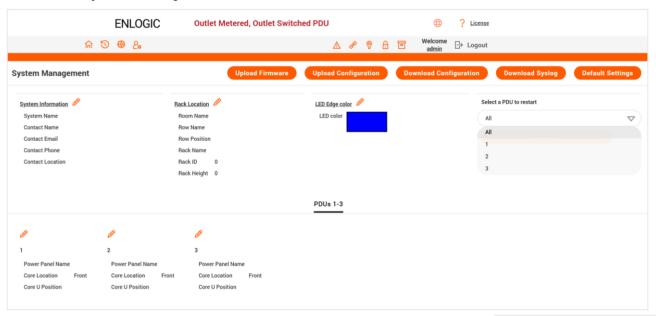
The admin can retrieve these logs from the syslog server, which provides information about events, but are not limited to the following fields:

- 1. User Sessions.
- 2. Login attempt with result on any interface (do not log passwords).
- 3. Logoff on any interface.
- 4. Session timeout on any interface.
- 5. Configuration Change Any configuration change through any interface.
- 6. Any state change/ control operation on any interface Includes outlet control.
- 7. Any user or system alarm conditions.
- 8. Thresholds.
- 9. Alarms Network Connection Changes or Failures.
- 10. Other System Alarms.
- 11. Startup / shutdown events Include FW version.
- 12. FW Update.
- 13. Log attempt with new and old version identifiers.
- 14. Log update failures with reason.
- 15. Logging Transport Traps Must support notification of any logging failures through SNMP traps.
- 16. Any failure to connect with syslog collector.
- 17. Failure to authenticate syslog collector.
- 18. Failure of device to authenticate with syslog collector.
- 19. Error during session.
- 20. Disconnect prior to completion of session.

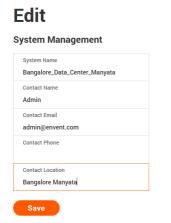
SYSTEM MANAGEMENT

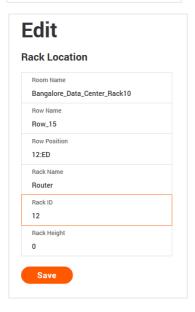
The features of uploading firmware, uploading configuration, and downloading configuration are all available to the user on the Systems Management page. Additionally, the user has the option to reset and set the **Default Settings** of the Master and Node PDUs. The user can also **Restart** both the Master and Node PDUs.

- Click on the **Settings** icon to dropdown the Settings menu.
- Select the **System Management** to view the information.

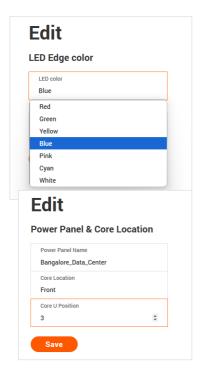


- Click on the / icon to edit/change the System Information below:
 - Enter the **System Name** of the PDU for identification
 - Enter the **Contact Name** of the contact person.
 - Enter the **Contact Email** of the contact person.
 - Enter the **Contact Phone** of the contact person.
 - Enter the **Contact Location** of the contact person.
 - Click Save button to complete setting.
- Click on the / icon to edit the Rack Location Information below:
- Enter the Room Name to identify the cabinet or room where the PDU is located.
- Enter the **Row Name** where the PDU is located on the rack. 6.
- Enter the **Row Position** where the PDU is located on the rack. 7.
- Enter the Rack Name where the PDU is located.
- Enter the Rack ID for identification of rack.
- 10. Enter the Rack Height where the PDU is located on the rack.
- 11. Click Save button to complete setting.





- 12. The LED Edge Color can be configured into 7 different colors for the easy identification. The colors are red, blue, white, yellow, green, cyan, and pink.
- 13. Click the // icon to edit/change the **LED Edge Color** information below:
 - Select the **LED Color**.
 - Select PDU.
- 14. Click the 🥖 icon to edit/change the Power Panel & Core Location information below:
 - Enter the **Power Panel Name** to identify the PDU.
 - Select **Core Location** to identify which side the PDU is located **Front** or **Back**
 - Enter Core U Position to identify the rack location.
 - Click Save button to complete setting.



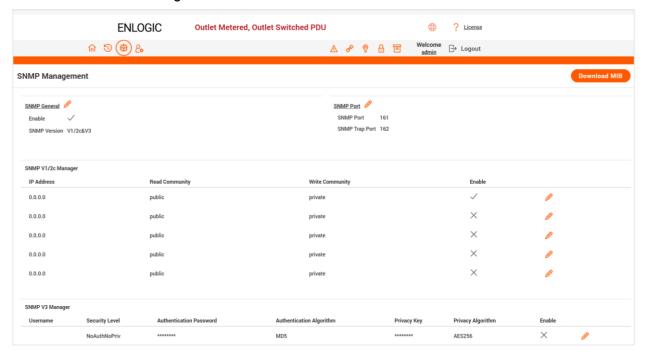


- 15. Click the buttons on the top right corner of the screen to:
 - Upload Firmware from a file.
 - Upload Configuration from a file.
 - Download Configuration file.
 - Download Syslog..
 - Reset to **Default Settings**

SNMP MANAGEMENT

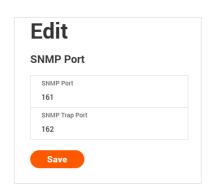
This page allows the user to manage the transfer of data from the PDU to the MIB Browser. Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) is used to manage the Advantage Secure PDU(s) remotely. SNMP allows the user to monitor and detect PDU faults and to even configure variable data in the PDU.

- Click on the **Settings** icon to dropdown the Settings menu.
- Select the **SNMP Manager** to view the information.

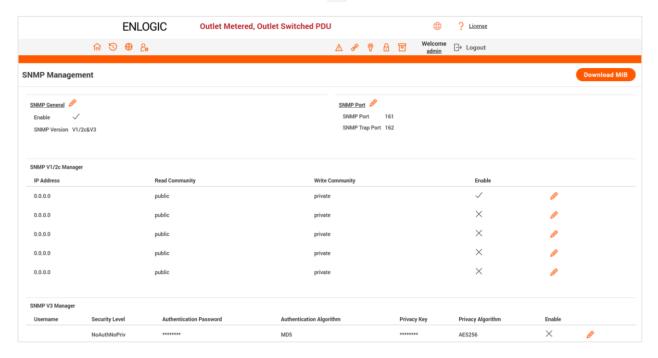


- To access the PDU data inside a MIB Browser.
- Enable the SNMP General. Click on the 🥖 icon. 4.
 - Enable the **SNMP**
 - Specify the SNMP version
- Click Save button to complete the settings.
- To secure the link between the PDU and the MIB Browser.
- Click the n to edit/change the SNMP Port below:
 - Enter the **SNMP Port** number.
 - Enter the **SNMP Trap Port** number.
 - Click **Save** button to complete setting.

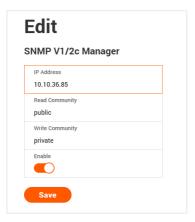




Configuring Users for SNMP V1/V2c. Click on the | *I* icon to edit/change the SNMP V1/2c Manager below:



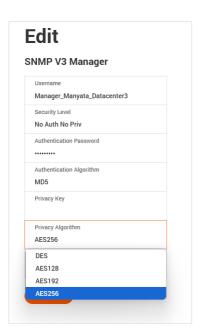
- 9. Enter the IP Address.
- 10. Define the security to public or private in the
 - Read Community
 - Write Community
- 11. Enable the SNMP V1/V2c.
- 12. Click Save button to complete setting.



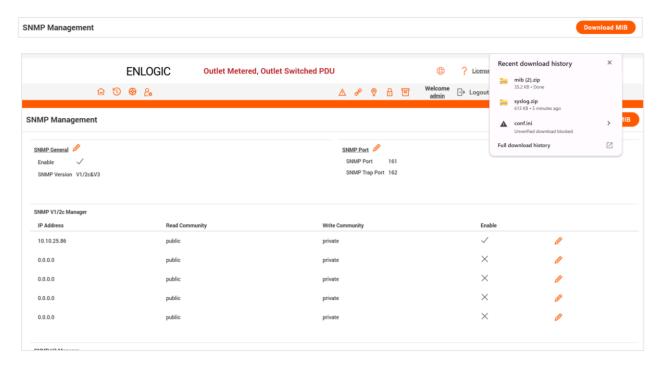
13. Configuring users for SNMP V3 to ensure higher security of data transfer, to the MIB browser.

Click on the / icon to edit/change the **SNMP V3 Manager** below:

- 14. Username
 - · Assign the Security Level from the dropdown menu.
- 15. AuthNoPriv: Authentication and no privacy
- 16. AuthPriv: Authentication and privacy.
- 17. Type a new unique password as the Authentication Password.
- 18. Select the Authentication Algorithm.
 - MD5
 - SHA



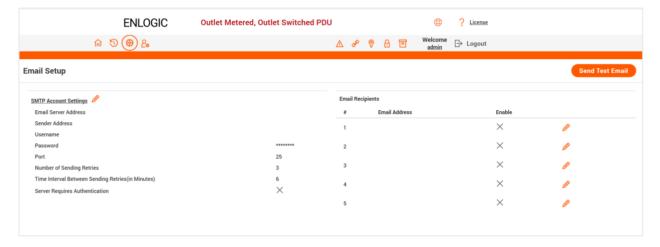
- 19. Type a new unique password as the Privacy Key
- 20. Select the Privacy Algorithm.
 - DES
 - AES-128
 - AFS-192
 - AES-256
- 21. Enable the SNMP V3.
- 22. Click Save button to complete setting.
- 23. To download the latest MIB file, Click on Download MIB



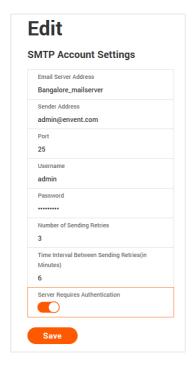
EMAIL SETUP

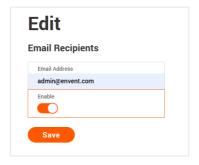
In this page, the user can configure the PDU to send alerts or event messages via email. To do this, the information about the Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) server needs to be configured.

- 1. Click on the **Settings** icon to dropdown the Settings menu.
- 2. Select the **Email Setup** to view the information.



- 3. To set the SMTP server settings to receive Emails and notifications.
- 4. Click the // icon to edit/change the SMTP Account Settings below:
 - Enter the Email Server Address, which is the IP address or Fully qualified Domain Name of the SMTP server to route the emails to the recipient.
 - Enter the Sender Address, which is the email address that the email is sent
 - Configure the **Port** number, which is the communication endpoint on the server. The default is 25.
 - Enter the **Username** for SMTP security.
 - Enter the **Password** for SMTP security.
 - Assign the Number of Sending Retries, which is the number of times the PDU will attempt to resend a message if the message fails. The default is
 - Type the Time Interval Between Sending Retries (in minutes). The default is 6 minutes.
 - Enable the Server Requires Authentication to password protect the SMTP.
 - Click Save button to complete setting.
- 5. On the top-right side of the Email Setup page, Click the below options as required. Click Save.

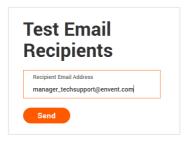




Send Test Email

This button allows us to send a test mail to check if the feature is active or not.

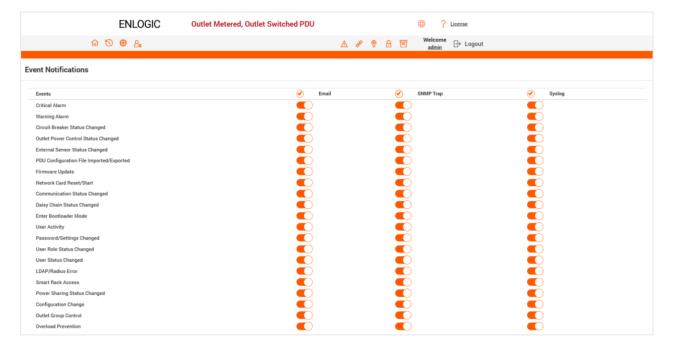
- Enter the Recipient Email Address.
- Click the **Send** button to send the Email.



EVENT NOTIFICATIONS

In this page the user can assign the Event notifications from the PDU to the Syslog, SNMP Trap, and Email. An event notification has two parts:

- Event: the situation where the PDU meets certain condition (i.e., temperature sensor exceeds the warning limit. Or circuit breaker status is changed).
- Action: the response to the event (i.e., send an SMTP message and SNMP trap).
- 1. Click on the **Settings** icon to dropdown the Settings menu.
- 2. Select Event Notifications to view information.
- 3. Enable the **Email**, **SNMP Trap** and **Syslog** to the respective Events to receive notification.

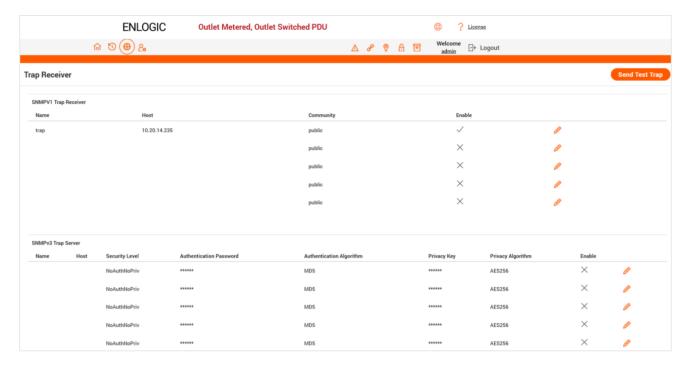


4. The Critical and Warning Alarms are enabled at the SNMP Trap, as default. The notifications for these default events enabled, can only be received after the configuration of Traps Receiver.

TRAP RECEIVER

This page allows us to configure the Trap receiver by typing in name, host, and community. Typically, the Read Community and Write Community are public.

- 1. Click on the **Settings** icon to dropdown the Settings menu.
- 2. Select Trap Receiver to view information.
- 3. Configuring users for SNMP V1 Trap Settings that allows the communication to the MIB browser.

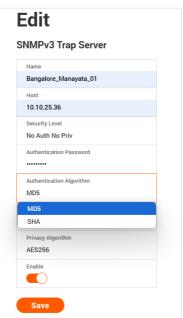


Click on the / icon to edit/change the SNMP V1 Trap Receiver settings below:

- Enter the Name, which allows us to identify the different receivers.
- Enter the **Host** IP address to which the traps are sent.
- Assign the Community to public or private security.
- Enable the SNMP V1.
- Click **Save** to complete the settings.

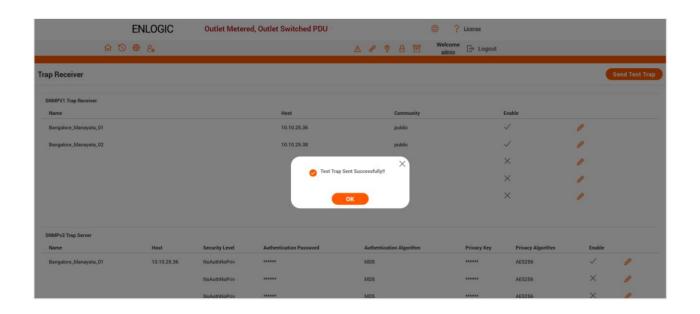


- 4. Configuring users for SNMP V3 Trap Settings that allows for encrypted communication to the MIB browser. Click the icon to edit/change the SNMP V3 Trap Server settings below,
 - Enter the Name, which allows us to identify the different receivers.
 - Enter the **Host** IP address to which the traps are sent.
 - Assign the **Security Level** from the dropdown menu.
 - NoAuthNoPriv: No authentication and no privacy. This is the default.
 - AuthNoPriv: Authentication and no privacy.
 - AuthPriv: Authentication and privacy.
 - Type a new unique password as the Authentication Password.
 - Select the Authentication Algorithm.
 - MD5
 - SHA
 - Type a new unique password as the Privacy Key.
 - Select the Privacy Algorithm.
 - DES
 - AES-128
 - AES-192
 - AES-256
 - Enable the SNMP V3
 - Click Save button to complete settings.



On the top-right side of the Email Setup page, Click the below options as required:

• Send Test Trap – This button allows us to send a test Trap to check if the feature is active or not.



DEFINING THRESHOLDS

The Thresholds are limits, defined by the user over parameters like power, phase, circuit breaker and sensor to send alert notifications when the value crosses above or below the limit.

To access the PDU Thresholds page,

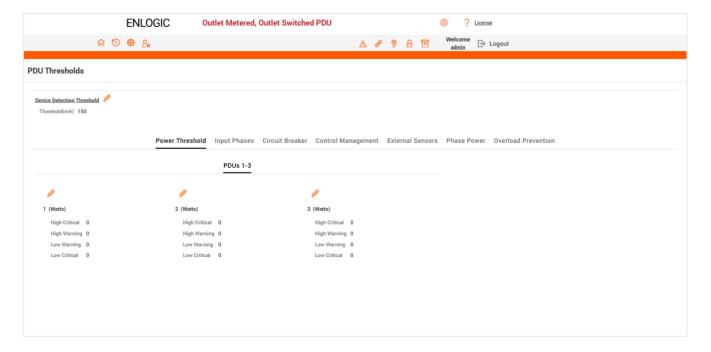
- 1. Click on the **Settings** icon to dropdown the Settings menu.
- 2. Select Thresholds to view information.

POWER THRESHOLD

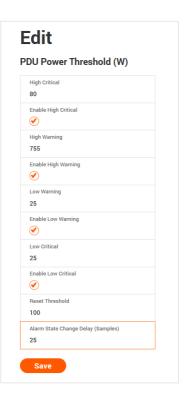
The PDU will send alert notifications when a power threshold wattage crosses above or below the settings you specify in the Power Threshold.

Below are the steps to change the Power Thresholds settings and alarm notifications

- 1. Choose **Power Threshold** tab in the PDU Threshold page.
- 2. Click the 🖊 icon edit/change the Power Threshold Setting.



- 3. In the PDU Power Threshold Setting dialog boxes, change the fields as needed:
 - High Critical (W)
 - Enable High Critial (W)
 - High Warning (W)
 - Enable High Warning (W)
 - Low Warning (W)
 - Enable Low Warning (W)
 - Low Critical (W)
 - Enable Low Critical (W)
 - Reset Threshold (W)
 - Alarm State Change Delay (samples)
- 4. Click Save button to complete the setting.
- 5. Repeat the steps for all PDUs.

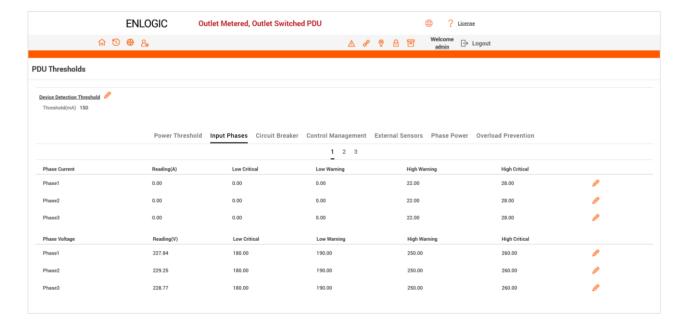


INPUT PHASES

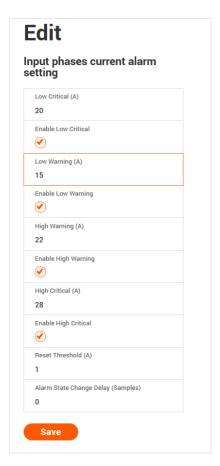
The PDU will send alert notifications when a phase current and voltage alarm crosses above or below the settings you specify in the Input Phase Threshold.

Below are the steps to change the Input Phase Settings and alarm notifications,

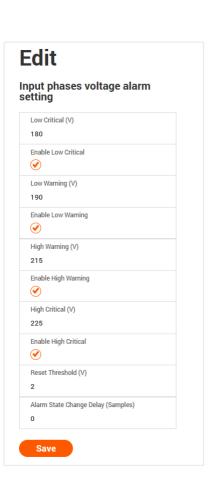
- 24. Choose the Input Phases tab in the PDU Threshold page.
- 25. Click the / icon to edit/change the Phase Current Settings.



- 3. In the Input Phase Current Alarm Setting dialog boxes, change the fields as needed:
 - Low Critical (A)
 - Enable Low Critical (A)
 - Low Warning (A)
 - Enable Low Warning (A)
 - High Warning (A)
 - Enable High Warning (A)
 - High Critical (A)
 - Enable High Critical (A)
 - Reset Threshold (A)
 - Alarm State Change Delay (samples)
- 4. Click Save button to complete the setting
- 5. Repeat Steps 1 to 4 for all PDUs

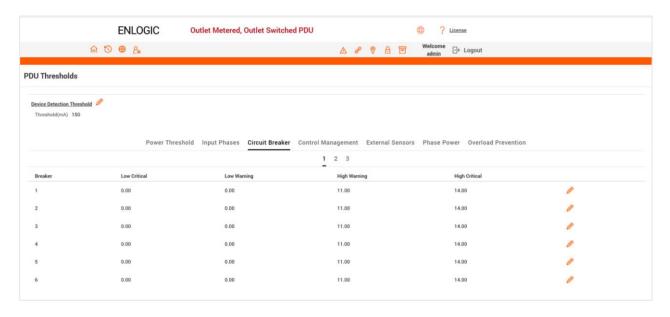


- 6. Click the / icon to edit/change the Phase Voltage Settings
- 7. In the Input Phase Voltage Alarm Setting dialog boxes, change the fields as needed:
 - Low Critical (V)
 - Enable Low Critical (V)
 - Low Warning (V)
 - Enable Low Warning (V)
 - High Warning (V)
 - Enable High Warning (V)
 - High Critical (V)
 - Enable High Critical (V)
 - Reset Threshold (V)
 - Alarm State Change Delay (samples)
- 8. Click Save button to complete the setting.
- 9. Repeat the steps for all PDUs.



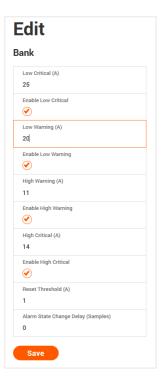
CIRCUIT BREAKER

The PDU will send alert notifications when a circuit breaker amperage crosses above or below the settings you specify in the Circuit Breaker Threshold.



Below are the steps to change the Circuit Breaker Settings and alarm notifications,

- 1. Choose the Circuit Breaker tab in the PDU Threshold page.
 - Low Critical (A)
 - Enable Low Critical (A)
 - Low Warning (A)
 - Enable Low Warning (A)
 - High Warning (A)
 - Enable High Warning (A)
 - High Critical (A)
 - Enable High Critical (A)
 - Reset Threshold (A)
 - Alarm State Change Delay (samples)
- 2. Click Save button to complete the setting.
- 3. Repeat the steps for all PDUs.



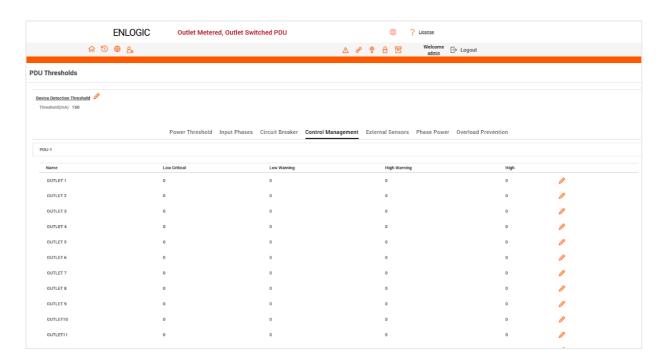
CIRCUIT BREAKER LIST

PN	Manufacturer	Manufacturer Part Number	Amperage	AIC	Application
810-00975	BSB	B3D1-16.0-240-1500B-A2-C1-G-K	16A,1P	5KA	Vertical
810-00977	BSB	B3D1-20.0-240-1500B-A2-C1-G-K	20A,1P	5KA	Vertical
810-00976	BSB	B3D1-20.0-240-2520B-A2-C1-G-K	20A,2P	5KA	Vertical
810-00980	BSB	B2R1-16.0-250-1200B-A2-F2-K-C	16A,1P	5KA	Horizontal
810-00978	BSB	B2R1-16.0-250-1300B-A2-F2-K-C	16A,1P	5KA	Vertical
810-00981	BSB	B2R1-20.0-250-1200B-A2-F2-K-C	20A,1P	5KA	Horizontal
810-01151	BSB	B2R6-20.0/127-1300B-A2-F1-K-K	20A,1P	5KA	Vertical
810-00982	BSB	B2R1-20.0-250-2220B-A2-F2-K-C	20A,2P	5KA	Horizontal
810-00979	BSB	B2R1-20.0-250-2320B-A2-F2-K-C	20A,2P	5KA	Vertical
810-01203	BSB	B3H3-20.0/240-1100B-A2-F2-G-K	20A,1P	10KA	Vertical
810-01204	BSB	B3H3-20.0/240S-2100B-A2-F2-G-K	20A,2P	10KA	Vertical
810-01205	BSB	B3H3-16.0/240-1100B-A2-F2-G-K	16A,1P	10KA	Vertical
810-01206	BSB	B2HR6-16.0/240-1A00B-A2-F1-K-K	16A,1P	10KA	Vertical
810-01207	BSB	B2HR6-20.0/240-1A00B-A2-F1-K-K	20A,1P	10KA	Vertical
810-01208	BSB	B2HR6-20.0/240-2A20B-A2-F1-K-K	20A,2P	10KA	Vertical
810-01209	BSB	B2HE4-16.0/240-1200B-A2-F1-K-K	16A,1P	10KA	Horizontal
810-01210	BSB	B2HE4-20.0/240-1200B-A2-F1-K-K	20A,1P	10KA	Horizontal
810-01211	BSB	B2HE4-20.0/240-2230B-A2-F1-K-K	20A,2P	10KA	Horizontal

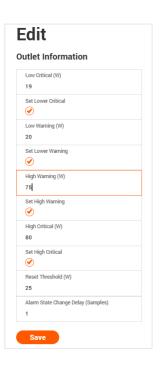
CONTROL MANAGEMENT

The PDU will send alert notifications when an outlet wattage crosses above or below the settings you specify in the Control Management Threshold.

1. Choose the Control Management tab in the PDU Threshold page.

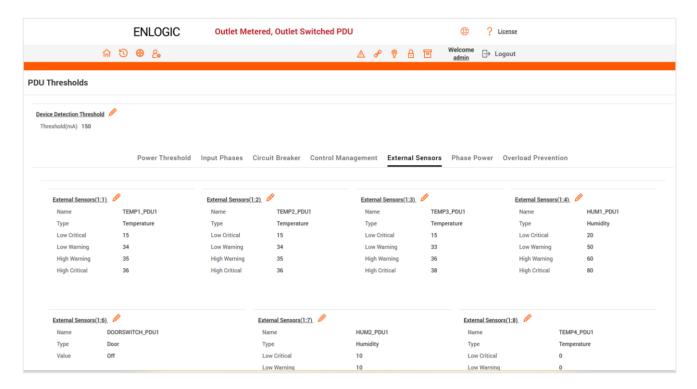


- 2. Click the / icon to edit/change the Control Management Settings,
 - Low Critical (W)
 - Set Low Critical (W)
 - Low Warning (W)
 - Set Low Warning (W)
 - High Warning (W)
 - Set High Warning (W)
 - High Critical (W)
 - Set High Critical (W)
 - Reset Threshold (W)
 - Alarm State Change Delay (samples)
- 3. Click Save button to complete the setting.
- 4. Repeat the steps for all PDUs.

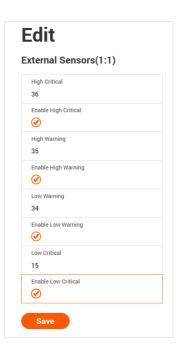


EXTERNAL SENSORS

The PDU will communicate about the sensor location, alarms, notifications, and details. The External Sensors section displays the connected sensors on the PDU. Choose the External Sensors tab PDU Threshold page.

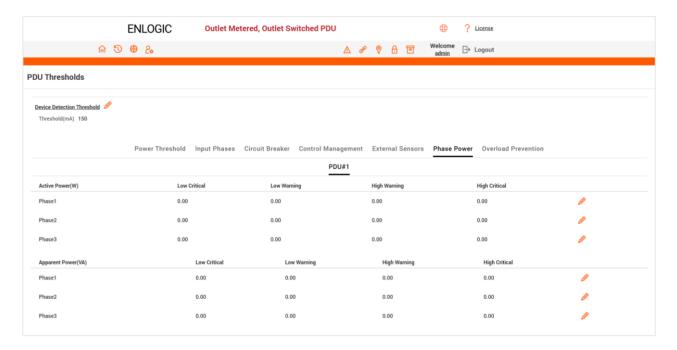


- 1. Choose the External Sensors tab in the PDU Threshold page.
- 2. Click the // icon to edit/change the External Sensors Settings,
 - High Critical
 - Enable High Critical
 - High Warning (W)
 - Enable High Warning (W)
 - Low Warning (W)
 - Enable Low Warning (W)
 - Low Critical (W)
 - Enable Low Critical (W)
- 3. Click Save button to complete the setting.
- 4. Repeat the steps for all PDUs.

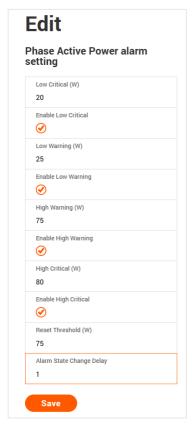


PHASE POWER

The Phase Power page displays the Active Power and Apparent Power for each PDU Phase-wise.



- 1. Choose the **Phase Power** tab in the PDU Threshold page.
- 2. Click the / icon to edit the Alarms both for Active and Apparent Power for each phase separately.
 - Low Critical (W)
 - Enable Low Critical (W)
 - Low Warning (W)
 - Enable Low Warning (W)
 - High Warning (W)
 - Enable High Warning (W)
 - High Critical (W)
 - Enable High Critical (W)
 - Reset Threshold (W)
 - Alarm State Change Delay (samples)
- 3. Click Save button to complete the setting.
- 4. Repeat the steps for all PDUs.

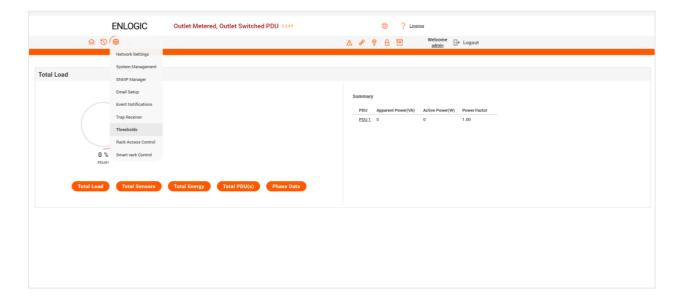


OVERLOAD PREVENTION (OLP)

The Overload Prevention feature manages the load of an iPDU strategically by turning off non-loaded outlets to maintain the overall load within a specified threshold range (between lower and upper threshold values). When the load connected to the PDU increases and exceeds the upper threshold, the feature turns off the respective outlet(s) to mitigate the surge. By default, this threshold is set to half of the PDU's rated load, but it can be configured by an authorized user.

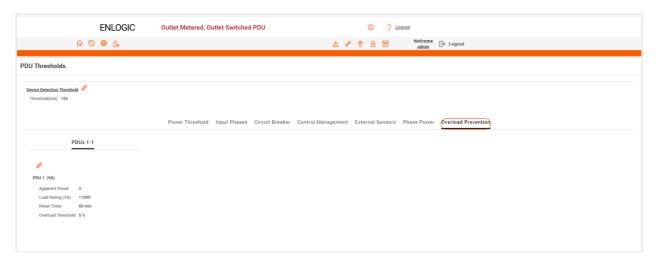
This page allows you to configure the Overload Prevention thresholds.

- Click on the Settings icon to dropdown the Settings menu.
- From the dropdown, select Thresholds to view information.



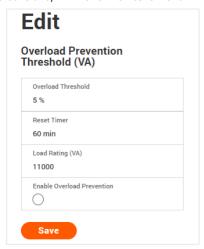
- 3. Click on the Overload Prevention tab to display the PDU parameters to be set.
- Click on the edit ocustomize the parameters.

5. In the Edit screen, enter the following:



- 6. Overload Threshold Enter the percentage value and it ranges from 5% to 30%, in increments of 5%.
- 7. Reset Timer The reset duration can be set to 30, 60, 90, or 120 minutes
- 8. Load Rating The default value shall be 50% of the PDU's Power rated capacity.
- 9. Enable/Disable Overload Prevention.
- 10. Click Save. The data is saved successfully.

Note - Provided the Overload threshold and Load Rating (User Settable Rating Capacity) parameter values, the system automatically computes the upper and lower thresholds. Note: The system throws an error for a given Load rating, if the corresponding Upper Threshold exceeds the Max. PDU rating. Minimum acceptable value for Load Rating is 1 VA.



- 11. When the PDU apparent power is below lower threshold, normal operation takes place and there happens no change in the outlet state (Refer to Scenario 1 in below example).
- 12. When apparent power lies in between Lower and Upper thresholds, all the unused outlets are turned off and an event/warning alarm will be triggered to alert the user (Refer to Scenario 2 in below example).
- 13. When power rating is above upper threshold, all unused outlets (refer to Scenario 3) /last connected outlet (refer to Scenario 4) that is responsible for the spike are turned off and an event/critical alarm will be triggered to alert the user.
- 14. When the apparent power falls below the lower threshold, reset timer starts. After the reset time has elapsed, all the turned off outlets are turned on.
- 15. Note: Disabling the OLP feature also turns on all the outlets turned off during OLP mode. Outlets turned off manually remain in OFF state only and don't get affected by OLP feature/mode.
- 16. Outlets control is restricted when the system is in OLP mode.
- 17. Note: Generally, here last connected outlet in the sense which has the last increase/spike in load power.

Example:

Consider the Following parameters

PDU Max. power rating = 20000VA

Default Load Rating (USRC) = 10000VA (50% of max. power rating)

Threshold value = 10%

Therefore,

Upper Threshold = Load Rating (USRC) + (10% of Load Rating) = 11000 VA

Lower Threshold = Load Rating (USRC) - (10% of Load Rating) = 9000 VA

Scenario 1: Apparent Power less than Lower Threshold of 9000 VA

OLP feature	Outlet No.	Outlet State	Load in VA
	1	ON	1000
	2	ON	2000
	3	ON	2000
Disabled	4	ON	3000
	5	ON	0
	6	ON	0
	7	ON	0
	8	OFF	0
Total Load		8000 VA	

Now, OLP feature is enabled, and an additional load is connected.

OLP feature	New load connected in VA	Result
	1000 to 2999	Scenario 2
Enabled	3000 to 20000 (Max PDU rating)	Scenario 4

Scenario 2: Apparent Power greater than Lower Threshold of 9000 VA & less than Upper Threshold of 11000 VA. Assuming a load of 2000 VA connected to one of the unloaded outlets say, outlet 5. This leads to turning OFF outlets 6 and 7 thereby no new loads can further be connected.

OLP feature	Outlet No.	Outlet State	Load in VA
Enabled	1	ON	1000
	2	ON	2000
	3	ON	2000
	4	ON	3000
	5	ON	2000
	6	OFF	0
	7	OFF	0
	8	OFF	0
Total Load 10000 VA			10000 VA

Scenario 3: Apparent power exceeding 11000 VA from threshold range (10000 VA)

OLP feature	Outlet No.	Outlet State	Load in VA
Enabled	1	ON	1000
	2	ON	2000
	3	ON	2000
	4	ON	5000
	5	ON	2000
	6	OFF	0
	7	OFF	0
	8	OFF	0
		Total Load	12000

Out of the already loaded outlets, if one of the outlets say outlet 4, got a sudden spike from 3000 VA to 5000 VA making the overall PDU load to increase from 10000 VA to 12000 VA, instead of outlet 5 (last connected outlet), the outlet on which load spike occurred is turned off (here outlet 4). Now, no new load can be connected to any of the unloaded outlets (here outlets 6,7,8).

Scenario 4: Apparent power exceeding 11000 VA from less than 9000 VA (lower threshold value)

OLP feature	Outlet No.	Outlet State	Load in VA
Enabled	1	ON	1000
	2	ON	2000
	3	ON	2000
	4	ON	3000
	5	OFF	3500
	6	OFF	0
	7	OFF	0
	8	OFF	0
		Total Load	11500

Outlet 5 (the last connected outlet) turns OFF to mitigate the overload.

Outlets 6 and 7 turned OFF by OLP feature remains in OFF state until reset timer delay elapses before turning ON.

Outlet 8 that is already in OFF state continues to remain in OFF state.

RACK ACCESS CONTROL

This page allows you to configure the Rack Access functions to control and monitor the Racks.

- Click on the **Settings** icon to dropdown the Settings menu.
- Select Rack Access Control to view information.



On the top-right side of the Rack Access Control page, Click the below options as required:

- Actions
- New

To Assign new Rack Access to the PDU

Remote Control

Used to perform Lock, Unlock and Close functions.

AutoLock Settings

To assign Automatic locking functions within a time limit to the PDU

HANDLE AND COMPATIBLE CARD TYPES

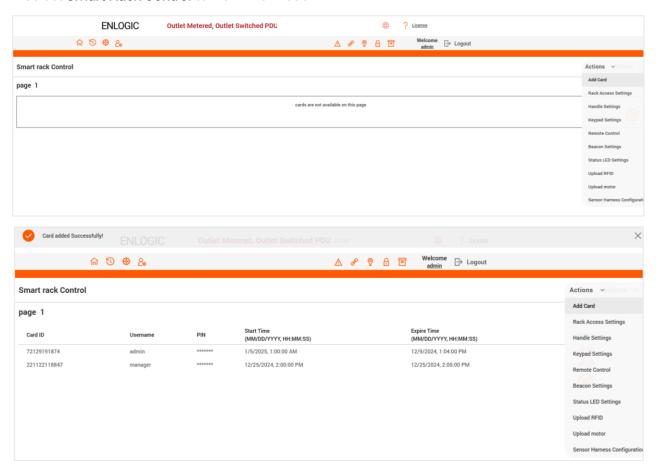
Below are the card lists which are supported on the different swing handle,

- 1. MYFARE® Classic 4K
- 2. MYFARE® Plus 2K
- 3. MYFARE® DESFire 4K
- 4. HID® iCLAS

SMART RACK CONTROL

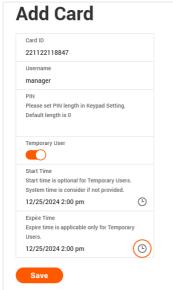
This page allows you to configure the Smart Rack Access functions to control and monitor the Racks. It is used to set up the access control server door Handle (above 4 Handles and Compatible Cards). So, the user can use the editing option to modify the data as required. A total of 200 cards are compatible with the smart rack control.

- 1. Click on the **Settings** icon to dropdown the Settings menu.
- 2. Select Smart Rack Control to view information.

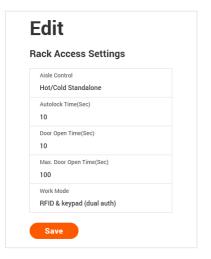


3. On the top-right side of the Rack Access Control page, Click the Actions button to drop down the menu options:

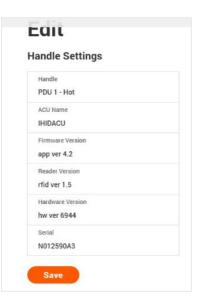
- 4. To add card details, select Add Card.
- 5. Click the old icon to edit/change the Rack Access Control Settings
 - Enter the **Card ID** to ensure security and restrictive access.
 - Enter **Username** of the card holder.
 - Enter PIN (as set in card configuration page).
 - Enable or Disable **Temporary User** as per user status
 - **Enable Start Time**
 - **Enable Expire Time**
 - Click **Save** button to complete setting.



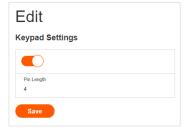
- 6. To edit rack access details, select Rack Access Settings.
 - Select **Aisle Control** to Standalone or Combined as per rack.
 - Set Autolock Time.
 - Set Door Open Time.
 - Set Max Door Open Time.
 - Select the access type in Work Mode.
 - Click Save button to complete setting.



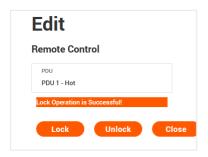
- 7. To edit handle settings, select Rack Access Settings.
 - Enter Handle name for identification.
 - Enter ACU Name for identification.
 - The Firmware Version, Reader Version and Hardware Version are non- editable fields and are filled by default in their respective Versions.
 - Enter Serial number of the handle.
 - Click Save button to complete setting.



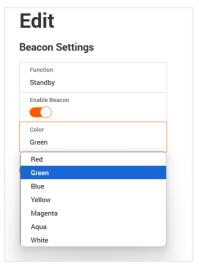
8. Select **Keypad Settings** to configure the keypad. Click Save button to complete setting.



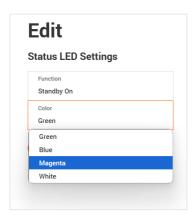
9. Select Remote Control to perform Lock, Unlock and Close functions.



Select Beacon Settings to Enable Beacon Lock and Color. Click Save button to complete setting. 10.



Select Status LED Settings to configure Function and Color of the LED. Click Save button to complete setting.

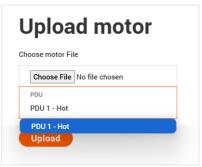


Select Upload RFID to upgrade the handle RFID firmware. Under the Choose Reader file, click Choose File 12. and select 'reader.bin' file. Select the PDU id from the drop down menu. Click Upload button to start updating the firmware.



Select **Upload Motor** to upgrade the handle motor firmware. Under the Choose motor file, click Choose File and select 'motor.bin' file. Select the PDU id from the drop down menu. Click Upload button to start

updating the firmware.



Select Sensor Harness Configuration to configure the sensor harness. Click Save button to complete setting.

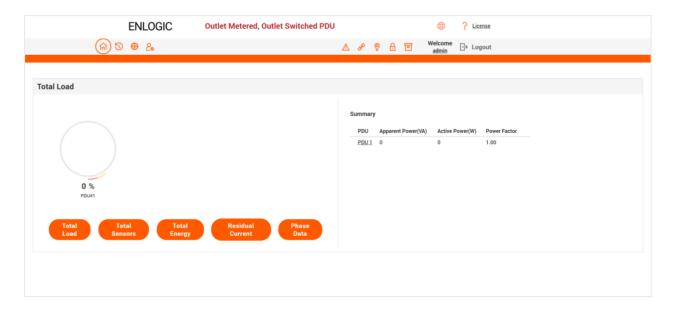


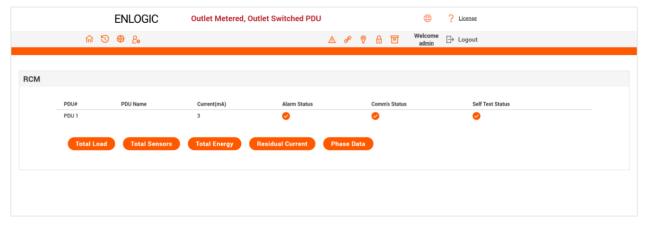
RESIDUAL CURRENT MONITORING (RCM)

Residual Current Monitoring (RCM) is a safety mechanism used in electrical systems to detect residual currents and identify potential risks. The new firmware version supports the monitoring of residual currents, which helps prevent electric shocks, fires, and equipment damage by enabling early fault detection and timely intervention. Enlogic PDUs now include RCM capabilities, are guided by the IEC 62020-1:2020 RCM standards.

Dashboard

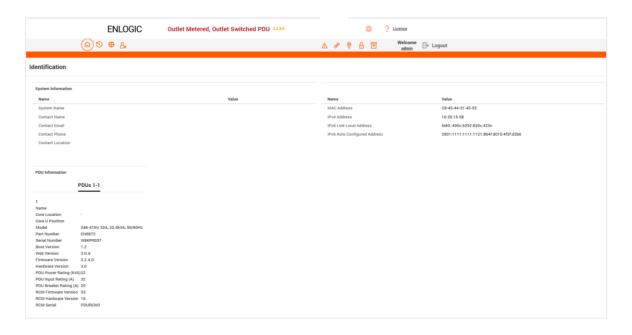
If the SKU is equipped and enabled with an RCM module, the Dashboard displays the Residual Current information.





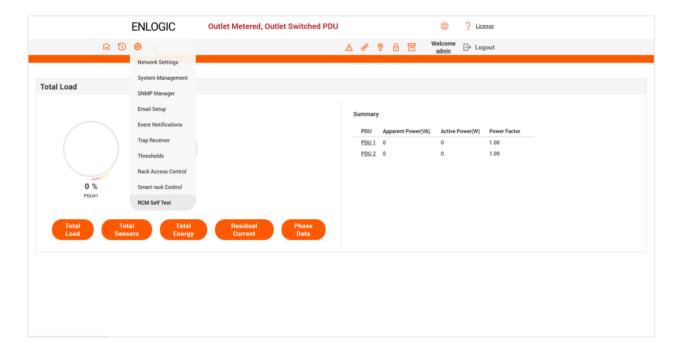
Identification

If the SKU is equipped and enabled with an RCM module, the Identification page displays the RCM firmware version, Hardware version and the RCM serial information.



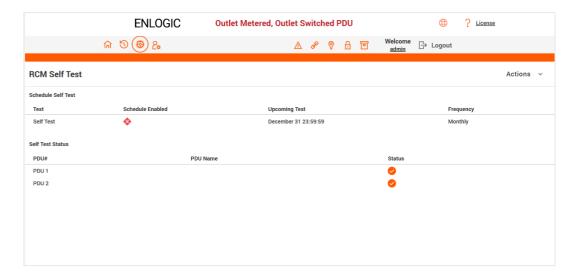
Residual Current Monitoring Self Test Configuration

1. Click on Settings icon, select RCM Self Test from the dropdown menu. This option is available exclusively for PDUs equipped and enabled with an RCM module.

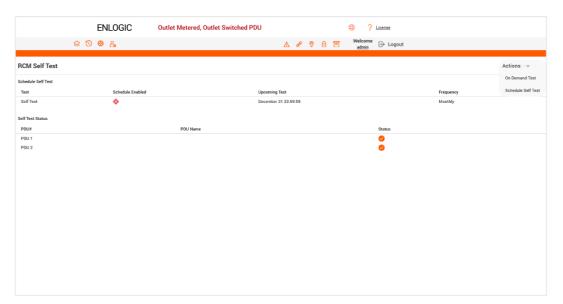


On-Demand Self Test

2. In the RCM Self Test Page, choose the Actions option located on the right-hand side.

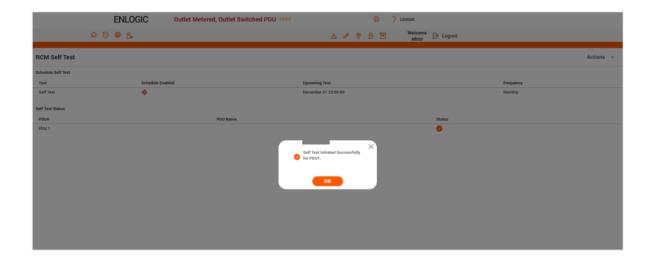


3. Select "On Demand Test" from the drop-down menu.



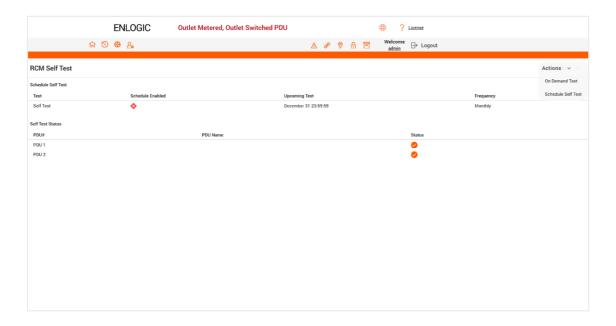
- 4. Schedule a On Demand Self Test for a selected PDU from the list.
- 5. Please click on "Start test" to begin on-demand self test.





Schedule Self Test

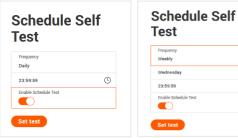
6. From the drop-down menu, select "Schedule Self Test" to schedule a predefined testing cycle.



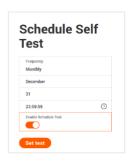
7. On the scheduling screen,

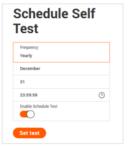
Select

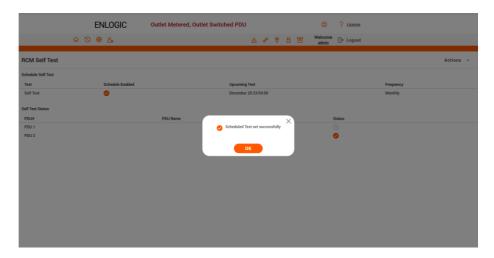
- Frequency [Daily/ Weekly/ Monthly/ Yearly] Based on this selection custom options can be selected.
- Month
- Date
- Time
- Enable the schedule test. Toggle On.
- 8. Click on "Set test" to save the settings.
- 9. The Scheduled Test has been successfully configured.



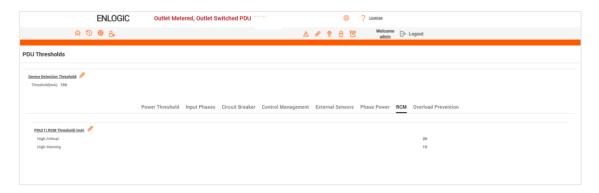






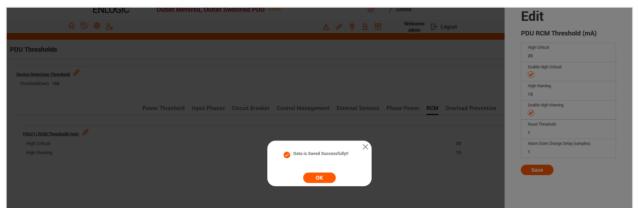


In the Thresholds page, under the RCM tab, the threshold can be set for the selected PDUs.



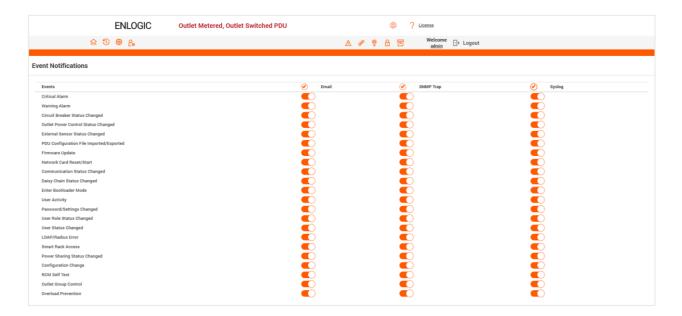
- In the RCM tab, click on the 🥖 edit icon to make changes to the threshold parameters.
 - High Critical (W)
 - Enable High Critical (W)
 - High Warning (W)
 - Enable High Warning (W)
 - Reset Threshold (W)
 - Alarm State Change Delay (samples)
- Click Save button to complete the setting. 6.
- Repeat the steps for all PDUs. The data is saved successfully. 7.





RCM EVENTS AND ALARMS

In the Event Notifications page, RCM Self Test emails, SNMP Trap and Syslog can be selected to be displayed for PDUs.

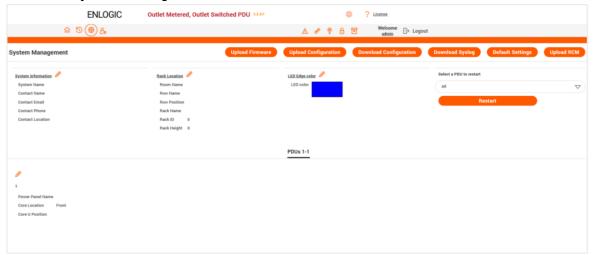


In the Alarms section, RCM Self Test alarms are displayed for PDUs.



RCM FIRMWARE UPDATE

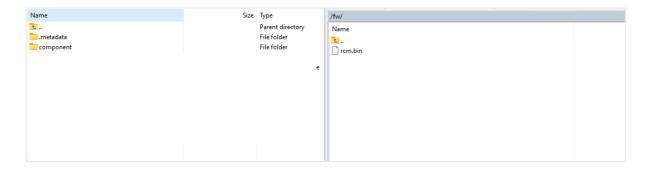
- Click on the **Settings** icon to dropdown the Settings menu.
- Select the **System Management** to view the information.



Go to System management page and select the Upload Firmware option.



- 4. Select the PDU you want to upload firmware and upload the rcm.bin file.
 - Note: PDU will reboot, and Firmware upgrade will complete.
 - To access the PDU using an FTPS program, FTPS must be enabled through the PDU Web Interface or through CLI or through SSH.
- 5. In the Web Interface, go to Network Settings -> FTPS.
- Select the check box to enable FTPS Access.
- 7. Login to an FTP program with a role with administration privileges.



- Transfer the firmware file rcm.bin to /fw folder.
- Connect to the PDU via SSH using a program such as TeraTerm or PUTTY.
- 10. Login using a role w...ith administration privileges.
- 11. Execute the CLI command "sys updaterom rom" to perform the FW upload operation.

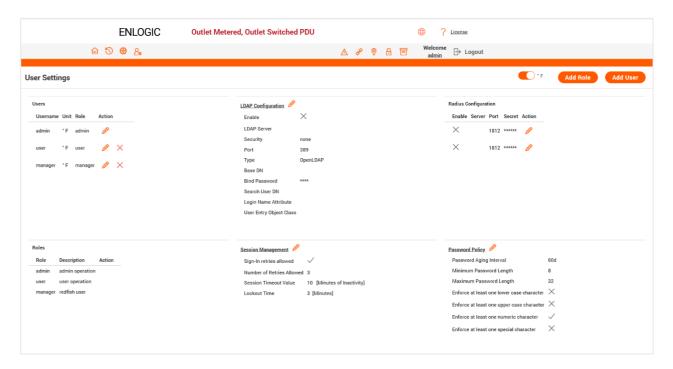
After reboot message indication in console, push the "Y" from the prompt (Y/N) displays for the PDU reboot. Note: For Master PDU / Standalone configuration, at the (Y/N) prompt will be appeared for PDU reboot, type Y. When the upload is finished, the system will reboot automatically.

USER SETTINGS

The Advantage Secure PDU includes a standard Administrator profile and a standard User profile. The Administrator profile is typically assigned to the system administrator and possesses the "Admin Role" with full operational permissions. The default User profile encompasses the default "User Role" permissions, with the Administrator required to assign any additional user privileges. Users are identified by their unique login credentials and their assigned user role.

Prior to setting up user profiles, it is essential to determine the necessary roles. Each user must be assigned a role, which defines their granted permissions.

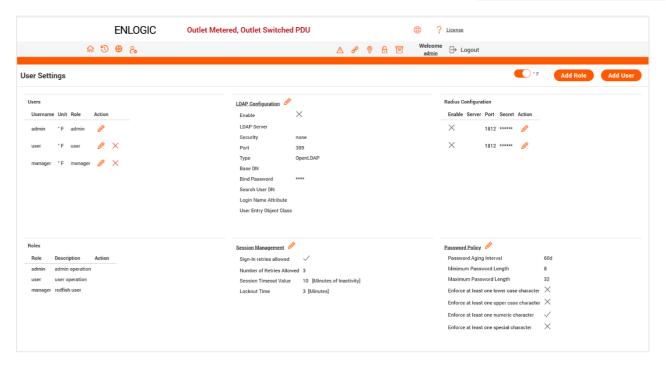
1. To access the User Settings menu, click on the User Settings icon to display the dropdown menu.



Role	Default Permissions	
Admin	Complete system permissions (that cannot be modified or deleted)	
User	Limited permissions that can be modified or deleted. By default, these permissions are: Change own Password	
Manager	Complete system permissions (that cannot be modified or deleted)	

On the top-right side of the User Settings page, Click the below options as required.

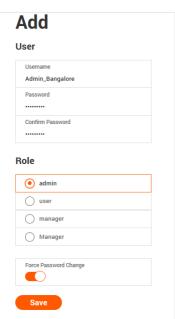




ADD USERS

To create a new role with custom configurations, where an administrator can assign specific roles to a User.

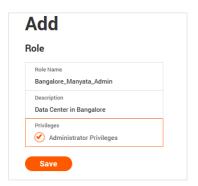
- 1. Click on the **User Settings**, the user settings page opens.
- 2. Click on Add User icon, to create a new user profile.
- 3. The add user window opens, enter the information:
 - Username
 - Password
 - · Confirm Password
- 4. In the add user window assign role to set admin, user, or manager privileges.
- 5. Select **Save** to save the new user profile.



ADD USERS

To create a new user role:

- 1. Click on the **User Settings**, the user settings page opens.
- Click on Add User icon, to create a new user profile.
- The add user window opens, enter the information: 3.
- 4. Username
- 5. Password
- 6. Confirm Password
- 7. In the add user window assign role to set admin, user, or manager privileges.
- 8. Select **Save** to save the new user profile.

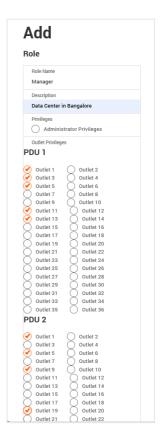


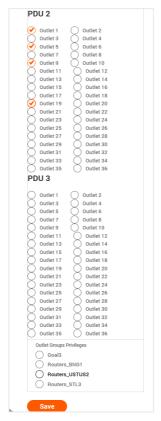
Access Control List, allows the administrator to create new roles with custom configuration. This customization includes configuring all/selective outlets/outlet groups control. Roles created with this custom configuration may be assigned to users as per the requirement. These users (with special access permission) shall be able to control assigned outlets/groups.

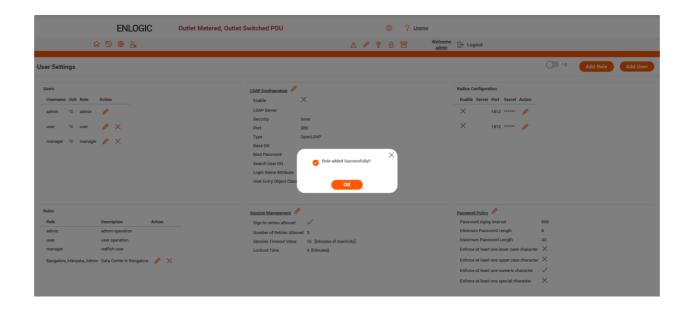
To create a new user profile with custom configurations, where an administrator can assign specific outlets and outlet groups the user can control:

- Click on the User Settings, the user settings page opens.
- 10. Click on the icon, to create a new user role profile. Add Role
- 11. The add user window opens, for a user with Administrator Privileges enter the information:
- 12. Role Name
- 13. Description
- 14. Do not select Leave the Administrator Privileges unchecked to customize outlets/outlet groups for this new role.
- 15. Scroll Down to set Outlet Privileges, to select the required outlets to be assigned to this role from the list.
- 16. Choose the Outlet Groups Privileges that have been preassigned to this user during the Add User process.
- 17. Likewise, select the required outlet groups if any to be assigned to this role.

Note: If there are no outlet groups present in the setup, Outlet Group Privileges sub-section shows No Outlet Groups. To create a new outlet group, go to Control and Manage Page and click on Add Outlet Group button. 18. Select Click on Save button to save the new user role profile. The role is created successfully.

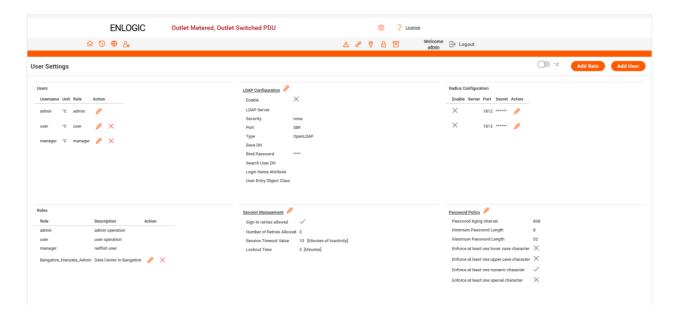






To modify a role profile:

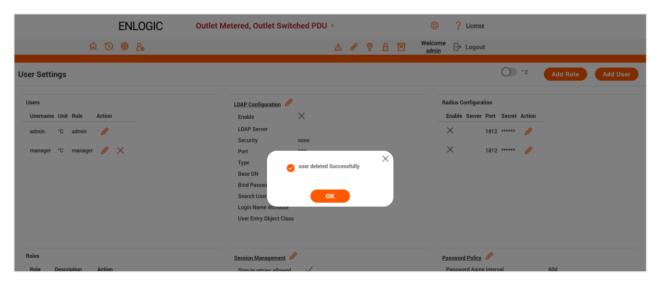
- Select the role. Click on the edit icon. 1.
- Edit the Role Name and Privileges as needed.
- Select Save to modify the user profile.



To delete a user profile:

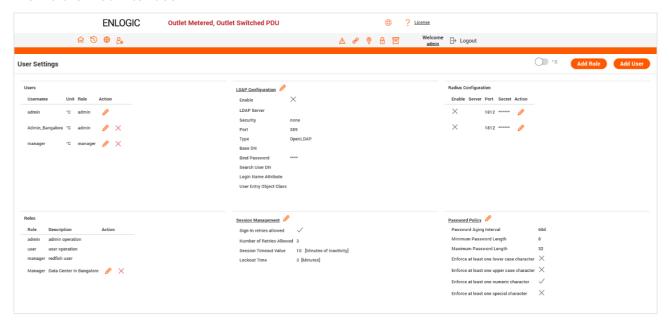
- Select the role. Click on the X icon
- Click the Delete button. User is deleted successfully.



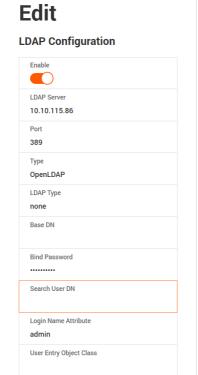


LDAP/LDAPS SERVER SETTINGS

To setup LDAP to access the Active Directory (AD) and provide authentication when logging into the PDU via the Web Interface:



- 1. In User Setting, go to LDAP Configuration.
- Select the LDAP Enable. 2.
- 3. LDAP Server (Type IP Address)
- Type Port number. Note: For Microsoft, this is typically 389.
- 5. From the Type (Type of LDAP Server) drop down menu, select Open LDAP.
- 6. Specify LDAP Type.
- 7. In the Base DN field, type in the account.
- 8. Example CN=myuser, CN=Users, DC=EMEA, DC=mydomain, DC=com
- Type Password in the Bind Password box
- 10. Search User DN.
- 11. Type SAMAccountName (typically) in the Login Name Attribute field.
- 12. Type Person Name in the User Entry Object Class field.
- 13. With these LDAP settings configured, the Bind is complete.



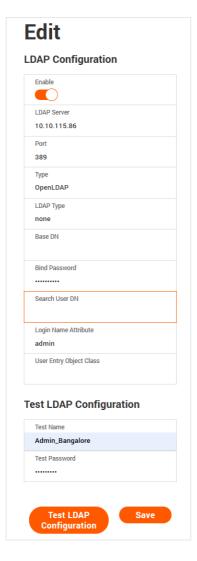
Once the LDAP is configured, the PDU must understand for which group authentication occurs. A role must be created on the PDU to reference a group within Active Directory (AD).

In the Edit dialog box, click the Enable button to enable LDAP.

- 14. Select the LDAP Enable
- 15. Type the Port number in the Port field.
- 16. LDAP Server (Type IP Address)
- 17. Type Port number. Note: For Microsoft, this is typically 389.
- 18. Click in the Type (for Type of LDAP Server) field, select Open LDAP from the dropdown menu.
- 19. Click in the LDAP Type field, select TLS from the dropdown menu. TLS provides additional layer of security making LDAP to secure LDAP.
- 20. In the Base DN field, type in the account. Example: CN+=myuser, CN=Users, DC=EMEA, DC=mydomain, DC=com
- 21. In the Bind Password field, type in the password. Type the password again in the Confirm Password box when it opens, to complete the step.
- 22. Search User DN. Type in your DN.
- 23. Type SAMAccountName (typically) in the Login Name Attribute field.
- 24. Type Person Name in the User Entry Object Class field.
- 25. Click the Save button.

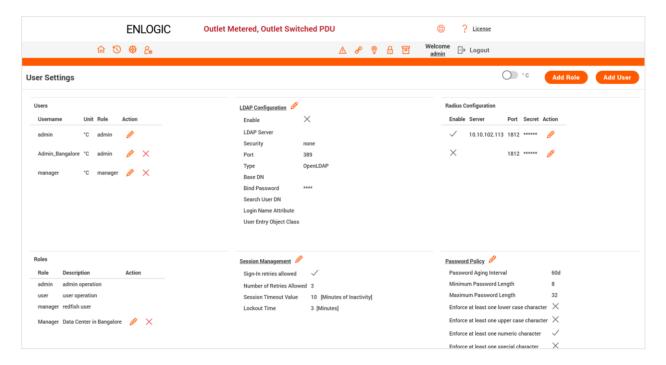
For Testing LDAP Configuration

- 26. Once LDAP authentication is ready to use.
- 27. To test this, click save, then click "LDAP Configuration" again and type Active Directory username/password into the test box.
- 28. Click Test LDAP Configuration.
- 29. If a box pops up with all green "SUCCEEDED" (no X's), the LDAP is successfully configured.



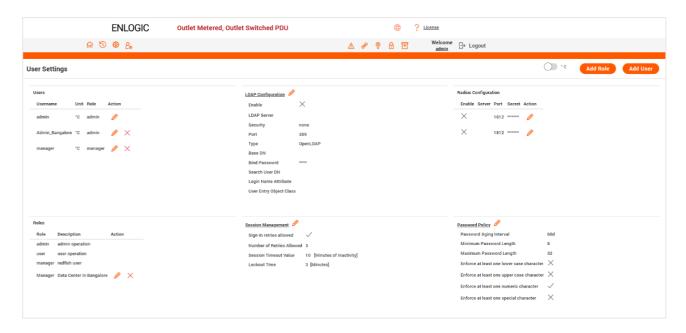
RADIUS CONFIGURATION

1. In the User Settings go to Radius Configuration and click the Edit icon.



- 2. Select the Enable button.
 - Type Server IP address, Port number, and Secret in the corresponding field.
 - · Click Save button to complete the Radius authentication. The user can add up to two radius server configurations.





RADIUS CONFIGURATION

To allow users to login as the admin Enlogic-User-Role. This example demonstrates how to configure freeradius with users that can login as the admin Enlogic-User-Role. It assumes a clean installation of freeradius on Ubuntu or and equivalent installation.

- 1. Install **freeradius** or start with a pre-existing installation.
- 2. Create authorized client configuration statements in/etc/freeradius/3.0/clients.conf that are configured for your security requirements.
- 3. Create a dictionary at /usr/share/freeradius/dictionary.Enlogic containing:

```
# -*- text -*-
```

VENDOR Enlogic 38446

BEGIN-VENDOR Enlogic

ATTRIBUTE Enlogic-User-Role 1 integer

VALUE Enlogic-User-Role User 1

VALUE Enlogic-User-Role Admin 2

END-VENDOR Enlogic

Load dictionary.

4. Enlogic by appending the following line to

/etc/freeradius/3.0/dictionary:

\$INCLUDE /usr/share/freeradius/dictionary.Enlogic

- 5. Add authorized users to /etc/freeradius/3.0/mods-config/files/authorize with the desired role. (Note: the 'users' file location may vary based on unique customizations or different package managers.)
- 6. When specified, the Enlogic-User-RoleMUST be the first attribute of the user. Use passwords that are configured for your security requirements.
- 7. **Enlogic-User-Role** is not specified: (This user logs in as the default "user" Role)

radiusdefault Cleartext-Password := "12345678"

Service-Type = 1

8. **Enlogic-User-Role** is set to Admin: (This user logs in as the "admin" Role)

radiusadmin Cleartext-Password := "87654321"

9. Enlogic-User-Role = Admin,

Service-Type = 1

10. **Enlogic-User-Role** is set to User: (This user logs in as the "user" Role)

radiususer Cleartext-Password := "55555555"

11. Enlogic-User-Role = User,

Service-Type = 1

12. If you started with a clean install of freeradius, you may need to configure these options to enable authentication in /etc/freeradius/3.0/radiusd.conf: (make sure they are configured for your security requirements)

```
auth_badpass = yes
```

auth_goodpass = yes

auth = yes

13. Restart the RADIUS server for the configuration changes to take effect.

systemctl stop freeradius

systemctl start freeradius

- 14. Verify the server is able to perform authentication and returns the configured
- 15. Enlogic-User-Role. Note: You may need to change this example based on any client restrictions that are enforced.
- 16. Usage: radtest [OPTS] user passwd radius-server[:port] nas-port-number secret # radtest 'radiusadmin' '87654321' 192.0.2.1 0 'Enlogic#1' "
- 17. Sending Access-Request of id 212 to 192.0.2.1 port 1812

User-Name = "radiusadmin"

User-Password = "87654321"

NAS-IP-Address = 127.0.1.1

NAS-Port = 0

rad_recv: Access-Accept packet from host 192.0.2.1 port 1812, id=212, length=38

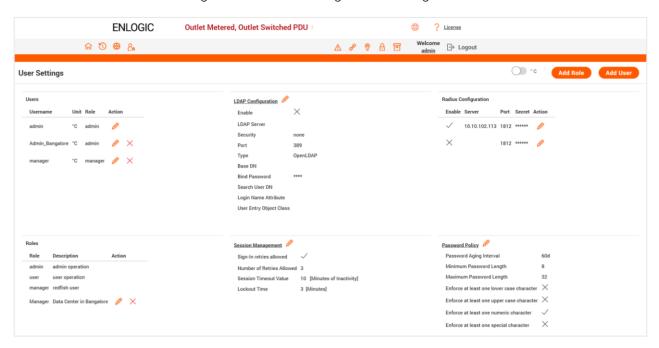
Enlogic-User-Role = Admin

Service-Type = Framed-User

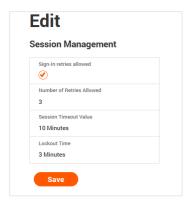
SESSION MANAGEMENT

Session management supports the users to manage the Sign-In retries, number of retries allowed session timeout value and lockout time.

1. Click on the icon to edit/change the Session Management settings.



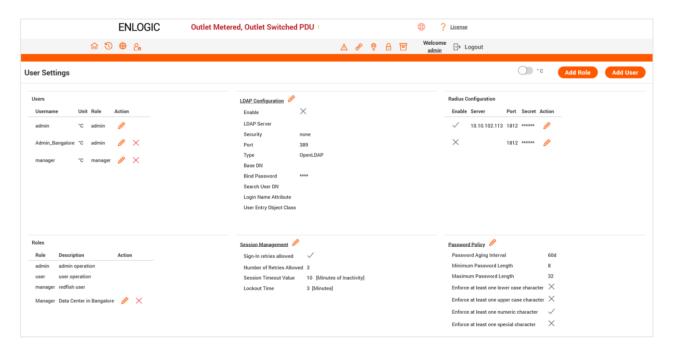
2. Add the required data and click on Save button to update the new settings.



PASSWORD POLICY

You can set a requirement for users to change their password at set intervals using the Password Aging Interval policy. You can also specify criteria for passwords to ensure that your users enter strong passwords.

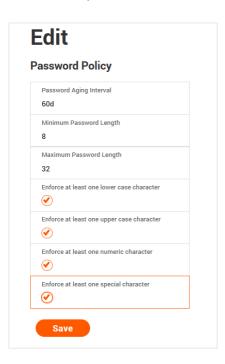
1. Go to User Setting, click on Password Policy.



- 2. If desired, choose a password aging interval from the Password Interval dropdown menu.
- 3. If you wish to specify password criteria, enable the **Strong Password** radio button.
- 4. Set the Minimum Password Length and Maximum Password Length from the dropdown menus.

Note: Minimum password length cannot be below 8 characters and the maximum allowed up to 32.

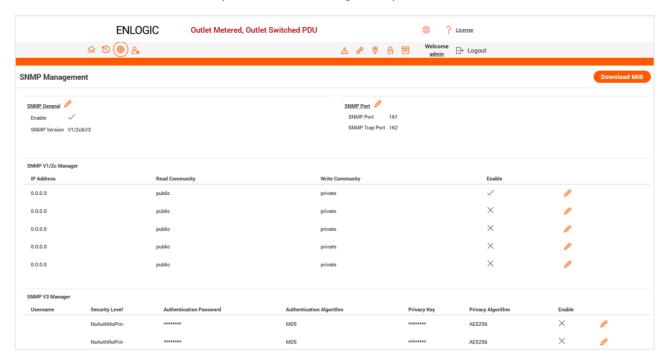
- 5. Enable the **checkboxes** to force the users to use specific types of characters within the password.
- 6. Click Save button to complete the settings.



SNMP

Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) is used to manage the Advantage Secure PDU(s) remotely. SNMP allows the user to monitor and detect network faults and to even configure variable data in the PDU.

Enable the SNMP in the Web UI (Refer SNMP Management)



WORKING WITH MIB BROWSER

Download the MIB browser and install it.

1. Open the MIB browse and Type the IP address of the PDU.



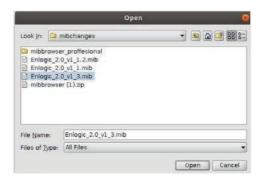
- 2. Click the Advanced button, in the Advanced Properties of SNMP Agent window, enter the respective Port, Read Community and Write Community information.
- 3. Select the SNMP manager version 1/2/3.

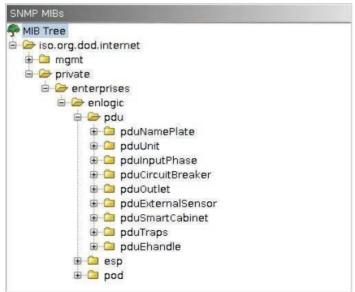


LOADING THE MIB FILE

Click on File and select Load MIBs. The Open window comes to view:

- 1. Select the latest version of the mib file.
- 2. Click Open-> The mib file gets loaded.
- 3. The MIB Tree comes to view on the SNMP MIBs-> Expand the MIB Tree and select the iso.org.dod.internet
- 4. Right click on the iso.org.dod.internet and select walk to monitor the PDU data.





REDFISH

DMTF's Redfish® is a standard designed to deliver simple and secure management for converged, hybrid IT and the Software Defined Data Center (SDDC). Both human readable and machine capable, Redfish leverages common Internet and web services standards to expose information directly to the modern tool chain.

Enlogic firmware utilizes Redfish, a web-based API, which means that resources are accessed via clientsupplied URLs. URLs are necessary for identifying Redfish resources. The Redfish API has a basic URL hierarchy that follows the /redfish/v1/ pattern for all its resources.

Data center and IT teams want to be able to automate important operations and remotely control hardware, performing services such as:

- Monitor device health and receive automatic notifications on potential concerns.
- Configuring BIOS
- Controlling device power
- Automatically update firmware
- Authorizing and managing users
- Logging events and much more

REDFISH CONFIGURATION

Redfish is a standard that uses RESTful interface semantics to access a schema based data model to conduct management operations. It is suitable for a wide range of devices, from stand- alone servers to composable infrastructures, and to large-scale cloud environments.

REDFISH SCHEMA

Redfish resource schemas are developed using OData Schema, which may be simply converted to JSON Schema. It is a defined directory structure that is accessible using the standard HTTP/HTTPS GET/POST/PUT/DELETE (etc.) methods to perform some action on the application in question.

The REST API lets you select the kind of request. It follows the CRUD standard format (Create, Retrieve, Update, and Delete). The data is created by visiting URIs that are accessible via the following HTTP methods:

Options include GET, HEAD, POST, PUT, PATCH, and DELETE.

REDFISH AUTHENTICATION AND AUTHORIZATION

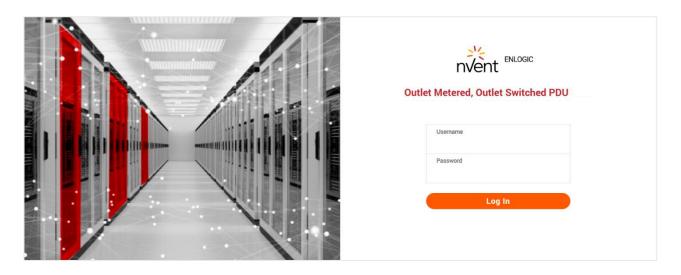
Redfish uses the controlled system for necessary credentials and supported authentication methods. Enlogic Network Controller Management modules uses both local and remote authentication methods, including Active Directory and LDAP. Authorization involves both user privilege and licensing authorization. The user can disable and enable Redfish services using multiple interfaces like CLI/SSH, WEB UI.

The Redfish service provides access to Redfish URLs by using the following methods:

- Basic authentication: In this method, user name and password are provided for each Redfish API request.
- Session-based authentication: This method is used while issuing multiple Redfish operation requests.
- Session login is initiated by accessing the Create session URI. The response for this request includes an X-Auth-Token header with a session token. Authentication for subsequent requests is made using the X-Auth-Token header.
- Session logout is performed by issuing a DELETE of the Session resource provided by the Login operation including the X-Auth-Token header.

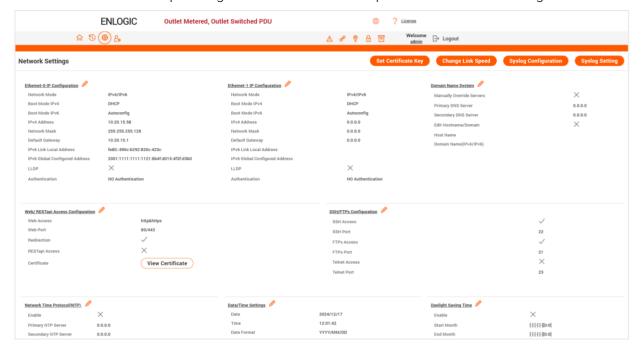
LOGIN TO REDFISH USING WEB UI

1. Login to the WEB UI with valid credentials provided. Change the default password.

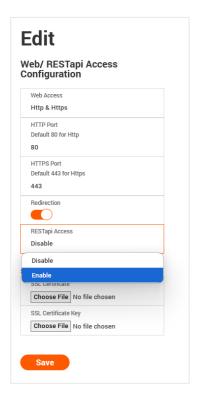


2. In the main menu, mouse over to Setting and select Network Settings.

3. Select the Web/RESTapi configuration and click on the pen icon to edit the settings.



4. In the Edit screen, provide all the details and Enable the RESTapi Access. Click Save.



REDFISH URLS SUPPORTED WITH GET METHOD

Listed URLs with their Syntax

Session Service

S.No	URL
1	https:// <ip_addr>/redfish/v1</ip_addr>
2	/redfish/v1/SessionService
3	/redfish/v1/SessionService/Sessions
4	/redfish/v1/SessionService/Sessions/{session_ids}
5	/redfish/v1/EventService

Managers

S.No	URL
1	/redfish/v1/Managers
2	/redfish/v1/Managers/manager
3	/redfish/v1/Managers/1/Actions/Manager.DownloadConfiguration
4	/redfish/v1//Managers/manager/NetworkProtocol
5	/redfish/v1//Managers/1/LogServices
6	/redfish/v1//Managers/1/LogServices/Log
7	/redfish/v1//Managers/1/LogServices/Log/Entries
8	/redfish/v1/Managers/manager/EthernetInterfaces
9	/redfish/v1/Managers/manager/EthernetInterfaces/eth0
10	/redfish/v1/Managers/manager/EthernetInterfaces/eth1
11	/redfish/v1/Managers/LogServices/SyslogEntries
12	/redfish/v1/Managers/1/LogServices/Log/Entries

Account Service

S.No	URL
1	/redfish/v1/AccountService
2	/redfish/v1/AccountService/Accounts
3	/redfish/v1/AccountService/Accounts/{user/admin}
4	/redfish/v1/AccountService/Roles
5	/redfish/v1/AccountService/Roles/{Administrator/ ReadOnly / Operator/ Manager}
6	/redfish/v1/AccountService/Accounts/1
7	/redfish/v1/AccountService/Accounts/10

Metrics

S.No	URL
1	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu_id}/Metrics

Power Equipment

S.No	URL
1	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment
2	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs
3	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu_id}
4	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/PDUs/1/Actions/PowerShare
5	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/PDUs/1/PhaseData
6	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/1/Sensors/TotalEnergy

Branches

S.No	URL
1	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu_id}/Branches
2	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu_id} /Branches/#cbnumber
3	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu id}/Branches/A
4	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu id}/Branches/B
5	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu id}/Branches/C
6	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu id}/Branches/D
7	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu id}/Branches/E
8	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu id}/Branches/F

Sensors

S.No	URL
1	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu_id}/Sensors
2	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu_id}/Sensors/Power{cbnum#}
3	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu_id}/Sensors/Current{cbnum#}
4	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu_id}/Sensors/Voltage{cbnum#}
5	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu_id}/Sensors/CurrentOUTLET#
6	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu_id}/Sensors/VoltageOUTLET#
7	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu_id}/Sensors/PowerOUTLET#
8	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu_id}/Sensors/EnergyOUTLET#
9	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu_id}/Sensors/PowerMains1-6 (for WYE type PDUs)
	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu_id}/Sensors/PowerMains1-3 (for DELTA type PDUs)
10	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu_id}/Sensors/CurrentMains1-3
11	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu_id}/Sensors/VoltageMains1-6 (for WYE type PDUs)
	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu_id}/Sensors/VoltageMains1-3 (for DELTA type PDUs)
12	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu_id}/Sensors/FreqMains
13	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu_id}/Sensors/PDUPower

Mains

S.No	URL
1	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu_id}/Mains
2	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu_id}/Mains/AC1

Chassis

S.No	URL
1	/redfish/v1/Chassis/1/Power/OutletGroups
2	/redfish/v1/Chassis/1/Sensors/DeviceDetectionThreshold

REDFISH URLS SUPPORTED WITH POST METHOD

S.No	URL
1	/redfish/v1/SessionService/Sessions
2	/redfish/v1/AccountService/Accounts
3	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pduid}/Outlets/OUTLET#/Outlet.PowerC ontrol
4	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pduid}/Outlets/OUTLET#/Outlet.PowerC ontrol
5	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/4/Outlets/OUTLET24/Outlet.PowerContro

REDFISH URLS SUPPORTED WITH DELETE METHOD

S.No	URL
1	/redfish/v1/AccountService/Accounts/{username}
2	/redfish/v1/SessionService/Sessions/{session_id}

NEW REDFISH URLS SUPPORTED WITH POST METHOD

Thresholds

S.No	URL
1	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/1/Sensors/PDUTemp
2	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/1/Sensors/PDUHumidity
3	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/1/Sensors/PowerThreshold
4	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/1/Sensors/VoltageThreshold
5	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/1/Sensors/CurrentThreshold
6	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/1/Sensors/CBThreshold
7	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/1/Sensors/OutletThreshold

Other Features

S.No	URL
1	/redfish/v1/Managers/SysInfo
2	/redfish/v1/Chassis/1/Oem/nVentChassis/v1_0_0/LEDColor
3	/redfish/v1/EventService/Subscriptions/Syslog
4	/redfish/v1/Actions/Control.ResetToDefaults

GETTING STARTED WITH REDFISH

Using Redish Post method, the user can create accounts and their privileges. Let us understand the steps to create them.

1. Creating A Session

METHOD: POST

1. Download Install the Postman API from https://www.postman.com/downloads/



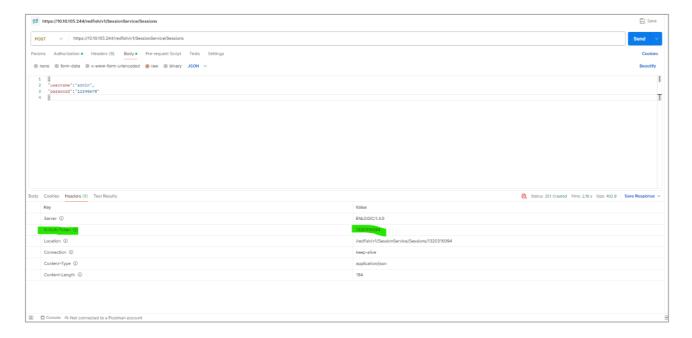
2. On the header, click on the Body tab, select raw, and under the JSON tab select Payload



3. Add the **Payload** script and **Send** the request.

```
Payload:
```

```
"username": "admin",
"password":"12345678"
}
```



4. Copy the X-Auth-Token values displayed in the above screen and add them under the X-Auth-Token Header. Next use the POST, PATCH, DELETE as shown in the next sections.



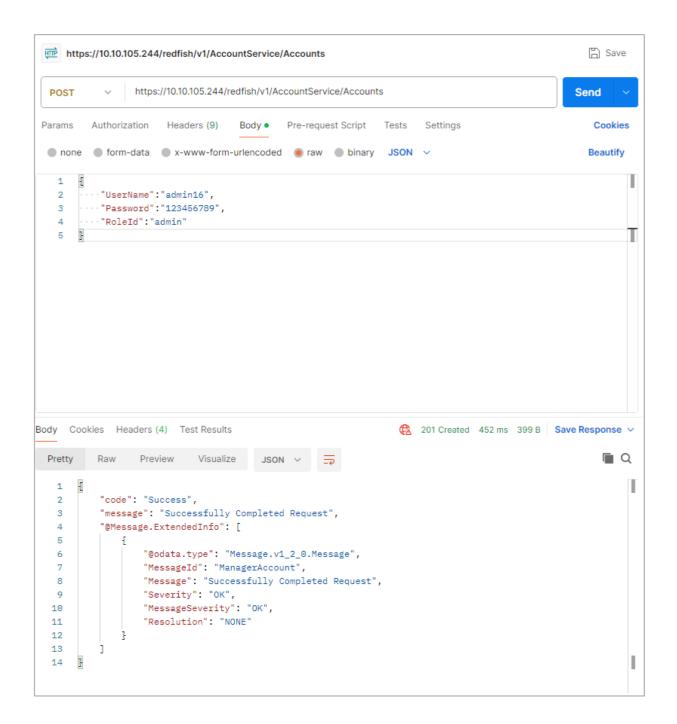
Note - Authorization should be containing BASE64 encoded credentials.

2. Add New User

METHOD: POST

```
URL - https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/AccountService/Accounts
```

```
Payload:
  "UserName": "admin16",
  "Password":"123456789",
  "RoleId": "admin"
Success response:
  "code": "Success",
  "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
       "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "ManagerAccount",
      "Message": "Successfully Completed Request",
      "Severity": "OK",
      "MessageSeverity": "OK",
      "Resolution": "NONE"
    }
  1
Curl Command
curl --location 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/AccountService/Accounts' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 593848508' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--header 'Authorization: Basic YWRtaW46MTIzNDU2Nzg=' \
-data '{
  "UserName": "admin17",
  "Password": "123456789",
  "RoleId": "admin"
}'
```



Parameter Errors and Resolution Messages

```
User Privilege Error:
```

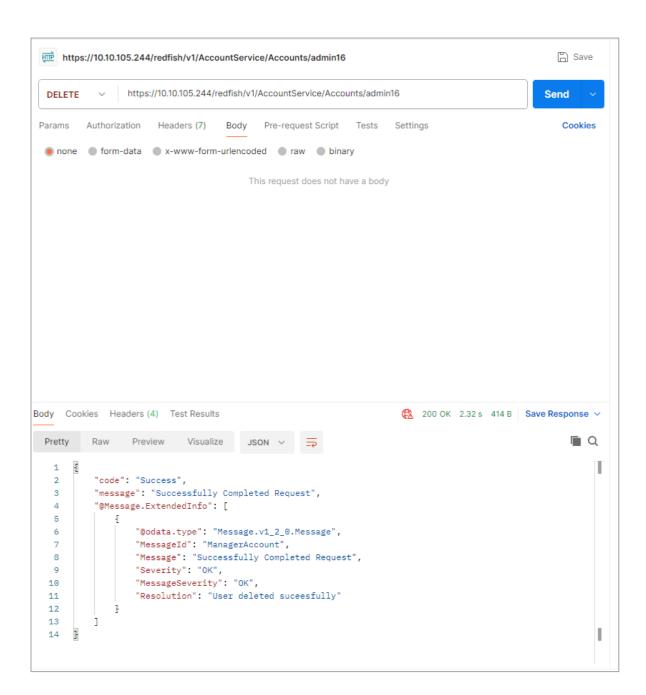
```
"code": "JSON data Error", "message": "Privilege Error", "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
"@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message", "MessageId": "ManagerAccount", "Message":
"Privilege Error",
"Severity": "Warning", "MessageSeverity": "Warning",
"Resolution": "User Don't have valid Privilege to configure the system"
```

```
}
1
b. Existing User Error:
"code": "User Privilege Error", "message": "Failed to add user", "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
"@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message", "MessageId": "ManagerAccount", "Message": "Failed to add
user",
"Severity": "Warning", "MessageSeverity": "Warning", "Resolution": "User is already existed"
1
}
c. JSON Packet Error:
"code": "URL Error",
"message": "Failed to parse the packet", "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
"@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message", "MessageId": "ManagerAccount", "Message":
"Failed to parse the packet", "Severity": "Warning",
"MessageSeverity": "Warning",
"Resolution": "JSON unpack error, Enter the valid JSON packet"
}
1
}
d. Missing User Name Or Role ID In Payload Or Both:
{
"UserName":"", "Password":"123456789", "RoleId":""
}
Response-body:
"code": "Invalid Information", "message": "Bad request", "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
"@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message", "MessageId": "ManagerAccount", "Message": "Bad
request",
"Severity": "Warning", "MessageSeverity": "Warning",
"Resolution": "Incomplete information provided, Enter the full and valid data"
```

```
}
 ]
 }
e. Invalid User RoleID In Payload:
 "code": "Invalid Information", "message": "Bad request", "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
 {
 "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message", "MessageId": "ManagerAccount", "Message": "Bad request",
 "Severity": "Warning", "MessageSeverity": "Warning", "Resolution": "Enter the valid Roletype"
 }
 ]
 }
f. Data Error:
 "code": "Data Error",
 "message": "User information not found", "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
  {
  "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message", "MessageId": "ManagerAccount", "Message": "User
  information not found", "Severity": "Warning",
  "MessageSeverity": "Warning",
  "Resolution": "User not found, Enter valid user"
  }
 ]
 }
g. User Privilege Error:
 "code": "User Privilege Error", "message": "Privilege Error", "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
 "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message", "MessageId": "ManagerAccount", "Message": "Privilege Error",
 "Severity": "Warning", "MessageSeverity": "Warning", "Resolution": "Token not authorized"
 }
 ]
 }
```

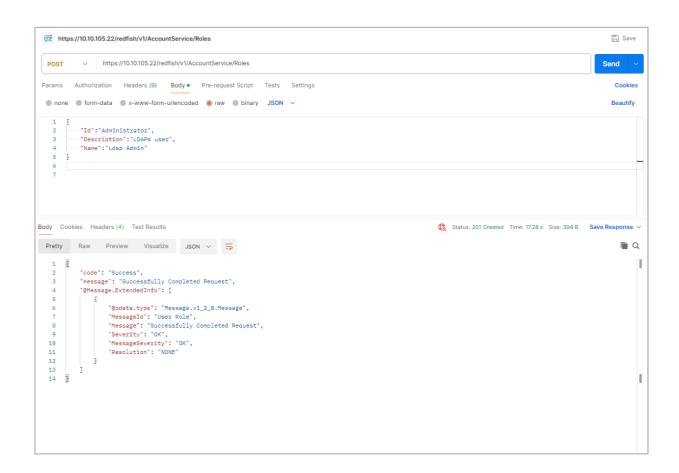
3. User Delete:

```
METHOD: DELETE
 URL - https://{pdu-
 ip}/redfish/v1/AccountService/Accounts/{user_name} Note -
 In the last Parameter specify the Username to be deleted.
 Payload: NA
Success response:
 {
 "code": "Success",
 "message": "Successfully Completed Request", "@ Message.ExtendedInfo": [
 {
 "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message", "MessageId": "ManagerAccount",
 "Message": "Successfully Completed Request", "Severity": "OK", "MessageSeverity": "OK",
 "Resolution": "User deleted successfully"
 }
 1
 }
Curl Command
curl --location --request DELETE
'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/AccountService/Accounts/admin16' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 786707833'
curl --location 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/AccountService/Roles'
\--header 'X-Auth-Token: 786707833' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data '{
  "Id":"Administrator", "Description":"nmc user", "Name":"NMC"
}'
```



4. Add User Roles:

```
METHOD: POST
 URL - https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/AccountService/Roles
Payload:
  "Id":"Administrator", "Description":"LDAPs user", "Name":"LDAP Admin"
}
Note - "Id" defines the privileges of the role, here there are
two types of Administrator for Admin and Read Only for "user".
 Success response:
   "code": "Success",
   "message": "Successfully Completed Request", "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
   "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message", "MessageId": "User Role",
   "Message": "Successfully Completed Request", "Severity": "OK",
   "MessageSeverity": "OK", "Resolution": "NONE"
   }
  ]
}
Curl Command
curl -location 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/AccountService/Roles' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 786707833' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data '{
  "Id":"Administrator", "Description":"nmc user", "Name":"NMC"
}'
```



Parameter Errors and Resolution Messages

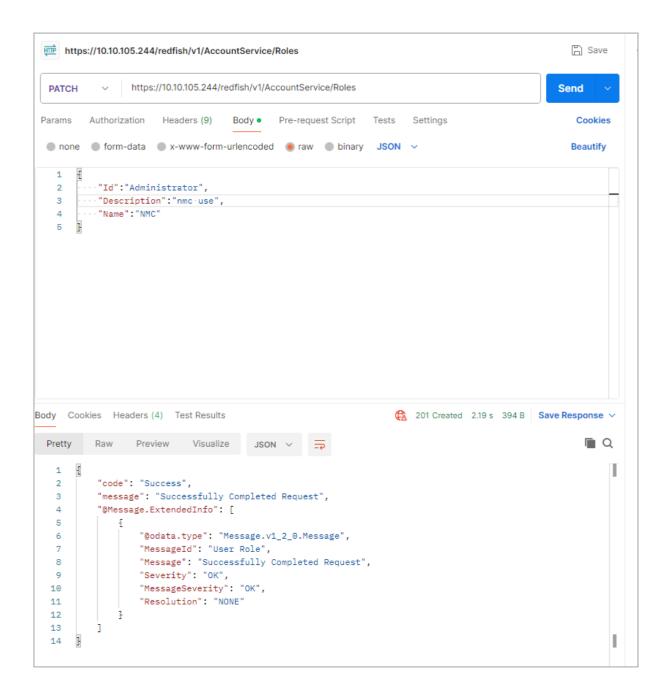
}

a. Json Payload Error: URL - https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/AccountService/Roles Payload: "Id":"ReadOnly", "Description":"LDAPs user", "Name":"LDAP User" } **Success response:** "code": "JSON data Error", "message": "Failed to load JSON database", "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [{ "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message", "MessageId": "User Role", "Message": "Failed to load JSON database", "Severity": "Warning", "MessageSeverity": "Warning", "Resolution": "JSON unpack error, Enter the valid JSON packet" }] } **b. User Privilege Error:** "code": "User Privilege Error", "message": "Privilege Error", "@Message.ExtendedInfo": ["@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message", "MessageId": "User Role", "Message": "Privilege Error", "Severity": "Warning", "MessageSeverity": "Warning", "Resolution": "User Don't have valid Privilege to configure the system" }]

5. Edit Roles:

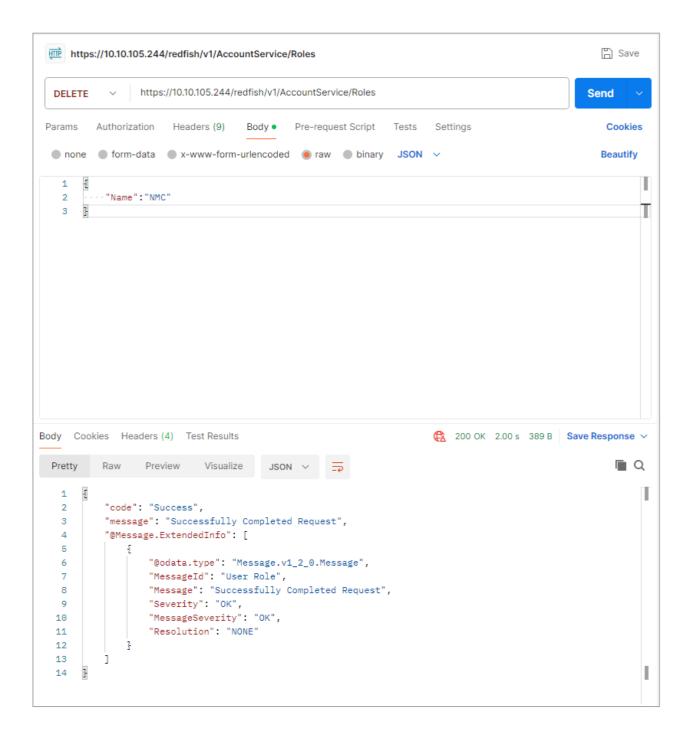
URL - https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/AccountService/Roles

```
POST METHOD
Payload:
"Id":"Administrator", "Description":"LDAPs user", "Name":"LDAP Admin"
}
Success response:
"code": "Success",
"message": "Successfully Completed Request", "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
"@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message", "MessageId": "User Role",
"Message": "Successfully Completed Request", "Severity": "OK",
"MessageSeverity": "OK", "Resolution": "NONE"
}
}
Curl Command:
curl --location --request PATCH
'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/AccountService/Roles' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 786707833' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data '{ "Id": "Administrator",
"Description": "nmc use", "Name": "NMC"
Parameter Errors and Resolution Messages
User Role Does Not Exist:
"code": "Data Error",
"message": "User information not found", "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
{
"@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message", "MessageId": "User Role",
"Message": "User information not found", "Severity": "Warning",
"MessageSeverity": "Warning", "Resolution": "UserRole not existed"
}
1
}
```



6. Delete User:

```
METHOD: DELETE
URL - https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/AccountService/Roles
Payload:
"Name": "LDAP Admin"
Success response:
"code": "Success",
"message": "Successfully Completed Request", "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
"@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message", "MessageId": "User Role",
"Message": "Successfully Completed Request", "Severity": "OK",
"MessageSeverity": "OK", "Resolution": "NONE"
}
]
}
Curl Command:
curl --location --request DELETE
'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/AccountService/Roles' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 786707833' \
-header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data
'{
"Name":"NMC"
}'
```



Parameter Errors and Resolution Messages

```
d. User Role Does Not Exist:
{
    "code": "Data Error",
    "message": "User information not found", "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
        "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message", "MessageId": "User Role",
        "Message": "User information not found", "Severity": "Warning",
        "MessageSeverity": "Warning", "Resolution": "UserRole is not existed"
    }
]
```

7. Outlet Control:

METHOD: POST

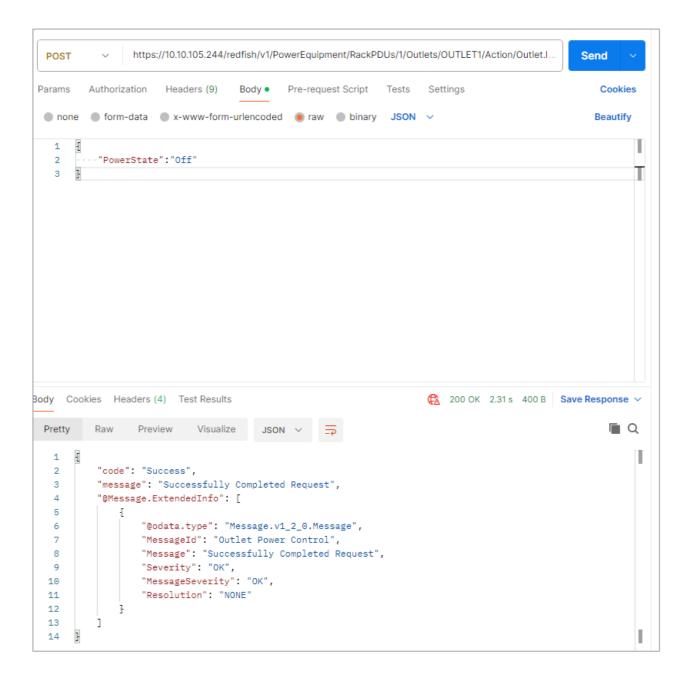
curl --location

URL - https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu- id}/Outlets/OUTLET{outlet-number}/Action/Outlet.PowerControl

```
Payload:
{
    "PowerState":"Off"
}
Other values can be specified: PoweringOff ,PoweringOn ,PowerCycle ,RebootDelay

Success Response:
{
    "code": "Success",
    "message": "Successfully Completed Request", "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
        "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message", "MessageId": "Outlet Power Control", "Message": "Successfully Completed Request", "Severity": "OK",
    "MessageSeverity": "OK", "Resolution": "NONE"
}
]
}
Curl Command:
```

```
'https://{pdu- ip}/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/1/ Outlets/OUTLET1/Action/Outlet.PowerControl' \
-header 'X-Auth-Token: 786707833' \
-header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
-data '{ "PowerState":"Off"
}
```



Parameter Errors and Resolution Messages

```
a. If Outlet Control is disabled:
```

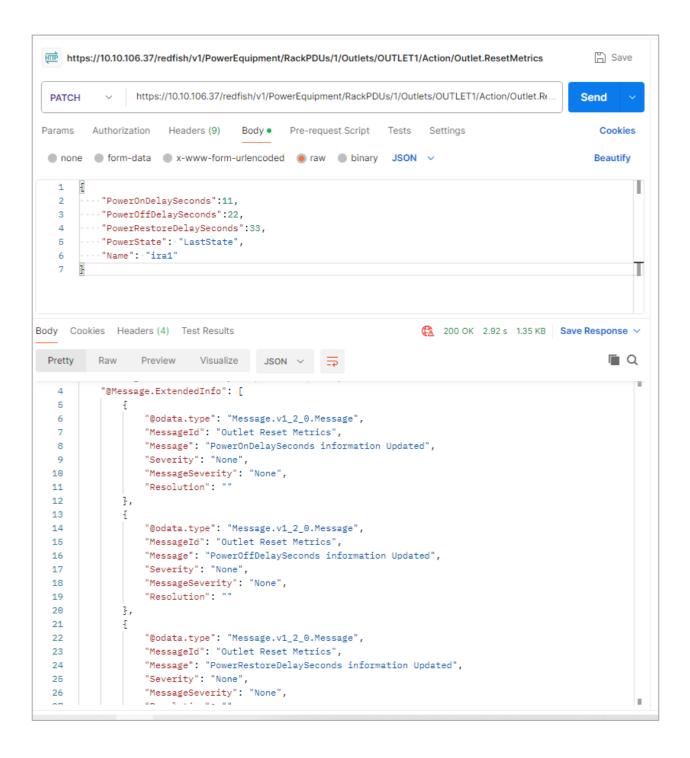
```
{
"code": "ManagerAccount", "message": "Method Not Allowed", "@Message.ExtendedInfo":
[
{
```

```
"@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message", "MessageId": "Outlet Power Control",
"Message": "Method Not Allowed", "Severity": "Warning", "MessageSeverity": "Warning",
"Resolution": "Outlet control flag is disabled"
}
1
}
b. Wrong Outlet Number:
{
"code": "URL Error", "message": "Invalid URL", "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
{
"@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message", "MessageId": "Outlet Power Control", "Message": "Invalid
URL",
"Severity": "Warning", "MessageSeverity": "Warning",
"Resolution": "Query with valid URL, Invalid Outlet ID"
}
]
}
8. Configure an Outlet:
METHOD: PATCH
URL - https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu- id}/Outlets/OUTLET{outlet-
number}/Action/Outlet.ResetMetrics
Payload:
   "PowerOnDelaySeconds":11,
   "PowerOffDelaySeconds":22,
   "PowerRestoreDelaySeconds":33,
   "PowerState": "LastState",
   "Name": "ira1"
Value Range
On Delay(0-7200s), Off Delay(0-7200s), Reboot Duration(0-60s)
PowerState=on,off,lastknown
Success Response:
   "code": "Success",
   "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
   "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
       "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
       "MessageId": "Outlet Reset Metrics",
       "Message": "PowerOnDelaySeconds information Updated",
```

```
"Severity": "None",
      "MessageSeverity": "None",
      "Resolution": ""
    },
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Outlet Reset Metrics",
      "Message": "PowerOffDelaySeconds information Updated",
      "Severity": "None",
      "MessageSeverity": "None",
      "Resolution": ""
    },
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Outlet Reset Metrics",
      "Message": "PowerRestoreDelaySeconds information Updated",
      "Severity": "None",
      "MessageSeverity": "None",
      "Resolution": ""
    },
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Outlet Reset Metrics",
      "Message": "PowerState information Updated",
      "Severity": "None",
      "MessageSeverity": "None",
      "Resolution": ""
    },
      "@odata.type": "#Outlet.v1_4_1.Outlet",
      "MessageId": "Outlet Reset Metrics",
      "Message": "Outlet name information Updated",
      "Severity": "None",
      "MessageSeverity": "None",
      "Resolution": ""
    },
  {
      "@odata.type": "#Outlet.v1_4_1.Outlet",
      "MessageId": "Outlet Reset Metrics",
      "Message": "Successfully Completed Request",
      "Severity": "OK",
      "MessageSeverity": "OK",
      "Resolution": ""
    }
 ]
Curl Command:
curl --location --request PATCH 'https:// {pdu-
ip}/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/1/Outlets/OUTLET1/Action/Outlet.ResetMetrics' \
```

}

```
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 786707833' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data '{
    "PowerOnDelaySeconds":11,
    "PowerOffDelaySeconds":22,
    "PowerRestoreDelaySeconds":33,
    "PowerState": "LastState",
    "Name": "ira1"
}'
```



Parameter Errors and Resolution Messages

```
Wrong PDU ID In URL:
a.
{
"code": "URL Error", "message": "Invalid URL", "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
{
"@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message", "MessageId": "Outlet Reset Metrics", "Message":
"Invalid URL",
"Severity": "Warning", "MessageSeverity": "Warning",
"Resolution": "Query with valid URL, Invalid PDU Number"
}
 b. Wrong PDU Outlet ID In URL:
"code": "URL Error",
"message": "Invalid URL",
 "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
 "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
 "MessageId": "Outlet Reset Metrics",
 "Message": "Invalid URL",
 "Severity": "Warning",
 "MessageSeverity": "Warning",
  "Resolution": "Query with valid URL, Invalid Outlet ID"
  }
  ]
  }
```

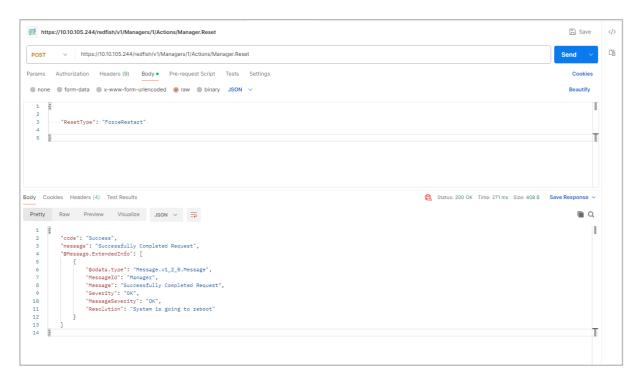
9. Reset a PDU:

METHOD: POST

URL - https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/Managers/1/Actions/Manager.Reset

```
Payload:
{
"ResetType": "ForceRestart"
}
Curl Command:
curl --location
'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/Managers/1/Actions/Manager.Reset' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 821985700' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
-data '{
"ResetType": "ForceRestart"
Success Response:
"code": "Success",
"message": "Successfully Completed Request", "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
{
"@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message", "Messageld": "Manager",
"Message": "Successfully Completed Request", "Severity": "OK",
"MessageSeverity": "OK",
"Resolution": "System is going to reboot"
}
1
```

}



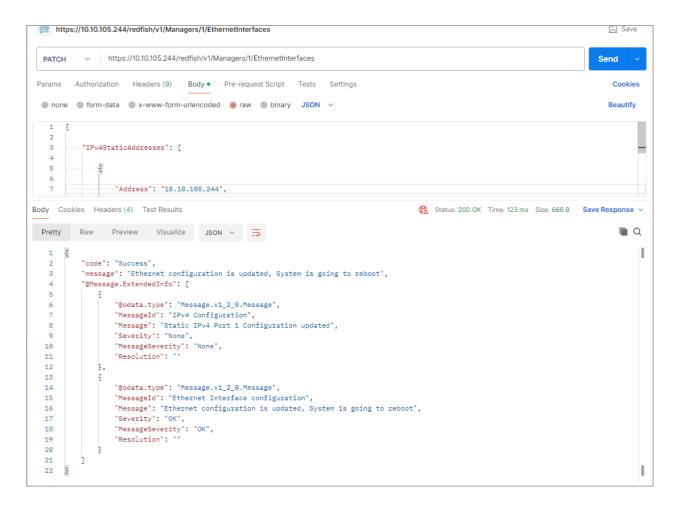
Parameter Errors and Resolution Messages

```
a. Authorization Error:
"code": "User Privilege Error",
"message": "Privilege Error",
"@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
"@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
"MessageId": "Manager",
"Message": "Privilege Error",
"Severity": "Warning",
"MessageSeverity": "Warning",
"Resolution": "Token not authorized"
}
]
}
           b. Wrong Payload:
"code": "JSON data Error",
"message": "Failed to load JSON database",
"@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
"@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
"MessageId": "Manager",
"Message": "Failed to load JSON database",
```

```
"Severity": "Warning",
 "MessageSeverity": "Warning",
 "Resolution": "JSON unpack error, Enter the valid JSON packet"
]
}
10.
11. Static IPv4 Configuration:
METHOD: PATCH
URL - https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/Managers/1/EthernetInterfaces
Payload: for eth0
  "IPv4StaticAddresses": [
 {
  "Address": "10.10.106.107",
  "SubnetMask": "255.255.252.0",
  "Gateway": "10.10.104.254"
   }
  ]
   }
 Success Response:
   "code": "Success",
   "message": "Ethernet configuration is updated, System is going to reboot",
   "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
     {
        "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
       "MessageId": "IPv4 Configuration",
       "Message": "Static IPv4 Port 1 Configuration updated",
       "Severity": "None",
       "MessageSeverity": "None",
       "Resolution": ""
     },
       "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
       "MessageId": "Ethernet Interface configuration",
       "Message": "Ethernet configuration is updated, System is going to reboot",
       "Severity": "OK",
       "MessageSeverity": "OK",
       "Resolution": ""
     }
   ]
}
```

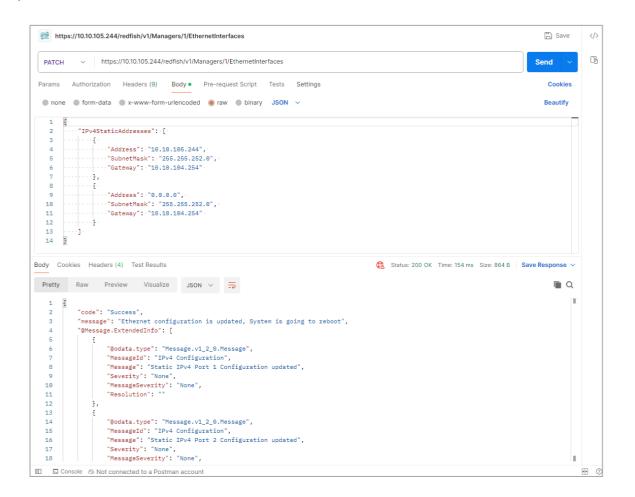
Curl Command:

```
curl --location --request PATCH 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/Managers/1/EthernetInterfaces' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 100603786' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data '{
"IPv4StaticAddresses": [
 "Address": "10.10.105.244",
 "SubnetMask": "255.255.252.0",
"Gateway": "10.10.104.254"
}
]
```



```
Payload: for eth0 and eth1
  "IPv4StaticAddresses": [
       "Address": "10.10.106.107",
       "SubnetMask": "255.255.252.0",
       "Gateway": "10.10.104.254"
    },
      "Address": "0.0.0.0",
       "SubnetMask": "255.255.252.0",
      "Gateway": "10.10.104.254"
    }
  ]
}
Success Response:
  "code": "Success",
  "message": "Ethernet configuration is updated, System is going to reboot",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
       "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
       "MessageId": "IPv4 Configuration",
       "Message": "Static IPv4 Port 1 Configuration updated",
      "Severity": "None",
       "MessageSeverity": "None",
       "Resolution": ""
    },
       "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
       "MessageId": "IPv4 Configuration",
      "Message": "Static IPv4 Port 2 Configuration updated",
       "Severity": "None",
       "MessageSeverity": "None",
       "Resolution": ""
    },
       "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
       "MessageId": "Ethernet Interface configuration",
"Message": "Ethernet configuration is updated, System is going to reboot",
 "Severity": "OK",
 "MessageSeverity": "OK",
"Resolution": ""
]
}
```

```
curl --location --request PATCH 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/Managers/1/EthernetInterfaces' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 100603786' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data '{
  "IPv4StaticAddresses": [
       "Address": "10.10.105.244",
       "SubnetMask": "255.255.252.0",
       "Gateway": "10.10.104.254"
    },
       "Address": "0.0.0.0",
       "SubnetMask": "255.255.252.0",
       "Gateway": "10.10.104.254"
    }
  1
}
```



Parameter Errors and Resolution Messages

12. Static IPv6 Configuration:

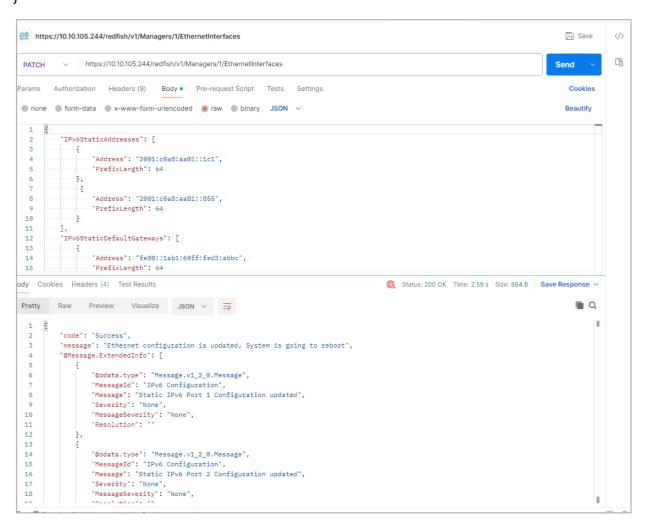
METHOD: PATCH

URL - https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/Managers/1/EthernetInterfaces

```
Payload: for eth0 and eth1
  "IPv6StaticAddresses": [
       "Address": "2001:c0a8:aa01:0:b96a:7e59:c9ac:aac4",
       "PrefixLength": 64
    },
       "Address": "2001:c0a8:aa01::855",
       "PrefixLength": 64
  ],
  "IPv6StaticDefaultGateways": [
       "Address": "fe80::1ab1:69ff:fed3:abbc",
       "PrefixLength": 64
    },
       "Address": "fe80::1ab1:69ff:fed3:abbc",
       "PrefixLength": 64
  ]
}
```

```
Success Response:
  "code": "Success",
  "message": "Ethernet configuration is updated, System is going to reboot",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
       "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "IPv6 Configuration",
      "Message": "Static IPv6 Port 1 Configuration updated",
      "Severity": "None",
      "MessageSeverity": "None",
      "Resolution": ""
    },
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "IPv6 Configuration",
      "Message": "Static IPv6 Port 2 Configuration updated",
      "Severity": "None",
      "MessageSeverity": "None",
      "Resolution": ""
    },
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Ethernet Interface configuration",
      "Message": "Ethernet configuration is updated, System is going to reboot",
      "Severity": "OK",
      "MessageSeverity": "OK",
      "Resolution": ""
    }
  ]
}
Curl Command:
curl --location --request PATCH 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/Managers/1/EthernetInterfaces' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 364319529' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data '{
  "IPv6StaticAddresses": [
       "Address": "2001:c0a8:aa01::1c1",
      "PrefixLength": 64
    },
      "Address": "2001:c0a8:aa01::855",
      "PrefixLength": 64
    }
  "IPv6StaticDefaultGateways": [
      "Address": "fe80::1ab1:69ff:fed3:abbc",
      "PrefixLength": 64
    },
```

```
"Address": "fe80::1ab1:69ff:fed3:abbc",
       "PrefixLength": 64
     }
  ]
}'
```



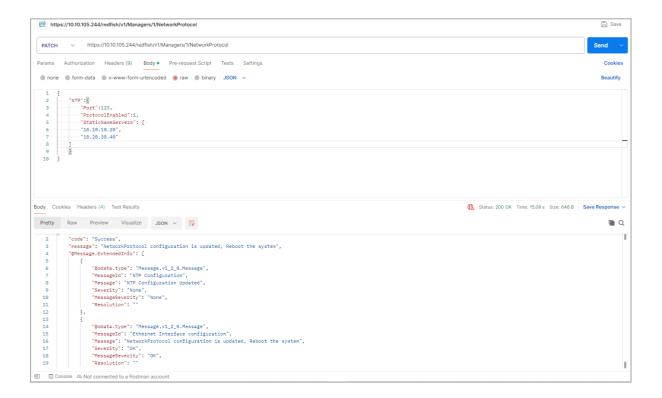
13. NTP Configuration:

METHOD: PATCH

URL - https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/Managers/1/NetworkProtocol

```
Payload:
  "NTP":{
    "Port":123,
    "ProtocolEnabled":1,
    "StaticNameServers": [
    "10.10.10.20",
    "10.20.30.40"
  }
}
Success Response:
  "code": "Success",
  "message": "Ethernet configuration is updated, System is going to reboot",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
       "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
       "MessageId": "NTP Configuration",
       "Message": "NTP Configuration Updated",
       "Severity": "None",
       "MessageSeverity": "None",
      "Resolution": ""
    },
       "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
       "MessageId": "Ethernet Interface configuration",
       "Message": "Ethernet configuration is updated, System is going to reboot",
       "Severity": "OK",
       "MessageSeverity": "OK",
      "Resolution": ""
    }
  ]
}
```

```
curl -- location -- request \ PATCH \ 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/Managers/1/NetworkProtocol' \ \setminus \ PATCH \ 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/Managers/1/NetworkProtocol' \ \cap \ PATCH \ 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/Managers/1/NetworkProtocol' \ 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/Managers/1/NetworkProtocol' \ 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/Managers/1/Ne
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 364319529' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data '{
                   "NTP":{
                                      "Port":123,
                                      "ProtocolEnabled":1,
                                      "StaticNameServers": [
                                      "10.10.10.20",
                                      "10.20.30.40"
```



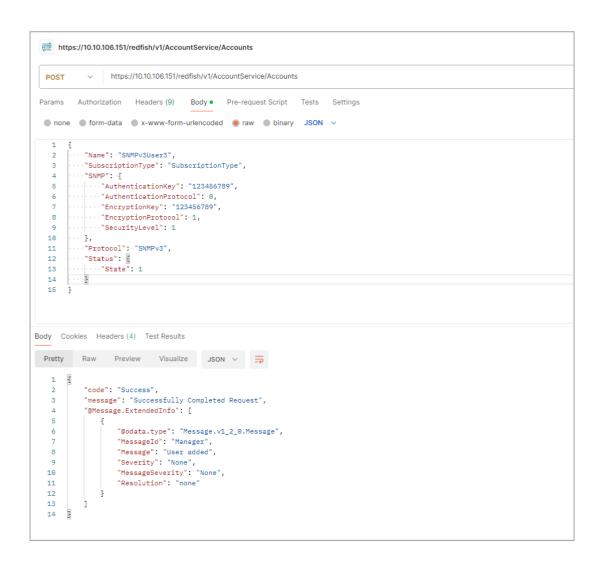
14. SNMP V3 Users Configuration:

METHOD: PATCH/POST

URL - https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/AccountService/Accounts

Note: To add the user for the first time, use the post request. After adding, use the patch request to amend.

```
Payload is same for editing
Payload:
{
  "Name": "SNMPv3User3",
  "SubscriptionType": "SubscriptionType",
  "SNMP": {
    "AuthenticationKey": "123456789",
    "AuthenticationProtocol": 0,
    "EncryptionKey": "123456789",
    "EncryptionProtocol": 1,
    "SecurityLevel": 1
  },
  "Protocol": "SNMPv3",
  "Status": {
    "State": 0
  }
}
Success Response body Post:
  "code": "Success",
  "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
       "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
       "MessageId": "Manager",
       "Message": "User added",
       "Severity": "None",
       "MessageSeverity": "None",
       "Resolution": "none"
    }
  ]
}
```

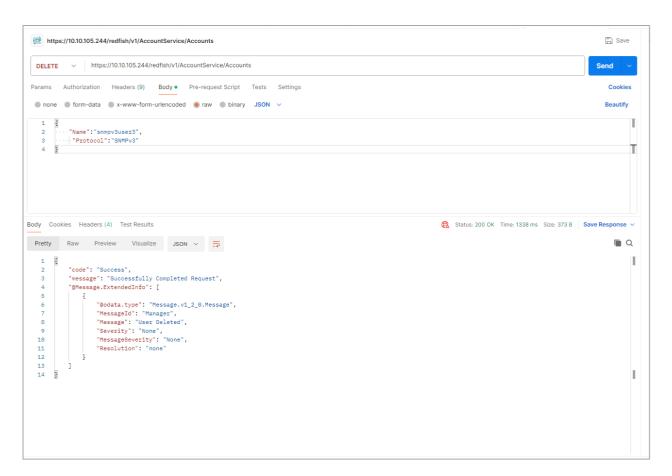


```
Curl Command:
curl --location 'https://{pdu-ip}//redfish/v1/AccountService/Accounts' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 1681692777' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data '{
  "Name": "SNMPv3User3",
  "SubscriptionType": "SubscriptionType",
  "SNMP": {
    "AuthenticationKey": "123456789",
    "AuthenticationProtocol": 0,
    "EncryptionKey": "123456789",
    "EncryptionProtocol": 1,
    "SecurityLevel": 1
  },
  "Protocol": "SNMPv3",
  "Status": {
    "State": 1
```

}'

```
Success Response for Patch:
  "code": "Success",
  "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Manager",
      "Message": "User information updated",
      "Severity": "None",
      "MessageSeverity": "None",
      "Resolution": "none"
    }
  ]
}
Curl Command:
curl --location --request PATCH 'https://{pdu-ip}///redfish/v1/AccountService/Accounts' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 1681692777' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
-data '{
  "Name": "SNMPv3User3",
  "SubscriptionType": "SubscriptionType",
  "SNMP": {
    "AuthenticationKey": "123456789",
    "AuthenticationProtocol": 0,
    "EncryptionKey": "123456789",
    "EncryptionProtocol": 1,
    "SecurityLevel": 1
  },
  "Protocol": "SNMPv3",
  "Status": {
    "State": 0
}'
Payload For Delete:
  "Name": "SNMPv3User3",
  "Protocol": "SNMPv3"
}
Success Response for Delete:
  "code": "Success",
  "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
```

```
"@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Manager",
      "Message": "User Deleted",
       "Severity": "None",
      "MessageSeverity": "None",
      "Resolution": "none"
    }
  1
}
Curl Command:
curl --location --request DELETE 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/AccountService/Accounts' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 1794027639' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data '{
  "Name": "snmpv3user3",
   "Protocol": "SNMPv3"
}'
```



15. SNMP V1/2 Users Configuration:

METHOD: PATCH/POST

URL - https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/Managers/1

```
Payload:
{"Name": "SNMP9", "Destination": "10.20.30.7", "Status": {"State": 1}, "Protocol": "SNMPv2c",
"CommunityStrings": [ {
    "AccessMode": "Limited",
    "CommunityString": "JonSnow1",
    "Name": "Read Community"
   },
    "AccessMode": "Full",
    "CommunityString": "ArrayStark1",
    "Name": "Write Community"
  }]
}
Success Response for Post:
  "code": "Success",
  "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
       "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
       "Messageld": "Manager",
       "Message": "User added",
       "Severity": "None",
       "MessageSeverity": "None",
      "Resolution": "none"
    }
  1
```

```
Curl Command:
curl --location --request POST 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/Managers/SNMPv2v3' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 1804289383' \
--header 'Authorization: Basic YWRtaW46MTIzNDU2Nzg5' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data-raw '{
  "Name": "SNMP9",
  "Destination": "10.20.30.7",
  "Status": {
    "State": 1
 },
  "Protocol": "SNMPv2c",
  "CommunityStrings": [
    {
      "AccessMode": "Limited",
      "CommunityString": "JonSnow1",
      "Name": "Read Community"
    },
      "AccessMode": "Full",
      "CommunityString": "ArrayStark1",
      "Name": "Write Community"
    }
                                               Q Search Postman
```

}'

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```
"code": "Success",
  "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
       "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "Messageld": "Manager",
      "Message": "User information Updated",
      "Severity": "None",
      "MessageSeverity": "None",
      "Resolution": "none"
    }
  1
Curl Command:
curl --location --request PATCH 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/Managers/SNMPv2v3'\
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 1659861792' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data '{"Name": "snmp9", "Destination": "10.20.30.8", "Status": {"State": 0}, "Protocol": "SNMPv2c",
"CommunityStrings":[{
  "AccessMode": "Limited",
  "CommunityString":"Jonsnow1",
"Name": "Read Community"
},
  "AccessMode": "Full",
  "CommunityString":"ArrayStark1",
"Name":"Write Community"
}'
Payload For Delete:
"Name": "SNMP9",
"Protocol": "SNMPv2c"
Success Response for Delete:
  "code": "Success",
  "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
       "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
```

Success Response for Patch:

```
"Messageld": "Manager",
      "Message": "User Deleted",
      "Severity": "None",
      "MessageSeverity": "None",
      "Resolution": "none"
    }
  ]
}
Curl Command:
curl --location --request DELETE 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/Managers/SNMPv2v3' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 1804289383' \
--header 'Authorization: Basic YWRtaW46MTIzNDU2Nzg5' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data-raw '{
  "Name": "SNMP9",
  "Protocol": "SNMPv2c"
}'
```

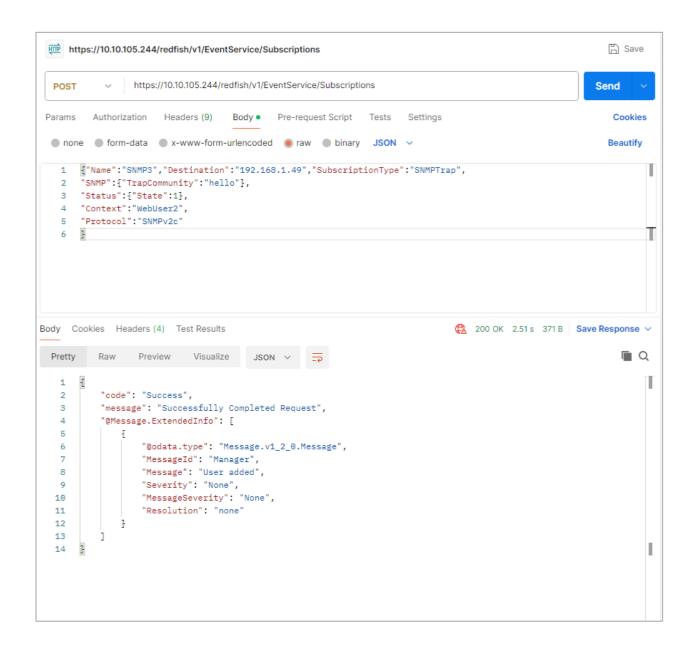


16. SNMP Trap Configuration:

METHOD: PATCH/POST

URL - https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/EventService/Subscriptions

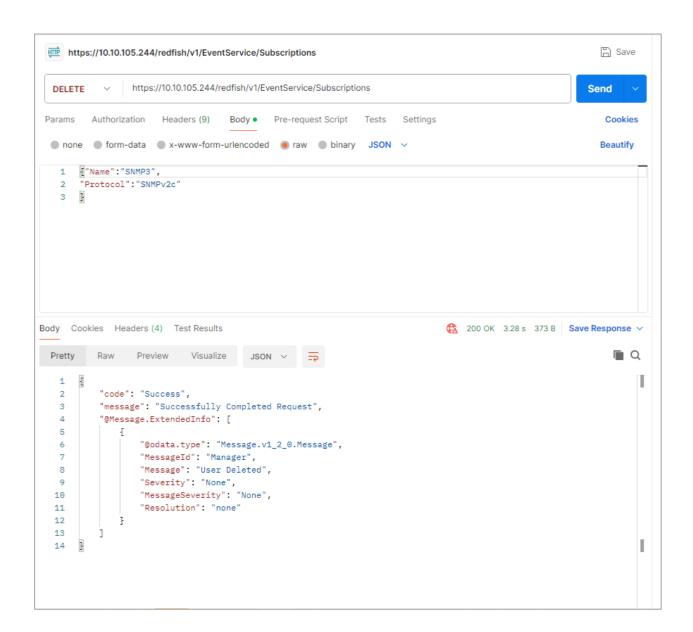
```
17. SNMP Trap V1/2 Trap Configuration Payload:
    {"Name": "SNMP3", "Destination": "192.168.1.49", "SubscriptionType": "SNMPTrap",
    "SNMP":{"TrapCommunity":"hello"},
    "Status":{"State":1},
    "Context": "WebUser2",
    "Protocol": "SNMPv2c"
    }
    Success Response Body For Post:
       "code": "Success",
       "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
       "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
           "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
           "MessageId": "Manager",
           "Message": "User added",
           "Severity": "None",
           "MessageSeverity": "None",
           "Resolution": "none"
        }
      ]
    Curl Command:
    curl --location 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/EventService/Subscriptions' \
    --header 'X-Auth-Token: 1790411260' \
    --header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
    --data '{"Name": "SNMP3", "Destination": "192.168.1.49", "SubscriptionType": "SNMPTrap",
    "SNMP":{"TrapCommunity":"hello"},
    "Status":{"State":1},
    "Context": "WebUser2",
    "Protocol": "SNMPv2c"
    }'
```



```
Success Response Body Patch:
       "code": "Success",
    "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
    "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
          "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
          "MessageId": "Manager",
          "Message": "User information updated",
          "Severity": "None",
          "MessageSeverity": "None",
          "Resolution": "none"
       }
    ]
 }
 Curl Command:
 curl --location --request PATCH 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/EventService/Subscriptions' \
 --header 'X-Auth-Token: 1790411260' \
 --header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
 --data '{"Name": "SNMP3", "Destination": "192.168.1.4", "SubscriptionType": "SNMPTrap",
 "SNMP":{"TrapCommunity":"hello"},
 "Status":{"State":1},
 "Context": "WebUser2".
 "Protocol": "SNMPv2c"
https://10.10.105.244/redfish/v1/EventService/Subscriptions
                                                                                                                   Save
                                                                                                                            Ch.
 PATCH 

https://10.10.105.244/redfish/v1/EventService/Subscriptions
Params Authorization Headers (9) Body Pre-request Script Tests Settings
                                                                                                                    Cookies
 ■ none ■ form-data ■ x-www-form-urlencoded ■ raw ■ binary JSON ∨
  Body Cookies Headers (4) Test Results
                                                                                    Status: 200 OK Time: 3.28 s Size: 385 B Save Response V
Pretty Raw Preview Visualize JSON V
                                                                                                                     □ Q
        "message": "Successfully Completed Request".
        "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
             "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
             goata.type: nessage.v1_2_e.message
"Messagedd': "Manager",
"Message": "User information updated",
"Severity": "None",
"MessageSeverity": "None",
"Resolution": "none"
```

```
Payload For Delete:
{"Name": "SNMP3",
"Protocol": "SNMPv2c"
}
Success Response Body Delete:
  "code": "Success",
  "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Manager",
      "Message": "User Deleted",
      "Severity": "None",
      "MessageSeverity": "None",
      "Resolution": "none"
    }
 ]
}
Curl Command:
curl --location --request DELETE 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/EventService/Subscriptions' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 1790411260' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data '{"Name": "SNMP3",
"Protocol": "SNMPv2c"
}'
```



18. SNMP Trap V3 Trap Configuration

```
Payload For Patch And Post:
  "Name": "Name4",
  "Destination": "40.40.40.40",
  "SubscriptionType": "SubscriptionType",
  "SNMP": {
    "AuthenticationKey": "123456789",
    "AuthenticationProtocol": 1,
    "EncryptionKey": "123456789",
    "EncryptionProtocol": 2,
    "SecurityLevel":1
  },
  "Status": {
    "State":1
  },
  "Context": "Context",
  "Protocol": "SNMPv3"
}
```

Note- The user should use the values shown below for changing or altering the following fields.

```
Parameters & Values
SecurityLevel: NoAuthNoPriv=0, AuthNoPriv=1, AuthPriv=2

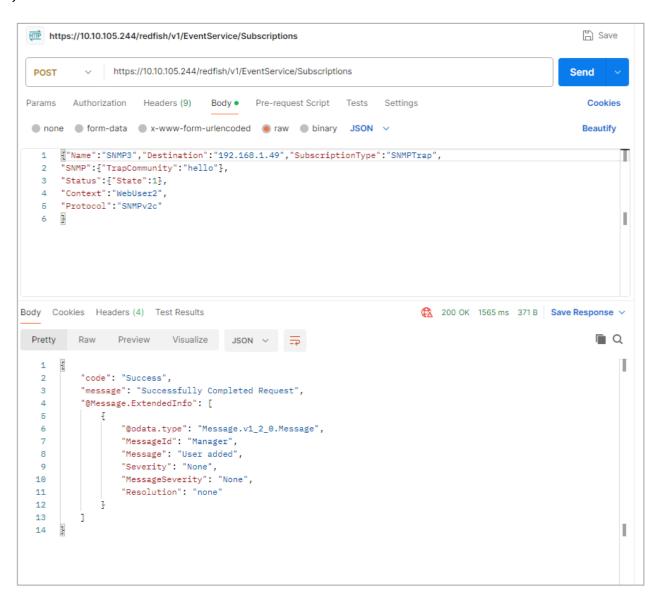
Privacy algorithm: EncryptionProtocol: DES=0,AES128=1, AES192=2, AES256=3

Authentication Algorithm: AuthenticationProtocol: SHA=1,MD5=0
```

```
Success Response For Post:

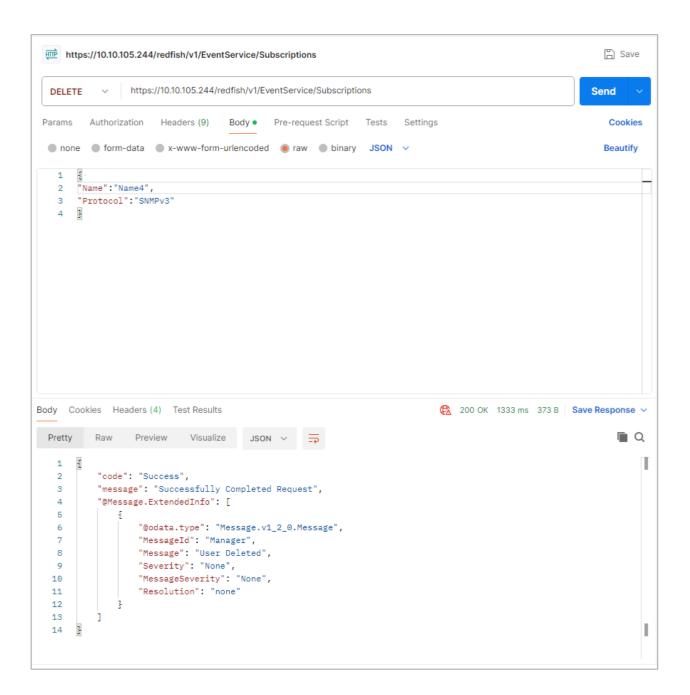
{
    "code": "Success",
    "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
    "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
        {
             "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
             "Messageld": "Manager",
             "Message": "User added",
             "Severity": "None",
             "MessageSeverity": "None",
             "Resolution": "none"
        }
    ]
}
```

```
curl -location 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/EventService/Subscriptions' \
-header 'X-Auth-Token: 775191544' \
-header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
-data '{"Name":"SNMP3","Destination":"192.168.1.49","SubscriptionType":"SNMPTrap",
"SNMP":{"TrapCommunity":"hello"},
"Status":{"State":1},
"Context":"WebUser2",
"Protocol":"SNMPv2c"
}'
```



```
Success Response For Patch:
  "code": "Success",
  "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
        "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
        "Messageld": "Manager",
        "Message": "User information updated",
        "Severity": "None",
        "MessageSeverity": "None",
        "Resolution": "none"
     }
  ]
}
Curl Command:
curl --location --request PATCH 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/EventService/Subscriptions' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 775191544' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data '{"Name": "SNMP3", "Destination": "192.168.1.4", "SubscriptionType": "SNMPTrap",
"SNMP":{"TrapCommunity":"hello"},
"Status":{"State":1},
"Context": "WebUser2",
"Protocol": "SNMPv2c"
}'
    https://10.10.105.244/redfish/v1/EventService/Subscriptions
                                                                                                   🖺 Save
                https://10.10.105.244/redfish/v1/EventService/Subscriptions
     PATCH
                                                                                                 Send
    Params Authorization Headers (9)
                                   Body • Pre-request Script Tests Settings
     none form-data x-www-form-urlencoded raw binary JSON v
                                                                                                   Beautify
         "Name": "SNMP3", "Destination": "192.168.1.4", "SubscriptionType": "SNMPTrap",
          SNMP":{"TrapCommunity":"hello"},
         "Status":{"State":1},
         "Context": "WebUser2"
         "Protocol": "SNMPv2c"
   Body Cookies Headers (4) Test Results
                                                                       200 OK 1587 ms 385 B Save Response V
                                                                                                     ■ Q
     Pretty
                   Preview
                             Visualize
      2
             "code": "Success",
             "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
             "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
      5
                    "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
                    "MessageId": "Manager",
                    "Message": "User information updated",
                    "Severity": "None",
                    "MessageSeverity": "None",
     10
     11
                    "Resolution": "none"
     12
     13
         3
                                                                                                          ı
     14
```

```
Payload For Delete:
  "Name": "Name4",
  "Protocol": "SNMPv3"
}
Success Response For Delete:
  "code": "Success",
  "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "Messageld": "Manager",
      "Message": "User Deleted",
      "Severity": "None",
      "MessageSeverity": "None",
      "Resolution": "none"
    }
  ]
}
Curl Command:
curl --location --request DELETE 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/EventService/Subscriptions' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 775191544' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data '{
"Name":"Name4",
"Protocol": "SNMPv3"
}'
```



19. Setting Temperature Thresholds

METHOD: POST

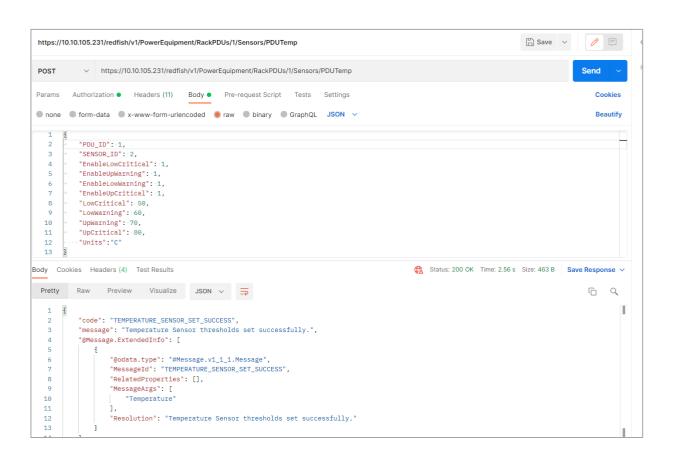
URL - https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/1/Sensors/PDUTemp

```
Payload For Post:
  "PDU_ID": 1,
  "SENSOR_ID": 1,
  "EnableLowCritical": 1,
  "EnableUpWarning": 1,
  "EnableLowWarning": 1,
  "EnableUpCritical": 1,
  "LowCritical": 50,
  "LowWarning": 60,
  "UpWarning": 70,
  "UpCritical": 80,
  "Units":"C"
}
Success Response
  "code": "TEMPERATURE_SENSOR_SET_SUCCESS",
  "message": "Temperature Sensor thresholds set successfully.",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "#Message.v1_1_1.Message",
      "MessageId": "TEMPERATURE_SENSOR_SET_SUCCESS",
      "RelatedProperties": [],
      "MessageArgs": [
         "Temperature"
      "Resolution": "Temperature Sensor thresholds set successfully."
  ]
}
```

"UpWarning": 70, "UpCritical": 80, "Units":"C"

}'

```
curl -location -request POST 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/1/Sensors/PDUTemp' \
-header 'X-Auth-Token: 1540383426' \
-header 'Authorization: Basic YWRtaW46MTIzNDU2Nzg5' \
-header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
-data-raw '{
   "PDU_ID": 1,   "SENSOR_ID": 1,
   "EnableLowCritical": 1,
   "EnableUpWarning": 1,
   "EnableUpCritical": 1,
   "LowCritical": 50,
   "LowWarning": 60,
```



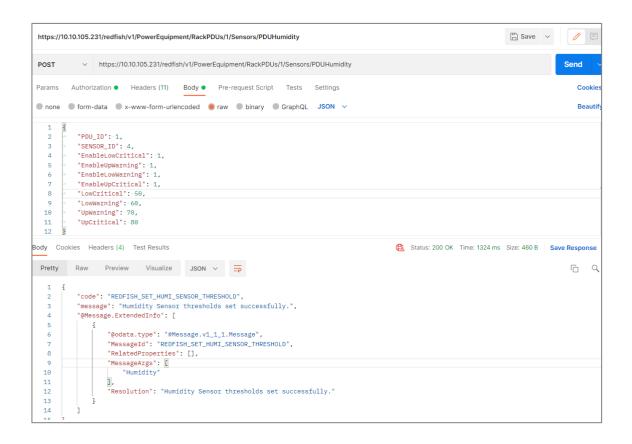
20. Setting Humidity Thresholds

METHOD: POST

URL - https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/1/Sensors/PDUHumidity

```
Payload For Post:
  "PDU_ID": 1,
  "SENSOR_ID": 4,
  "EnableLowCritical": 1,
  "EnableUpWarning": 1,
  "EnableLowWarning": 1,
  "EnableUpCritical": 1,
  "LowCritical": 50,
  "LowWarning": 60,
  "UpWarning": 70,
  "UpCritical": 80
}
Success Response
  "code": "REDFISH_SET_HUMI_SENSOR_THRESHOLD",
  "message": "Humidity Sensor thresholds set successfully.",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
      "@odata.type": "#Message.v1_1_1.Message",
      "MessageId": "REDFISH_SET_HUMI_SENSOR_THRESHOLD",
      "RelatedProperties": [],
      "MessageArgs": [
        "Humidity"
      ],
      "Resolution": "Humidity Sensor thresholds set successfully."
    }
  ]
}
```

Curl Command: curl --location --request POST 'https://{pduip}/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/1/Sensors/PDUHumidity' \ --header 'X-Auth-Token: 1540383426' \ --header 'Authorization: Basic YWRtaW46MTIzNDU2Nzg5' \ --header 'Content-Type: application/json' \ --data-raw '{ "PDU_ID": 1, "SENSOR_ID": 4, "EnableLowCritical": 1, "EnableUpWarning": 1, "EnableLowWarning": 1, "EnableUpCritical": 1, "LowCritical": 50, "LowWarning": 60, "UpWarning": 70, "UpCritical": 80



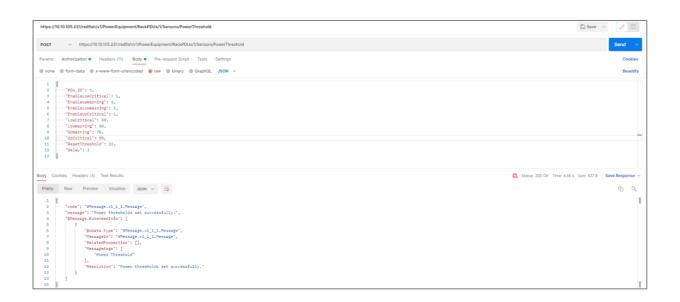
21. Setting Power Thresholds

METHOD: POST

URL - https://{pdu-id}/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/1/Sensors/PowerThreshold

```
Payload For Post:
"PDU_ID": 1,
"EnableLowCritical": 1,
"EnableUpWarning": 1,
"EnableLowWarning": 1,
"EnableUpCritical": 1,
"LowCritical": 50,
"LowWarning": 60,
"UpWarning": 70,
"UpCritical": 80,,
"ResetThreshold": 22,
"Delay":2
}
Success Response
{
  "code": "#Message.v1_1_1.Message",
  "message": "Power thresholds set successfully.",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "#Message.v1_1_1.Message",
      "MessageId": "#Message.v1_1_1.Message",
      "RelatedProperties": [],
      "MessageArgs": [
         "Power Threshold"
      "Resolution": "Power thresholds set successfully."
    }
}
```

```
Curl Command:
curl --location --request POST https://{pdu-
ip}/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/1/Sensors/PowerThreshold' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 1804289383' \
--header 'Authorization: Basic YWRtaW46MTIzNDU2Nzg5' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data-raw '{
  "PDU_ID": 1,
  "EnableLowCritical": 1,
  "EnableUpWarning": 1,
  "EnableLowWarning": 1,
  "EnableUpCritical": 1,
  "LowCritical": 50,
  "LowWarning": 60,
  "UpWarning": 70,
  "UpCritical": 80,
  "ResetThreshold": 22,
  "Delay": 2
}'
```



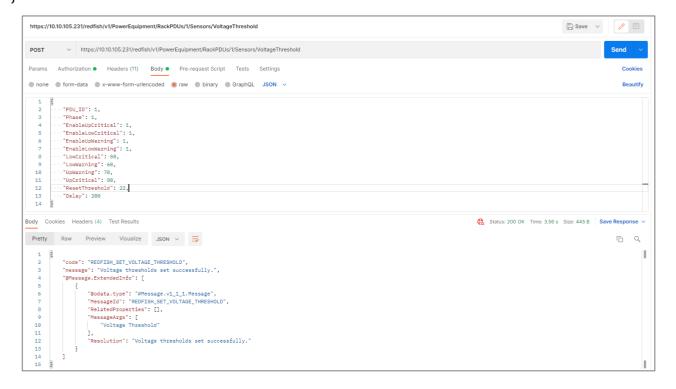
22. Setting Voltage Thresholds

METHOD: POST

URL - https://{pdu-id}/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/1/Sensors/VoltageThreshold

```
Payload For Post:
  "PDU_ID": 1,
  "Phase": 1,
  "EnableUpCritical": 1,
  "EnableLowCritical": 1,
  "EnableUpWarning": 1,
  "EnableLowWarning": 1,
  "LowCritical": 50,
  "LowWarning": 60,
  "UpWarning": 70,
  "UpCritical": 80,
  "ResetThreshold": 22,
  "Delay": 200
}
Success Response
{
  "code": "REDFISH_SET_VOLTAGE_THRESHOLD",
  "message": "Voltage thresholds set successfully.",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
      "@odata.type": "#Message.v1_1_1.Message",
      "MessageId": "REDFISH_SET_VOLTAGE_THRESHOLD",
      "RelatedProperties": [],
      "MessageArgs": [
         "Voltage Threshold"
      "Resolution": "Voltage thresholds set successfully."
    }
 ]
}
```

```
Curl Command:
curl --location --request POST 'https://{pdu-
ip}/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/1/Sensors/VoltageThreshold
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 1804289383' \
--header 'Authorization: Basic YWRtaW46MTIzNDU2Nzg5' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data-raw '{
  "PDU_ID": 1,
  "Phase": 1,
  "EnableUpCritical": 1,
  "EnableLowCritical": 1,
  "EnableUpWarning": 1,
  "EnableLowWarning": 1,
  "LowCritical": 50,
  "LowWarning": 60,
  "UpWarning": 70,
  "UpCritical": 80,
  "ResetThreshold": 22,
  "Delay": 200
}'
```



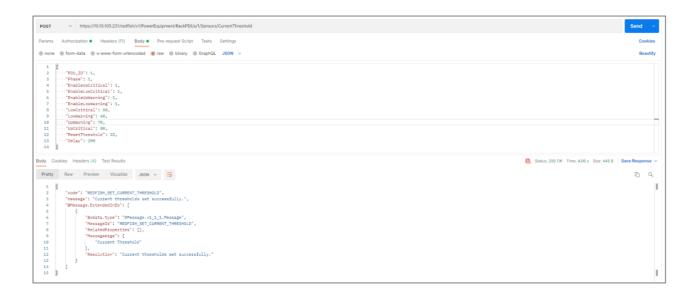
23. Setting Current Thresholds

METHOD: POST

URL - https://{pdu-id}/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/1/Sensors/CurrentThreshold

```
Payload For Post:
{
  "PDU_ID": 1,
  "Phase": 1,
  "EnableUpCritical": 1,
  "EnableLowCritical": 1,
  "EnableUpWarning": 1,
  "EnableLowWarning": 1,
  "LowCritical": 50,
  "LowWarning": 60,
  "UpWarning": 70,
  "UpCritical": 80,
  "ResetThreshold": 22,
  "Delay": 200
}
Success Response
  "code": "REDFISH_SET_CURRENT_THRESHOLD",
  "message": "Current thresholds set successfully.",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
      "@odata.type": "#Message.v1_1_1.Message",
      "MessageId": "REDFISH_SET_CURRENT_THRESHOLD",
      "RelatedProperties": [],
      "MessageArgs": [
         "Current Threshold"
      "Resolution": "Current thresholds set successfully."
    }
  ]
}
```

```
curl --location --request POST 'https://{pdu-
ip}/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/1/Sensors/CurrentThreshold'
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 1804289383' \
--header 'Authorization: Basic YWRtaW46MTIzNDU2Nzg5' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data-raw '{
  "PDU_ID": 1,
  "Phase": 1,
  "EnableUpCritical": 1,
  "EnableLowCritical": 1,
  "EnableUpWarning": 1,
  "EnableLowWarning": 1,
  "LowCritical": 50,
  "LowWarning": 60,
  "UpWarning": 70,
  "UpCritical": 80,
  "ResetThreshold": 22,
  "Delay": 200
}'
```



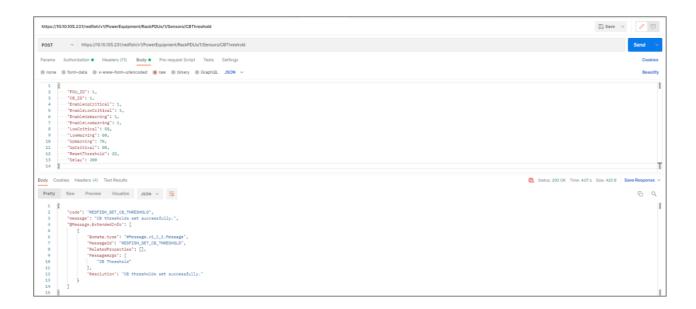
24. Setting CB Thresholds

METHOD: POST

URL - https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/1/Sensors/CBThreshold'

```
Payload For Post:
  "PDU_ID": 1,
  "CB_ID": 1,
  "EnableUpCritical": 1,
  "EnableLowCritical": 1,
  "EnableUpWarning": 1,
  "EnableLowWarning": 1,
  "LowCritical": 50,
  "LowWarning": 60,
  "UpWarning": 70,
  "UpCritical": 80,
  "ResetThreshold": 22,
  "Delay": 200
}
Success Response
  "code": "REDFISH_SET_CB_THRESHOLD",
  "message": "CB thresholds set successfully.",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
      "@odata.type": "#Message.v1_1_1.Message",
      "MessageId": "REDFISH_SET_CB_THRESHOLD",
      "RelatedProperties": [],
      "MessageArgs": [
        "CB Threshold"
      "Resolution": "CB thresholds set successfully."
    }
  ]
}
Curl Command:
curl --location --request POST 'https://{pdu-
ip}/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/1/Sensors/CBThreshold'
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 1804289383' \
--header 'Authorization: Basic YWRtaW46MTIzNDU2Nzg5' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data-raw '{
  "PDU_ID": 1,
  "CB_ID": 1,
  "EnableUpCritical": 1,
  "EnableLowCritical": 1,
  "EnableUpWarning": 1,
  "EnableLowWarning": 1,
  "LowCritical": 50,
  "LowWarning": 60,
```

```
"UpWarning": 70,
"UpCritical": 80,
"ResetThreshold": 22,
"Delay": 200
}'
```



25. Setting Outlet Thresholds

METHOD: POST

URL - https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/1/Sensors/OutletThreshold

```
Payload For Post:

{

"PDU_ID": 1,

"OutletNumber": 1,

"EnableUpCritical": 1,

"EnableLowCritical": 1,

"EnableUpWarning": 1,

"EnableLowWarning": 1,

"LowCritical": 50,

"LowWarning": 60,

"UpWarning": 70,

"UpCritical": 80,

"ResetThreshold": 22,

"Delay": 200
}
```

```
Success Response
  "code": "REDFISH_SET_OUTLET_THRESHOLD",
  "message": "Outlet thresholds set successfully.",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
       "@odata.type": "#Message.v1_1_1.Message",
      "MessageId": "REDFISH_SET_OUTLET_THRESHOLD",
      "RelatedProperties": [],
      "MessageArgs": [
        "Outlet Threshold"
      "Resolution": "Outlet thresholds set successfully."
    }
 ]
}
Curl Command:
curl --location --request POST 'https://{pdu-
ip}/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/1/Sensors/OutletThreshold'
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 1804289383' \
--header 'Authorization: Basic YWRtaW46MTIzNDU2Nzg5' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data-raw '{
  "PDU_ID": 1,
  "OutletNumber": 1.
  "EnableUpCritical": 1,
  "EnableLowCritical": 1,
  "EnableUpWarning": 1,
  "EnableLowWarning": 1,
  "LowCritical": 50,
  "LowWarning": 60,
  "UpWarning": 70,
  "UpCritical": 80,
  "ResetThreshold": 22,
  "Delay": 200
```

26. Setting LED Colour

METHOD: POST

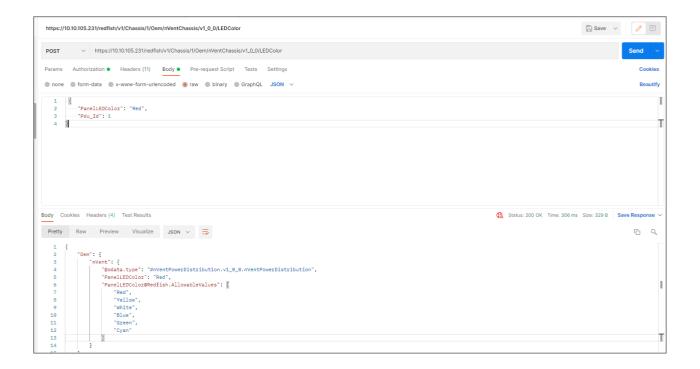
URL - https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/Chassis/1/Oem/nVentChassis/v1_0_0/LEDColor

```
Payload For Post:
  "PanelLEDColor": "Red",
  "Pdu_Id": 1
}
Success Response
  "0em": {
    "nVent": {
       "@odata.type": "#nVentPowerDistribution.v1_0_0.nVentPowerDistribution",
      "PanelLEDColor": "Red",
      "PanelLEDColor@Redfish.AllowableValues": [
         "Red",
         "Yellow",
         "White",
         "Blue",
         "Green",
         "Cyan"
    }
 }
```

Curl Command:

}'

```
curl --location --request POST 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/Chassis/1/Oem/nVentChassis/v1_0_0/LEDColor' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 521595368' \
--header 'Authorization: Basic YWRtaW46MTIzNDU2Nzg5' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data-raw ' {
    "PanelLEDColor": "Red",
    "Pdu_Id": 1
```



27. Syslog Settings

METHOD: POST

```
URL – https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/EventService/Subscriptions/Syslog
Payload For Post:
  "SyslogEnabled": 1,
  "SyslogAddress": "dummy_syslog_host",
  "SyslogPort": 5678,
  "SyslogProtocol": 0
}
Note - Syslog Protocols can be set to 0 if it is UDP, 1 for TCP and 2 TCP+TLS
Success Response
  "code": "#Message.v1_1_1.Message",
  "message": "Syslog settings SET successfully.",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "#Message.v1_1_1.Message",
      "MessageId": "#Message.v1_1_1.Message",
      "RelatedProperties": [],
      "MessageArgs": [
        "Syslog_SET"
      ],
      "Resolution": "Syslog settings SET successfully."
    }
  ]
}
Curl Command:
curl --location --request POST 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/EventService/Subscriptions/Syslog' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 294702567' \
--header 'Authorization: Basic YWRtaW46MTIzNDU2Nzg5' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data-raw '{
  "SyslogEnabled": 1,
  "SyslogAddress": "dummy_syslog_host",
  "SyslogPort": 5678,
  "SyslogProtocol": 0
}'
```

28. Setting Default

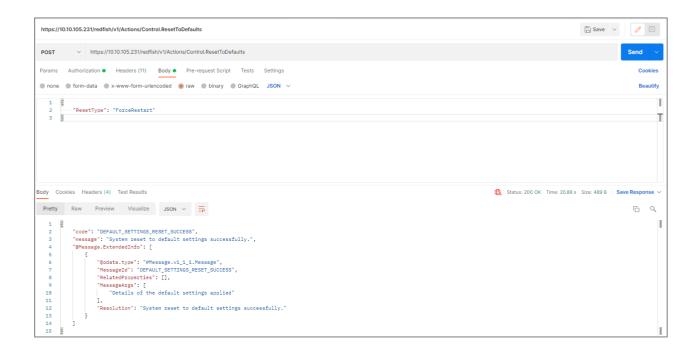
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \

"ResetType": "ForceRestart"

--data-raw '{

}'

```
METHOD: POST
URL – https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/Actions/Control.ResetToDefaults
Payload For Post:
{
  "ResetType": "ForceRestart"
}
Success Response
  "code": "DEFAULT_SETTINGS_RESET_SUCCESS",
  "message": "System reset to default settings successfully.",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "#Message.v1_1_1.Message",
      "MessageId": "DEFAULT_SETTINGS_RESET_SUCCESS",
      "RelatedProperties": [],
      "MessageArgs": [
        "Details of the default settings applied"
      1,
      "Resolution": "System reset to default settings successfully."
    }
 ]
}
Curl Command:
curl --location --request POST 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/Actions/Control.ResetToDefaults' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 336465782' \
--header 'Authorization: Basic YWRtaW46MTIzNDU2Nzg5' \
```



29. Download Configuration

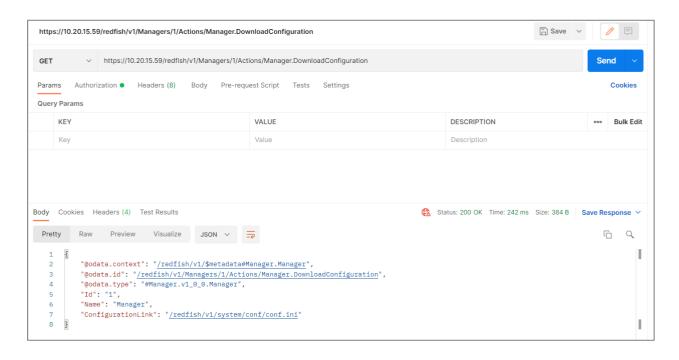
METHOD: GET

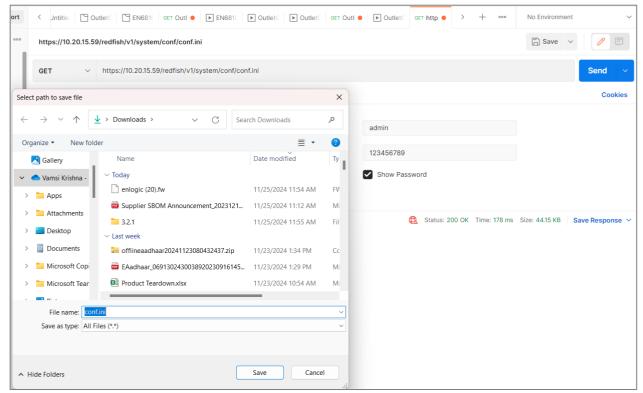
URL - https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/Managers/1/Actions/Manager.DownloadConfiguration

Curl Command:

curl --location --request GET 'https://redfish/v1/Managers/1/Actions/Manager.DownloadConfiguration' \ --header 'Authorization: Basic YWRtaW46MTIzNDU2Nzg5'

```
Success Response
{
    "@odata.context": "/redfish/v1/$metadata#Manager.Manager",
    "@odata.id": "/redfish/v1/Managers/1/Actions/Manager.DownloadConfiguration",
    "@odata.type": "#Manager.v1_0_0.Manager",
    "Id": "1",
    "Name": "Manager",
    "ConfigurationLink": "/redfish/v1/system/conf/conf.ini"
}
```





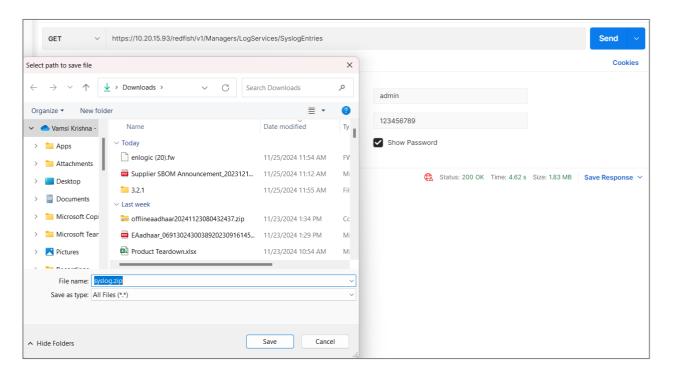
30. Syslog Entries

METHOD: GET

URL - https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/Managers/LogServices/SyslogEntries

Curl Command:

curl --location --request GET 'https:// redfish/v1/Managers/LogServices/SyslogEntries' \ --header 'Authorization: Basic YWRtaW46MTIzNDU2Nzg5'



31. Phase Data

METHOD: GET

URL - https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/PDUs/1/PhaseData

```
Payload:
  {
     "Name": "",
    "PhaseIndex": 1,
    "Current": 0,
    "PowerFactor": 0,
    "Voltage": 0,
    "ApparentPower": 0,
    "Power": 0,
    "Energy": 0
  },
  {
    "Name": "",
    "PhaseIndex": 2,
    "Current": 0,
    "PowerFactor": 0,
    "Voltage": 0,
    "ApparentPower": 0,
    "Power": 0,
    "Energy": 0
  },
  {
    "Name": "",
    "PhaseIndex": 3,
    "Current": 0,
    "PowerFactor": 0,
    "Voltage": 0,
    "ApparentPower": 0,
    "Power": 0,
    "Energy": 0
  }
]
Curl Command:
curl --location --request GET 'https:/ redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/PDUs/1/PhaseData' \
--header 'Authorization: Basic YWRtaW46MTlzNDU2Nzg5'
```

```
https://10.20.15.93/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/PDUs/1/PhaseData
 Params Authorization • Headers (8) Body Pre-request Script Tests Settings
                                                                                                                                                                Cookies
                                                                                                            Status: 200 OK Time: 34 ms Size: 522 B Save Response V
Body Cookies Headers (4) Test Results (1/1)
            Raw Preview Visualize JSON V
 Pretty
                                                                                                                                                              "Name": "Master",
                 "PhaseIndex": 1,
                 "Current": 0,
"PowerFactor": 1000,
                  "Voltage": 0,
                 "ApparentPower": 0,
                 "Power": 0,
"Energy": 0
   10
   11
   13
14
                 "Name": "Master",
                 "PhaseIndex": 2,
                 "Current": 0,
                 "PowerFactor": 1000,
"Voltage": 200752,
"ApparentPower": 0,
   17
18
                  "Power": 0,
                 "Energy": 0
   20
21
   22
                 "Name": "Master",
   24
25
                 "PhaseIndex": 3,
                  "Current": 0,
                 "PowerFactor": 1000,
   27
28
                 "Voltage": 200952,
                 "ApparentPower": 0,
                 "Power": 0,
"Energy": 0
   29
   31
   32
```

32. Outlet Groups

METHOD: GET

URL - https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/Chassis/1/Power/OutletGroups

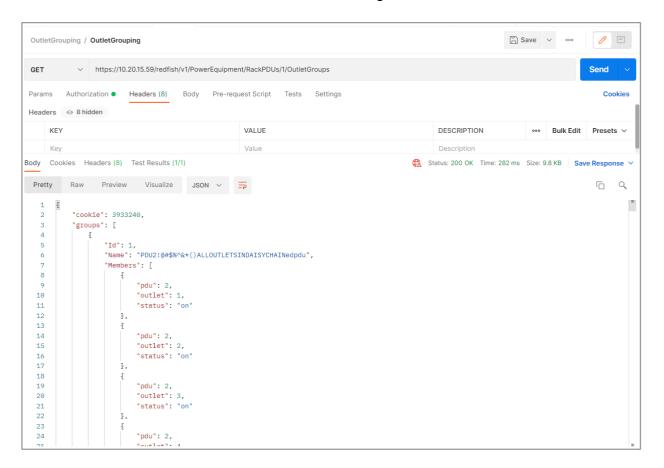
```
Payload:
  "cookie": 3869520,
  "groups": [
    {
       "Id": 1,
       "Name": "vamsi",
       "Members": [
          {
             "pdu": 1,
            "outlet": 1,
            "status": "off"
         },
            "pdu": 1,
            "outlet": 2,
            "status": "off"
         },
            "pdu": 1,
            "outlet": 3,
```

```
"status": "off"
     },
       "pdu": 1,
       "outlet": 14,
       "status": "off"
     },
       "pdu": 1,
       "outlet": 15,
       "status": "off"
     }
  ],
  "PowerWatts": 0.0,
  "ApparentPowerWatts": 0.0
},
   "Id": 2,
  "Name": "Vamsk",
  "Members": [
     {
       "pdu": 1,
       "outlet": 1,
       "status": "off"
     },
       "pdu": 1,
       "outlet": 4,
       "status": "on"
     },
       "pdu": 1,
       "outlet": 5,
       "status": "on"
     }
  ],
  "PowerWatts": 0.0,
  "ApparentPowerWatts": 0.0
},
  "Id": 3,
  "Name": "a",
   "Members": [
     {
       "pdu": 1,
       "outlet": 4,
       "status": "on"
     },
       "pdu": 1,
       "outlet": 30,
       "status": "on"
```

```
}
],
"PowerWatts": 0.0,
"ApparentPowerWatts": 0.0
}
]
```

Curl Command:

curl --location --request GET 'https:/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/1/OutletGroups' \ --header 'Authorization: Basic YWRtaW46MTIzNDU2Nzg5'



33. Total Energy

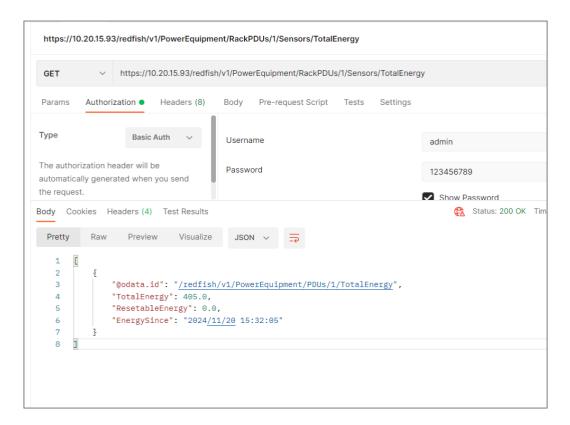
METHOD: GET

URL - https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/1/Sensors/TotalEnergy

```
Payload:
     "Total Energy": 0.0,
    "Active Power": 34.0,
    "Apparent Power": 41.0,
    "Resetable Energy": 0.0,
    "Power Factor": 821,
    "Energy Since": "2010/01/04 19:07:24",
    "Maximum Power": 8600.0,
    "Active Power Up Warning": 0.0,
    "Active Power Up Critical": 0.0,
    "Active Power Up Warning Set": false,
    "Active Power Up Critical Set": false,
    "Energy Up Warning": 2147483.0,
    "Energy Up Critical": 2147483.0,
    "Energy Up Warning Set": true,
    "Energy Up Critical Set": true
  }
1
```

Curl Command:

curl --location --request GET 'https:/ redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/1/Sensors/TotalEnergy' \ --header 'Authorization: Basic YWRtaW46MTIzNDU2Nzg5'



34. Power Share

METHOD: GET

URL - https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/PDUs/1/Actions/PowerShare

Curl Command:

curl --location --request GET 'https://redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/PDUs/1/Actions/PowerShare' \ --header 'Authorization: Basic YWRtaW46MTIzNDU2Nzg5'

```
🖺 Save 🗸 👓 🥖 🗏
  OutletGrouping / OutletGrouping
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               Send ~
 GET
           https://10.20.15.93/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/PDUs/1/Actions/PowerShare
 Params Authorization • Headers (8) Body Pre-request Script Tests Settings
Body Cookies Headers (4) Test Results (1/1)
                                                                                                                                                                                             Status: 200 OK Time: 43 ms Size: 873 B Save Response >
Pretty Raw Preview Visualize JSON V
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  "@odata.context": "/redfish/v1/$metadata#PowerShare.PowerShare",
                        "@odata.id": "/redfish/v1/PowerDistribution/PDUs/1/PowerShare",
"@odata.type": "#PowerShare.v1_0_0.PowerShare",
                       "Id": 0,

"Name": "Power Share Information",

"PDUId": 0,

"PowerShareSupport": 1,
                        "PowerShareFunction": 1,
"OperatingMode": 1,
"OutputStatus": 1,
   10
11
12
                        "UpstreamStatus": 0,
"Power": 1,
"PowerShareFlag": 1
   13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
                       "@odata.context": "/redfish/v1/$metadata#PowerShare.PowerShare",
"@odata.id": "/redfish/v1/PowerDistribution/PDUs/2/PowerShare",
"@odata.type": "#PowerShare.v1_0_0.PowerShare",
                       "Id": 1,
"Name": "Power Share Information",
"PDUId": 1,
"PowerShareSupport": 1,
"PowerShareFunction": 0,
                        "OperatingMode": 0,
"OutputStatus": 0,
"UpstreamStatus": 1,
   29
30
31
                        "Power": 0,
"PowerShareFlag": 0
```

35. Device Detection Threshold

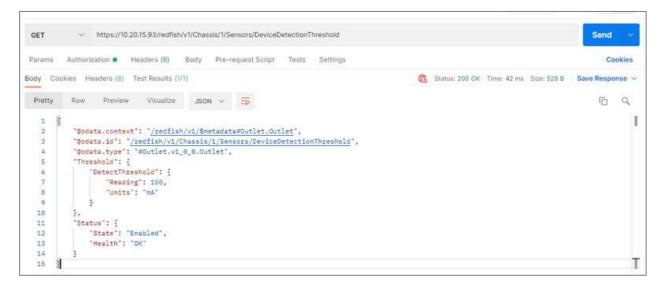
METHOD: GET

URL - https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/Chassis/1/Sensors/DeviceDetectionThreshold

```
Payload:
{
    "@odata.context": "/redfish/v1/$metadata#Outlet.Outlet",
    "@odata.id": "/redfish/v1/Chassis/1/Sensors/DeviceDetectionThreshold",
    "@odata.type": "#Outlet.v1_0_0.Outlet",
    "Threshold": {
        "DetectThreshold": {
            "Reading": 150,
            "Units": "mA"
        }
    },
    "Status": {
        "State": "Enabled",
        "Health": "OK"
    }
}
```

Curl Command:

curl --location --request GET 'https://redfish/v1/Chassis/1/Sensors/DeviceDetectionThreshold' \ --header 'Authorization: Basic YWRtaW46MTIzNDU2Nzg5'



RESTAPI - CURL COMMANDS

Getting Started

- The curl commands in this document utilize the username 'admin' and password '123456789'. Update these commands in relation to the setup.
- The IP address used for illustrations is https://10.88.0.82/***. Update it in accordance with the setting.
- Check for 'Web Access' HTTP or HTTPS. Based on the context. The curl commands must be changed for the 'k' option.
- The curl command requires a 'cookie ID' to function properly. To post any curl method, the user would need to acquire a cookie ID and utilize it in subsequent curl operations.

Note - Cookie IDs will be active till the PDU times out or reboots.

Understanding the Syntax

Command Syntax

curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"username":"admin","password":"123456789","cookie":0}' k https://10.88.16.38/xhrlogin.jsp



RESTAPI URLS AND CURL COMMANDS

1. Session ID: Creating Session ID:

CURL Command:

curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"username":"admin","password":"123456789","cookie":0}' - k https://10.88.0.82/xhrlogin.jsp

Screen Capture From Linux Box:

```
cis@ldap:~$ curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"username":"admin","password":"123456789","cookie":0}' -k https://10.88.0.82/xhrlogin.jsp {"cookie": 953139345, "change_password": false, "is_ldap": false, "role": "admin", "temperature": 0, "pdumode": 0}cis@ldap:~$
```

Note the cookie generated in the response "{"cookie": 1107747442, " this is the cookie ID which needs to be used for next subsequent commands.

2. PDU Name:

CURL Command:

curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"pdu": [{"panel_name": " RACK_ONE_001", "core_location": "Front", "core_u_position": "4"}], "cookie": 1107747442}' -k https://10.88.0.82/sys_info_set.jsp

Screen Capture From Linux Box:

```
cis@ldap:~$ curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"pdu": [ {"panel_name": "RACK_ONE_001","core_location": "Front","core_u_position": "4"} ], "cookie":95313 45)' -k https://lo.88.0.82/sys_info_set.jsp {"uptstatus": l}cis@ldap:~$
```

Note the response {"upstatus":1} – This response confirms the command executed gracefully.

```
CURL Command Formatted:
```

3. Add USER & PASSWORD:

CURL Command:

curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{ "username": "add_new_user", "password": "newuser123", "email": "", "chkenable": true, "frpasschk": true, "rolename": "admin", "temperature": 0, "roles": "admin", "cookie": 1107747442}' -k https://10.88.0.82/xhrnewusersset.jsp

Screen Capture From Linux Box:

```
cis@ldap:~$ curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{ "username": "add_new_user", "password": "newuser123", "email": "", "chkenable": true, "frpasschk": true, colename": "admin", "temperature": 0, "roles": "admin", "cookie": 1107747442}' -k https://10.88.0.82/xhrnewusersset.jsp "uptstatus": 1}cis@ldap:~$ [
```

Note the response {"upstatus":1} – This response confirms the command executed gracefully.

Parameters	Туре	Range
cookie	int	Recorded from Session
		Token
username	string	32
password	text/password	31
temperatureunit	int	0-Celsius, 1-Fahrenheit
chkenable	boolean	True/False
email	string	
active	boolean	True/False
roles	string	"admin", "manager",
		"user"
		default user
frpasschk	boolean	True/False

4. Edit USER & PASSWORD:

Curl commands to edit the User and Manager User Password

ADMIN USER:

CURL Command:

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"id":0,"active":true,"username":"admin","roles":"admin","email":"","temperatureunit":0,"password":"johndoe123", "chkenable":true,"cookie": 364319529}' -k <a href="https://10.88.0.82/xhredituserpost.jsp">https://10.88.0.82/xhredituserpost.jsp</a>
```

Screen Capture From Linux Box:

```
cis@ldap:~$ curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"id":0,"active":true,"username":"admin","roles":"admin","email":"","temperatureunit":0,"password":"johndoe 123","chkenable":true,"cookie": 364319529}' -k https://10.88.0.82/xhredituserpost.jsp {"uptstatus": 1}cis@ldap:~$
```

Note the response {"upstatus":1} - This response confirms the command executed gracefully

```
curl -X POST \
-H "Content-Type: application/json"
-d '{
        "id":0,
        "active":true,
        "username":"admin",
        "roles":"admin",
        "email":"",
        "temperatureunit":0,
        "password":"johndoe123",
        "chkenable":true,
        "cookie": 364319529}' \
-k https://10.88.0.82/xhredituserpost.jsp
```

Parameters	Туре	Range
cookie	int	Recorded from Session
		Token
username	string	32
password	text/password	31
temperatureunit	int	0-Celsius, 1-Fahrenheit
chkenable	boolean	True/False
email	string	
active	boolean	True/False
roles	string	"admin", "manager",
		"user"
		default user

5. MANAGER USER:

CURL Command:

curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"id":3,"active":true,"username":"manager","roles":"admin","email":"","temperatureunit":0,"password":"manager12 3","chkenable":true,"cookie": 1107747442}' -k https://10.88.0.82/xhredituserpost.jsp
Screen Capture From Linux Box:

cis@ldap:-\$ curl -X FOST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"id":3,"active":true,' er123","chkenable":true,"cookie": 1603135659)' -k https://10.88.0.82/xhredituserpost.jsp

```
curl -X POST \
-H "Content-Type: application/json" \
-d '{

"id":3,

"active":true,

"username":"manager",

"roles":"admin",

"email":"",

"temperatureunit":0,

"password":"manager123",

"chkenable":true,

"cookie": 1107747442}' \
-k https://10.88.0.82/xhredituserpost.jsp
```

Parameters	Туре	Range
cookie	int	Recorded from Session
		Token
username	string	32
password	text/password	31
temperatureunit	int	0-Celsius, 1-Fahrenheit
chkenable	boolean	True/False
email	string	
active	boolean	True/False
roles	string	"admin", "manager",
		"user"
		default user

6. DELETE USER:

```
CURL Command:
```

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{ "cookie": 1761158407, "username": "test" }' -k <a href="https://10.88.0.82/xhrusersdel.jsp">https://10.88.0.82/xhrusersdel.jsp</a>
```

```
CURL Command Formatted:
curl -X POST \
-H "Content-Type: application/json" \
-d '
{
        "cookie": 1761158407,
        "username": "test"
} ' \
-k https://10.88.0.82/xhrusersdel.jsp
```

7. Change Admin PASSWORD:

CURL Command:

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"oldpassword":"123456789","newpassword":"testing123","cookie": 1107747442}' -k <a href="https://10.88.0.82/xhrchangepwpost.jsp">https://10.88.0.82/xhrchangepwpost.jsp</a>
Screen Capture From Linux Box:
```

```
wpost.jsp
{"uptstatus": 1}cis@ldap:~$
```

Note the response {"upstatus":1} – This response confirms the command executed gracefully CURL Command Formatted:

-H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"oldpassword":"123456789","newpassword":"testing123","cookie":953139345)'

8. LDAP

CURL Command:

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{ "Idapuser": "12345678", "Idapbasedn": "test", "Idapdn":
"test", "Idapnameattr": "admin", "Idapdomain": "", "Idappass": "12345678", "Idapebst": 32, "Idaphost":
"2001:1890:1974:3380::263", "Idapport": 389, "Idapauth": "", "cookie": 1761158407 }' -k
https://10.88.0.82/xhrldapset.jsp
```

```
CURL Command Formatted:
curl -X POST \
-H "Content-Type: application/json" \
-d '
{
"ldapuser": "12345678",
"Idapbasedn": "test",
"Idapdn": "test",
"Idapnameattr": "admin",
"Idapdomain": "",
"Idappass": "12345678",
"Idapebst": 32,
"Idaphost": "2001:1890:1974:3380::263",
"Idapport": 389,
"Idapauth": "",
"cookie": 1761158407
```

-k https://10.88.0.82/xhrldapset.jsp

Note:

Parameters	Type	Range
cookie	int	Recorded from Session
		Token
Idapuser	string	32
ldapbasedn	string	32
Idapdn	string	32
ldapnameattr	string	32
Idapdomain	string	32
Idappass	password	31
Idapebst		
Idaphost	string	64 (Ipv4/Ipv6/FQDN)
Idapport	int	1-65535
Idapauth	string	32

9. SESSION PREFERNCE

CURL Command:

curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{ "chkuserblocking": 1, "maxnumfailedlogins": 6, "blocktimeout": 3, "idletimeout": 1440, "temperature": 0, "ipmode": 3, "cookie": 1761158407 } ' -k https://10.88.0.82/xhrsetloginset.jsp

```
CURL Command Formatted:
curl -X POST \
-H "Content-Type: application/json" \
-d '
{
  "chkuserblocking": 1,
  "maxnumfailedlogins": 6,
  "blocktimeout": 3,
  "idletimeout": 1440,
  "temperature": 0,
  "ipmode": 3,
  "cookie": 1761158407
} ' \
-k https://10.88.0.82/xhrsetloginset.jsp
```

Note:

Parameters	Туре	Range
cookie	int	Recorded from Session
		Token
chkuserblocking	int/Flag	0 or 1
maxnumfailedlogins	int	3 to 10
blocktimeout	int	1 min to infinite (0)
idletimeout	int	1 min to 1440 min
		(24hrs)
temperature	int	0-Celsisus, 1-Fahrenheit
ipmode	int	1- IPV4, 2- IPV6, 3 - Both
		IPV4 & IPV6

10. PASSWORD POLICY

CURL Command:

curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d ' { "pswpolicy": 4, "maxpwdlen": 32, "minpwdlen": 8, "pwdaginginterval": 0, "cookie": 1761158407 } ' -k https://10.88.0.82/xhrpwpolicyset.jsp

```
CURL Command Formatted:
curl -X POST \
-H "Content-Type: application/json" \
-d '
{
  "pswpolicy": 4,
  "maxpwdlen": 32,
  "minpwdlen": 8,
  "pwdaginginterval": 0,
  "cookie": 1761158407
}' \
-k https://10.88.0.82/xhrpwpolicyset.jsp
```

Note:

Parameters	Type	Range	
cookie	int	Recorded from Session Token	
maxpwdlen	int	8 to 32	
pswpolicy	int	lower(1), upper(2), One Numeric(4), Special Character(8)	
minpwdlen	int	8 to 32	
pwdaginginterval	int	7d(10080),14d(20160),30d(43200),	
		60d(86400),90d(129600),180d(259200),	
		365d(525600),never expire(0) (Time in minutes)	

11. SNMP Version:

Curl commands to set V1/V2

CURL Command:

curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{ "cookie": 1375552878, "main": { "v12_enable": true, "v3_enable": false, "sys_contact": "", "sys_name": "", "sys_location": "", "trap_enable": true, "snmp_port": 161, "trap_port": 162, "snmp_enable": true, "snmp_version": "V1/2c" } }' -k https://10.88.0.82/xhrsnmppost.jsp Screen Capture From Linux Box:

cis@ldap:~\$ curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{ "cookie": 1375552878, "main": { "v12_enable": true, "v3_enable": false, "sys_contact": "", "sys_name":
"sys_location": "", "trap_enable": true, "snmp_port": 161, "trap_port": 162, "snmp_enable": true, "snmp_version": "v1/2c" } }' -k https://10.88.0.82/xhrsnmppost.jsp
("uptstatus": l)cis@ldap:~\$

```
CURL Command Formatted:
curl -X POST \
-H \"Content-Type: application/json" \
-d '{
       "cookie": 1375552878,
       "main":
       "v12_enable": true,
       "v3_enable": false,
       "sys_contact": "",
       "sys_name": "",
       "sys_location": "",
       "trap_enable": true,
       "snmp_port": 161,
       "trap_port": 162,
       "snmp_enable": true,
       "snmp_version": "V1/2c"
       } }'
-k https://10.88.0.82/xhrsnmppost.jsp
```

Curl Commands to set V3 Only

CURL Command:

curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{ "cookie": 1375552878, "main": { "v12_enable": false, "v3_enable": true, "sys_contact": "", "sys_name": "", "sys_location": "", "trap_enable": true, "snmp_port": 161, "trap_port": 162, "snmp_enable": true, "snmp_version": "V3" } }' -k https://10.88.0.82/xhrsnmppost.jsp

Screen Capture From Linux Box:

cis@ldap:-\$ curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{ "cookie": 1375552878, "main": { "v12_enable": false, "v3_enable": true, "sys_contact": "", "sys_name": "" "sys_location": "", "trap_enable": true, "snmp_port": 161, "trap_port": 162, "snmp_enable": true, "snmp_version": "V3" } }' -k https://10.88.0.82/xhrsnmppost.jsp ("uptstatus": 1}cis@ldap:-\$ [""]

```
CURL Command Formatted:
curl -X POST \
-H \"Content-Type: application/json" \
-d '{
         "cookie": 1375552878,
         "main":
         "v12_enable": false,
         "v3_enable": true,
         "sys_contact": "",
         "sys_name": "",
         "sys_location": "",
         "trap_enable": true,
         "snmp_port": 161,
         "trap_port": 162,
         "snmp_enable": true,
         "snmp_version": "V3"
        } }'
-k https://10.88.0.82/xhrsnmppost.jsp
Curl Commands to set V1/V2 & V3
CURL Command:
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{ "cookie": 1375552878, "main": { "v12_enable": true,
"v3_enable": true, "sys_contact": "", "sys_name": "", "sys_location": "", "trap_enable": true, "snmp_port": 161,
"trap_port": 162, "snmp_enable": true, "snmp_version": "V1/2c&V3" } }' -k https://10.88.0.82/xhrsnmppost.jsp
Screen Capture From Linux Box:
          1 -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{ "cookie": 1375552878, "main": { "v12_enable": true, "v3_enable": true, "sys_contact": "", "sys_name": "", "trap_enable": true, "snmp_port": 161, "trap_port": 162, "snmp_enable": true, "snmp_version": "V1/2c&V3" } )' -k https://lo.88.0.82/xhrsnmppost.jsp
lcis8idao:S |
CURL Command Formatted:
curl -X POST \
-H "Content-Type: application/json" \
-d '{
         "cookie": 1375552878,
         "main":
         "v12_enable": true,
         "v3_enable": true,
         "sys_contact": "",
         "sys_name": "",
         "sys_location": "",
```

"trap_enable": true,
"snmp_port": 161,
"trap_port": 162,
"snmp_enable": true,

}}'\

"snmp_version": "V1/2c&V3"

-k https://10.88.0.82/xhrsnmppost.jsp

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12. SNMP Community Strings [READ/WRITE]:

CURL Command:

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"v1_users":[{"name":"","enable":true,"read":"ENABLER_PDU_read","v4IP":"5.6.7.8","write":"ENABLER_PDU_write"}, {"name":"","enable":false,"read":"public","v4IP":"0.0.0.0","write":"private"},{"name":"","enable":false,"read":"public","v4IP":"0.0.0.0","write":"private"},{"name":"","enable":false,"read":"public","v4IP":"0.0.0.0","write":"private"},{"name":"","enable":false,"read":"public","v4IP":"0.0.0.0","write":"private"}],"cookie": 1603135659}' -k <a href="https://10.88.0.82/xhrsnmppost.jsp">https://10.88.0.82/xhrsnmppost.jsp</a>
Screen Capture From Linux Box:
```

//10.88.0.82/xhrsnmppost.jsp uptstatus": 1}cis@ldap:-\$

Note the response {"upstatus":1} – This response confirms the command executed gracefully

```
CURL Command Formatted:
curl -X POST \
-H "Content-Type: application/json" \
-d '{
        "v1_users":
        "name":"",
        "enable":true,
        "read": "ENABLER_PDU_read",
        "v4IP": "5.6.7.8",
        "write": "ENABLER_PDU_write"
       },
        "name":"",
        "enable":false,
        "read":"public",
        "v4IP":"0.0.0.0",
        "write":"private"
       },
        "name":"",
        "enable":false.
        "read":"public",
        "v4IP":"0.0.0.0",
        "write":"private"
       },
        "name":"",
        "enable":false,
        "read":"public",
        "v4IP":"0.0.0.0",
        "write":"private"
       },
        "name":"",
```

13. Change DHCP/IP Settings

FROM DHCP to STATIC

First set the IP Configuration from Static to DHCP and Follow it a by a Reset command CURL Command:

```
curl -X POST -H 'Content-Type: application/json' -d '{ "ipmode": 3, "ipautoconfiguration": 0, "ipaddress": "10.88.0.82", "netmask": "255.255.255.0", "gateway": "10.88.0.1", "ipv6_local_address": "fe80::2a29:86ff:fe65:6fda", "ipv6_auto_address": "", "cookie": 1862109339, "virtual_ip":0}' -k <a href="https://10.88.0.82/xhrnetworkset.jsp">https://10.88.0.82/xhrnetworkset.jsp</a> curl -X POST -H 'Content-Type: application/json' -d '{"cookie": 1862109339, "seldPdu": 1, "reset": 1}' -k <a href="https://10.88.0.82/xhrresetdevset.jsp">https://10.88.0.82/xhrresetdevset.jsp</a>
```

Note:

- For Static ipautoconfiguration needs to be set as o
- For DHCP ipautoconfiguration needs to be set as 1

Screen Capture From Linux Box:

Note the response {"upstatus":1} – This response confirms the command executed gracefully Any network related data changes, PDU needs to be rebooted. Reset PDU curl command can be used to reboot the pdu

```
CURL Command Formatted:
```

```
curl -X POST \
-H 'Content-Type: application/json' \
-d '{

"ipmode": 3,

"ipautoconfiguration": 0,

"ipaddress": "10.88.0.82",

"netmask": "255.255.255.0",

"gateway": "10.88.0.1",

"ipv6_local_address":

"fe80::2a29:86ff:fe65:6fda",

"ipv6_auto_address": "",

"cookie": 1862109339,

"virtual_ip":0}' \
-k https://10.88.0.82/xhrnetworkset.isp
```

14. FROM STATIC to DHCP

First set the IP Configuration from DHCP to Static and Follow it a by a Reset command CURL Command:

```
curl -X POST -H 'Content-Type: application/json' -d '{ "ipmode": 3, "ipautoconfiguration": 1, "ipaddress": "10.88.0.82", "netmask": "255.255.255.0", "gateway": "10.88.0.1", "ipv6_local_address": "fe80::2a29:86ff:fe65:6fda", "ipv6_auto_address": "", "cookie": 1875218967, "virtual_ip":0}' -k <a href="https://10.88.0.82/xhrnetworkset.jsp">https://10.88.0.82/xhrnetworkset.jsp</a> curl -X POST -H 'Content-Type: application/json' -d '{"cookie": 1875218967, "seldPdu": 1, "reset": 1}' -k <a href="https://10.88.0.82/xhrresetdevset.jsp">https://10.88.0.82/xhrresetdevset.jsp</a> Screen Capture From Linux Box:
```

cis@ldap:-\$ curl -X POST -H 'Content-Type: application/json' -d '("ipmode": 3, "ipautoconfiguration": 1, "ipaddress": "10.88.0.82", "netmask": "255.255.255.255.0", "gateway": 10.88.0.1", "ipv6_local_address": "fe80::2a29:86ff:fe65:6fda", "ipv6_auto_address": "", "cookie": 825060319, "virtual_ip":0)' -k https://10.88.0.82/xhrnetworkset.jsp ("uptstatus": 1)cis@ldap:-\$ 'Content-Type: application/json' -d '{"cookie": 825060319, "seldPdu": 1, "reset": 1}' -k https://10.88.0.82/xhrresetdevset.jsp ("uptstatus": 1)cis@ldap:-\$

Note the response {"upstatus":1} – This response confirms the command executed gracefully Any network related data changes, PDU needs to be rebooted. Reset PDU curl command can be used to reboot the pdu

```
CURL Command Formatted:
curl -X POST \
-H 'Content-Type: application/json' \
-d '{
        "ipmode": 3,
        "ipautoconfiguration": 1,
        "ipaddress": "10.88.0.82",
        "netmask": "255.255.255.0",
        "gateway": "10.88.0.1",
        "ipv6_local_address":
        "fe80::2a29:86ff:fe65:6fda",
        "ipv6_auto_address": "",
        "cookie": 40317565,
        "virtual_ip":0}' \
-k https://10.88.0.82/xhrnetworkset.jsp
```

15. Reset PDU

CURL Command:

curl -X POST -H 'Content-Type: application/json' -d '{"cookie": 1862109339,"seldPdu": 1,"reset": 1}' -k https://10.88.0.82/xhrresetdevset.jsp

Screen Capture From Linux Box:

```
cis@ldap:~$ curl -X POST -H 'Content-Type: application/json' -d '{"cookie": 40317565, "seldPdu": 1, "reset": 1}' -k https://10.88.0.82/xhrresetdevset.jsp ("uptstatus": 1}cis@ldap:~$
```

Note the response {"upstatus":1} – This response confirms the command executed gracefully To customize and select PDU in Daisy Chain, seldPdu in above could be modified as below seldPdu = 255 [For All]

= 1 [Master PDU]

= 2 [First Daisy Chain] and so on

```
CURL Command Formatted:
```

16. Reset PDU to Defaults

-k https://10.88.0.235/xhrntpcheckpost.jsp

}' \

```
CURL Command: curl -X POST -H 'Content-Type: application/json' -d '{ "cookie": 1763794427 }' -k <a href="https://10.88.0.64/xhrdefaultconf.jsp">https://10.88.0.64/xhrdefaultconf.jsp</a>
Screen Capture From Linux Box:
```

```
cis@ldap:~$ curl -X POST -H 'Content-Type: application/json' -d '{ "cookie": 1763794427 }' -k https://10
.88.0.64/xhrdefaultconf.jsp
cis@ldap:~$ <mark>|</mark>
```

17. Configuring Date & Time Server – Including NTP Server

CURL Command:

```
For FIRMWARE <3.1.3 curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"timezone":2803,"date":"111111","time":"014754","chkautotimeadjust":0,"radiouserorntp":2,"ipfirsttimeserv":"13 9.59.15.185","ipesecondtimeserv":"144.24.146.96","offset":0,"cookie":385047644}' -k \frac{1}{10.10.105.59/xhrdatetimepost.jsp}
```

```
For Firmware >= 3.1.3 curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"timezone":2803,"date":"111111","time":"014754","chkautotimeadjust":0,"radiouserorntp":2,"ipfirsttimeserv":"3. 3.3.3","ipesecondtimeserv":"0.0.0.0","offset":0,"cookie":364319529,"reset": 1,"seldPdu": 1}' -k https://10.88.0.95/xhrdatetimepost.jsp
```

Note:

- Data Body of the command is updated with 2 new parameters which is "reset" and "seldPdu".
- Also PDU will reboot automatically when this curl command is executed
- Curl command will also accept NTP Server IP which is Not-Active

Offset indicates Daylight Saving Time and the Range is as follows:

- (
- 30 indicates 30 mins
- 60 indicates 60 mins

Screen Capture From Linux Box:

cis@ldap:-\$ curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '("timezone":2803,"date":"111111","time":"014754","chkautotimeadjust":0,"radiouserorntp":2,"ipfirsttimeserv":"139.59.15.185
"ipesecondtimeserv":"144.24.146.96","offset":0,"cookie":1286775468}' -k https://10.10.105.59/xhrdatetimepost.jsp
{"uptstatus": 1}cis@ldap:-\$

```
CURL Command Formatted:
curl -X POST \
-H 'Content-Type: application/json' \
-d '{
       "timezone":2803,
       "date":"111111",
       "time": "014754".
       "chkautotimeadjust":0,
       "radiouserorntp":2,
       "ipfirsttimeserv":"139.59.15.185",
       "ipesecondtimeserv":"144.24.146.96",
       "offset":0,
       "cookie":385047644,
       "reset":1,
       "seldPdu":1}' \
-k https://10.10.105.59/xhrdatetimepost.jsp
```

Note: Make sure the NTP Server are pinging and responds to Requests sent by Client Table for Time zone:

Parameters	ENUM
601	(UTC-12:00) International Date Line West
3902	(UTC+13:00) Samoa
801	(UTC-10:00) Hawaii
901	(UTC-09:00) Alaska
1001	(UTC-08:00) Baja California
1002	(UTC-08:00) Pacific Time (US & Canada)
1101	(UTC-07:00) Arizona
1102	(UTC-07:00) Chihuahua, La Paz, Mazatlan
1103	(UTC-07:00) Mountain Time (US & Canada)
1201	(UTC-06:00) Central America
1202	(UTC-06:00) Central Time (US & Canada)
1203	(UTC-06:00) Guadalajara, Mexico City, Monterrey
1204	(UTC-06:00) Saskatchewan
1301	(UTC-05:00) Bogota, Lima, Quito, Rio Branco
1302	(UTC-05:00) Eastern Time (US & Canada)
1303	(UTC-05:00) Indiana (East)
1401	(UTC-04:30) Caracas
1501	(UTC-04:00) Asuncion
1502	(UTC-04:00) Atlantic Time (Canada)
1503	(UTC-04:00) Cuiaba
1504	(UTC-04:00) Georgetown, La Paz, Manaus, San Juan
1505	(UTC-04:00) Santiago
1601	(UTC-03:30) Newfoundland
1701	(UTC-03:00) Brasilia
1702	(UTC-03:00) Buenos Aires
1703	(UTC-03:00) Cayenne, Fortaleza
1704	(UTC-03:00) Greenland
1705	(UTC-03:00) Montevideo
1802	(UTC-02:00) Mid-Atlantic
1901	(UTC-01:00) Azores
1902	(UTC-01:00) Cape Verde Is.
2001	(UTC) Casablanca
2002	(UTC) Coordinated Universal Time
2003	(UTC) Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London
2004	(UTC) Monrovia, Reykjavik
2101	(UTC+01:00) Amsterdam, Berlin, Bern, Rome, Stockholm, Vienna,
2102	(UTC+01:00) Belgrade, Bratislava, Budapest, Ljubljana, Prague,
2103	(UTC+01:00) Brussels, Copenhagen, Madrid, Paris
2104	(UTC+01:00) Sarajevo, Skopje, Warsaw, Zagreb
2105	(UTC+01:00) West Central Africa
2106	(UTC+01:00) Windhoek
2201	(UTC+02:00) Amman
2202	(UTC+02:00) Athens, Bucharest, Istanbul
2203	(UTC+02:00) Beirut

2204	(UTC+02:00) Cairo
2205	(UTC+02:00) E. Europe
2206	(UTC+02:00) E. Ediope
2207	(UTC+02:00) Helsinki, Kyiv, Riga, Sofia, Tallinn,
2207	Vilnius,
2209	(UTC+02:00) Jerusalem
2301	(UTC+03:00) Baghdad
2303	(UTC+03:00) Kuwait, Riyadh
2304	(UTC+03:00) Nairobi
2504	(UTC+04:00) Moscow, St. Petersburg, Volgograd
2505	(UTC+04:00) Tbilisi
2401	(UTC+03:30) Tehran
2501	(UTC+04:00) Abu Dhabi, Muscat
2502	(UTC+04:00) Baku
2504	(UTC+04:00) Port Louis
2504	(UTC+04:00) Yerevan
01	(UTC+04:30) Kabul
2701	(UTC+05:00) Islamabad, Karachi
2701	(UTC+05:00) Islamabad, Karacili (UTC+05:00) Tashkent
3003	(UTC+06:00) Fashkent (UTC+06:00) Ekaterinburg
2803	(UTC+05:30) Chennai, Kolkata, Mumbai, Delhi
2804	(UTC+05:30) Sri Jayawardenepura
2901	(UTC+05:45) Kathmandu
3001	(UTC+06:00) Astana
3201	(UTC+07:00) Novosibirsk
3101	(UTC+06:30) Yangon (Rangoon)
3201	(UTC+07:00) Bangkok, Hanoi, Jakarta
3302	(UTC+08:00) Krasnoyarsk
3301	(UTC+08:00) Beijing, Chongqing, Hong Kong, Urumqi
3303	(UTC+08:00) Kuala Lumpur, Singapore
3304	(UTC+08:00) Perth
3305	(UTC+08:00) Taipei
3307	(UTC+08:00) Irkutsk
3401	(UTC+09:00) Osaka, Sapporo, Tokyo
3402	(UTC+09:00) Seoul
3605	(UTC+10:00) Yakutsk
3501	(UTC+09:30) Adelaide
3502	(UTC+09:30) Darwin
3601	(UTC+10:00) Brisbane
3602	(UTC+10:00) Canberra, Melbourne, Sydney
3603	(UTC+10:00) Guam, Port Moresby
3604	(UTC+10:00) Hobart
3702	(UTC+11:00) Vladivostok
3701	(UTC+11:00) Solomon Is., New Caledonia
3801	(UTC+12:00) Auckland, Wellington
3803	(UTC+12:00) Fiji
3804	(UTC+12:00) Petropavlovsk-Kamchatsky - Old
3901	(UTC+13:00) Nuku'alofa
0,01	(010110.00) Haila alola

18. Daylight Saving Time

CURL Command:

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d ' { "s_month": 3, "s_week": 4, "s_day": 1, "s_hour": 1, "s_minute": 0, "s_second": 0, "e_month": 11, "e_week": 1, "e_day": 1, "e_hour": 1, "e_minute": 0, "e_second": 0, "offset": 60, "enable": true, "cookie": 1312994984 } ' -k <a href="https://10.88.0.235/dst_set">https://10.88.0.235/dst_set</a>
```

```
CURL Command Formatted:
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d ' \
"s_month": 3,
"s_week": 4,
"s_day": 1,
"s_hour": 1,
"s_minute": 0,
"s_second": 0,
"e_month": 11,
"e_week": 1,
"e_day": 1,
"e_hour": 1,
"e_minute": 0,
"e_second": 0,
"offset": 60,
"enable": true,
"cookie": 1312994984
}'\
-k https://10.88.0.235/dst_set
```

Parameters	Туре	Range
Cookie	Int	Recorded from Session
		Token
enable	Boolean	True/False
s_month	Int	1 to 12
s_week	Int	1 to 5
s_day	Int	1 to 7 (Sunday to
		Saturday)
s_hour	Int	0 to 23
s_minute	Int	0 to 59
s_second	Int	0 to 59
e_month	Int	1 to 12
e_week	Int	1 to 5
e_day	Int	1 to 31
e_hour	Int	0 to 23
e_minute	Int	0 to 59
e_second	Int	0 to 59
offset	Int	30/60

Setting Redfish ON/OFF

CURL Command:

curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d

'{"cookie":911630089,"gui_http_port":80,"gui_https_port":443,"gui_http_enable":false,"gui_https_enable":true,"re dfish_enable":true}' -k https://10.10.105.59/xhrhttppost.jsp

Screen Capture From Linux Box:

cis@ldap:-\$ curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"cookie":1286775468, "gui_http_port":80, "gui_https_port":443, "gui_http_enable":false, "gui_https_enable":true, "redfish_enable":rrue}' -k https://lo.10.105.59/xhrhttppost.jsp

CURL Command Formatted:

curl -X POST -H \

"Content-Type: application/json"

-d '{

"cookie":911630089,

"gui_http_port":80,

"gui_https_port":443,

"gui_http_enable":false,

"gui_https_enable":true,

"redfish_enable":true}' \

-k https://10.10.105.59/xhrhttppost.jsp

19. OUTLET NAME CHANGE

RESTAPI through POSTMAN

```
URI - https://10.88.0.57/xhroutset.jsp

Method - POST

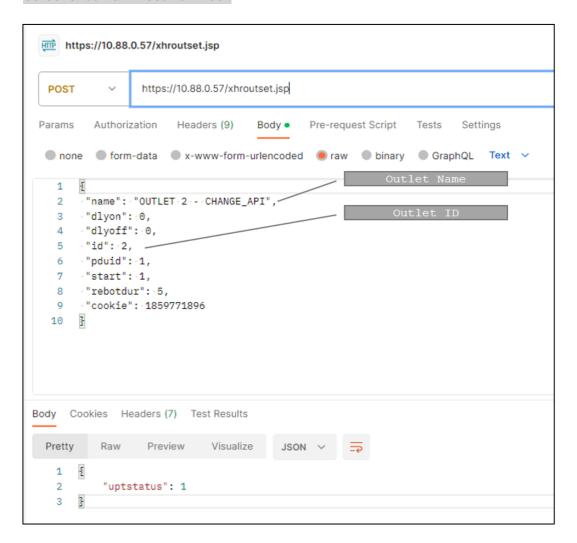
Body should contain following as payload, note the cookie, cookie needs to be obtained before using this post.

{
    "name": "OUTLET 1 - CHANGE",
    "dlyon": 0,
    "id": 1,
    "pduid": 1,
    "start": 1,
    "rebotdur": 5,
    "cookie": 1908554593
}

Note:
```

- name represents Outlet Name
- dlyon represents On Delay ranging from 0-7200 seconds
- dlyoff represents Off Delay ranging from 0-7200 seconds
- id represents outlet ID. For example to change outlet 2, use id as 2.
- pduid represents daisy chain pdu id.
- start represents 'State On Startup". 1 indicates ON, 0 indicates OFF
- cookie represents cookie ID

Screenshot from Postman Tool:



CURL Command:

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"name": "OUTLET 1 - CHANGE","dlyon": 0,"dlyoff": 0,"id": 1,"pduid": 1,"start": 1,"rebotdur": 5,"cookie": 1908554593}' -k <a href="https://10.88.0.57/xhroutset.jsp">https://10.88.0.57/xhroutset.jsp</a>
```

```
CURL Command Formatted:
curl -X POST -H \
"Content-Type: application/json"
-d '
{
       "name": "OUTLET 1 - CHANGE",
       "dlyon": 0,
       "dlyoff": 0,
       "id": 1,
       "pduid": 1,
       "start": 1,
       "rebotdur": 5,
       "cookie": 1908554593
}'\
-k https://10.88.0.57/xhroutset.jsp
OUTLET CONTROL Enable & Disable
CURL Command:
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"cookie": 1519923071,"enable": 1}' -k
```

https://10.88.0.57/outlet_control_enable_set

Parameters	Туре	Range
		Retrieved from Session
cookie	int	Token
enable	int/Flag	0 Or 1

20. OUTLET CONTROL ON & OFF

CURL Command:

curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"cookie": 1519923071,"outlet1": 2,"outlet2": 0,"pduid": 1,"powstat": 0}' -k https://10.88.0.57/xhroutpowstatset.jsp

```
CURL Command Formatted:
```

```
curl -X POST -H \
"Content-Type: application/json" \
-d '
{
        "cookie": 1519923071,
        "outlet1": 2,
        "outlet2": 0,
        "pduid": 1,
        "powstat": 0
}' \
```

-k https://10.88.0.57/xhroutpowstatset.jsp

Parameters	Туре	Range
		Retrieved from Session
cookie	int	Token
outlet1	int	Outlets 1-24: 2^outlet_no
		Outlets 25-48: 2^(outlet_no -
outlet2	int	25)
pduid	int	PDU1-64
		0-Off,
		1-On,
		2-Off Delay,
		3-On Delays,
		4-Reboot Immediately,
powstat	int	5- Reboot Delayed

21. OUTLET CONTROL with Delays

CURL Command:

curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"name": "OUTLET 2","dlyon": 5,"dlyoff": 5,"id": 2,"pduid": 1,"start": 1,"rebotdur": 5,"cookie": 1519923071}' -k https://10.88.0.235/xhroutset.jsp

-k <u>https://10.88.0.235/xhroutset.jsp</u>

- name represents Outlet Name
- dlyon represents On Delay ranging from 0-7200 seconds
- dlyoff represents Off Delay ranging from 0-7200 seconds
- id represents outlet ID. For example to change outlet 2, use id as 2.
- pduid represents daisy chain pdu id.
- start represents 'State On Startup". 1 indicates ON, 0 indicates OFF
- cookie represents cookie ID

Parameters	Type	Range
		Retrieved from Session
cookie	int	Token
name	String	32
dlyon	int	0 to 7200 sec
dlyoff	int	0 to 7200 sec
id	int	Outlet Number (1-48/64)
pduid	int	PDU1-64
rebotdur	int	5 to 60 sec
start	Int/Enum	0- Off, 1 - On, 2- Last Known

22. ETH1 Settings (eth0)

CURL Command:

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d ' { "ipmode": 3, "ipautoconfiguration": 1, "ipaddress": "0.0.0.0", "netmask": "0.0.0.0", "gateway": "0.0.0.0", "ipv6_local_address": "", "ipv6_auto_address": "", "ipv6autoconfig": 1, "prefix_v6": 0, "gateway_v6": "::2:0:0", "cookie": 1312994984 }' -k \frac{1}{10.88.0.235/xhrseteth1.jsp}
```

```
CURL Command Formatted:

curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d ' \

{

"ipmode": 3,

"ipautoconfiguration": 1,

"ipaddress": "0.0.0.0",

"netmask": "0.0.0.0",

"gateway": "0.0.0.0",

"ipv6_local_address": "",

"ipv6_auto_address": "",

"ipv6autoconfig": 1,

"prefix_v6": 0,

"gateway_v6": "::2:0:0",

"cookie": 1312994984

}' \
-k https://10.88.0.235/xhrnetworkset.jsp
```

Parameters	Туре	Range
Cookie	Int	Recorded from Session
		Token
Ipmode	Enum/int	1-IPv4, 2-IPv6, 3 -Both
		IPv4 and IPv6
ipautoconfiguration	Enum/int	0- Static, 1- Autoconfig
ipv6autoconfig	Enum/int	0- Static, 1- Autoconfig
ipaddress	string	64
netmask	string	64
Gateway	string	64
ipv6_local_address	string	64
ipv6_auto_address	string	64
prefix_v6	int	2096 (Usually prefix is
		from 0-128)
gateway_v6	string	64

23. ETH2 Settings (eth1)

CURL Command:

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d ' { "ipmode": 3, "ipautoconfiguration": 1, "ipaddress": "0.0.0.0", "netmask": "0.0.0.0", "gateway": "0.0.0.0", "ipv6_local_address": "", "ipv6_auto_address": "", "ipv6autoconfig": 1, "prefix_v6": 0, "gateway_v6": "::2:0:0", "cookie": 1312994984 }' -k <a href="https://10.88.0.235/xhrseteth1.jsp">https://10.88.0.235/xhrseteth1.jsp</a>
```

```
CURL Command Formatted:

curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d ' \

{

"ipmode": 3,

"ipautoconfiguration": 1,

"ipaddress": "0.0.0.0",

"netmask": "0.0.0.0",

"gateway": "0.0.0.0",

"ipv6_local_address": "",

"ipv6_auto_address": "",

"ipv6autoconfig": 1,

"prefix_v6": 0,

"gateway_v6": "::2:0:0",

"cookie": 1312994984

}' \
-k https://10.88.0.235/xhrseteth1.jsp
```

Parameters	Туре	Range
Cookie	Int	Recorded from Session
		Token
Ipmode	Enum/int	1-IPv4, 2-IPv6, 3 -Both
		IPv4 and IPv6
ipautoconfiguration	Enum/int	0- Static, 1- Autoconfig
ipv6autoconfig	Enum/int	0- Static, 1- Autoconfig
ipaddress	string	64
netmask	string	64
Gateway	string	64
ipv6_local_address	string	64
ipv6_auto_address	string	64
prefix_v6	int	2096 (Usually prefix is
		from 0-128)
gateway_v6	string	64

24. DNS

CURL Command:

```
CURL Command Formatted:
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d ' \
{
  "override_server": 0,
  "override_names": 0,
  "primary_dns": "0.0.0.0",
  "secondary_dns": "0.0.0.0",
  "hostname": "",
  "domain_name": "",
  "cookie": 1312994984
}' \
```

-k https://10.88.0.235/xhrdnsset.jsp

Parameters	Туре	Range
Cookie	Int	Recorded from Session
		Token
override_server	enum/int	0-disable, 1-enable
override_names	enum/int	0-disable, 1-enable
Primary_dns	String	64
Secondary_dns	String	64
Hostname	String	64
Domain_name	String	64

25. HTTP / HTTPS Port

CURL Command:

curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d ' { "cookie": 1312994984, "gui_http_port": 80, "gui_https_port": 443, "gui_http_enable": false, "gui_https_enable": true, "redfish_enable": true}' -k https://10.88.0.235/xhrhttppost.jsp

```
CURL Command Formatted:
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d ' \
{
  "cookie": 1312994984,
  "gui_http_port": 80,
  "gui_https_port": 443,
  "gui_http_enable": false,
  "gui_https_enable": true,
  "redfish_enable": true
}' \
```

-k https://10.88.0.235/xhrhttppost.jsp

Note:

Parameters	Туре	Range
Cookie	Int	Recorded from Session
		Token
gui_http_port	Int	1-65535
gui_https_port	Int	1-65535
gui_http_enable	Boolean	True/False
gui_https_enable	Boolean	True/False
redfish_enable	Boolean	True/False

26. SSH Setting

CURL Command:

curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d ' { "sshPort": 22, "chkSshAcs": true, "cookie": 1312994984 }' -k https://10.88.0.235/xhrsshpost.jsp

```
CURL Command Formatted:
```

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d ' \
{
    "sshPort": 22,
    "chkSshAcs": true,
    "cookie": 1312994984
}
' \
-k https://10.88.0.235/xhrsshpost.jsp
```

Parameters	Туре	Range
Cookie	Int	Recorded from Session
		Token
sshPort	Int	1-65535
chkSshAcs	Boolean	True/False

27. FTPS Setting

CURL Command:

curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d ' { "ftpport": 21, "chkftpacs": true, "cookie": 312994984 } ' -k https://10.88.0.235/xhrftppost.jsp

```
CURL Command Formatted:
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d ' \
{
  "ftpport": 21,
  "chkftpacs": true,
  "cookie": 1312994984
} ' \
-k https://10.88.0.235/xhrftppost.jsp
```

Note:

Parameters	Туре	Range
Cookie	Int	Recorded from Session
		Token
Ftpport	Int	1-65535
chkftpacs	Boolean	True/False

28. SYSLOG SERVER

CURL Command:

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d ' { "syslogaddr":"10.10.104.250","syslogport":514,"chksyslog":1,"syslogprotocol":0,"syslogfile":"","cookie":348494 352}' -k https://10.88.0.235/xhrsyslogpost.isp
```

```
CURL Command Formatted:
```

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '\

"syslogaddr":"10.10.104.250",
"syslogport":514,
"chksyslog":1,
"syslogprotocol":0,
"syslogfile":"",
"cookie":348494352

}'\
```

29. LOG CONFIGURATION

CURL Command:

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{ "loginterval": 1, "logenable": 1, "cookie": 983243538} ' -k https://10.88.0.235/xhrdatalogset.jsp
```

```
CURL Command Formatted:
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '\
{
  "loginterval": 1,
  "logenable": 1,
  "cookie": 1983243538
}'\
-k https://10.88.0.235/xhrdatalogset.jsp
```

Note:

Parameters	Туре	Range
Cookie	Int	Recorded from Session
		Token
Loginterval	Int	1-1440
Logenable	Int/Flag	0 or 1

EMAIL SETUP

CURL Command:

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d ' { "servername": "10.88.0.158", "username": "admin", "password": "12345678", "senderemail": "pdu@pdumgmt.com", "port": 25, "chkreqauth": 1, "timeintervalforretries": 6, "nosendingretries": 3, "cookie": 1312994984} ' -k https://10.88.0.235/xhrsetsmtppost.jsp
```

CURL Command Formatted:

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '\
{
    "servername": "10.88.0.158",
    "username": "admin",
    "password": "12345678",
    "senderemail": "pdu@pdumgmt.com",
    "port": 25,
    "chkreqauth": 1,
    "timeintervalforretries": 6,
    "nosendingretries": 3,
    "cookie": 1312994984
} '\
-k https://10.88.0.235/xhrsetsmtppost.jsp
```

-k https://10.88.0.235/smtp_set

Parameters	Туре	Range
Cookie	Int	Recorded from Session
		Token
Servername	string	lpv4/lpv6/FQDN, 63
Username	string	31
password	String/pwd	31
Senderemail	string	63
Port	Int	1-65535
Chkreqauth	Int/flag	0/1
Timeintervalforretries	Int	0-255
nosendingretries	int	0-255

```
30.
              ADD EMAIL USERS
CURL Command:
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d ' { "receivers": [ { "enable": true, "address": pdu-
admin@datacenter_admin.com" }, { "enable": false, "address": "" }, { "enable": false, "address": "" },
{ "enable": false, "address": "" }, { "enable": false, "address": "" }], "cookie": 1312994984}'-k
https://10.88.0.235/smtp_set
CURL Command Formatted:
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '\
"receivers": [
 "enable": true,
 "address": "pdu-admin@datacenter_admin.com"
 "enable": false,
 "address": ""
 "enable": false,
 "address": ""
 "enable": false,
 "address": ""
 },
 "enable": false,
 "address": ""
"cookie": 1312994984
}' \
```

Parameters	Туре	Range
Cookie	Int	Recorded from Session
		Token
Servername	string	lpv4/lpv6/FQDN, 63
Username	string	31
password	String/pwd	31
Senderemail	string	63
Port	Int	1-65535
Chkreqauth	Int/flag	0/1
Timeintervalforretries	Int	0-255
nosendingretries	int	0-255

31. **EVENT NOTIFICATIONS**

CURL Command:

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"SPSC": 0, "CALA": 196608, "WALA": 196608, "CBSC":
196608, "OLSC": 196608, "ESSC": 196608, "PDUC": 196608, "FMUP": 196608, "NCRS": 196608, "CSSC": 196608,
"DCSC": 196608, "EBLM": 196608, "USRA": 196608, "PSWC": 196608, "ROSC": 196608, "USSC": 196608, "LDAP":
196608, "POWS": 196608, "CONF": 196608, "cookie": 200996683}' -k https://10.88.0.235/xhrevtruleset.jsp
CURL Command Formatted:
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '\
{
```

"SPSC": 0, "CALA": 196608, "WALA": 196608, "CBSC": 196608, "OLSC": 196608, "ESSC": 196608, "PDUC": 196608, "FMUP": 196608, "NCRS": 196608, "CSSC": 196608, "DCSC": 196608. "EBLM": 196608, "USRA": 196608, "PSWC": 196608, "ROSC": 196608, "USSC": 196608, "LDAP": 196608. "POWS": 196608, "CONF": 196608, "cookie": 200996683}' \

-k https://10.88.0.235/xhrevtruleset.jsp

EVENT	EVENT	
ABBREVIATION		
CALA	Critical Alarm	
WALA	Warning Alarm	
CBSC	Circuit Breaker Status	
OLSC	Outlet Status	
ESSC	Sensor Status	
PDUC	PDU Config	
FMUP	Firmware Upgrade	
NCRS	Network Reset	
CSSC	Communication Status	
DCSC	Daisy Status	
EBLM	USB Status	
SPSC	Server Status	
USRA	User Activity	
PSWC	Password Change	
ROSC	Role Status	
USSC	User Status	
LDAP	Ldap Status	
ROSC	Rack Status	
POWS	Power Share Status	
CONF	Config Item Status	

Each item in above table should contain a value from below table based on selection

NOTIFICATIONS - ON/OFF	Value
EMAIL - OFF	0
SNMP TRAP - OFF	
SYSLOG - OFF	
EMAIL - OFF	262144
SNMP TRAP - OFF	
SYSLOG - ON	
EMAIL - OFF	131072
SNMP TRAP - ON	
SYSLOG - OFF	
EMAIL - ON	65536
SNMP TRAP - OFF	
SYSLOG - OFF	
EMAIL - OFF	393216
SNMP TRAP - ON	
SYSLOG - ON	
EMAIL - ON	327680
SNMP TRAP - OFF	
SYSLOG - ON	
EMAIL - ON	196608
SNMP TRAP - ON	
SYSLOG - OFF	
EMAIL - ON	458752
SNMP TRAP - ON	
SYSLOG - ON	

Examples Curl Commands:

Email - OFF | SNMP Trap - OFF | Syslog - OFF

curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '

{"SPSC":0,"CALA":0,"WALA":0,"CBSC":0,"OLSC":0,"ESSC":0,"PDUC":0,"FMUP":0,"NCRS":0,"CSSC":0,"DCSC":0,"EBL M":0,"USRA":0,"PSWC":0,"ROSC":0,"USSC":0,"LDAP":0,"POWS":0,"CONF":0,"cookie":839063399}' -k https://10.88.0.235/xhrevtruleset.jsp

Email - ON | SNMP Trap - ON | Syslog - ON

curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '

{"SPSC":0,"CALA":458752,"WALA":458752,"CBSC":458752,"OLSC":458752,"ESSC":458752,"PDUC":458752,"FMU P":458752,"NCRS":458752,"CSSC":458752,"DCSC":458752,"EBLM":458752,"USRA":458752,"PSWC":458752,"RO SC":458752,"USSC":458752,"LDAP":458752,"POWS":458752,"CONF":458752,"cookie":348494352}' -k https://10.88.0.235/xhrevtruleset.jsp

Email - ON | SNMP Trap - OFF | Syslog - OFF

curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '

{"SPSC":0,"CALA":65536,"WALA":65536,"CBSC":65536,"OLSC":65536,"ESSC":65536,"PDUC":65536,"FMUP":65536,"NCRS":65536,"CSSC":65536,"DCSC":65536,"EBLM":65536,"USRA":65536,"PSWC":65536,"ROSC":65536,"USSC ":65536,"LDAP":65536,"POWS":65536,"CONF":65536,"cookie":348494352}' -k

https://10.88.0.235/xhrevtruleset.jsp

Email - OFF | SNMP Trap - ON | Syslog - OFF

curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '

{"SPSC":0,"CALA":131072,"WALA":131072,"CBSC":131072,"OLSC":131072,"ESSC":131072,"PDUC":131072,"FMU P":131072,"NCRS":131072,"CSSC":131072,"DCSC":131072,"EBLM":131072,"USRA":131072,"PSWC":131072,"RO SC":131072,"USSC":131072,"LDAP":131072,"POWS":131072,"CONF":131072,"cookie":348494352}' -k https://10.88.0.235/xhrevtruleset.jsp

Email - OFF | SNMP Trap - OFF | Syslog - ON

curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '

{"SPSC":0,"CALA":262144,"WALA":262144,"CBSC":262144,"OLSC":262144,"ESSC":262144,"PDUC":262144,"FMU P":262144,"NCRS":262144,"CSSC":262144,"DCSC":262144,"EBLM":262144,"USRA":262144,"PSWC":262144,"RO SC":262144,"USSC":262144,"LDAP":262144,"POWS":262144,"CONF":262144,"cookie":348494352}' -k https://10.88.0.235/xhrevtruleset.jsp

Email - ON | SNMP Trap - ON | Syslog - OFF

curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '

{"SPSC":0,"CALA":196608,"WALA":196608,"CBSC":196608,"OLSC":196608,"ESSC":196608,"PDUC":196608,"FMU P":196608,"NCRS":196608,"CSSC":196608,"DCSC":196608,"EBLM":196608,"USRA":196608,"PSWC":196608,"RO SC":196608,"USSC":196608,"LDAP":196608,"POWS":196608,"CONF":196608,"cookie":348494352}' -k https://10.88.0.235/xhrevtruleset.jsp

Email - OFF | SNMP Trap - ON | Syslog - ON

curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d ' {"SPSC":0,"CALA":393216,"WALA":393216,"CBSC":393216,"OLSC":393216,"ESSC":393216,"PDUC":393216,"FMU P":393216,"NCRS":393216,"CSSC":393216,"DCSC":393216,"EBLM":393216,"USRA":393216,"PSWC":393216,"RO SC":393216,"USSC":393216,"LDAP":393216,"POWS":393216,"CONF":393216,"cookie":348494352}' -k

https://10.88.0.235/xhrevtruleset.jsp

Email - ON | SNMP Trap - OFF | Syslog - ON

curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '

{"SPSC":0,"CALA":327680,"WALA":327680,"CBSC":327680,"OLSC":327680,"ESSC":327680,"PDUC":327680,"FMU P":327680,"NCRS":327680,"CSSC":327680,"DCSC":327680,"EBLM":327680,"USRA":327680,"PSWC":327680,"RO SC":327680,"USSC":327680,"LDAP":327680,"POWS":327680,"CONF":327680,"cookie":348494352}' -k https://10.88.0.235/xhrevtruleset.jsp

32. TRAP RECEIVERS

V1:

```
CURL Command:
```

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"cookie":348494352,"v1_trap_servers":[{"name":"icecubes","host":"5.5.5.5","port":162,"comm":"public","enable":t rue},{"name":"icecubes","enable":true,"host":"5.5.5.5","port":162,"comm":"public",{"name":"","host":"","port":162,"comm":"public","enable":false},{"name":"","host":"","port":162,"comm":"public","enable":false},{"name":"","host":"","port":162,"comm":"public","enable":false}]} -k https://10.88.0.235/xhrsnmppost.jsp
```

```
CURL Command Formatted:
curl -X POST -H \
"Content-Type: application/json" \
-d'\
{
        "cookie":348494352,
        "v1_trap_servers":[
        "name":"icecubes",
        "host": "5.5.5.5",
        "port":162,
        "comm": "public",
        "enable":true
},
{
        "name":"icecubes",
        "enable":true,
        "host": "5.5.5.5",
        "port":162,
        "comm":"public"
},
{
        "name":"",
        "host":"",
        "port":162,
        "comm": "public",
        "enable":false
},
{
        "name":"",
        "host":"",
        "port":162,
        "comm":"public",
        "enable":false
},
{
        "name":"",
        "host":"",
```

"port":162,

}]

"comm":"public",
"enable":false

-k https://10.88.0.235/xhrsnmppost.jsp

Note:

Parameters	Туре	Range
Cookie	Int	Recorded from Session
		Token
Name	String	31
Enable	Boolean	True/False
Port	Int	1-65535
Comm	String	32
Host	String	Ipv4/ipv6 or an FQDN
V1_trap_servers	Array of Object	Up to 5 users

V3:

CURL Command:

curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"cookie": 1240545048,"v3_trap_servers": [{"name": "v3_user", "enable": true, "host": "5.5.5.5", "port": 162, "auth_type": 2, "password": " auth_password", "key": " privacy_key", "priv_algo": 3, "auth_algo": 0 }, {"host": "", "port": 162, "name": "", "auth_type": 0, "password": " ", "key": " ", "auth_algo": 0, "priv_algo": 3, "enable": false }, { "host": "", "port": 162, "name": "", "auth_type": 0, "password": " ", "key": " ", "auth_algo": 0, "priv_algo": 3, "enable": false }, { "host": "", "port": 162, "name": "", "auth_type": 0, "password": " ", "key": " ", "auth_algo": 0, "priv_algo": 3, "enable": false }, {"host": "", "port": 162, "name": "", "auth_type": 0, "password": " ", "key": " ", "auth_algo": 0, "priv_algo": 3, "enable": false }] }' -k https://10.88.0.235/xhrsnmppost.jsp

CURL Command Formatted:

```
curl -X POST -H \
"Content-Type: application/json" \
-d '\
"cookie": 1240545048,
"v3_trap_servers": [
 "name": "v3_user",
 "enable": true.
 "host": "5.5.5.5",
 "port": 162,
 "auth_type": 2,
 "password": "auth_password",
 "key": "privacy_key",
 "priv_algo": 3,
 "auth_algo": 0
 },
 "host": "",
 "port": 162,
 "name": "",
 "auth_type": 0,
 "password": " ",
 "key": " ",
 "auth_algo": 0,
 "priv_algo": 3,
```

```
"enable": false
 },
 "host": "",
 "port": 162,
 "name": "",
  "auth_type": 0,
 "password": " ",
 "key": " ",
  "auth_algo": 0,
  "priv_algo": 3,
  "enable": false
 },
 {
 "host": "",
 "port": 162,
 "name": "",
  "auth_type": 0,
 "password": " ",
 "key": " ",
  "auth_algo": 0,
  "priv_algo": 3,
  "enable": false
 },
 {
 "host": "",
  "port": 162,
 "name": "",
 "auth_type": 0,
 "password": " ",
 "key": " ",
 "auth_algo": 0,
  "priv_algo": 3,
  "enable": false
 }
]
}'\
-k https://10.88.0.235/xhrsnmppost.jsp
```

164 | nVent.com

Parameters	Type	Range
cookie	int	Recorded from Session Token
name	string	31
auth_type	int	2 - Auth Priv, 1 Auth No Priv, 0 No Auth No Priv
password	text/password	31
key	text/password	31
auth_algo	integer	0-MD5, 1-SHA
priv_algo	int	0-DES, 1-AES128, 2-AES192, 3-AES256
enable	boolean	True/False
Port	int	1-65535
Host	string	lpv4/ipv6 or an FQDN

33. THRESHOLDS – Power Threshold

CURL Command:

"cblowwarning": 1,
"cbupwarning": 1,
"cbupcritical": 0

}'\

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d ' { "cookie": 910630780, "threshold": 0, "delay": 0, "pduid": 1, "lowcritical": 0, "lowwarning": 0, "upwarning": 0, "upcritical": 0, "cblowcritical": 1, "cblowwarning": 1, "cbupcritical": 0 } ' -k <a href="https://10.88.0.235/xhrpdualarmset.jsp">https://10.88.0.235/xhrpdualarmset.jsp</a>
```

```
CURL Command Formatted:
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d ' \
{
  "cookie": 910630780,
  "threshold": 0,
  "delay": 0,
  "pduid": 1,
  "lowcritical": 0,
  "lowwarning": 0,
  "upwarning": 0,
  "upcritical": 0,
  "cblowcritical": 1,
```

-k https://10.88.0.235/xhrpdualarmset.jsp

Parameters	Туре	Range
cookie	int	Recorded from Session
		Token
threshold	int	2147483000
delay	int	0-100
pduid	int	upto 64
lowcritical	int	0-2147483000
lowwarning	int	0-2147483000
upwarning	int	0-2147483000
upcritical	int	0-2147483000
cblowcritical	int	0/1
cblowwarning	int	0/1
cbupwarning	int	0/1
cbupcritical	int	0/1

34. THRESHOLDS – Current Threshold

CURL Command:

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d ' { "lowcritical": 0, "lowwarning": 0, "upcritical": 8000, "upwarning": 22000, "threshold": 1000, "delay": 0, "cblowcritical": 1, "cbupwarning": 0, "cblowwarning": 1, "cbupcritical": 0, "cookie": 910630780, "pduid": 1, "phase": 2 } ' -k <a href="https://10.88.0.235/xhripscurrentalarmset.jsp">https://10.88.0.235/xhripscurrentalarmset.jsp</a>

CURL Command Formatted:

curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d ' \

{
    "lowcritical": 0,
```

"upwarning": 22000, "threshold": 1000,

"lowwarning": 0,
"upcritical": 28000,

"delay": 0,

"cblowcritical": 1,

"cbupwarning": 0,

"cblowwarning": 1,

"cbupcritical": 0,

"cookie": 910630780,

"pduid": 1,

"phase": 2

}'\

-k https://10.88.0.235/xhripscurrentalarmset.jsp

Parameters	Туре	Range
cookie	int	Recorded from Session
		Token
threshold	int	1000
delay	int	0-100
pduid	int	upto 64
lowcritical	int	0-PDU Rating
lowwarning	int	0-PDU Rating
upwarning	int	0-PDU Rating
upcritical	int	0-PDU Rating
cblowcritical	int	0/1
cblowwarning	int	0/1
cbupwarning	int	0/1
cbupcritical	int	0/1
phase	int	1,2 and 3

35. THRESHOLDS – Voltage Threshold

CURL Command:

"cbupcritical": 0, "cookie": 910630780,

"pduid": 1, "phase": 2

}'\

CURL Command Formatted:

curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d ' { "lowcritical": 180000, "lowwarning": 190000, "upcritical": 260000, "upwarning": 250000, "threshold": 2000, "delay": 0, "cblowcritical": 0, "cbupwarning": 0, "cbupwarning": 0, "cbupcritical": 0, "cookie": 910630780, "pduid": 1, "phase": 2 } ' -k https://10.88.0.235/xhripsvoltagealarmset.jsp

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d ' \
{
   "lowcritical": 180000,
   "lowwarning": 190000,
   "upcritical": 260000,
   "upwarning": 250000,
   "threshold": 2000,
   "delay": 0,
   "cblowcritical": 0,
   "cbupwarning": 0,
   "cblowwarning": 0,
```

-k https://10.88.0.235/xhripsvoltagealarmset.jsp

Parameters	Туре	Range
cookie	int	Recorded from Session
		Token
threshold	int	1000
delay	int	0-100
pduid	int	upto 64
lowcritical	int	0-PDU Rating
lowwarning	int	0-PDU Rating
upwarning	int	0-PDU Rating
upcritical	int	0-PDU Rating
cblowcritical	int	0/1
cblowwarning	int	0/1
cbupwarning	int	0/1
cbupcritical	int	0/1
phase	int	1,2 and 3

36. THRESHOLDS – Circuit Breaker Threshold

CURL Command:

curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d ' { "cookie": 910630780, "pduid": 1, "cb": 2, "dly": 0, "thld": 1000, "cblowc": 1, "cbloww": 1, "cbupc": 0, "lowc": 0, "lowc": 0, "loww": 14000, "upc": 16000 }' -k https://10.88.0.235/xhrcbsalarmset.jsp

```
CURL Command Formatted:
```

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d ' \
"cookie": 910630780,
"pduid": 1,
"cb": 2,
"dly": 0,
"thld": 1000,
"cblowc": 1,
"cbloww": 1,
"cbupc": 0,
"cbupw": 0,
"lowc": 0,
"loww": 0,
"upw": 14000,
"upc": 16000
}'\
-k https://10.88.0.235/xhrcbsalarmset.jsp
```

Parameters	Туре	Range
cookie	int	Recorded from Session
		Token
thld	int	1000
dly	int	0-100
pduid	int	upto 64
lowc	int	
low	int	
upw	int	
upc	int	
cblowc	int/flag	0/1
cbloww	int/flag	0/1
cbupc	int/flag 0/1	
cbupw	int/flag 0/1	
cb	int	0 to upto 16

37. THRESHOLDS – Outlet Threshold

CURL Command:

curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d ' { "cblowcritical": 0, "cblowwarning": 1, "cbupcritical": 1, "cbupwarning": 1, "cookie": 910630780, "delay": 0, "id": 2, "lowcritical": 0, "lowwarning": 0, "pduid": 1, "threshold": 0, "upcritical": 0, "upwarning": 0}' -k https://10.88.0.235/xhroutalarmset.jsp

```
CURL Command Formatted:
```

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d ' \
{
"cblowcritical": 0,
"cblowwarning": 1,
"cbupcritical": 1,
"cbupwarning": 1,
"cookie": 910630780,
"delay": 0,
"id": 2,
"lowcritical": 0,
"lowwarning": 0,
"pduid": 1,
"threshold": 0,
"upcritical": 0,
"upwarning": 0
}'\
-k https://10.88.0.235/xhroutalarmset.jsp
```

Parameters	Туре	Range
cookie	int	Recorded from Session
		Token
threshold	int	1000
delay	int	0-100
pduid	int	upto 64
lowcritical	int	
lowwarning	int	
upwarning	int	
upcritical	int	
cblowcritical	int	0/1
cblowwarning	int	0/1
cbupwarning	int	0/1
cbupcritical	int	0/1
id	int	1 to upto 64

38. THRESHOLDS – Detect Threshold Set

CURL Command:

curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d ' { "threshold": 130, "cookie": 910630780 } ' -k https://10.88.0.235/outlet_detect_threshold_set

```
CURL Command Formatted:
```

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d ' \ {
    "threshold": 130,
    "cookie": 910630780
} ' \
```

-k https://10.88.0.235/outlet_detect_threshold_set

Note:

Parameters	Туре	Range
cookie	Int	Recorded from Session
		Token
threshold	int	0-200

CHANGE TEMPERATURE PREFERENCE

CURL Command:

curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d ' { "cookie": 1761158407, "username": "admin", "temperature": 0 } ' -k https://10.88.0.235/xhrchangeTemperature.jsp

CURL Command Formatted:

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d ' \ {
  "cookie": 1761158407,
  "username": "admin",
  "temperature": 0
} ' \
-k https://10.88.0.235/xhrchangeTemperature.jsp
```

Parameters	Туре	Range
cookie	int	Recorded from Session Token
username	string	cookie should match the user
		session
temperature	int	0-Celsius, 1- Fahrenheit

Summary:

Here is the basic workflow of the Firmware upload process and then corresponding API needed to perform a FW upload via API.

API's Used:

API Name: xhrlogin.jsp

The xhrlogin.jsp API is used to log in to a system and obtain a cookie for subsequent requests.

Authentication

No authentication is required to access this API.

Endpoint

POST /xhrlogin.jsp

This endpoint logs the user into the system and returns a cookie to be used in subsequent requests.

Request Body

The request body must be a JSON object with the following properties:

Property	Туре	Required	Description
username	string	Yes	The username of the user to log in
password	string	Yes	The password of the user to log in
cookie	integer	Yes	The initial cookie value for the session

```
Example Request:
{
    "username": "admin",
    "password": "123456789",
    "cookie": 0
}
```

Response Body

The response body is a JSON object with the following properties:

Property	Туре	Description		
change_password	Boolean	Whether the user is required to change their password		
is_ldap	Boolean	Whether the user is an LDAP user		
role	string	The user's role in the system		
cookie	integer	The cookie value to be used in subsequent requests		
temperature	integer	The temperature of the system (this property is not used and can be ignored)		
pdumode	integer	The PDU (Power Distribution Unit) mode of the system (this property is not used and can be ignored)		
privilege	integer	The user's privilege level (this property is not used and can be ignored)		

```
Example Response:
{
    "change_password": false,
    "is_ldap": false,
    "role": "admin",
    "cookie": 1708930464,
    "temperature": 0,
    "pdumode": 0,
    "privilege": 1701890430
}
Response Codes
```

The xhrlogin.jsp API may return the following HTTP status codes:

Status Code	Description	
200	The request was successful	
400	The request was invalid or incomplete	
401	Invalid Username or Password	
427	User is Blocked	
500	An error occurred on the server	

We need to login to the PDU to get the Token and make use of the token-based authentication.

API Name: xhrfwfilepost.jsp

API Description: This API is used to upload firmware files to the server.

Authentication

Authentication is required to use this API. Users must provide a valid Authorization header in the request.

Endpoint

Endpoint: /xhrfwfilepost.jsp

HTTP Method: POST

Description: This endpoint is used to upload firmware files to the server.

Request Headers

Name	Туре	Required	Description
Authorization	String	yes	The authorization header containing the authentication token.

Request Body

The request body must contain the firmware file to be uploaded.

Request Example

POST /xhrfwfilepost.jsp HTTP/1.1

Authorization: 1708930464 (cookie value from LOGIN API)

Content-Type: application/octet-stream

<firmware file content> Response Format

The API returns an HTTP response with the following possible status codes:

Status Code	Description	
200	The firmware file was successfully uploaded.	
401	The request was not authorized.	
427	The File is not uploaded successfully	

Response Example

HTTP/1.1 200 OK

HTTP/1.1 401 Unauthorized

This API is responsible for copying over the files to the PDU. The file copy/transfer takes around 2-3 mins. The file is copied to the master PDU and then transferred to the subsequent node PDU in a daisy-chained system.

API Name: xhrsysupddcsend.jsp

API Description: This API is used to send system updates to the device and check the status of the update.

Authentication

Authentication is required to use this API. Users must provide a valid cookie in the request.

Endpoint

Endpoint: /xhrsysupddcsend.jsp

HTTP Method: POST

Description: This endpoint is used to send system updates to the device and check the status of the update

Request Body

Name	Туре	Required	Description
cookie	int	yes	The cookie value for the user's session.

Request Example

{"cookie": 1708930464}

Response

The API returns a JSON object with the following fields:

Field	Туре	Description
count	int	The total number of updates being sent.
completed	int	The number of updates that have been completed.
uptstatus	int	The status of the update. Values: 1 (in progress), 0 (failed).
uristatus		The status of the URI. Values: 1 (in progress), 2 (completed successfully), 0(failed).

Response Example

```
{
    "count":3,
    "completed":3,
    "uptstatus":1,
    "uristatus":2
}
```

Response Codes

The API may return the following HTTP status codes:

Status Code	Description	
200	The request was successful	

To check the file is copied over to the entire Daisy-chained system we request this to be running every 30 sec. When uristatus is 2(complete) and the count and completed parameter are matching then we can request the PDU's to be rebooted.

API Name: xhrresetdevset.jsp

API Description: This API is used to reset a device's settings.

Authentication

Authentication is required to use this API. Users must be authenticated using the appropriate credentials before making the request.

Endpoint

Endpoint: /xhrresetdevset.jsp

HTTP Method: POST

Description: This endpoint is used to reset a device's settings.

Request Headers

This API does not require any request headers.

Request Parameters

Name	Type	Required	Description
cookie	number	yes	The cookie value.
seldPdu	number	yes	The selected PDU value.
reset	number	yes	The reset value.

Request example

POST /xhrresetdevset.jsp HTTP/1.1

Content-Type: application/json

{"cookie":1708930464,"seldPdu":255,"reset":1}

Response Format

The API returns an HTTP response with a JSON object containing the following properties:

Name	Туре	Required	Description
uptstatus	number	yes	The status of the update operation.

Response example

HTTP/1.1 200 OK

Content-Type: application/json

{ "uptstatus": 1 }

Parameter seldPdu is set to 255 to reboot all the PDU in the Daisy chain.

API Name: xhrgetuserlist.jsp

API Description: This API is used to get the user list as well as the basic info of the PDU's.

Authentication

No authentication is required to access this API.

Endpoint

Endpoint: /xhrgetuserlist.jsp

HTTP Method: GET

Description: This endpoint is used to get the user list.

Request Headers

This API does not require any request headers.

Request Parameters

This API does not require any request parameters.

Response Format

The API returns an HTTP response with a JSON object containing the following properties:

Name	Туре	Required	Description
fwver	string	yes	The firmware version.
sensor_num	number	yes	The number of sensors.
http	number	yes	HTTP access enabled or not.
https	number	yes	HTTPS access enabled or not.
pdu_type	string	yes	The PDU type.
cbnum	number	yes	The number of circuit breakers.
pdu_num	number	yes	The number of PDUs (Power Distribution Unit).
sku	string	yes	The SKU number.

This API can be used to get the current version of the Firmware and the PDU type (more useful for controlling the outlets based on the type) and basic PDU related info.

The overall time required for the Stand alone PDU to perform a Firmware upload is anywhere in between 150-200 sec. Provided there is no additional traffic coming to the PDU.

THE COMMAND LINE INTERFACE (CLI)

The Command Line Interface (CLI) is an alternate method used to manage and control the PDU status and parameters, as well as basic admin functions. Through the CLI a user can:

- Reset the PDU
- Display PDU and network properties
- Configure the PDU and network settings
- Switch outlets on/off
- View user information

The CLI can be accessed over a serial connection using a program such as HyperTerminal.

LOGGING IN WITH HYPERTERMINAL

To login through HyperTerminal, set the COM settings to the following parameters:

Bits per second: 115200

Data bits: 8Parity: NoneStop bits: 1

Flow control: None

CLI COMMANDS AND PROMPTS

CLI Options

- 1. To display a list of available options in the CLI, type '?' in the command prompt. This will display the 5 main menus and sub menus of command options available: sys, net, usr, dev & pwr.
- 2. To display a list of options available for one of the menus (sys, net, usr, dev or pwr), type the menu command and press enter.

Note: You can also type the menu command with '?' to show a list

of commands. For example, below shows the available system

```
EN2.0>sys?

sys: system setting
usage:
    sys [date/time/ntp] [2012-09-11/14:16:20/133.100.11.8 133.100.11.9 (server1 server2)]
    sys [ver/def/rst]
    sys upd [conf/all]
    sys log [del|edit] [event|data] [on|off] [interval]
    sys ledcolor [pduid]/all] [red/green/yellow/blue/pink/cyan/white]
    sys dualinput get
    sys dualinput set [NA/EMEA]
```

options:

CLI COMMANDS

```
EN2.0>?
sys: system setting
usage:
 sys [date/time] [2012-09-11/14:16:20]
 sys ntp [on/off]
 sys ntp [server1] [server2]
 sys ntp gmtoffset [UTCoffset/help]
 sys [ver/def]
 sys rst [pduid]
 sys upd [conf/all]
 sys log [del|edit] [event/data] [on/off] [interval]
 sys dualinput get
 sys dualinput set [NA/EMEA]
 sys cordtype [TYPE]
 sys updatehid [motor/rfid] [pduid] [0(hot)/1(cold)]
 sys updatercm rcm
 sys ledcolor
 sys ledcolor [pduid]/all] [red/green/yellow/blue/pink/cyan/white/dark]
user: user setting
usage:
 usr list
 usr login
 usr unlock [username]
 usr options [interactive/non-interactive]
                  [add/del/edit]
                  [username]
                  [password]
                  [confirm_password]
                  [role:admin/user/manager]
 usr roleoptions [interactive/non-interactive]
                  [add/del/edit]
                  [rolename]
                  [Admin Privilege requied? : yes/no]
                  [roledescription]
 usr rolelist
 usr pwdpolicy [interactive/non-interactive]
                  [get/set]
                  [pwd_age_interval: | 7 | 14 | 30 | 60 | 90 | 180 | 365 | Never Expire |]
                  [min_len]
                  [max_len]
                  [at least 1 lower character must be in password: yes/no]
                  [at least 1 upper character must be in password: yes/no]
                  [at least 1 numerical character must be in password: yes/no]
                  [at least 1 special character must be in password: yes/no]
 usr sessionmgmt [interactive/non-interactive]
                  [get/set]
                  [sign in retries allowed? : yes/no]
                  [number_retry: 3 to 10]
                  [sesssion_timeout from list: | 1 | 10 | 20 | 30 | 60 | 120 | 240 | 360 | 720 | 1440 |]
                  [lockout_time from list: | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 30 | 60 | 120 | 240 | 360 | 720 | infinite
```

```
net: network configuration command
usage:
 net [ssh/telnet/ftps/http/https/redfish/redirect] [on/off]
 net telnet [on/off]
 net telnet port [portnumber]
 net snmp [v1v2c/v3] [on/off]
 net snmp port [portnumber]
 net snmp trap [on/off/port] [portnumber]
 net snmp v1v2c <index> <IPaddress> <Read_community> <Write_community> <Enable/Disable>
 net snmp v3 <index> <username> <securitylevel[AP/ANP/NANP]> <Auth_password>
<Auth_algo[MD5/SHA]> <Priv_key> <Priv_algo[DES/AES128/AES192/AES256]> <Enable/Disable>
 net [mac/tcpip]
 net tcpip [eth0dhcp/eth1dhcp/eth0static/eth1static ip nm gw]
 net tcpip [v6eth0dhcp/v6eth1dhcp/v6eth0static/v6eth1static ip pl gw]
 net scp <full_localfilepath> <remoteuser>@<remotehost> <full_remotefilepath>
 net ip [v4] [v6] [v4v6]
 net phy [auto/10100mbps/1gbps]
 net dns [-h <hostname> -d <domain> -s1 <server1> -s2 <server2>]
 net dns [disable/enable] [dnsname/servername]]
 net cert [def]
 net eap [eth0/eth1] [enable/disable] outer TLS identity [Identity] passphrase [private key passphrase]
 net eap [eth0/eth1] [enable/disable] outer PEAP inner TLS identity [Identity] passphrase [private key
passphrase]
 net eap [eth0/eth1] [enable/disable] outer PEAP inner MSCHAP identity [Identity] password [password]
dev: device setting
usage:
 dev daisy [rna/qna] [init] [create]
 dev outlet [pduID] status
 dev outlet [pduID] [outletindex/outletname] get status
 dev outlet [pduID] [outletindex/outletname] set [outletname/poweronstate/ondelay/offdelay/rebootdelay]
[name/value]
 dev outlet [pduID] [outletindex/outletname] [on/off/ondelay/offdelay/rebootdelay/reboot]
 dev outletgroups list
 dev outletgroups [groupindex/groupname] get status
 dev outletgroups add [groupname] [pduID] [outlets]
 dev outletgroups edit [groupindex/groupname] [pduID] [outlets]
 dev outletgroups del [groupindex/groupname]
 dev outletgroups [groupindex/groupname] [on/off/reboot]
 dev usb [on/off]
```

```
dev sensor unit [pduid]
 dev ledstrip [on/off]
 dev powershare
 dev powershare [pduID] func [on/off]
 dev handle [pduID] [cold/hot] [lock/unlock]
 dev hid [cold/hot] [lock/unlock]
 dev tempscale [get/set] [c/f]
 dev rcm [PDUID] [status/fwver/hwver/selftest [start/result]]
 dev olp [pduID] get
 dev olp [pduid] set [LoadRating OverloadThreshold ResetTimer]
 dev olp [pduID] [on/off]
pwr: pdu information
usage:
 pwr unit [idx]
 pwr [outlet/phase/cb] [pduid] [idx]
 pwr rcm [pduid]
```

CLI COMMANDS TABLE

The following is a list of commands available in the CLI to execute. The commands are divided into 5 main categories: System setting (sys), Network configuration (net), User setting (usr), Device setting (dev) and Power (pwr).

SYS Commands

Sys Commands	Description	Example
sys [date/ time] [hh:mm:ss]	Query on PDU date and time	EN2.0>sys date SUCCESS Date:2024-05-17 Time:00:11:46
		EN2.0>SUCCESS Date:2024-05-17 Time:00:12:06
sys ntp	Displays the primary and secondary IP address of the NTP server & the NTP status	EN2.0>sys ntp SUCCESS Server1 : 162.159.200.1 Server2 : 95.216.144.226 NTP Status : OFF
sys ntp [on/off]	Sets the NTP status to ON/OFF	EN2.0>sys ntp on SUCCESS
sys ntp [server1] [server2]	Sets the NTP It is required that the valid primary IP address is added, but the secondary IP address is not mandatory.	EN2.0>sys ntp 129.6.15.28 129.6.15.29 SUCCESS
sys ntp gmtoffset [UTCoffset]	Sets the UTC code defined for every offset to the PDU for the specific region. The UTC code can be viewed by entering the NTP help string command. For setting the NTP offset, NTP needs to be turned ON.	EN2.0>sys ntp gmtoffset +05:31 SUCCESS Reboot required for change to take effort System Reboot now, Are you sure?(Y/N):
sys ntp gmtoffset help	NTP help string to display the UTC code for every offset of all the region	EN2.0>sys ntp gmtoffset help SUCCESS Offset Name UTC Code UTC-12:00 International Date Line West -12:00 UTC- 11:00 Samoa -11:00
sys ntp gmtoffset	Displays the current NTP offset of the PDU	EN2.0>sys ntp gmtoffset SUCCESS GMT Name : Chennai, Kolkata, Mumbai, Delhi GMT Offset : UTC+05:30

Sys Commands	Description	Example
sys ver	Query on the system versions – firmware, web, boot loader and language version	EN2.0>sys ver SUCCESS Firmware Version: 1.0.6.1 Boot loader Version: 1.1 LANGUAGE Version: 1.01 Web Version: 1.0.5.8
sys def	Set the PDU system to default settings	EN2.0>sys def Reboot required for change to take effort System Reboot now, Are you sure?(Y/N):
sys rst [pduid]	Resets the PDU system	EN2.0>sys rst Reboot required for change to take effort System Reboot now, Are you sure?(Y/N):
sys upd [conf/all]	Updates the configuration file	EN2.0>sys upd conf Reboot required for change to take effort System Reboot now, Are you sure?(Y/N):
sys log [del/ edit] [event/data] [on/off] [interval]	Edits the data log configuration interval	EN2.0>sys log edit data on 5 SUCCESS EN2.0>sys log edit data off SUCCESS
sys dualinput get	Displays the current region of the PDU	EN2.0>sys dualinput get SUCCESS EMEA rating is active Rating: 346-415 V, 32 A, 22.0 kVA, 50/60 Hz
sys dualinput set [NA/EMEA]	Toggle the region of the PDU between NA/ EMEA	EN2.0>sys dualinput set NA SUCCESS Input current updated to 24 and voltage updated to 240 Reboot required for change to take effect System Reboot now, Are you sure?(Y/N):Y
sys cordtype sys cordtype [type] ys cordtype help	Displays the SKU/cord type information set User can select one of the available cord types Command gives us the list of available SKU/cord types	EN2.0>sys cordtype SUCCESS SKU: EN13UA_20A3WYE EN2.0>sys cordtype 16A3WYE SUCCESS SKU: EN13UA_16A3WYE

Sys Commands	Description	Example
sys updatehid [motor/rfid] [pduid] [0(hot)/ 1(cold)]	Updates the handle rfid or motor firmware	EN2.0>sys updatehid motor 1 1 Updating HID motor firmware, please wait Handle update is SUCCESS, PDU will reboot now EN2.0>sys updatehid rfid 1 1 Updating HID RFID firmware, please wait Handle update is SUCCESS, PDU will reboot now
sys updatercm rcm	Updates the RCM firmware using the rcm.bin to the fw folder	EN2.0> sys updatercm rcm Updating RCM firmware, please wait EN2.0> sys updatercm rcm Updating RCM firmware, please wait RCM update is SUCCESS, PDU will reboot now
sys ledcolor	Displays color of the LED	EN2.0>sys ledcolor SUCCESS ledcolor: blue
sys ledcolor [pduid]/all] [dark/ red/green/yellow/blue/ pink/ cyan/white]	Update color of LED	EN2.0>sys ledcolor pduid dark SUCCESS

NET COMMANDS

Net Commands	Description	Example
net ssh [on/off]	Sets ssh on/off	EN2.0>net ssh SUCCESS SSH Port: 22 SSH server is running
net ftps [on/off]	Sets ftps on/off	EN2.0>net ftps SUCCESS FTPS Port: 21 Service is running Is Ftp
net http [on/off]	Sets https on/off	EN2.0>net http SUCCESS HTTPS Port: 80 Status: ON EN2.0>net https on Reboot required for change to take effort WEB protocol is changed, reboot to validate System Reboot now, Are you sure?(Y/N):
net https [on/off]	Sets https on/off	EN2.0>net https SUCCESS HTTPS Port: 443 Status: OFF EN2.0>net https on Reboot required for change to take effort WEB protocol is changed, reboot to validate System Reboot now, Are you sure?(Y/N):
net redfish [on/off]	Sets redfish on/off	EN2.0>net redfish SUCCESS Status: ON EN2.0>net redfish off SUCCESS Status: OFF
net redirect [on/off]	Sets port redirection On or Off	EN2.0>net redirect on SUCCESS Status: ON EN2.0>net redirect off SUCCESS Status: OFF
net telnet [on/off]	Sets telnet on/off	EN2.0>net telnet on SUCCESS Reboot required for change to take effect System Reboot now, Are you sure?(Y/N): Y

Sets the port number for	EN2.0>net telnet port 23 Reboot required for
TELNET	change to take effect Telnet port is changed, Please reboot to validate System Reboot now, Are you sure?(Y/N): Y
Sets SNMP On or Off	EN2.0>net snmp v1v2c: on / net snmp v3: on SUCCESS EN2.0>net snmp v1v2c off / net snmp v3: off SUCCESS
Sets SNMP port number	EN2.0>>net snmp port 162 Reboot required for change to take effect SNMP port is changed, Please reboot to validate system Reboot now, Are you sure? (Y/N): Y
Changes the snmp trap port number or turns off/on the snmp trap	EN2.0>net snmp trap port 162 Reboot required for change to take effect SNMP trap port is changed, Please reboot to validate System Reboot now, Are you sure?(Y/N):Y
Configure the SNMP v1/v2c manager	EN2.0>net snmp v1v2c 5 10.10.105.120 public private enable SUCCESS
Changes the IPv4 network to DHCP or Static mode	EN2.0>net tcpip dhcp eth0dhcp Reboot required for change to take effort Network is reconfigured, reboot to validate System Reboot now, Are you sure? (Y/N): Y EN2.0>net tcpip eth1static <10.10.94.20 255.255.255.010.10.94.1> Reboot required for change to take effort Network is reconfigured, reboot to validate System Reboot now, Are you sure?(Y/N):Y
	Sets SNMP port number Changes the snmp trap port number or turns off/on the snmp trap Configure the SNMP v1/v2c manager Changes the IPv4 network to

Net Commands	Description	Example
net tcpip [v6eth0dhcp/	Changes the IPv6 network	EN2.0>net tcpip v6eth0dhcp
v6eth1dhcp/ v6eth0static/	to DHCP or Static mode	Reboot required for change to take
v6eth1static ip pl gw]		effect Network is reconfigured,
vocarrotatio ip pr gwj		Please reboot to validate System Reboot now, Are you sure?(Y/N):Y
net scp	Copies the event logs to the	EN2.0>net scp SUCCESS : scp enabled
<full_localfilepath> <remoteuser>@</remoteuser></full_localfilepath>	specified system	EN2.0>net scp
<remotehost> <full_remotefilepath></full_remotefilepath></remotehost>		/system/log/eventlog.txt
		buildserver@10.10.105.255/hom e/buildserver
		The authenticity of host '10.10.105.255
		(10.10.105.255)' can't be established.
		ED25519 key fingerprint is
		SHA256:F+FVTej0G4bvsDzOnx9jSklo77LQcdu
		F1BCFCZFwuhM.
		This key is not known by any other names Are you sure you want to continue connecting
		(yes/no/[fingerprint])? Yes
		Warning: Permanently added '10.10.105.255'
		(ED25519) to the list of known hosts.
		buildserver@10.10.105.255's password: eventlog.txt 100% 11 KB 739.8 KB/s
		00:00
		File successfully uploaded.
net ip [v4] [v6] [v4v6]	Chang es the mode between DUAL, IPv4 or IPv6 Only	EN2.0>net ip SUCCESS IPV4
		EN2.0>net ip v6
		Reboot required for change to take effort IP
		protocol is changed, reboot to validate System Reboot now, Are you sure?(Y/N):
net phy	Set the link speed to auto	EN2.0>net phy SUCCESS link speed: auto
[auto/10100mbps/1gbp	•	negotiation EN2.0>net phy 10100mbps
s]		Reboot required for change to take effort Phy
		speed is changed, reboot to validate System
		Reboot now, Are you sure?(Y/N):

Net Commands	Description	Example
net dns [-h <hostname> -d <domain> -s1 <server1> -s2</server1></domain></hostname>	Changes the DNS domain name, host name, primary	EN2.0>net dns -h admin -d test -s1 10.10.105.20 - s2 10.10.105.21
<server2>]</server2>	and secondary server	Reboot required for change to take effect IP protocol is changed, Please reboot to validate System Reboot now, Are you sure?(Y/N):Y
net dns	Enables/Disables the DNS	EN2.0>net dns enable dnsname
[disable/enable] [dnsname/servername]]	server or host by name	Reboot required for change to take effect IP protocol is changed, Please reboot to validate System Reboot now, Are you sure?(Y/N):Y
net cert [def]	Updates the certificate file	EN2.0>net cert SUCCESS Custom certificate key file active, in /cert/cert.key
		Custom certificate cert file active, in /cert/cert.crt
		EN2.0>net cert def Removing custom certificate
		key file, in /cert/cert.key
		Removing custom certificate file, in
		/cert/cert.crt Reboot required for
		change to take effect Certificate
		Setting changed, reboot to validate
		System Reboot now, Are you sure?(Y/N):
net eap	Displays the current	EN2.0>net eap
	authentication information	SUCCESS
		ETH0 AUTH :EAP-TLS
		ETH0 IDENTITY :SmartPower
		ETH1 AUTH :EAP-TLS
		ETH1 IDENTITY :SmartPower

Net Commands	Description	Example
net eap [eth0/eth1] [enable/disable] outer TLS identity [Identity] passphrase [private key passphrase]	Setting the an authentication information for EAP-TLS configuration to any specific ethernet port. Note – Upload CA Certificate, Client Key and Client Certificate	EN2.0>net eap eth0 enable outer TLS identity system_bangalore_center01 passphrase smartpower SUCCESS Reboot required for change to take effect Network is reconfigured, Please reboot to
	via FTPS, before setting via CLI.	validate System Reboot now, Are you sure?(Y/N):Y
net eap [eth0/eth1] [enable/disable] outer PEAP inner TLS identity [Identity] passphrase [private key passphrase]	Setting the an authentication information for PEAP-TLS configuration to any specific ethernet port. Note – Upload CA Certificate, Client Key and Client Certificate via FTPS, before setting via CLI.	EN2.0>net eap eth0 enable outer PEAP inner TLS identity system_bangalore_center01 passphrase smartpower SUCCESS Reboot required for change to take effect
net eap [eth0/eth1] [enable/disable] outer PEAP inner MSCHAP identity [Identi ty] password [password]	Setting the an authentication information for PEAP-MSCHAPV2 configuration to any specific ethernet port. Note – Upload CA Certificate via FTPS, before setting via CLI.	EN2.0>net eap eth1 enable outer PEAP inner MSCHAP identity system_bangalore_center01 passphrase smartpower SUCCESS Reboot required for change to take effect Network is reconfigured, Please reboot to validate System Reboot now, Are you sure?(Y/N):Y

USR COMMANDS

Usr Commands	Description	Example
usr list	Lists out the PDU users	EN2.0>usr list SUCCESS Usr Role Privilege Role id ======== ====== admin Administrator 1 user 2 manager Administrator 3
usr login	Displays the logged in user details	EN2.0>usr login SUCCESS username: admin ip address: 10.10.94.211 client type: SSH
usr unlock [username] usr options [interactive/non- interactive] [add/del/edit] [username] [password] [confirm_passwo rd] [role:admin/user/manag er]	Unlocks the blocked user Add Users and set credentials, define roles using interactive and non- interactive method.	EN2.0>usr unlock en_user SUCCESS EN2.0>usr options INTERACTIVE APPROACH* usr options interactive add/edit/del username password Confirm_pass word admin/user/manager NON-INTERACTIVE APPROACH** usr options non-interactive add/edit/del username password confirm_password confirm_password (admin/manager/user)

Usr Commands	Description	Example
usr roleoptions	Add Users and set credentials,	EN2.0>usr roleoptions
[interactive/non-interactive]	define roles and privileges using interactive and non-	INTERACTIVE APPROACH*
[add/del/edit]		usr roleoptions
[rolename]		interactive
[Admin Privilege		add/del/edit rolename
required?: yes/no]		admin privilege
[roledescription]		yes/no role
		description
		NON-INTERCTIVE APPROACH**
		usr roleoptions non-
		interactive
		add/del/edit rolename
		admin
		privilege(yes/no)
		role description
usr rolelist	Displays the rolelist with	EN2.0>usr rolelist
	privilege and role descriptions.	SUCCESS Role Privilege Role Description
		admin admin
		operation user user
		user operation manager admin redfish
		user

Usr Commands	Description	Example
usr pwdpolicy [interactive/non- interactive] [get/set] [pwd_age_interval: 7 14 30 60 90 180 365 [Never Expire] [min_len] [max_len] [at least 1 lower character must be in password: yes/no] [at least 1 upper character must be in password: yes/no] [at least 1 numerical character must be in password: yes/no] [at least 1 special character must be in password: yes/no]	Get/Set data for the password fields as per user requirements in two approaches – interactive or non- interactive	EN2.0>usr pwdpolicy [interactive/non-interactive] [get/set] INTERACTIVE APPROACH* usr pwdpolicy interactive get/set [pwd_age_interval: 7 14 30 60 90 180 365 Never Expire] [min_len] [max_len] [at least 1 lower character must be in password: yes/no] [at least 1 upper character must be in password: yes/no] [at least 1 numerical character must be in password: yes/no] [at least 1 special character must be in password: yes/no] NON_INTERACTIVE ** usr pwdpolicy non- interactive set/get [pwd_age_in terval [min_len] [max_len] [at least 1 lower character must be in password: yes/no] [at least 1 upper character must be in password: yes/no] [at least 1 numerical character must be in password: yes/no] [at least 1 special character must be in password: yes/no]
usr sessionmgmt [interactive/non- interactive] [get/set] [sign in retries allowed?: yes/no] [number_retry: 3 to 10] [sesssion_timeout from list: 1 10 20 30 60 120 240 360 720 1440] [lockout_time from list: 1 2 3 4 5 10 15 20 30 60 120 240 360 720 infinite]	Get/Set data for the sessions management as per user requirements in two approaches – interactive or non-interactive	EN2.0>usr sessionmgmt [interactive/non-interactive] [get/set] INTERACTIVE APPROACH* usr sessionmgmt interactive get/set [sign in retries allowed?: yes/no] [number_retry: 3 to 10] [sesssion_timeout from list: 1 10 20 30 60 120 240 360 720 1440] [lockout_time from list: 1 2 3 4 5 10 15 20 30 60 120 240 360 720 infinite] NON-INTERACTIVE APPROACH** usr sessionmgmt non-interactive get/set

	[sign in retries allowed?: yes/no] [number_retry: 3 to 10] [sesssion_timeout from list: 1 10 20 30 60 120 240 360 720 1440] [lockout_time from list: 1 2 3 4 5 10 15 20 30 60 120 240 360 720 infinite]
	2.6 666 7.26 mmmte

INTERACTIVE APPROACH*

When the user selects an Interactive Approach, user will be prompted for each parameter/option to perform the respective action.

NON-INTERACTIVE APPROACH**

When the user selects a Non-Interactive Approach, user needs to enter all the parameters as per the syntax in a single line.

DEV COMMANDS

Dev Commands	Description	Example	
dev daisy [rna/qna] [init]	Setting the PDU	EN2.0>dev daisy	
[create]	Daisychain to RNA or QNA	SUCCESS Daisy	
	mode	chain unit number:	
		1 Daisy chain address list: 0 0	
		0 Daisy Mode: QNA	
		EN2.0>dev daisy qna create Reboot required for change	
		to take effort System Reboot	
		now, Are you sure?(Y/N):	
dev outlet pduID [status]	Displays outlet status	EN2.0>dev outlet 1 status	
		SUCCESS Relay Outlet	
		Status	
		Outlet# 1: Open Outlet# 2: Open	
		Outlet# 3: Open Outlet# 4: Open	
		Outlet# 5: Open Outlet# 6: Open	
		Outlet# 7: Open Outlet# 8: Open	
dev outlet [pduID]	Displays the status of the PDU Outlets	EN2.0>dev outlet 1 status SUCCESS	
[outletindex/outletna		Relay Outlet	
me] [get] [status] >> dev outlet [pduID] [outletindex] get status >> dev outlet [pduID] outletname] [get] [status]		S.No : Name : Status : OnDelay : OffDelay : RebootDelay : PowerOnState	
		1 : OUTLET1 : Close : 7200 : 7200 : 60 : ON	
		2 : OUTLET2 : Open : 0 : 0 : 5 : ON	
		3 : OUTLET 3 : Open : 0 : 0 : 5 : ON	
		4 : OUTLET 4 : Open : 0 : 0 : 5 : ON	
		5 : OUTLET 5 : Open : 0 : 0 : 5 : ON	
		6 : OUTLET 6 : Open : 0 : 0 : 5 : ON	
		7 : OUTLET 7 : Open : 0 : 0 : 5 : ON	
		8 : OUTLET 8 : Open : 0 : 0 : 5 : ON	
		9 : OUTLET 9 : Open : 0 : 0 : 5 : ON	
		10 : OUTLET10 : Open : 0 : 0 : 5 : ON	

Dev Commands	Description	Example
dev outlet [pduID] [outletindex/outletna me] [set]	Displays the status of the PDU Outlets with reference to	EN2.0>dev outlet 1 outletname set outlet42 SUCCESS
>>dev outlet [pduID] [outletindex] [set]	outlet index, outlet name, power state, on delay, off delay and reboot delay	EN2.0>dev outlet 1 outlet42 set outletname OUTLET42OUTLET42 SUCCESS
[outletname] [name]		EN2.0>dev outlet 1 outlet42/ 42 set poweronstate on SUCCESS
>>dev outlet [outletname/ poweronstate/ondela y/off		EN2.0>dev outlet 1 outlet42 set poweronstate off SUCCESS EN2.0>dev outlet 1 outlet42 set poweronstate lastknown SUCCESS
delay/rebootdelay] [name/on/ off/value]		EN2.0>dev outlet 1 42 set ondelay 7200 SUCCESS
>>dev outlet [pduID] [outletindex/outletna		EN2.0>dev outlet 1 42 set offdelay 7200 SUCCESS
me] [set] poweronstate [on/off/ lastknown]		EN2.0>dev outlet 1 42 set rebootdelay 60 SUCCESS
>>dev outlet [pduID] [outletindex/outletna me] [set] ondelay/offdelay/reb ootdelay value		
dev outlet pduID [outletindex] [on/off/rebootdelay/ ondelay/ offdelay]	Command to Turn on/off/off delay/ ondelay/r ebootdela y the outlet power	EN2.0>dev outlet 1 1 on SUCCESS EN2.0>dev outlet 1 1 rebootdelay SUCCESS

Dev Commands	Description	Example
dev outletgroups list	Lists the Outlet Group Namesdev	EN2.0>dev outletgroups list SUCCESS
dev outletgroups [groupindex/groupnam e] get status	Gets the details of the outlet groups on the basis of Group index or Group name	Idx Group Name
dev outletgroups add [groupname] [pduID] [outlets]	Add Group names and Group the outlets in each of the PDUs Use a semi colon separator to add multiple outlets to the same Group name.	EN2.0>dev outletgroups add Group3 1 2,4,6,8,10; 2 1,3,5,7,9; SUCCESS
dev outletgroups edit [groupindex/groupnam e] [pduID] [outlets]	Edit Group and Group outlets in each of the PDUs Use a semi colon separator to add multiple outlets details to be edited.	EN2.0>dev outletgroups edit Group3 1 2,4,6,8; SUCCESS
dev outletgroups del [groupindex/groupnam e]	Deletes the outlet group name or index specified.	EN2.0>dev outletgroups del Group3 SUCCESS
dev outletgroups [groupindex/groupnam e] [on/off/reboot]	Outlets grouped together can be switched On or Off or Rebooted by specifying the group name.	EN2.0>dev outletgroups Group3 on SUCCESS EN2.0>dev outletgroups Group3 off SUCCESS EN2.0>dev outletgroups Group3 reboot SUCCESS

Dev Commands	Description	Example
dev usb [ON/OFF]	Turn on/off the USB	EN2.0>dev usb on SUCCESS
dev sensor unit [pdu id]	Lists out the connecte d sensors on PDU	EN2.0>dev sensor unit 2
		SUCCESS Idx Name
		Type Serial No. Value
		0 TEMPERATURE1PDU2 TEMP CAWELK0170 27.0C
		1 TEMPERATURE2PDU2 TEMP CAWELK0170 27.0C
		2 HUMIDITYPDU2 HUM I CAWELK0170 47%
		3 TEMPERATURE3PDU2 TEMP CAWELK0170 26.0C
		4 Sigma_T4 TEMP C25JB00002 27.0C
		5 Sigma_H1 HUMI C25JB00002 45%
dev ledstrip [on/off]	Turns on/off the ledstrip	EN2.0>dev ledstrip on SUCCESS
dev powershare	Displays the status of	EN2.0>dev power share SUCCESS
	PDU power share	PDU 1:
		Downstream: 0
		Upstream: 1
		Mains: 1
		PDU 2: Downstream: 1
		Upstream: 1
		Mains: 1
		PDU 3:
		Downstream: 1
		Upstream: 1
		Mains: 1
dev powershare [pduID]	Displays the status of	EN2.0>dev power share SUCCESS
func [on/off]	PDU power share	PDU 1:
		Downstream: 0
		Upstream: 1
		Mains: 1
		PDU 2:
		Downstream: 1
		Upstream: 1
		Mains: 1 PDU 3:
		Downstream: 1
		Upstream: 1
		Mains: 1
dev handle [pduID]	Enables handle function	EN2.0>dev handle 1 hot lock
[cold/hot] [lock/unlock]		SUCCESS
	I	

Dev Commands	Description	Example
dev hid [cold/hot] [lock/	Displays the PDU Rack Access details	EN2.0>dev hid 1
unlock]		SUCCESS
	Locks/Unlocks the HID	EN2.0>dev hid 1 hot unlock
		SUCCESS
dev tempscale [get/set] [c/f]	Display information about the Temperature	EN2.0>dev tempscale get SUCCESS Temperature Scale : Celsius
	scale and set the temperature scale unit	EN2.0>dev tempscale set f SUCCESS
dev rcm [PDUID]		EN2.0>dev rcm 1 status
[status/fwver/hwver/self		RCM support is enabled for PDU 1
test [start/result]]		RCM Communication status is OK
		SUCCESS
		EN2.0>dev rcm 1 fwver
		RCM Firmware version :53
		SUCCESS
		EN2.0>dev rcm 1 hwver
		RCM Hardware version :16
		SUCCESS
		EN2.0>dev rcm 1 selftest start
		RCM self test initiated successfully for PDU 1
		SUCCESS
		EN2.0>dev rcm 1 selftest result
		Last Self Test has Passed
		SUCCESS

Dev Commands	Description	Example
dev olp [pduID] get	Get Overload Prevention configured values.	EN2.0>dev olp 1 get
		SUCCESS
		PDU 1 OLP status:
		OverLoad Prevention is disabled
		OLP load rating: 60
		OLP Threshold: 5
		OLP reset timer: 60
		EN2.0>
dev olp [pduid] set	Set the Overload	EN2.0>dev olp 1 set
[LoadRating	Prevention values.	Load Rating should be b/w 1 VA and Max SKU
OverloadThreshold ResetTimer]		Power rating in VA
dev olp [pduID] [on/off]	Enable or disable the Overload Prevention values.	EN2.0>dev olp 1 on
		SUCCESS
		EN2.0>

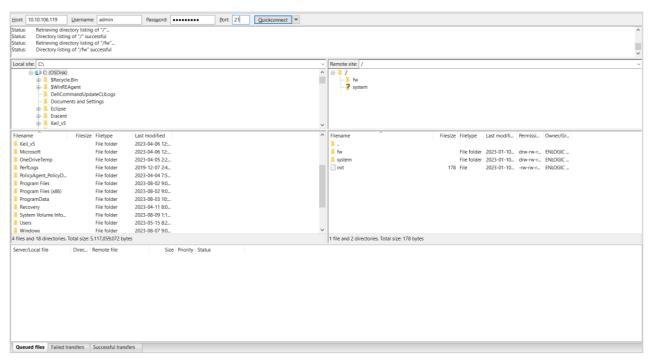
PWR COMMANDS

Dev Commands	Description	Example
pwr unit [idx]	Displays Power readings for the PDU	EN2.0>pwr unit 2 SUCCESS UNIT power Feature voltage: 217.0 V current: 0.0 A activepower: 0.0 W apparentpower: 0.0 VA powerfactor: 1.00 energy: 0.201 kWh
pwr [outlet/phase/cb] [pduid] [idx]	Displays the power readings	EN2.0>pwr outlet 1 3 SUCCESS PDU ID 1: OUTLET 3 power Feature voltage : 0.0V current : 0.0A activepower : 0.0W apparentpower: 0.0VA powerfactor : 0.00 energy : 0.000kWh EN2.0>pwr phase 1 2 SUCCESS PDU ID 1: PHASE 2 power Feature voltage : 0.0V current : 0.0A activepower : 0.0W apparentpower: 0.0VA powerfactor : 1.00 energy : 0.000kWh EN2.0>pwr cb 1 3 SUCCESS PDU ID 1: CB 3 power Feature voltage : 0.0V current : 0.0A activepower : 0.0VA powerfactor : 1.00 energy : 0.00A
pwr rcm [pduid]	Display RCM Current for the PDU	EN2.0>pwr rcm 1 RCM CURRENT:3 mA

FTPS

File Transfer Protocol is used to transfer files from the PDU file system into the local drives under a secure network and vice-versa.

1. Enable the FTPS Access through Web UI



- 2. Enter the IP address of the PDU at the Host.
- 3. Enter the **Username** and **Password** of a person with the role having administrative privileges.
- 4. Enter the Port number set for the FTPS.
- 5. Click the Quickconnect button to connect the PDU and Local Drive through the FTPS Client.
- 6. The Local Site containing the local drives and Remote Site containing the PDU file system comes to view.
- 7. Using Drag and Drop we can transfer the files between Local and **Remote site**. We can also use right click and select the upload and download function to perform the file transfer.

SENSORS

The Advantage Secure PDU can monitor conditions (environment and security) with Enlogic's sensors. Sensors are connected to the Advantage Secure PDU through the RJ45 connection or Sensor Input Hub, which can connect to three additional sensors. Following are the sensors available:

- Temperature Sensor
- Temperature and Humidity Sensor
- (3) Temperature + (1) Humidity Sensor
- Sensor Input Hub (3 sensor inputs)
- Door Switch Sensor
- Dry Contact Cable
- Spot Fluid Leak Sensor
- Rope Fluid Leak Sensor
- LED Light Strip Sensor
- Air flow Sensor
- Alarm Beacon Sensor
- RJ45-DB9 Cable
- USB to RS232 Cable
- HID RACK Access kit
- ehandle with RFID
- ehandle with RFID + PIN

SENSOR OVERVIEW

nVent Enlogic sensors allow the users and administrators to monitor, report, and alarm specific conditions in and around a PDU, Inline Meter, and server rack. Conditions such as temperature, humidity, leak, and switches are vital aspects of maintaining an efficient- working data center atmosphere.

nVent Enlogic iPDUs and Inline Meters are designed to collect a maximum of 10 sensor measurements

1. Plug the sensor into the PDU through the RJ45 connection or Sensor Input Hub.

Note: It can take 1-3 minutes (depending on model and configuration) for PDU to recognize the sensor.

- 2. Log in to the Enlogic Web UI. (The sensors are identified and displayed, after login).
- 3. Identify each sensor through the serial number in the External Sensors section of the Enlogic Web UI.
- 4. Make sure that the Advantage Secure PDU begins to automatically manage sensors. If the sensors are not auto managed, refer to the **Viewing and Managing Sensor Information** section.
- 5. Click **Setup** button to configure the sensor name, description, location, and alarm setup. Refer to the **Viewing** and **Managing Sensor Information** section for more information.

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY SENSOR INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS (EA9102, EA9103, AND

EA9105)

1. Secure the sensor box to the perforated rack enclosure door by threading a cable tie through the recessed channel in the sensor box and door.

Note: There are two recessed channels on the back of the sensor box, which is included with a magnet to secure the sensor.

- 2. Secure the RJ45 cable along with the desired path to the PDU using the remaining cable ties.
- 3. For the 3 Temperature and 1 Humidity sensors (model EA9105) only: Secure the two additional temperature probes near the top and the bottom of the perforated rack enclosure door using the cable ties.
- 4. Use the RJ45 Quick Disconnect Coupler and Ethernet Cable to extend the length of the sensor input cable and/or to serve as an easy disconnect point for rack door removal. Refer to the Advantage Secure User Manual for instructions on, how to create custom cord lengths using the RJ45 Quick Disconnect Coupler.

Note: Use either the 1.8m Ethernet cable included with the Enlogic sensor or any other CAT5 or CAT6 Ethernet cable with a standard RJ45 plug.

5. Plug the sensor cable into the Sensor 1 or Sensor 2 port on the PDU/Inline Energy Meter or the Sensor Hub (model EA9106).

Note: It can take 1-3 minutes (depending on model and configuration) for PDU to recognize the sensor.

6. The nVent Enlogic sensor is installed and ready for use.

SENSOR INPUT HUB INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS (EA9106)

1. Secure the sensor box to the perforated rack enclosure door by threading a cable tie through the recessed channel in the sensor box and door.

Note: There are two recessed channels on back of the sensor box, which includes the magnet to secure the sensor.

- 2. Secure the RJ45 cable along the desired path to the PDU using the remaining cable ties.
- 3. For the 3 Temperature and 1 Humidity sensors (model EA9105) only: Secure the two additional temperature probes near the top and the bottom of the perforated rack enclosure door using the cable ties.
- 4. Use the RJ45 Quick Disconnect Coupler and an Ethernet cable to extend the length of the sensor input cable and/or to serve as an easy disconnect point for rack door removal. Refer to the
- 5. Advantage Secure User Manual for instructions on how to create custom cord lengths using the RJ45 Quick Disconnect Coupler.

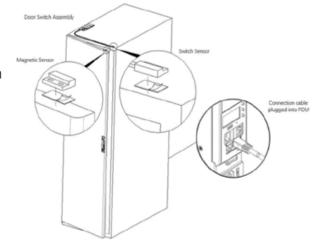
Note: Use either the 1.8m Ethernet cable included with the Enlogic sensor or any other CAT5 or CAT6 Ethernet cable with a standard RJ45 plug.

6. Plug the sensor cable into the Sensor 1 or Sensor 2 port on the PDU/Inline Energy Meter or the Sensor Hub (model EA9106).

DOOR SWITCH SENSOR INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS (EA9109)

Top Door Mounting Option

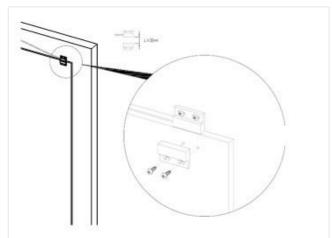
- 1. Attach the door switch assembly to the top of the rack using the Adhesive backed mount and cable ties.
- Attach the Switch Sensor to the top corner of the rack (on the side that the rack door will close) using double-sided tape. Secure the cable to the top of the rack using cable ties.
- 3. Attach the Magnetic Sensor to the rack door using double-sided tape.
- 4. Thread the sensor connection cable through the rack. Secure the cable with cable ties. Plug the cable into a sensor port on the PDU.



- 5. Log into the Web Interface, or Serial to manage the door sensor alarm and notification settings. The sensor is designed to alarm if the door is opened more than 10 mm.
- 6. Attach the Door Switch assembly to the top of the rack using the Adhesive backed mount and cable ties.
- 7. Attach the Switch Sensor to the inside of the rack (on the side that the rack door will close) using 4 screws (FS00041). Secure the cable to the top of the rack using cable ties.
- 8. Attach the Magnetic Sensor to the rack door using screws.
- 9. Thread the sensor connection cable through the rack. Secure the cable with cable ties. Plug the cable into a sensor port on the PDU.
- 10. Log into the Web Interface, or Serial to manage the door sensor alarm and notification settings. The sensor is designed to alarm if the door is opened more than 10 mm.

DOOR MOUNTING OPTION

- 1. Attach the Door Switch assembly to the top of a door jamb using the Adhesive backed mount and cable ties.
- 2. Attach the Switch Sensor to the door (on the side that the rack do0g50000000000vv0or will close) using the 4 screws (FS00041). Secure the cable to the top of the rack using cable ties.
- 3. Attach the Magnetic Sensor to the rack door using screws
- 4. Thread the sensor connection cable through the rack. Secure the cable with cable ties. Plug the cable into a sensor port on the PDU.
- 5. Log into the Web Interface, or Serial to manage the Door Sensor alarm and notification settings. The sensor is designed to alarm if the door is opened more than 10 mm.



DRY CONTACT CABLE INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS (EA9110)

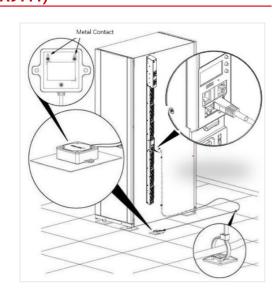
- 1. Attach the open wire leads on the dry contact cable to a dry contact sensor. Refer to instructions for the dry contact sensor for this step.
- 2. Connect the RJ-45 jack of the nVent Enlogic Dry Contact Cable to a sensor port on the PDU, Inline Energy Meter, or Sensor Hub (model EA9106).
- 3. Go to the nVent Enlogic Web UI to setup specific conditions to monitor and alarm for this sensor.

SPOT FLUID LEAK SENSOR INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS (EA9111)

1. Place the fluid sensor on the surface to be monitored. Secure the cable using cable ties and/or adhesive mounts.

Note: The Spot Fluid Leak Sensor uses electronic circuits to detect the presence of liquid. Certain materials, such as metal surfaces or cement floor, can activate a false leak signal. To avoid this occurrence, place the sensor on the installation pad, (provided). The installation pad is best to install on a clean, dry surface.

- 2. Plug the RJ-45 cable into a sensor port on the nVent Enlogic iPDU, Inline Energy Meter, or Sensor Hub (model EA9106).
- 3. Go to the nVent Enlogic Web UI to setup specific conditions to monitor and alarm for this sensor.



ROPE FLUID LEAK SENSOR INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS (EA9112)

- 1. Connect the RJ-45 jack on the Rope Fluid Leak Sensor assembly to a sensor port on the Enlogic iPDU, Inline Energy Meter, or Sensor Hub (model EA9106).
- 2. Thread the Rope Fluid Leak Sensor cable (EW00253) through the rack and along the desired path of detection.

Note: Up to 5 Rope Fluid Leak Sensor Cables can be connected to lengthen the detection zone. These can be purchased through Enlogic.

3. Secure the Rope Fluid Leak Sensor cable to the rack and ground using the cable ties and/or adhesive mounting strips provided.

Note:

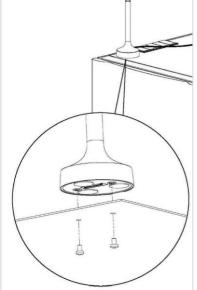
- The wire mount (shown here) is for installation on the floor or ground surface. This must be used in the detection area.
- If mounting to a cabinet or wall, use the adhesive-backed mount (provided). The adhesive backed is mounted in the detection area to prevent and notify delay leakage.

AIR FLOW SENSOR INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS (EA9205)

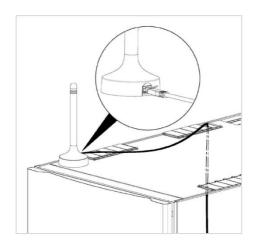
- 18. Secure the sensor box to the perforated rack enclosure door by threading a cable tie through the recessed channel in the sensor box and through the door.
- 19. Note: There are two recessed channels on the back of the sensor box which also includes a magnet to help secure the sensor.
- 20. Connect the RJ45 cable along the desired path to the PDU using the remaining cable ties.
- 21. Use the RJ45 Quick Disconnect Coupler of the sensor input cable and/or to serve as an easy disconnect point for rack door removal. Refer to the EN Series User Manual for instructions on how to create custom cord lengths using the RJ45 Quick Disconnect Coupler.
- 22. Secure the cable to the vicinity of the MEMS flow sensor using cable ties.

ALARM BEACON INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS (EA9101)

- 23. The Enlogic Alarm Beacon is designed to create a visible alarm notification of a trouble condition (or other user-defined situation) in an effort to notify personnel quickly and efficiently. The Alarm Beacon can be extended (up to 30.5 m) using a standard RJ-45 coupling.
- 24. Attach the Alarm Beacon to the top of the rack using the attached magnet or M5 screws.
- 25. Connect the network cable (EW00133) to the Alarm Beacon. Thread this cable down through the rack.



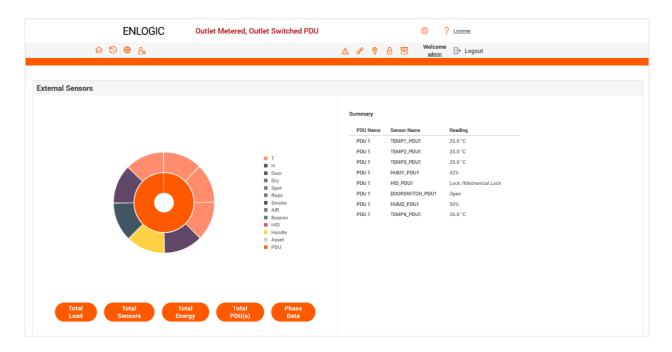
26. Plug the other end of the network cable into the Sensor 1 or Sensor 2 port on the PDU/Inline Energy Meter or the Sensor Hub



DETECTING SENSORS

The sensor serial number is listed in the Enlogic Web UI when the sensor is detected. To identify each detected sensor:

- 1. Go to Overview/Dashboard
- 2. Select Total Sensors to view all connected sensors



CONFIGURING SENSORS

To configure the sensor name, location, alarms, notifications, and details, open the Web UI:

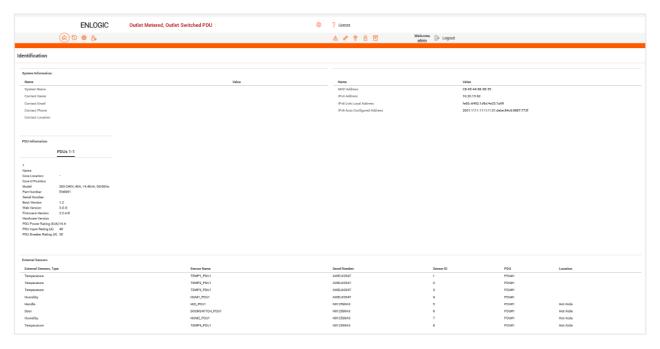
- 1. Go to **Dashboard** to view all connected external sensors.
- 2. Select **Total Sensors** to view the External Sensors page.
- 3. Go to Settings -> Threshold -> External Sensors to configure.
- 4. In the **Edit** dialog box, type new data in the following fields, (for example in the 3 Temperature and 1 Humidity sensor):
- High Critical
- High Warning
- Low Warning
- Low Critical
- 5. Click **Save** to complete the sensor setup. Repeat this process for additional sensors.

VIEWING AND MANAGING SENSOR INFORMATION

Readings of the sensors are available in the Enlogic Web UI when they are connected properly. The main Dashboard page and External Sensors page show the connected sensors information.

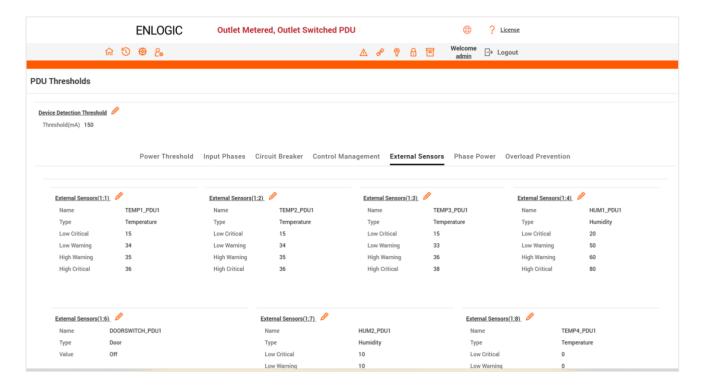
To View Connected Sensors

- 1. Open the Dashboard.
- 2. View the External Sensors section on the Dashboard page to see:
 - A list of sensors, which can be connected.
 - Information of each managed sensor: Sensor Name, Location, and Measurement.
- 3. Go to Overview/Identification (bottom of the page shows all connected sensors).
- 4. Below information is displayed for each connected sensor:
 - Type
 - Name
 - Serial number
 - ID
 - PDU Name
 - Location



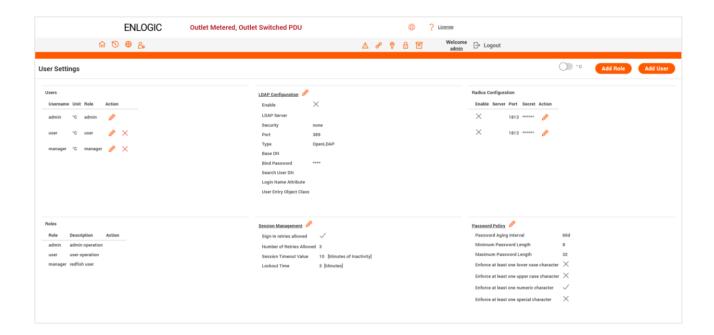
EDIT EXTERNAL SENSOR THRESHOLD

- 1. Go to **Settings>>Thresholds** to view all connected external sensors.
- 2. In the External Sensor section, select the sensor to edit.
- 3. Click Edit icon in the Action field.
- 4. Type new data in the following fields, for example in the 3 Temperature & 1 Humidity sensor:
 - High Critical
 - High Warning
 - Low Warning
 - Low Critical
- 5. Click Save to proceed further.

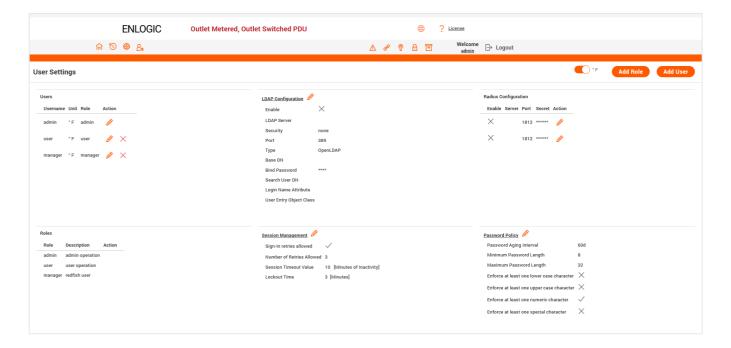


TOGGLE TEMPERATURE UNITS BETWEEN CELSIUS & FAHRENHEIT

- 1. Go to User **Settings** page.
- 2. On the top-right corner, a toggle button is displayed.
- 3. Click and Toggle between Celsius C° to Fahrenheit F° based on the requirements.
- 4. Click and Toggle on Celsius C° and view the temperature information stored in Celsius°



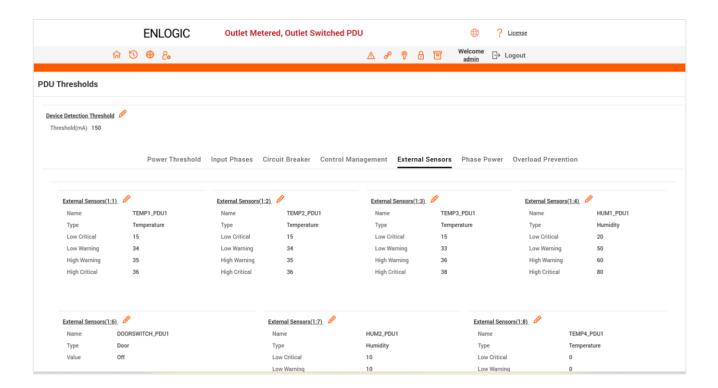
5. Click and Toggle on Fahrenheit F° and view the temperature information stored in Fahrenheit°



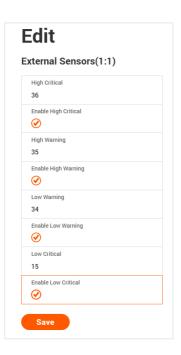
MONITORING THE EXTERNAL SENSOR

You can view the sensor details including name, location, value, etc.

1. From the Dashboard in the Web Interface, go to the **External Sensors** section or **Settings/PDU thresholds** to view all connected external sensors to view details.



- 2. Choose the External Sensors tab in the PDU Threshold page.
- 3. Click the / icon to edit/change the External Sensors Settings,
 - High Critical
 - Enable High Critical
 - High Warning (W)
 - Enable High Warning (W)
 - Low Warning (W)
 - Enable Low Warning (W)
 - Low Critical (W)
 - Enable Low Critical (W)
- 4. Click Save button to complete the setting.
- 5. Repeat the steps for all PDUs.



DAISY CHAIN AND RNA-REDUNDANT NETWORK ACCESS

Daisy-Chain Functionality

In daisy chain mode, up to **64** PDUs can be connected via one (1) IP address. This allows the user to gather information and data of all daisy chained PDUs from the master PDU.

The daisy chain functionality reduces the network services cost for PDUs. For example, a standard network switch is used in a data center can contain 24 ports. Without using the daisy chain function, each port supplies network services to one (1) PDU. However,

if using the daisy chain features of Enlogic, a typical network switch with 24 ports can supply network services for up to **1536** PDUs.

Daisy-Chain Setup

1. Follow below steps to setup the connection up to 64 PDUs of the same SKU via single IP address: Configure the PDU, which is first in line on the Daisy Chain.

Note: Refer to the Network Settings section for more information.

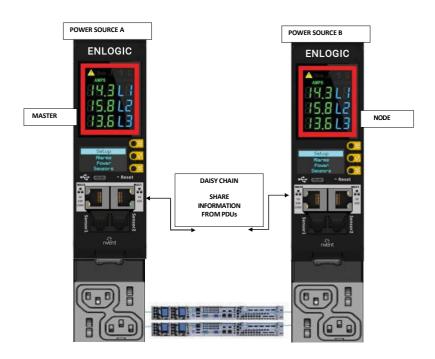
- 2. After the initial PDU is configured, connect the Ethernet cord from the 10/100 port (on the configured PDU) to the 10/100/1000 port (on the second PDU) in the daisy chain line.
- 3. Repeat step 2, connecting PDUs from the 10/100 port to the 10/100/1000 port for up to 64 PDUs.

Note: The length of the Ethernet cords connecting the PDUs must be less than 6 m (20 ft.).

4. By default, the Daisy Chain command is enabled in the PDU configuration file and default mode of the PDU is QNA. Go to the **web interface** (or management software) to manage and control the PDUs in the Daisy Chain.

RNA (REDUNDANT NETWORK ACCESS) FUNCTIONALITY

nVent Enlogic RNA allows secure access of PDU data and statistics on two separate private networks. RNA is used with a redundant power delivery design including two rack PDUs for each IT rack. PDUs are used in RNA applications that must be of the same SKU.



HOW IT WORKS

- Using nVent Enlogic RNA, the landlord and tenant maintain two separate private networks that do not overlap.
- nVent Enlogic RNA works using a redundant power delivery design (i.e., two rack PDUs for each IT rack).
- Each PDU is separately connected to the Tenant or Landlord's private communications network.
- The two PDUs are connected with the data communications bus to allow PDUs to share user- defined information.
- Each PDU acts like a master PDU to report PDU data to both networks.

RNA SETUP

To setup RNA mode on Daisy chain setup the user must,

- 1. Configure the PDU for RNA Mode (using CLI).
- 2. Connect the LAN Network cords and Ethernet cords between PDUs.

TO CONNECT PDUS FOR RNA SETUP

After the PDUs are configured for RNA

- 1. Connect the LAN network cable from network switch to the PDU1 Port1.
- 2. Connect another LAN NETWORK cable to Port 2 of last PDU in the daisy chain setup.
- 3. Connect the Ethernet cable from the Landlord PDU port 2 to Tenant PDU port 1 (to establish daisy chain connection).
- 4. Next step is to configure RNA mode to establish RNA connection.

TO CONFIGURE RNA MODE IN THE CLI

- 1. Login to the CLI and type the command 'dev daisy rna' on the last PDU of daisy chain setup.
- 2. The following message will appear: SUCCESS System Reboot now, Are you sure? (Y/N)
- 3. Type Y to confirm reboot.
- 4. After reboot, the PDU will be setup to RNA Mode.

Note: RNA mode enabled PDU's should not be placed in between the daisy chain system.

DAISY CHAIN AND RNA COMMANDS IN CLI

The following is a list of executable commands available in the CLI for nVent Enlogic RNA use only.

Command	Description	Example
dev daisy rna	Changes mode from daisy chain to RNA	EN2.0> dev daisy rna System Reboot now, Are you sure?(Y/ N):
dev daisy qna	Changes mode from RNA to daisy chain	EN2.0> dev daisy qna System Reboot now, Are you sure?(Y/ N):

ZERO TOUCH PROVISIONING (ZTP)

The **Zero Touch Provisioning (ZTP)** feature streamlines the configuration process for new PDUs deployed within a network, eliminating the need for manual intervention. ZTP is an effective solution for automating the deployment and configuration of PDUs in a network environment. Here are the key features:

- Eliminates manual work: ZTP removes the need for manual deployment of PDUs, making the process more efficient.
- Accelerates deployment: The automated nature of ZTP speeds up the deployment process.
- Reduces errors: By automating the configuration, ZTP minimizes the errors that are often associated with manual configuration.

Additionally, the firmware supports various protocols and configurations to ensure seamless operation:

- TFTP: The PDU firmware supports the Trivial File Transfer Protocol for downloading configuration and firmware files.
- DHCP Options: The firmware supports DHCP Option 43 (Vendor Specific Information) and Option 60 (Vendor Class Identifier).

ZTP is enabled by default. When the PDUs are powered on or ethernet cables are connected to eth0/eth1 ports, they receive TFTP server details in the DHCP OFFER response. Based on the content of the "control.cfg" file, the type of provisioning is determined (i.e., provisioning of conf only or provisioning of firmware only or provisioning of both conf and firmware).

- ZTP is attempted on each lease renewal as long as the DHCP server is active.
- ZTP works only if the PDU is not configured with a static IP address.
- The ZTP (Zero Touch Provisioning) process involves the PDU (Power Distribution Unit) accepting three
 options from the DHCP server, identified by the Vendor Class Identifier. These options must be configured
 before using the ZTP feature on the PDU. In a Linux environment, these details are found in the "dhcpd.conf"
 file
- The Vendor Class Identifier on the DHCP server should specify "ENLOGIC" as the identifier, matching the text in Option 60 of the DHCP DISCOVER message.

Options to be configured in DHCP server:

- 1. **IP Address of TFTP Server:** This is the IPv4 address of the TFTP server where the configuration and firmware files are stored.
- 2. **Magic Number:** Any number from 1 to (2^32-1) can be specified as the magic number. It serves as an identifier to determine when the PDU should be provisioned, preventing repeated provisioning with the same configuration and firmware files. The magic number on the DHCP server is compared with the one on the PDU, and provisioning occurs only if they differ. To re-enable provisioning on the same PDU, change the magic number on the DHCP server each time.
- 3. **Control File and Device List file Location:** This is the path where "control.cfg" and "devicelist.csv" files are stored on the TFTP server.

File Details:

- **Control.cfg File:** This file specifies what needs to be provisioned on the PDU, listing details in key-value pairs identified by the delimiter '='.
- **Devicelist.csv File:** This file lists the serial numbers of PDUs to be provisioned and optionally includes other details to be applied to the PDU being provisioned. If details are present, the PDU will be updated with the information listed against its serial number.

Configuration Details:

1. **Configuring DHCP Server:** Configure the DHCP server to support Option 43 (Vendor Specific Information) and Option 60 (Vendor Class Identifier). The DHCP server should include the IP address of the TFTP server, a magic number, and the control file path.

Sample DHCP server configuration details is shown in the below screenshot. The sample shows the TFTP server IP address as **192.168.1.10** (of type ip-address) and Magic number as "**0710240427**" (of type text) and control file path on the TFTP server as "**system**" (of type text).

```
set vendor-string = option vendor-class-identifier;
option space ENLOGIC hash size 3;
option ENLOGIC.pdu-tftp-server code 1 = ip-address;
option ENLOGIC.pdu-refid code 2 = text;
option ENLOGIC.pdu-control-file code 3 = text;

class "ENLOGIC" {
    match if substring(option vendor-class-identifier, 0, 10) = "ENLOGIC";
    option vendor-class-identifier "ENLOGIC";
    vendor-option-space ENLOGIC;
    option ENLOGIC.pdu-tftp-server 192.168.1.10;
    option ENLOGIC.pdu-refid "0710240427";
    option ENLOGIC.pdu-control-file "system";
}
```

Note: TFTP server IP, Magic number and Control file path on the TFTP server should be listed in the same order as shown in the screenshot

2. **Updating "control.cfg" in TFTP Server:** List the key-value pair details in the "control.cfg" file. The sample "control.cfg" file is shown in below screenshot.

```
# This is a config file to control ZTP Provisioning
# Specify ztp_provision as CONF for provisioning CONF file
# Specify ztp_provision as FW for provisioning FW file
# Specify ztp_provision as BOTH for provisioning both CONF and FW files
# Specify selective_provision as devicelist.csv for provisioning specific PDUs and NA for provisioning all PDUs
# Specify conf file path where conf.ini file is present in TFTP server for conf_file_path
# Specify FW file path where .fw file is present in TFTP server for fw_file_path

[General]
ztp_provision = BOTH
selective_provision = NA
conf_file_path = /system/conf
fw_file_path = /fw
```

The key-value pair details to be listed in the file are shown below:

- a. ztp_provision: Specifies what is being provisioned
- To provision only conf file, mention the value for key "ztp_provision" as CONF
- To provision only firmware file, mention the value for key "ztp_provision" as FW
- To provision both conf and firmware files, mention the value for key "ztp_provision" as BOTH
- b. **selective_provision:** Specifies any specific PDUs to be provisioned and also any additional details need to be configured after applying configuration from "conf.ini" file
- To provision specific PDUs, mention the value for key "selective_provision" as devicelist.csv (list of PDUs to provision should be included in file devicelist.csv)
- To provision all PDUs, mention the value for key "selective_provision" as NA
- c. **conf_file_path:** Specifies the path on the TFTP server where the conf.ini file is present. Mention the absolute path of conf.ini file on the TFTP server
- d. **fw_file_path**: Specifies the path on the TFTP server where the firmware file is present. Mention the absolute path of firmware file on the TFTP server.
- 3. **Updating "devicelist.csv" in TFTP Server:** Include the serial numbers of PDUs to be provisioned in the "devicelist.csv" file. If a static IP is listed against any serial number, it will be assigned to the PDU during provisioning.

The sample content of the file "devicelist.csv" is shown in the below screenshot

SN	SystemName	Eth0StaticIP	Eth0Subnet	Eth0Gateway	Eth1StaticIP	Eth1Subnet	Eth1Gateway	PanelName
EN1	PDU1	192.168.0.222	255.255.255.0	192.168.0.1				First
EN2	PDU2							Second
EN3	PDU3							Third
EN4	PDU4							Fourth
EN5	PDU5							Fifth
EN6	PDU6							Sixth
EN7	PDU7							Seventh
EN8	PDU8	192.168.0.221	255.255.255.0	192.168.0.1				Eighth
EN9	PDU9							Ninth
EN10	PDU10							Tenth
EN11	PDU11	192.168.0.200	255.255.255.0	192.168.0.2	192.168.0.201	255.255.255.0	192.168.0.1	Eleventh

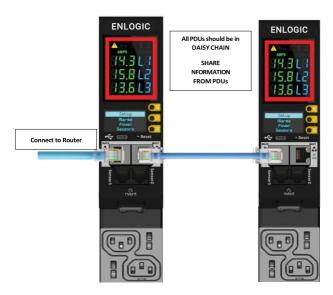
Note:

- 1. When specific PDUs need to be provisioned, include their serial numbers in the devicelist.csv file.
- 2. If a static IP is listed in the "devicelist.csv" file for any PDU's serial number, then during the provisioning of that specific PDU, the static IP along with all other details present in the file will be assigned to the PDU.
- 3. To ensure ZTP functions correctly, make sure the ethernet cable is connected to either eth0 or eth1 in the system. Since ZTP works with both eth0 and eth1, connecting the ethernet cable to both ports simultaneously may cause the system to attempt provisioning twice, leading to potential issues.

POWER SHARE OVER DAISY CHAIN PDUs

nVent Enlogic PDUs now come with a built-in failover power capability called "Power Share". This function makes sure that the consequences of any unforeseen outages or data center outages are minimized. By giving the NMC redundant power, the Power Share feature reduces the possibility of a power outage on one of the power feeds before it occurs and keeps an eye on the downstream daisy chained PDUs.

In this case, the PDUs share power via the same Ethernet connection that is used in a daisy chain, allowing the PDU to continue receiving DC power from the linked PDU even in the event that it loses AC power. In addition to the increased resilience and stability, this functionality allows the "lost power". PDU to continue maintaining network communications, sensor functions, and security operations.



Daisy Chain capabilities

Power share functionality is only enabled when establishing Daisy chain connections between PDUs. This function will be disabled when connecting to other external devices.

Users can also explicitly disable Power share from the WEBUI and command line interface.

- The optimization in the Power Share feature is designed to activate only when the corresponding component is identified as a PDU. It will occur exclusively between PDUs when it is been explicitly identified.
- When Power Share is disabled, there is no voltage flow. When Power Share is enabled and connected to a PDU in a daisy chain, the power share function is activated only if the PDU is daisy chained.
- Voltage will only be shared if the PDU is daisy chained. For devices other than PDUs, the voltage will not be shared even if the Power Share feature is enabled.

These changes aim to improve the reliability and functionality of the Power share feature while ensuring compliance with safety standards.

Note - The above changes apply to EN256 PDUs only.

FEATURES

nVent Enlogic firmware will support the following upcoming Power Share features:

- 1. nVent Enlogic Power Share feature helps customers understand downtime statistics during an outage and enhancing overall responsiveness.
- 2. Power Share also lowers the Mean Time to Repair (MTTR) by sending out timely notifications/alarms.
- 3. Users can set alerts and alarms, giving them crucial seconds to make decisions that will lessen accidental power interruptions.
- 4. SNMP, WEB UI, CLI and SSH are the four interfaces that can be used to monitor and control Power Share features. When the PDU is in Power Share mode this information is displayed in any/all of the above interfaces.
- 5. In the WEB UI, the Event logs also display that the PDU has lost its Main power and is in Power Share mode.
- 6. The downed controller receives redundant power via Power Share. As a consequence, visibility and network connectivity are maintained. The user can reach their destination more quickly and effectively since they are immediately notified of the fallen controller.
- 7. Power Share maintains connectivity to all downstream and upstream devices and keeps an eye on all sensor and power meter reading data. The fallen PDU's power reading would be the only thing unavailable.

LIMITATIONS

nVent Enlogic PDUs now come with a built-in failover power capability called **"Power Share"**. There are a few restrictions:

- 1. Only PDUs that are daisy chained—that is, linked to AC power—are eligible for the Power Share function. To power share PDUs, a Cat6 patch cable is used.
- 2. The PDU cannot share power with the PDUs next to it if it is currently consuming DC power.
- 3. In the case of an AC power source failure, each PDU has the capacity to supply DC power to power the sensors and network management electronics in the PDU [previous and next in sequence]. EG: In a 64 PDU daisy chain setup if the 50th PDU loses AC power, the 49th or 51st PDU will power share.
- 4. The Power Share feature never extends power beyond the adjacent PDUs.
- 5. Power Share allows power to be shared just with additional two NMC; power to the outlets is not shared and the outlet LED lights are turned off. This keeps both NMCs operating at maximum capacity. The alerts notify the user when a PDU loses power, this allows for a quick remediation by identifying where and when an outage occurs.
- 6. The Power Share feature of NMC helps mitigate the risks of a power loss on either power feed before they happen, maintains your visibility into daisy chained PDUs.

Please refer the **Questions and Answers (FAQs)** page below for some terminologies used in this section.

FIRMWARE UPDATE PROCEDURES

nVent Enlogic iPDUs and Inline Meters can be updated to support the most recent firmware by nVent Enlogic in a variety of ways.

USB METHOD

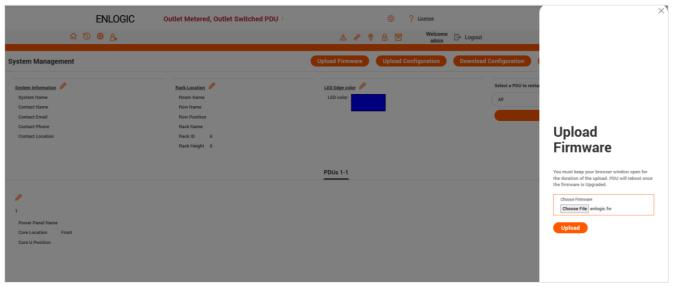
- 1. Go to www.enlogic.com and download the most recent Firmware version, a. 'enlogic.fw'.
- 2. Select Firmware Upload and click Yes to confirm.

Note: The OLED will show the Firmware update progress. It also shows the process of updating. When the update is complete, the PDU will automatically reboot.

3. Go to **Setup** and select **Device** and **Firmware** to confirm that the Firmware uploaded successfully.

WEB INTERFACE METHOD

- 1. Go to www.enlogic.com and download the most recent Firmware version, enlogic.fw . Save this file into a folder location.
- 2. Go to System management page and select the Upload Firmware option.
- 3. Select the PDU you want to upload firmware and upload the enlogic.fw file. **Note:** PDU will reboot, and Firmware upgrade will complete.



- 4. To access the PDU using an FTPS program, FTPS must be enabled through the PDU Web Interface or through CLI or through SSH.
- 5. In the Web Interface, go to Network Settings -> FTPS.
- 6 Select the check box to **enable FTPS Access**.
- 7. Login to an FTP program with a role with administration privileges.
- 8. Transfer the firmware file enlogic.fw to /fw folder.
- 9. Connect to the PDU via SSH using a program such as TeraTerm or PUTTY.
- 10. Login using a role with administration privileges.
- 11. Execute the CLI command "sys upd all" to perform the FW upload operation.

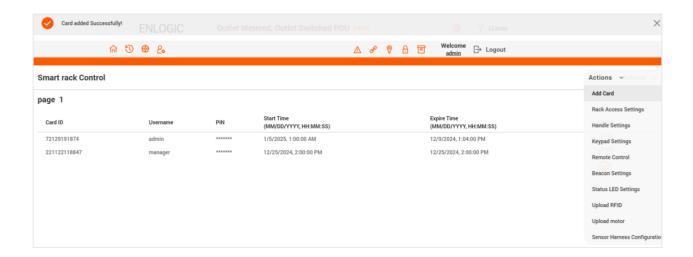
After reboot message indication in console, push the "Y" from the prompt (Y/N) displays for the PDU reboot.

Note: For Master PDU / Standalone configuration, at the (Y/N) prompt will be appeared for PDU reboot, type Y. When the upload is finished, the system will reboot automatically.

HANDLE UPDATE PROCEDURES

Web Interface Method

- 1. This page allows you to upgrade the **Handle RFID and Motor firmware** using the Smart Rack Control Page. In both cases after the firmware is updated PDU will be reset.
- 2. Click on the Settings icon to dropdown the Settings menu.
- 3. Select Smart Rack Control to view information.
- 4. Click on **Actions** button on the right side of the screen.



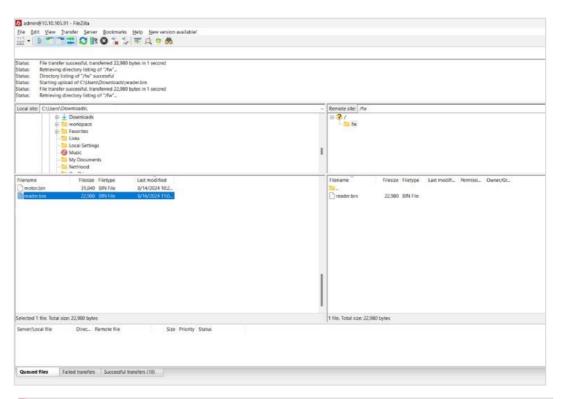
5. Select **Upload RFID** to upgrade the handle RFID firmware. Under the Choose Reader file, click Choose File and select 'reader.bin' file. Select the PDU id from the drop down menu. Click Upload button to start updating the firmware.

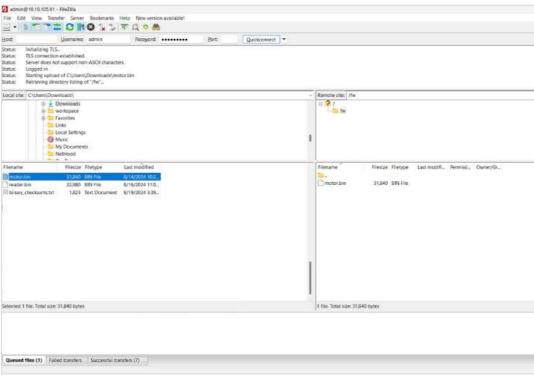


6. Select **Upload Motor** to upgrade the handle motor firmware. Under the Choose motor file, click Choose File and select 'motor.bin' file. Select the PDU id from the drop down menu. Click Upload button to start updating the firmware.

CLI/SSH Interface Method

- 1. To access the PDU using an FTPS program, FTPS must be enabled through the PDU Web Interface or through CLI or through SSH.
- 2. In the Web Interface, go to Network Settings -> FTPS.
- 3. Select the check box to enable FTPS Access.
- 4. Login to an FTP program with a role with administration privileges.
- 5. Transfer the firmware file reader.bin for RFID and motor.bin for Motor Firmware update respectively to /fw folder.





- 6. Connect to the PDU via SSH using a program such as TeraTerm or PUTTY.
- 7. Login using a role with administration privileges.
- 8. Execute the CLI/SSH command for RFID "sys updatehid rfid 1 1" to perform the FW upload operation.
- 9. Execute the CLI/SSH command for Motor "sys updatehid motor 1 1" to perform the FW upload operation.

Note: Refer the CLI commands table on page for all the CLI/SSH commands for handle RFID and Motor updates.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS (FAQS)

Q1. What are the differences between Advantage Series and Advantage Secure PDUs (or NMCs)?"

Answer: Advantage Secure is a new offering that adds a cybersecurity feature called Secure Boot. This adds hardware support to provide a "root of trust" that increases protection against attempts to load non-authenticated firmware to the PDU. It also adds additional flash memory for future use.

Q2. Are there any changes to the firmware file's format from earlier iterations for the Enlogic Firmware?

Answer: Unlike previous compressed or zipped files [.tar/.zip], the firmware file for all new versions will be provided in the enlogic.fw format.

Q3. How can we upgrade current or new NMCs to the latest firmware version 3.2.5?

Answer: Follow the steps mentioned before for the current in use

or new NMCs: The firmware upgrades should be performed in the

following order for

Advantage Series NMCs:

- Verify if the existing firmware versions are 2.0.6.7/ 2.0.7.6 or below these versions.
- Upgrade to the Firmware version is 2.0.6.7/ 2.0.7.6, use the following process and upgrade to the latest firmware version 3.2.5.
- Upgrade Bridge firmware 3.0.0.2 using the update folder in the USB, or enlogic.tar using the WEBUI & FTPS.
- From 3.0.0.2, [bridge firmware] flash new firmware 3.2.5 use enlogic.fw using USB, WEBUI & FTPS.
- USB firmware upgrade option is recommended.
- USB should be in FAT32 file system, no other files to be present during firmware upgrade.
- It is recommended to upgrade the firmware always on standalone PDU.
- If PDUs are daisy chained detach the daisy chain cable and then upgrade the firmware.

Advantage Secure NMCs:

- Firmware version 3.0.4.
- From 3.0.4, to flash new firmware 3.2.5 use enlogic.fw using USB, WEBUI & FTPS.
- USB firmware upgrade is recommended.
- USB should be in FAT32 file system, no other files to be present during firmware upgrade.
- It is recommended to upgrade the firmware always on standalone PDU.
- If PDUs are daisy chained detach the daisy chain cable and then upgrade the firmware.

Q4. When updating from a lower firmware version to a version 3.1.3 or later, are there any specific actions recommended?

Answer: It is recommended for users to execute the command "dbg energyclr", to erase all previously saved energy accumulation values from the PDU. Customer service can assist by providing a script that can accommodate a list of PDU addresses.

Q5. When updating from a lower firmware version to a version 3.1.3 or later, can the firmware then be downgraded to a previous version?

Answer: Due to underlying file system improvements made in version 3.1.3, downgrades to a previous firmware version are not supported.

Q6. Can older iPDUs support the new Advantage Secure NMCs and Hot Swapping?

Answer: Older iPDU's NMCs cannot be hot swapped with the new Advantage Secure NMCs.

Q7. After updating firmware to a new version, can I use a configuration file created from the previous firmware version?

Answer: After flashing the new Firmware, previously stored configuration files cannot be used.

Q8. Will the MIB files in the new Firmware support IPv6 addresses?

Answer: The new Firmware will support a new MIB file that contains IPv6 addresses.

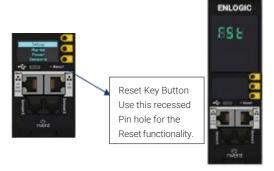
Q9. Could we understand some of the Power Share Terminologies in this document?

Acronym	Abbreviation
Power Share function	Parameter used to enable and/or disable Power Share mode
AC	Alternating Current/Standard electricity provided to devices
DC	Direct Current/One-directional flow of electric charge
Main Power	AC Power incoming from main supply to a PDU
Backup Power	Power supplied by an adjacent controller during Mains power loss
Upstream	Power sharing capability of a PDU to its preceding PDU
Downstream	Power sharing capability of a master PDU to the next/succeeding PDU
Cat6 patch cable	Cat6 Ethernet cable is a network cable used for connecting devices or PDUs
MTTR (mean time to repair)	MTTR (mean time to repair) is the average time it takes to repair a system (usually technical or mechanical). It includes both the repair time and any testing time.

Q10. What should a user do if they see an iPDU transitioning into an unknown state?

Answer: If this happens, the user can perform a soft RESET on the iPDU.

NMC Reboot [RST]	Use a pin, press, and hold the recessed RESET key button for about 8 seconds, which will initiate
	the reset option without changing any configuration values. The OLED display will show the RST during this operation.



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