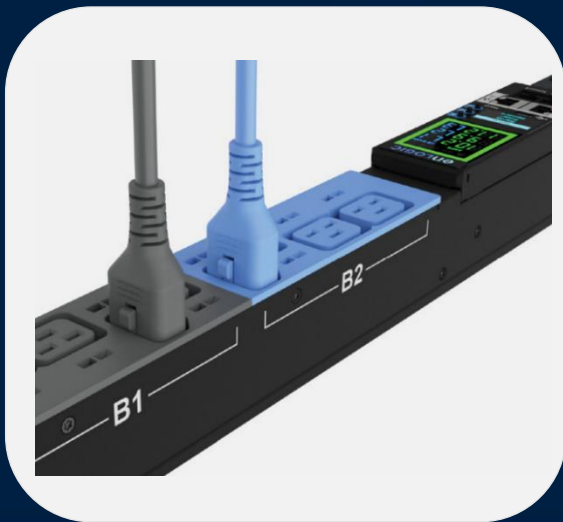
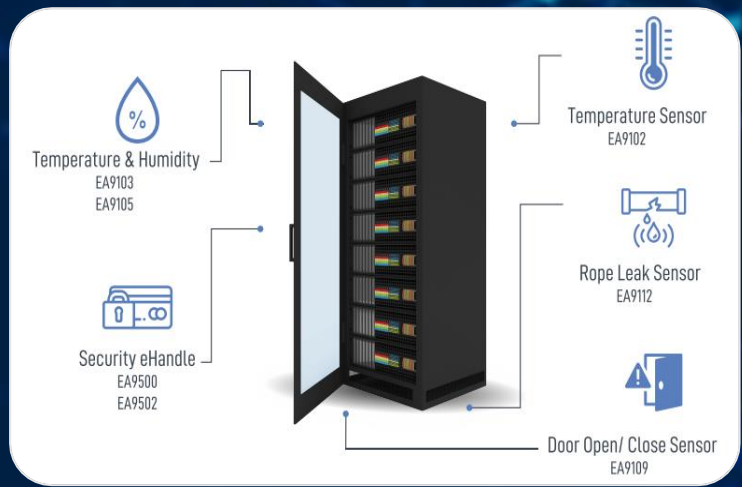


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Advantage & Secure

Power Distribution Units

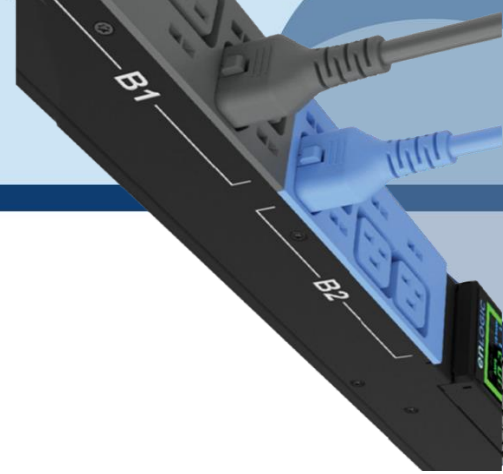
USER MANUAL VERSION 1.3

Revision History

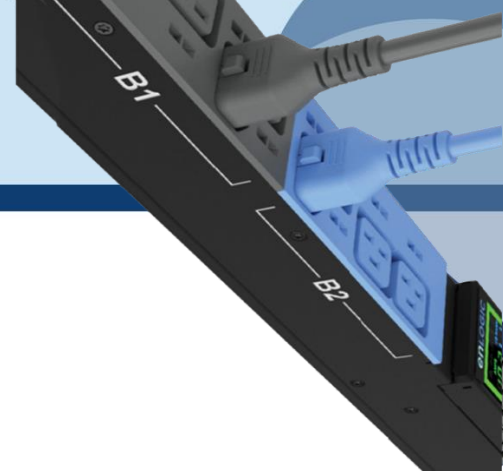
Versions	Dates	Updates
V1.0	25.09.2023	Preliminary Release
V1.1	18.12.2023	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• CLI Commands• Questions & Answers only
V1.2	13.03.2024	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Seven Segment Alarms• NTP Commands• Power Share Features• Curl Commands• Questions & Answers
V1.3	20.05.2024	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• OMB Syslog• Secondary Radius Server• LDAPS Configuration• Secure Copy Protocol [SCP]• TELNET• HTTP/HTTPS redirection• Web UI Improvements – Power Share, Phase Power tab, Phase Data, Outlet & CB Management• Redfish New URLs• Curl Commands - Sys, User, Dev, Net, Pwr commands updated

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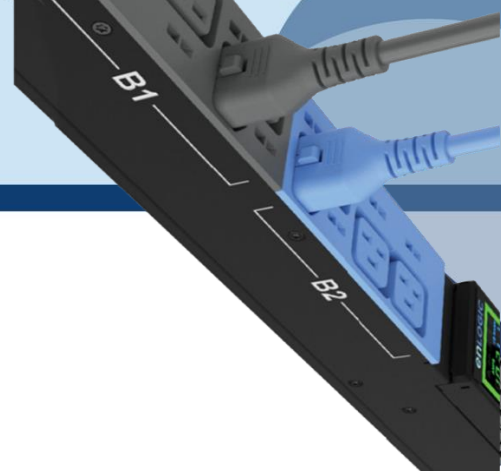
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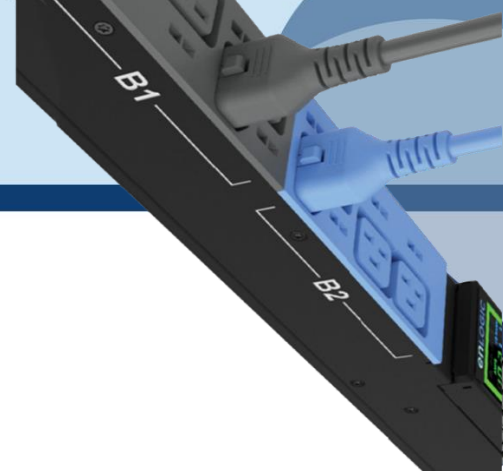
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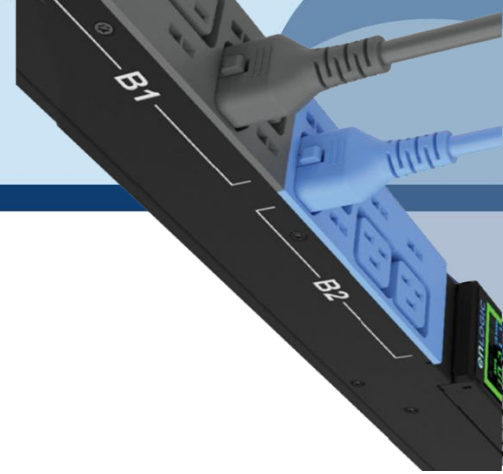
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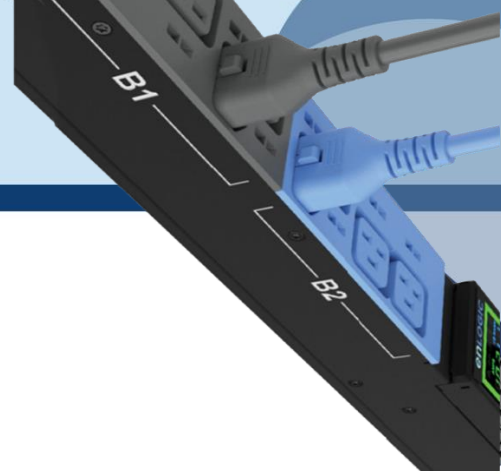
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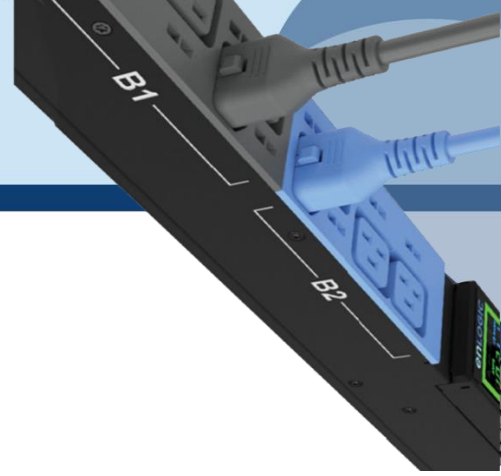
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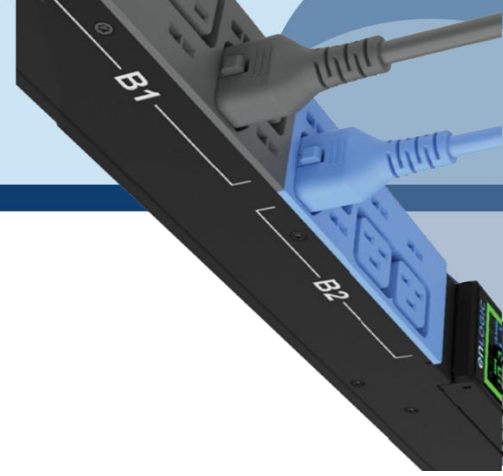
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Statutory Information



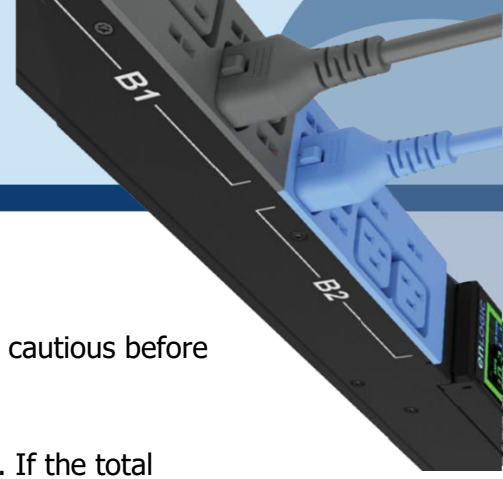
Safety Instruction

General Safety Instructions

- This Power Distribution Unit (PDU) unit is intended to provide power to the IT equipment only. Do not connect the secondary power units to the outlets of the PDU.
- It is recommended not to operate the system with Internet from a public network, but with an internal network protected externally with firewalls.
- When remote accesses are deployed, select a secure access path, such as VPN (Virtual Private Network) or HTTPS.
- Ensure that the current Enlogic firmware is installed on all Enlogic iPDUs.
- Restrict access authorizations to networks and systems to only persons that need an authorization and disable unused user accounts.
- This product generates, uses, and radiates radio frequency energy, which can cause harmful interference to radio communications if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

Installation and Operation Safety Instructions

- Assembly and installation of the PDU may only be performed by experienced, trained, and authorized personnel.
- Please observe the valid regulations for electrical installation in the country in which the PDU is installed and operated, and the national regulations for accident prevention. Please also observe any internal company regulations, such as work, operating and safety regulations.
- Operating the system in direct contact with water, aggressive materials or inflammable gases and vapors is prohibited.
- The PDU must not be opened. It does not contain any parts that need servicing.

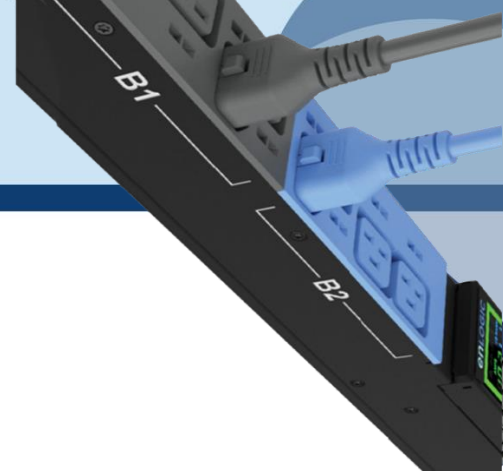


- Internal parts of the PDU can get extremely hot during operation. Be cautious before handling.
- There is a risk of electrical shock from the ground conductor leakage. If the total leakage current exceeds 3.5 mA or if leakage current of the connected load is unknown, connect the ground terminal of the PDU to a dependable ground/earth connection.
- This equipment must be connected to an electrical supply with protected ground outlets and a branch circuit breaker with the same current rating as the equipment. Test all outlets for proper polarity and grounding. Failure to comply with this requirement can result in severe injury.
- Use only original Enlogic accessories or products recommended by Enlogic along with the Enlogic iPDU.
- Changes and modifications to this equipment can affect the warranty. Enlogic is not responsible for damage to this product, resulting from accident, disaster, or misuse.

Safety Instructions – Disclaimer

Enlogic by nVent accepts no liability for any errors in this documentation. To the maximum extent permissible by law, any liability for damage, direct or indirect, arising from the supply or use of this documentation is excluded.

Enlogic by nVent retains the right to modify this document, including the liability disclaimer, at any time without notice and accepts no liability for any consequences of such alterations.



Safety Symbols

In these original operating instructions, warning notices point out residual risks that cannot be avoided by constructive means when installing or operating the Enlogic iPDU. The warning notices are classified according to severity of the damage occurring and its statistic occurrence.


DANGER

 DANGER	
Symbol	Brief description of the danger The signal word DANGER indicates an immediate danger. Non-observance will result in severe injuries or death.

WARNING

 WARNING	
Symbol	Brief description of the danger The signal word WARNING indicates danger. Non-observance can lead to severe injury or death.

CAUTION

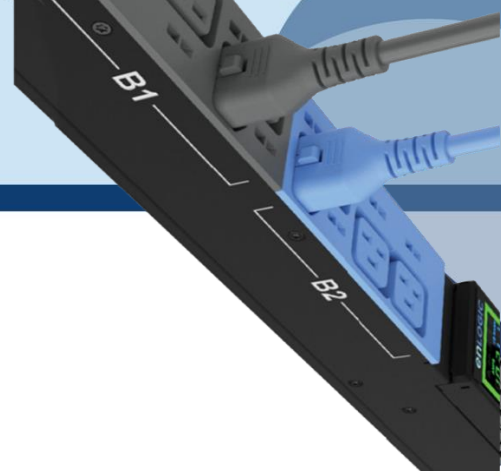
 CAUTION	
Symbol	Brief description of the danger The signal word CAUTION indicates a danger. Non-observance can lead to injuries.

ATTENTION

ATTENTION	
Brief description The signal word ATTENTION indicates damages to equipment. Non-observance can lead to damage to the device.	



Important Information



Safety Information for Operators

Only trained specialists are authorized to carry out assembly, commissioning, completion, maintenance, and service of the Enlogic iPDU. The nationally applicable health and safety regulations must be adhered as well.

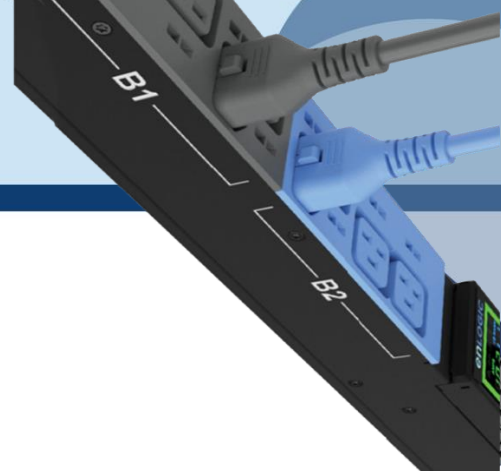
WARNING



Risk of injury due to insufficient personal protective equipment

If you use wrong / no protective equipment at all, serious injuries are possible.

- Wear protective equipment adapted to the work processes.
- Check the protective equipment before each use to ensure that it is intact!
- Use only approved protective equipment.



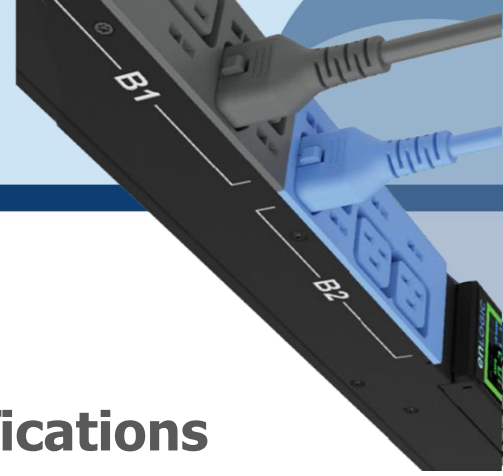
Product Labels and Standards

This equipment has been evaluated and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the **FCC** Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment.



This product is CE compliant, and UL tested. An appropriate declaration of conformity has been issued and can be supplied on request.

The Power Cable of this product must be used exclusively for the respective PDU only.



References and Architecture Specifications

Related Documents

This product meets the requirements of the following specifications:

Electromagnetic Compatibility

The requirements of the following EMC standards for electrical equipment are fulfilled and verified via an independent EMC test laboratory.

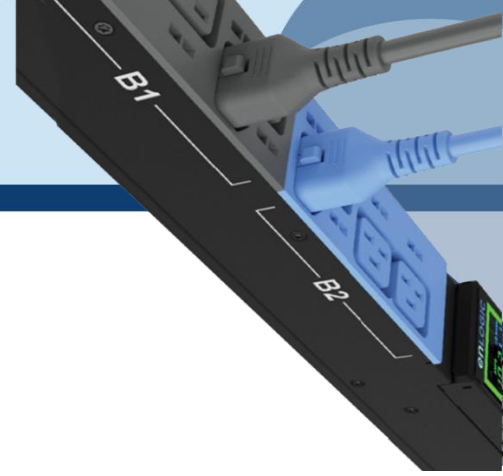
- EN 61326-1 class B group 1 Basic Immunity
- EN 61000-3-3 Limitation of voltage changes, voltage fluctuations and flicker
- EN 61000-3-2 Limits for harmonic current emissions

CE / UKCA Compliance

- LVD 2014/35/EU Low-Voltage Directive
- EMC 2014/30/EU Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive
- RoHS 2011/65/EU RoHS Directive-2

Products fulfilling those requirements are marked with a CE/UKCA label.

For Declarations of Conformity of this product please visit www.enlogic.com



General Installation

Unpacking

ATTENTION

When opening the shipping carton, use caution to avoid damaging the system.

Consider the following when unpacking and storing the system:

- Leave the system packed until it is needed for immediate installation.
- After unpacking the system, save and store the packaging material in case the system must be returned.

If the packaging is damaged and system damage is present, report to the shipper and analyze the damage.

Initial Operation

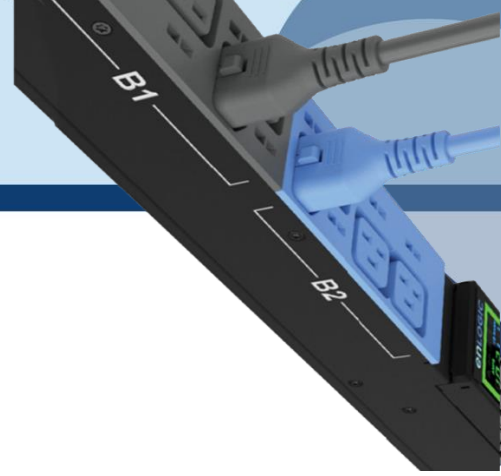
⚠ WARNING



Risk of injury and accidents due to insufficiently qualified personnel!

The installation may only be carried out by qualified personnel who are authorized to do so according to the valid safety regulations, e.g., by authorized specialized companies or authorized departments of the company.

- Ensure that the system has not been damaged during transport, storage, or assembly.



UL 2900 Certified by UL CAP

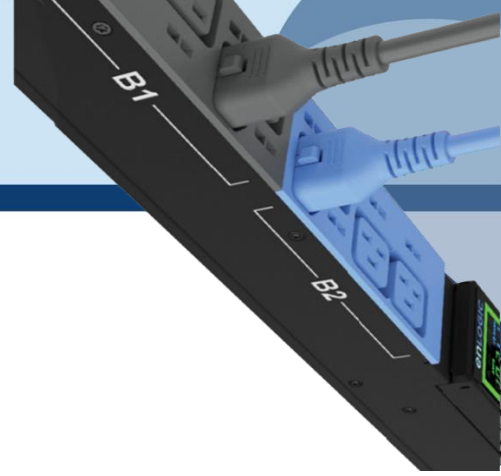
Enlogic iPDUs have been certified by Underwriter Laboratories through the UL Cybersecurity Assurance Program (UL CAP) against the presence of vulnerabilities, malware and security-relevant software weaknesses for cybersecurity assured products.

UL2900 certification specifies the methods by which a product is evaluated and tested for the presence of vulnerabilities, software weaknesses and malware. It has been adopted as an American National Standards Institute (ANSI) standard. The standard includes requirements and methods to evaluate and test network-connectable products, including:

- Software developer requirements and risk management process for the product.
- Evaluation and test methods for the presence of vulnerabilities, software weaknesses, and malware.
- Security risk control requirements for the architecture and design of a product.

As the world becomes more sustainable and electrified and global demand for data continues to grow, we will continue to develop innovative solutions to connect, protect and manage heat in critical systems for our data solutions customers. From energy-efficient cooling solutions to keeping operations safe from cyber threats, we are ready to meet our customers' ever-changing needs.





Product & Documents

This unit is delivered in a cardboard box and contains:

- PDU & NMC
- PLUGS & WIRES
- QUICK START GUIDE
- SAFETY INFORMATION SHEET
- WARRANTY CARD

Check the unit for any damage that may have occurred during transport. Any damage and other faults, e.g., incomplete delivery, should be reported immediately, in writing, to the shipping company and to Enlogic Systems LLC.

Use the information provided in the enclosed warranty card to register your product online at www.enlogic.com

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PRODUCTS ▾ RESOURCES & SUPPORT ▾ FIND THE PARTNER 🔍

[REGISTER THE PRODUCT]

Home > Product Registration

To register your Enlogic product under the standard 5 year warranty, submit the following information below

PRODUCT REGISTRATION

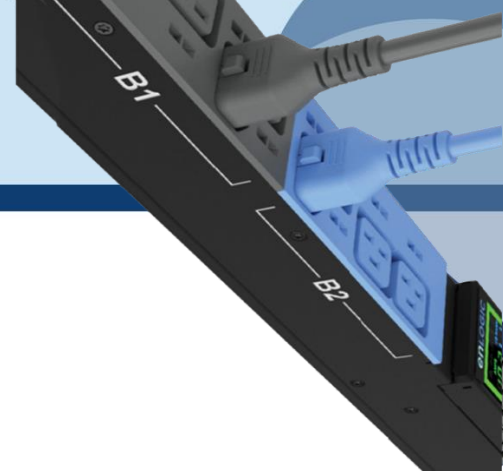
First Name _____

Last Name _____

Email _____

SKU and Serial Numbers _____

SUBMIT

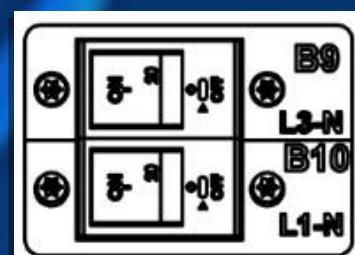
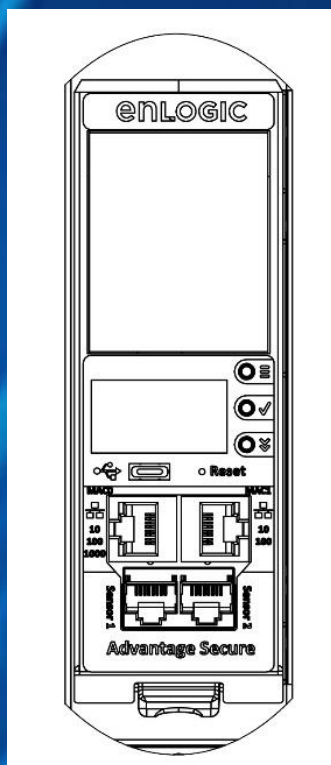
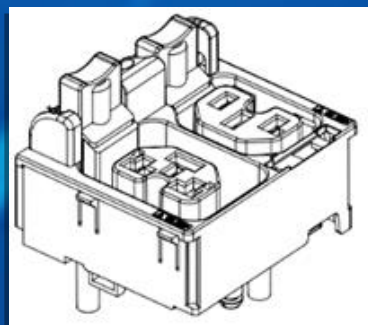
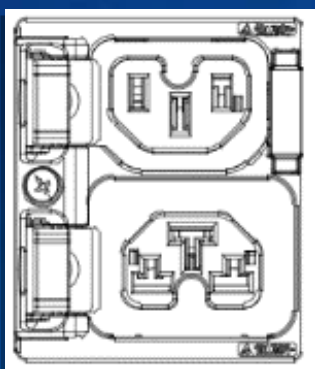


Regions Supported

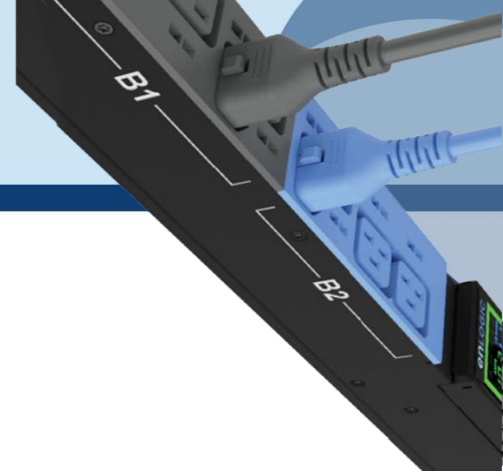
Follow all local and national codes, when installing the PDU. The PDU should be connected to a dedicated circuit protected by a branch circuit breaker matching the PDU input plug-type for your region:

Regions	PDU Input Plug Type	Input Rating
Europe, International	IEC60320 C20 Inlet (Removable Power Cord)	16A SINGLE PHASE
	CEE 7/4, CEE 7/5, CEE 7/7 Plugs	16A SINGLE PHASE
	IEC60309 316P6 or 316P6W	16A SINGLE PHASE
	IEC60309 332P6 or 332P6W	32A SINGLE PHASE
	IEC60309 363P6 or 363P6W	32A SINGLE PHASE
	IEC60309 516P6 or 516P6W	16A THREE PHASE
	IEC60309 532P6 or 532P6W	32A THREE PHASE
	IEC60309 563P6 or 563P6W	63A THREE PHASE
	3-pin (2P+G)	20A SINGLE PHASE
Australia	3-pin (2P+G)	32A SINGLE PHASE
	5-pin (3P+N+G)	20A THREE PHASE
	5-pin (3P+N+G)	32A THREE PHASE
	IEC60320 C20 Inlet (Removable Power Cord)	20A SINGLE PHASE
	NEMA 5-20P or NEMA L5-20P	20A SINGLE PHASE
	NEMA 6-20P or NEMA L6-20P	20A SINGLE PHASE
	NEMA 6-30P or NEMA L6-30P	30A SINGLE PHASE
	NEMA 5-30P or NEMA L5-30P	30A SINGLE PHASE
North America/Japan	IEC60309 330P9 or 330P9W	30A SINGLE PHASE
	CS8265C	50A SINGLE PHASE
	NEMA L21-20P or NEMA L15-20P	20A THREE PHASE
	NEMA L21-30P or NEMA L15-30P	30A THREE PHASE
	CS8365C	50A THREE PHASE
	IEC60309 460P9 or 460P9W	60A THREE PHASE
	IEC60309 520P6 or 520P6W	20A THREE PHASE
	IEC60309 530P6 or 530P6W or NEMA L22-30P	30A THREE PHASE

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Product & Components



Product Description

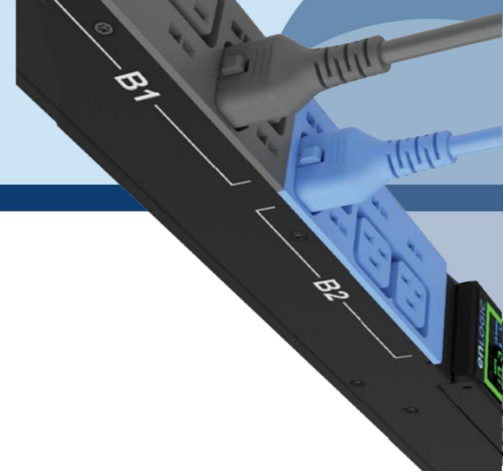
The Advantage Secure PDU from Enlogic is a sleek and space saving unit with low profile circuit breakers, color-coded receptacles and different types of power outlets, which can be customized according to the user needs and IT requirements.

The PDU provides efficient and reliable power distribution capabilities, ensuring maximum uptime of IT equipment through intelligent features such as:

- Full featured network management and alerting capabilities supporting HTTP, HTTPS, SSH, SNMP, and email.
- Strong encryption, passwords, and advanced authorization options including local permissions, LDAP, and Active Directory.
- Daisy Chain up to 64 Rack PDUs and supports a maximum of 10 environmental sensors each.
- Power Sharing feature that allows the data of the PDU to be recorded even during a Power Failure.

The power distribution systems offered by the Advantage Secure from Enlogic are as follows:

Product Series	Inlet Power Measurement (Metered)	Outlet Power Measurement	Switchable Outlet
EN1000 Series	✓		
EN2000 Series	✓		✓
EN5000 Series	✓	✓	
EN6000 Series	✓	✓	✓
EZ1000 Series	✓		

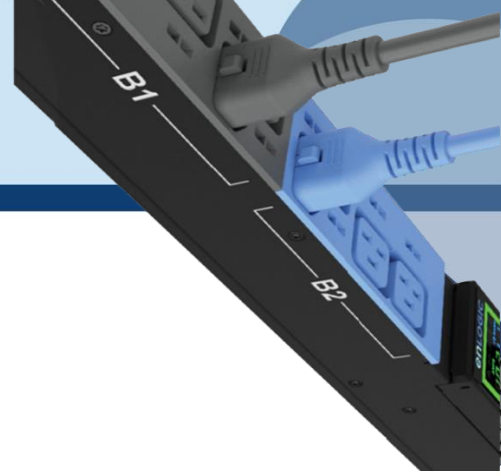


Single-Phase Models

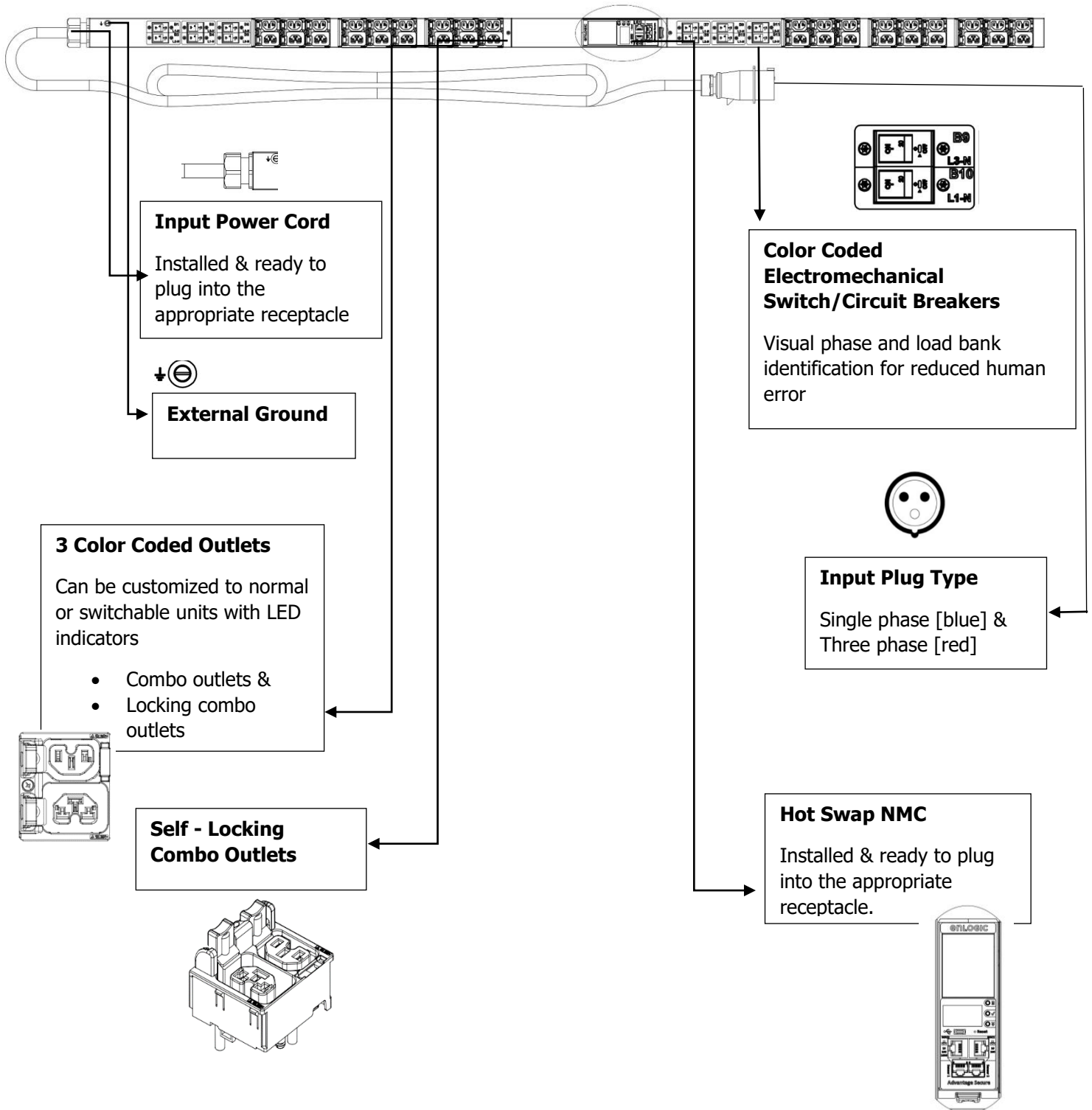
All Single-Phase models support hydraulic-magnetic breakers that are color coded to the corresponding outlets.

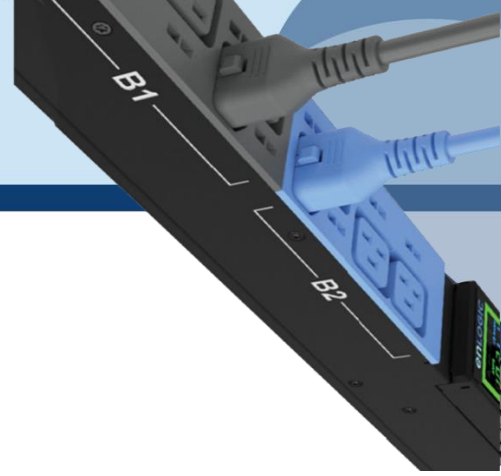
Three-Phase Models

- In standard, 415 V Three-Phase (Wye) configurations, the color of each circuit breaker and outlet corresponds to the appropriate input phase. The PDU is labelled to indicate the input phase associated with each circuit breaker and outlets.
- In North America 208 V Three-phase (delta) configurations, the color of the circuit breaker corresponds to the line connections and includes a label of the two connected input-phases, (i.e., L1-L2, L2-L3, or L3-L1).
- All Three-Phase models rated above 20 A and 16 A, will also use an outlet indicator LED in color Green.



iPDU & its Components





Product Components NMC



BRANDING LABEL

LED Screen displays Critical Alarms Alerts
 Graphical Alarm Icon, PDU Alarm, Cascade Error, Temperature Alarm, Circuit Breaker Alarm, Display [AMPS, CB Bank, Largest In Class, High Definitions Metering Display]

Source Color Coding - User Selected Option



User Interactive Display/ OLED Screen with Navigation Buttons [Menu, Selection & Scroll]
 Main menu options Setup, Alarms, Power & Sensors displays on the landing page.

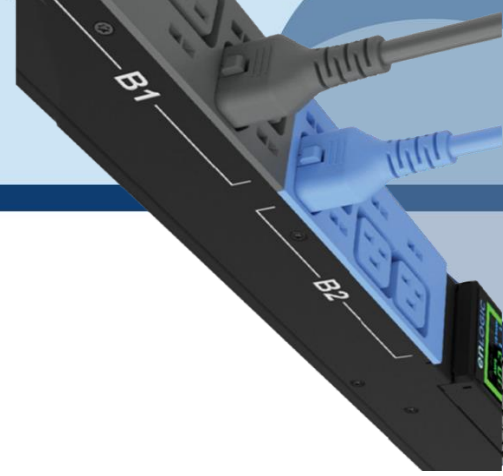
Upper button navigates to the previous page
Middle button navigates to sub menu or data
Lower button used to scroll through the options.

Reset Push Button – Short Press to initiate Reset Functionality (rst)
 Long Press to Default settings (def)

USB C Port Connector – FW Upgrades, Connectivity & Future Expansion

Ethernet Ports – Also used for Power Share Functionality
MAC0 - (10/100/1000) – GIGABIT ETHERNET PORT
MAC1 - (10/100) – ETHERNET PORT FOR Redundancy & Ethernet cascading

Digital SENSOR Port 1 – Dual Function – Sensor or Serial Connectivity
Digital Sensor Port 2 – Sensor Connectivity
 [Supports up to 10 physical sensors with the help of sensor hub]



Displays

There are two displays on all standard Advantage Secure models, as specified below:

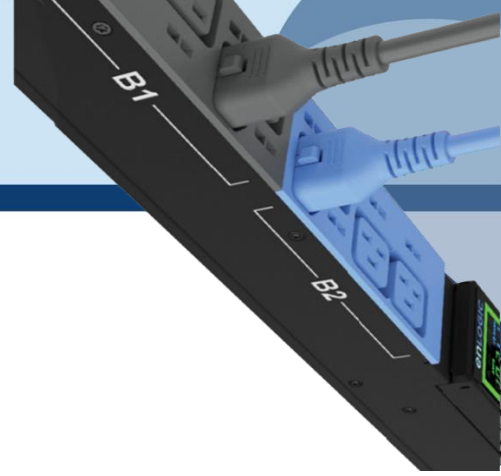
- The Seven Segment LED display shows data in high visibility at Phase Level and CB Level.
 - LED Graphical Alarm Icons: PDU Alarm, Cascade Error Alarm, Temperature Alarm, Security Handle Alarm, and Circuit Breaker Alarm.
 - Display (AMPS, CB BANK): Largest In-class HD Metering Display.
- The OLED screen will display a status bar, when the PDU operating system is loading.
 - OLED display: Set up, Alarms, Power, Sensors (click menu, select, and scroll to operate).

Interfaces

There are five interfaces on all standard Advantage Secure models, as specified below:

- USB-C: Fast Configuration, Fast upload of firmware and download log files.
- Ethernet Port 1: 1x Gigabit Ethernet (10/100/1000 Mbps) - Primary network port / Power Share.
- Ethernet Port 2: 1x (10/100 Mbps) - Daisy chain / Power Share / RNA / Network.
- Sensor-1: Primary Sensor Port / Serial Port –The Serial function is a user interface that enables the user to configure Features and update Firmware.
- Sensor-2: Secondary Sensor Port – This port also can connect the sensors.

Note – Overall, the sensor ports support connecting up to total 10 sensors with the help of the sensor hub.



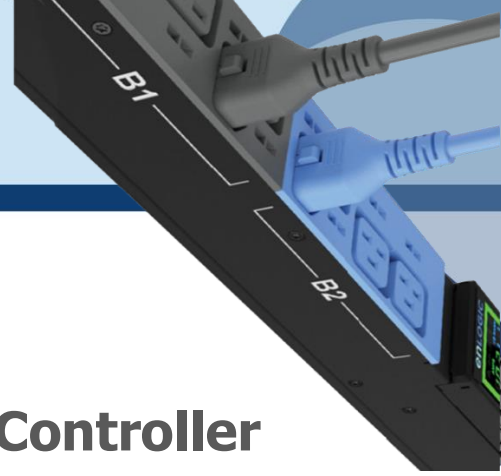
Reset Button

Outcome	Action
NMC Reboot [RST]	Use a pin, press, and hold the recessed RESET key button for about 8 seconds, which will initiate the reset option without changing any configuration values. The OLED display will show the RST during this operation.
NMC Reboot [DEF] To set it to default settings if user does not know the password	Use a pin, press, and hold the RESET key button for about 20 seconds, which will initiate the DEF option in the LED display. This action initiates the NMC to reset to the factory default settings.
NMC Quick/Forced Restart	Use the pin, press, and hold the RESET key button along the scroll button simultaneously. This action initiates a quick/forced NMC restart.



Reset Key Button :
Use this recessed Pin hole for the Reset functionality.





Advanced Network Management Controller (NMC) Network Security

Enlogic iPDUs and in-line meters are equipped with:

- The latest network security protocols (secured by encryption algorithms).
- The latest support for remote authentication (Active Directory, LDAP & RADIUS) and
- Aggressive USER Login and Password Policies.

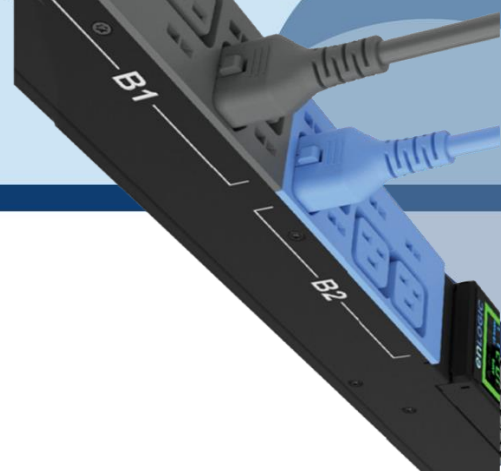
The Firmware updates are released on a quarterly basis, to ensure that Enlogic iPDUs will always provide the highest-level network security, which protects against attacks in high-risk environments.

Encryption

Communication Protocol	Supported Encryption
HTTP/HTTPS/REDFISH API	TLS 1.3 2048 key length supported
SNMPv2c/v3	SNMPv2c Encryption: Based on community string SNMPv3 Authentication: MD5, SHA, Privacy: AES128, AES192, AES256
SSH	TCP/IP SSL Support for user-defined ports Up to 16 SSH user sessions at the same time
FTP/FTPS	File Transport Protocol (FTP) File Transport Protocol Secure (FTPS) (TLS1.2 encryption)
Active Directory, Open LDAP, and RADIUS	Privilege assignment over Active Directory, LDAP, and RADIUS

Remote Authentication

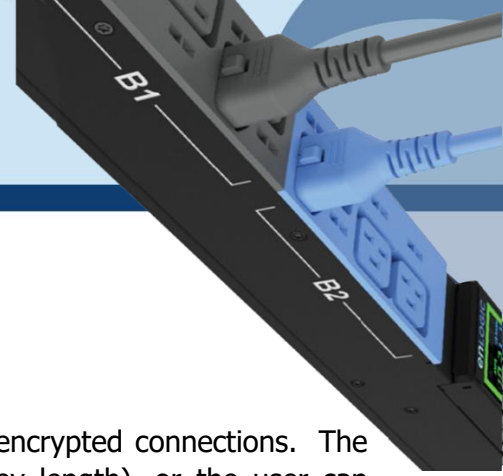
Authentication Protocol	Supported
Active Directory	YES Supported
Open LDAP	YES Supported
RADIUS	YES Supported



Login & Password Policy

Security Tools	Supported
Strong Password	Supports case sensitive alphanumeric and symbols
Creating Password Exceptions	Supports ASCII 33 to 47 only. Refer the table below for supported alphanumeric and symbols
Minimum password length	Passwords must be greater than eight characters
Forced password change on first login	User must assign an 8-32 character password at first login
User blocking after failed attempts	User definable number of attempts
Password Aging Interval	1-to-365-days expiration, or set it to 'never expire'
User Lockout Time	Specifies the duration time of lockout the user experiences before logging in again after the failed attempts
Automatic Idle Out	User definable idle out timer

Password Exceptions	Supported
For Creating Passwords - Supported character set from ASCII 33 to 47	Supports case sensitive alphanumeric and symbols
	! 33 exclamation mark
	" 34 quotation mark
	# 35 number sign
	\$ 36 dollar sign
	% 37 percent sign
	& 38 ampersand
	' 39 apostrophe
	(40 left parenthesis
) 41 right parenthesis
	* 42 asterisk
	+ 43 plus sign
	, 44 comma
	- 45 hyphen
	. 46 period
	/ 47 slash



Certificates

Enlogic iPDUs supports X.509 PEM digital certificates to create secure encrypted connections. The device is loaded with built-in default SSL certificate (1024 or 2048 key length), or the user can choose created SSL certificates. Key lengths supported are 1024 or 2048 bit.

Firmware and Conf file Encryption

Secure Encryption Design is adopted for files used to configure iPDU.

Firmware File

- enlogic.fw is a secured firmware file.
- The below mentioned attributes makes enlogic.fw secure:
 - Supports Secure Boot.
 - Supports Chain of Trust.
 - Support Firmware file signature.
 - Encrypted using AES256.

File	Encryption
Checksum	SHA256
Encryption Algorithm	AES256
Chain of Trust	AES192, AES256, RSA4096, SHA256
Signature Algorithm	ECDSA, SHA256

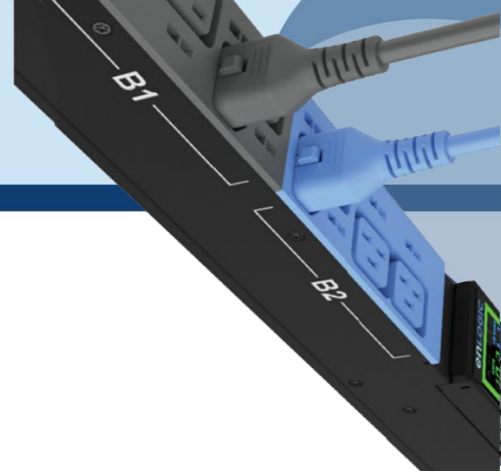
Chain of Trust Firmware Signature

Validation:

- File tampering is rejected from firmware to overcome Denial of Service (DoS).
- With strong algorithm check process, foreign file penetration into firmware application is avoided.

Secure Boot

Secure Boot makes sure that a device boots using only software that is trusted.



Conf File

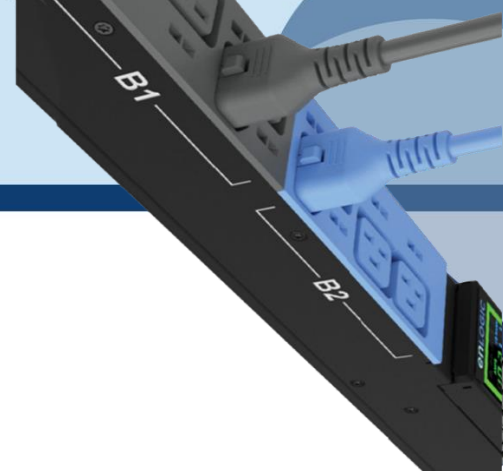
- CONF File downloaded is encrypted using AES256.
- EEPROM version validation is added to make sure NMC gets exact conf file.

File	Encryption
Encryption	AES256
Checksum	SHA256

Other Vulnerabilities:

Following vulnerabilities are avoided in firmware:

- **WEBSERVER – Weak Ciphers**
 - Weak Ciphers are removed from TLS Support.
- **WEBSERVER – Privilege Escalation & Improper Authentication**
 - Unique Role and ID is assigned to each user.
- **WEBSERVER – Click Jacking**
 - X-Frame option request header is added.
- **UNUSED Ports**
 - All unused ports in firmware are closed.
 - Ports used for internal use will not be accepting any external requests.



Network Security Hardening Guide

This section provides recommendations for hardening the security of products that connects to the network using an Advanced Network Management Controller (NMC).

Recommendations

To ensure that the product has the latest security enhancements and features available, verify that it is running the latest firmware version. Visit the Enlogic website at: <https://enlogic.com/firmware-software/firmware> to find the latest firmware for your device.

Disable all unused protocols

If a protocol is not in use, ensure it is disabled to reduce your threat surface. This applies to protocols such as HTTP, HTTPS, SSH, SMTP, FTP, FTPS, etc.

Use custom network ports where applicable

If a non-standard port is in use, the device may not be detected by scans, which verify only standard ports. This applies to protocols such as HTTP, HTTPS, SSH, SMTP, FTP, FTPS, etc.

Disable HTTP and enable HTTPS for web support

To use secure and encrypted web protocol, disable HTTP and enable HTTPS. By default, HTTP is disabled on Network Management Controller-enabled products.

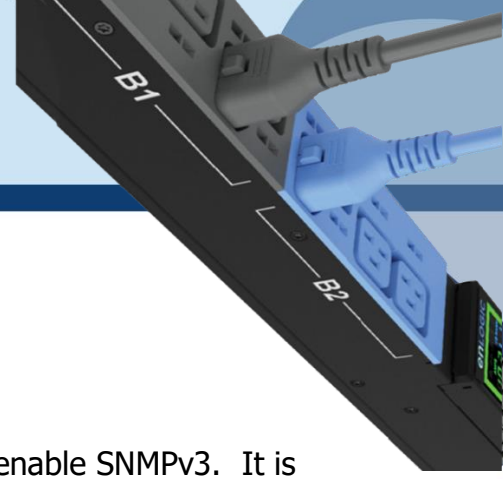
Disable older versions of TLS

Transport Layer Security (TLS) is a cryptographic protocol that provides communication security over the internet. Ensure that older versions of TLS are disabled on your Network Management Controller-enabled device and use the latest version available. PDU latest firmware supports ONLY TLS 1.2

Disable FTPS

For secure, encrypted file transfer protocol, enable FTPS if it is disabled. When FTPS is not in use, disable it to help harden security on your device. By default, PDU firmware supports data communication over TLS1.2.

Note: If FTP login data is sent over plain text (not secured) from computer FTP client to the PDU FTPS server, the PDU authentication server will close the connection with error code 421.



Disable SNMPv1 and enable SNMPv3

For encrypted SNMP protocol, disable SNMPv1 if it is enabled and enable SNMPv3. It is recommended to use SNMPv3 as it is more secure than SNMPv1. By default, SNMPv1 is Enabled and SNMPv3 is disabled.

Note: When SNMPv1 is not in use, it is recommended to disable SNMPv1.

Configure SNMPv3 to use AES/SHA

Configure SNMPv3 to use the most secure algorithms, AES, and SHA, to provide encryption and authentication.

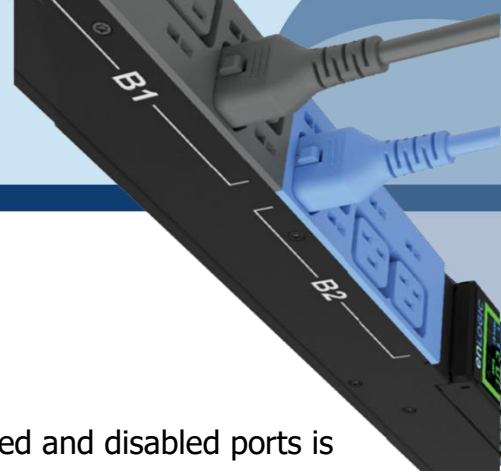
Change the admin User account password

After installation and initial configuration of your Network Management Controller-enabled device, immediately change the default admin user account password.

Note: You will be prompted to change the admin password at first login to the NMC.

Enable Strong Passwords

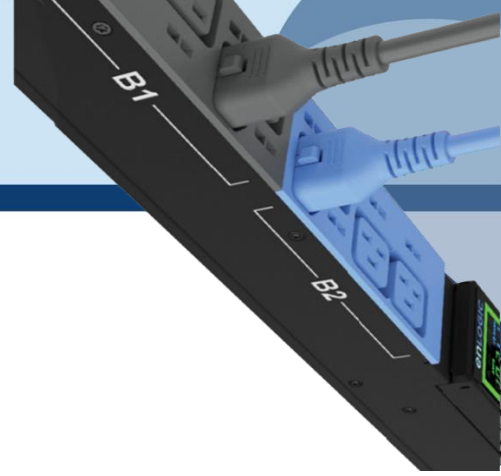
Enable this feature to ensure strong passwords are created. All passwords will be required to be a minimum length and contain special characters to make passwords harder to guess.



Default Ports

Following are the default ports the NMC supports. The list of enabled and disabled ports is also mentioned below:

Default Enabled Ports	
Port Number	Protocol
port 21	FTP over TLS1.2
port 22	SSH
port 443	HTTPS
port 8001	Cascade Function – Not accessible on Network
port 161	SNMP
Default Disabled Ports	
port 80	HTTP
port 162	SNMP Traps
port 514	SYSLOG
port 389	LDAP
port 25	SMTP



Seven Segment LED Display

The Seven Segment LED display shows data in high visibility at Phase Level and CB Level.

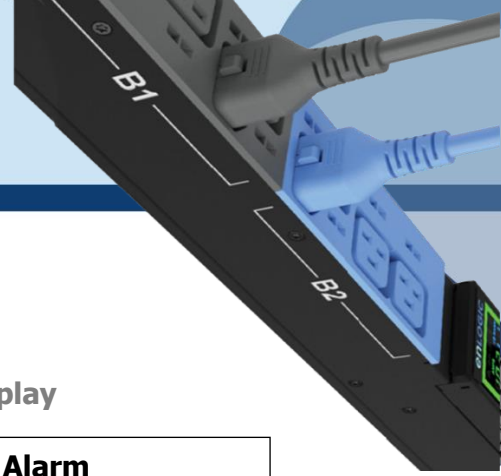
- **Phase Level**

In this level information about the Current Input at each respective line, L1, L2 and L3.

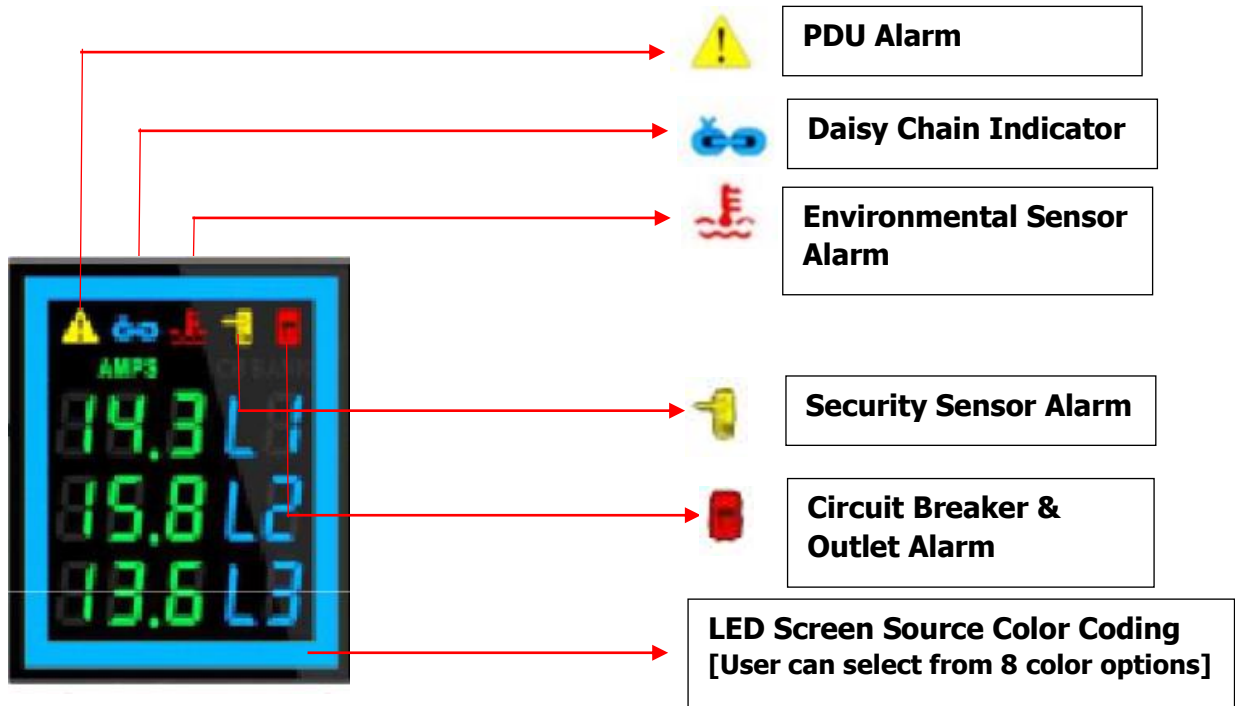
- **CB Level**

In this level information about the Current Input at each respective Circuit breaker, 1, 2 and 3.

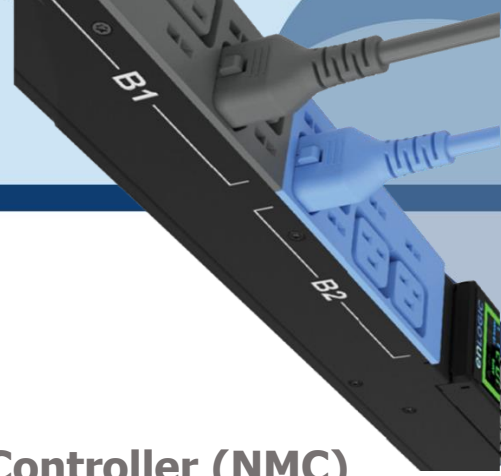




Indicators and Alarms shown on the Seven Segment LED display






1. **PDU Alarm** - It shows the user when a Critical Alarms or Warning Alarms occurs in a PDU. Displays the Active Power Alarms, Voltage, Current Unit Power, Frequency, Power Share.
2. **Daisy Chain Indicator** - It displays for about 30 mins if the Daisy Chain connection is disconnected. PDU becomes standalone.
3. **Environmental Sensor Alarm** - It shows the user if there is an alarm related to the environmental sensors. Displays the Temperature sensor, Humidity sensor, Rope sensor, and Dry sensor.
4. **Circuit Breaker & Outlet Alarm** - It shows the user if there is an alarm related to the circuit breaker. Displays the Outlet Alarms and CB Alarms.
5. **Security Sensor Alarm** - It shows the user if there is an alarm related to the door sensors.
6. **LED Source Color coding-** The user can choose from a list of eight LED screen color options.

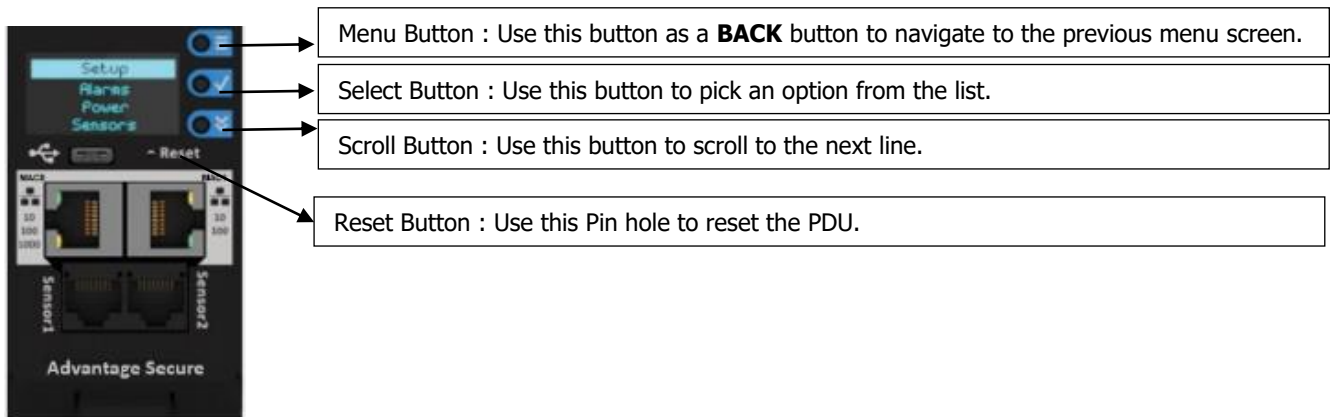


OLED Display and Network Management Controller (NMC)

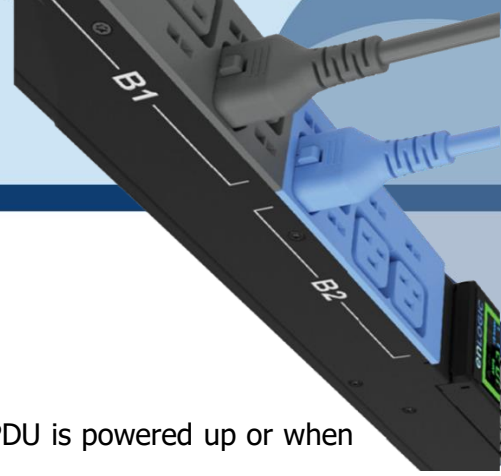
The Onboard Display provides information about the PDU and connected devices. The Network Management Controller (NMC) of the PDU has a three-button. Use the buttons to change the screen display and retrieve specific data.

OLED Navigation

-  → Press on the **Menu** button to access the OLED **Main Menu** or previous **Submenu**.
-  → Press on the **Scroll** button to navigate through the options.
-  → Press on the **Select** button to choose the option.



Note: *The highlighted menu item is ready to be selected.*

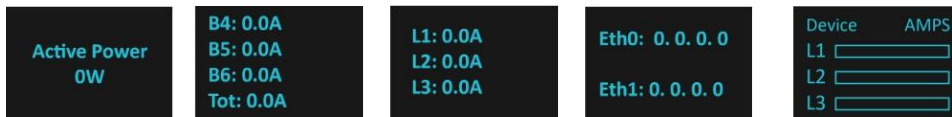


The Network Controller Display has three modes:

1. **Menu mode:** (Network Controller Display main menu): When the PDU is powered up or when a button is pushed while in Standby Mode or Power Save mode.



2. **Standby mode:** This happens when a PDU is idle (no buttons pushed) for 2 minutes while in Menu mode. The following screen savers with the respective data comes into view.



3. **Power Save mode:** The PDU enters Power Save mode when it has been in Standby mode for 30 minutes. The screen is switched off to save power. To exit Power Save mode, press any button on the display.

Main Menu Selections

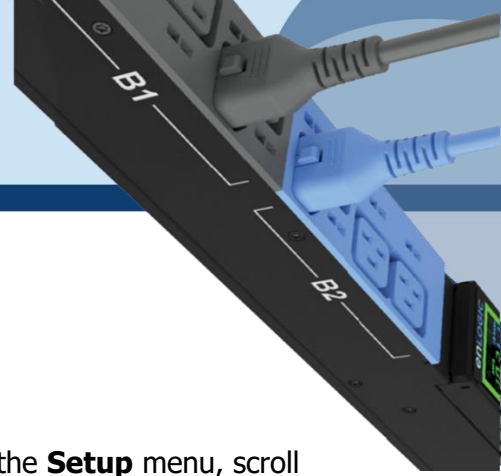
The PDU menu selection hierarchy consists of Setup, Alarms, Power, and Sensors. On the main menu, scroll down to highlight **Setup**. Press **Select**. Scroll down to select a submenu and press **Select** to display the submenu options. Press **Menu** to return to the previous menu.



Setup Menu

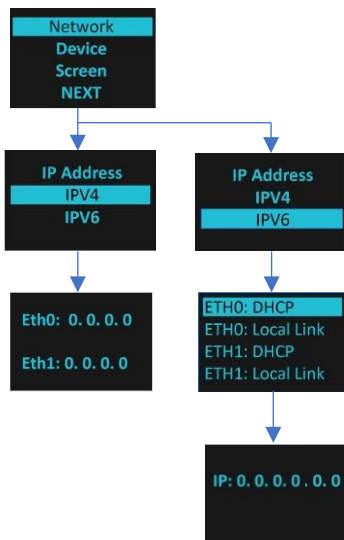
The **Setup** menu provides user configuration options including Network, Device, Screen, Language, USB, and Units.

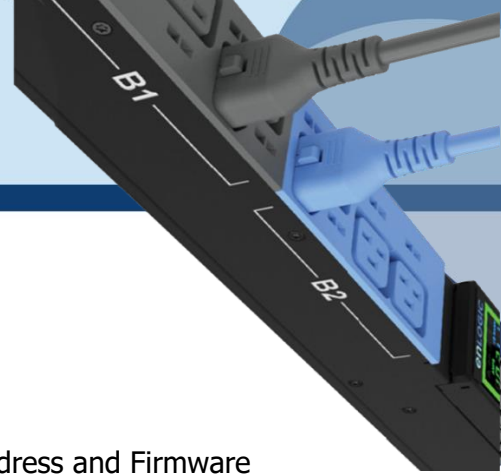




Network Submenu

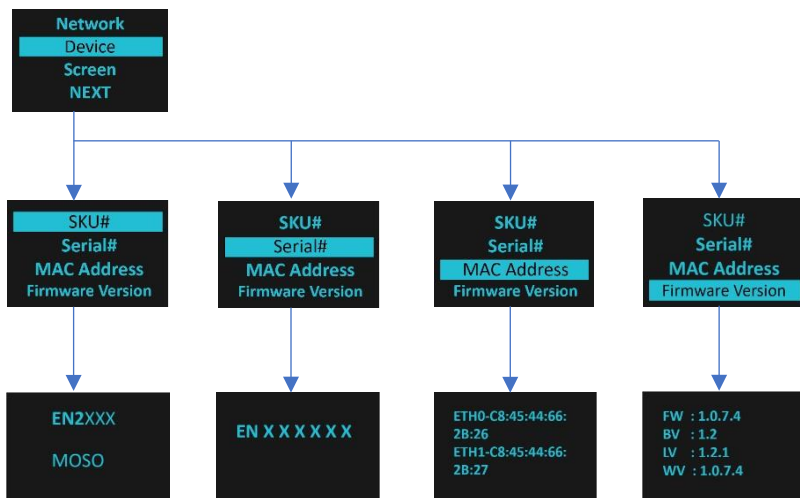
The **Network** submenu allows you to view IP address IPv4 or IPv6. On the **Setup** menu, scroll down to Network. Press **Select** to enter the Network Submenu. Scroll down to highlight the selected option from the menu. Press **Select** to display the screens that display the IP address. Press **Menu** to return to the previous menu.

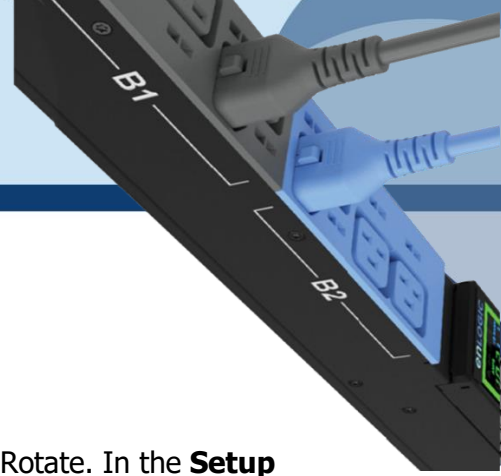




Device Submenu

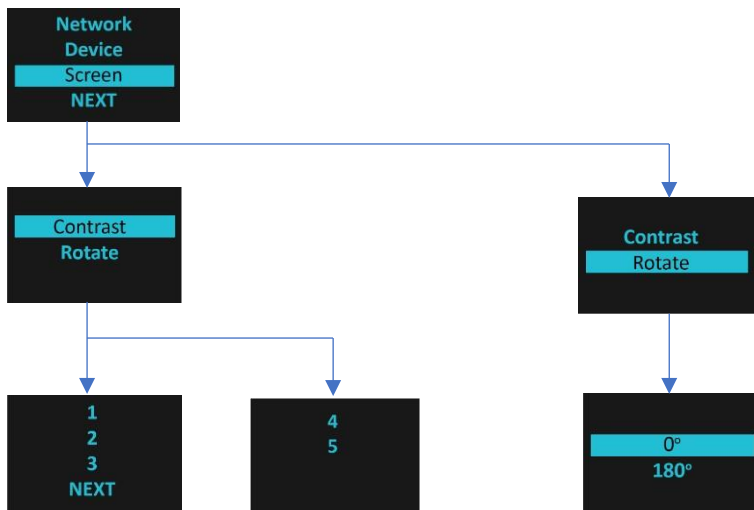
The **Device** submenu provides the SKU number, Serial number, MAC address and Firmware version. On the **Setup** menu, scroll down to highlight **Device** submenu. Press **Select** to enter the **Device** Submenu. Scroll down to the item you wish to display, and press **Select**. Press **Menu** to return to the previous menu.



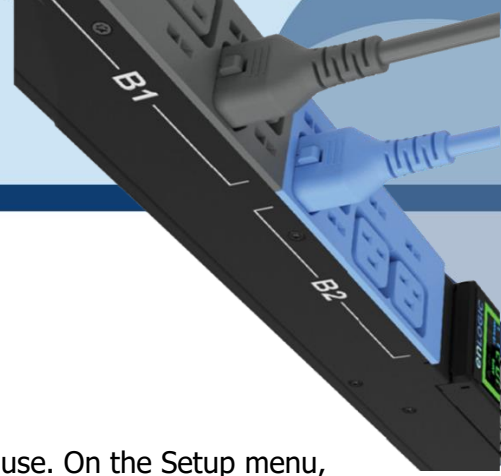


Screen Submenu

The **Screen** submenu allows you to customize settings for Contrast and Rotate. In the **Setup** menu, scroll down to highlight Screen. Press **Select** to select the submenu. Press **Menu** to

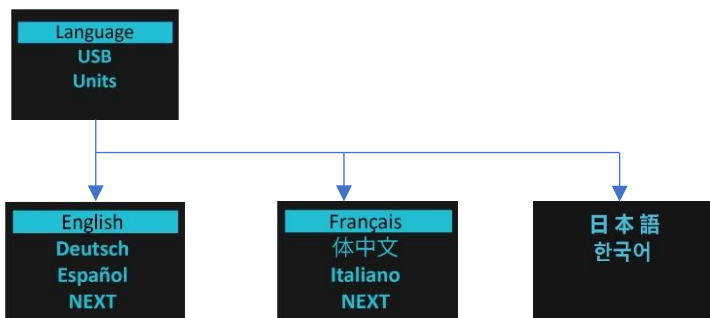


return to the previous menu.



Language Submenu

The **Language** submenu allows you to select the language you need to use. On the Setup menu, scroll down to highlight Language. Press Select to display the screens to select the submenu. After you select the values, press Select to set the values as displayed on the screen. Press Menu to return to the previous menu.

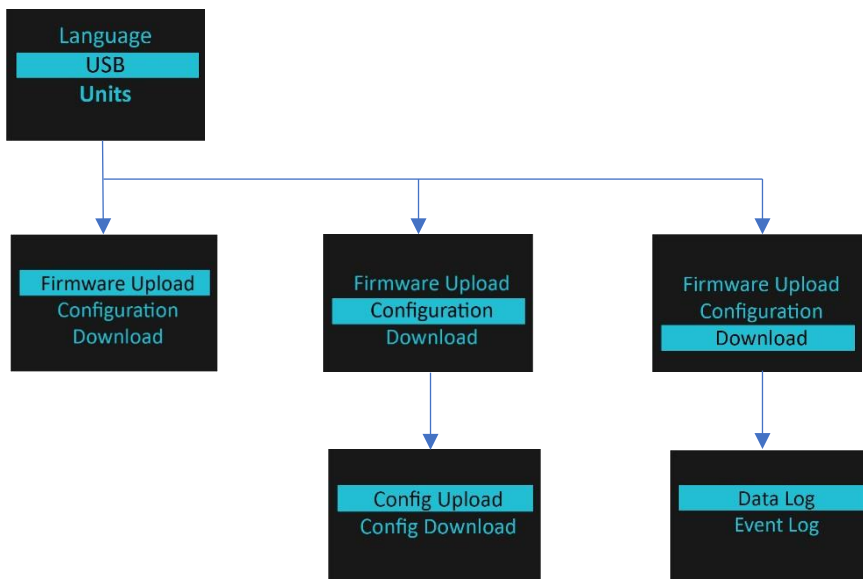


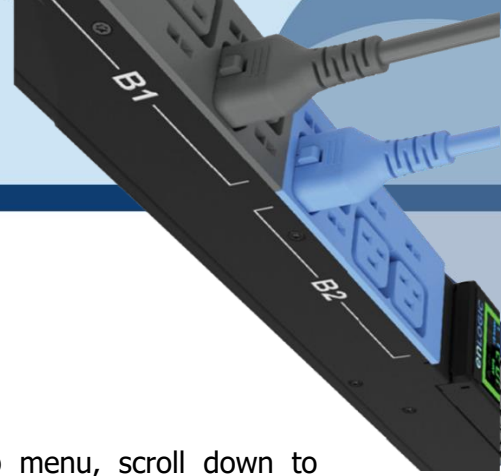
USB Submenu

The **USB** submenu allows you to upload firmware file, upload configuration file and download event log or data log.

On the **Setup** menu, scroll down to highlight USB. Press **Select** to enter the **USB** Submenu. The user can select the Operation and Mode to proceed further.

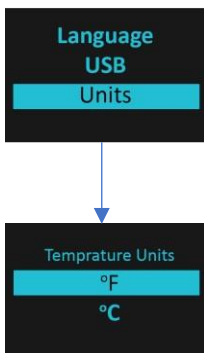
Note: If a USB drive is not present in the USB slot the PDU will enter normal operation.





Units Submenu

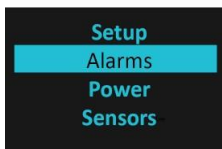
The **Units** submenu displays the temperature units. On the **Setup** menu, scroll down to highlight **Units**. Press **Select** to enter the **Units** Submenu. After you select the values, press **Select** to set the values as displayed on the screen. Press **Menu** to return to the previous menu.

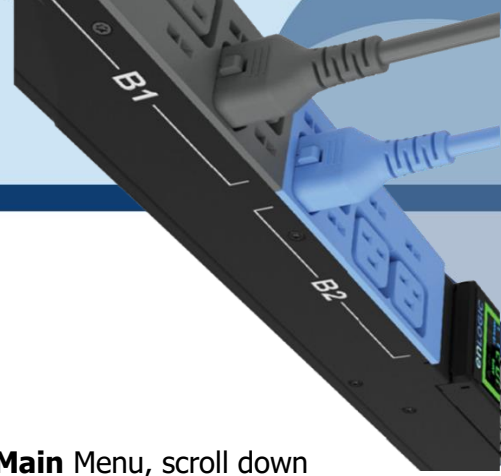


Note: This can only be done locally at the PDU and also using the WEBUI.

Alarms Menu

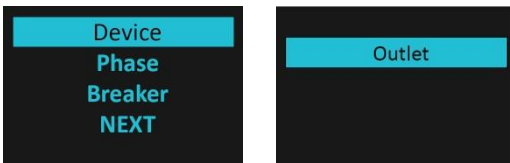
The **Alarms** menu displays active alarms for the PDU. On the **Main** Menu, scroll down to highlight **Alarms**. Press **Select** to display the **Alarm** Screen. When you finish your review, press **Menu** to return to the main menu.





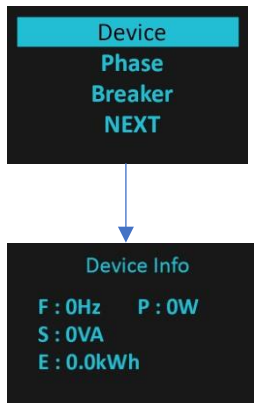
Power Menu

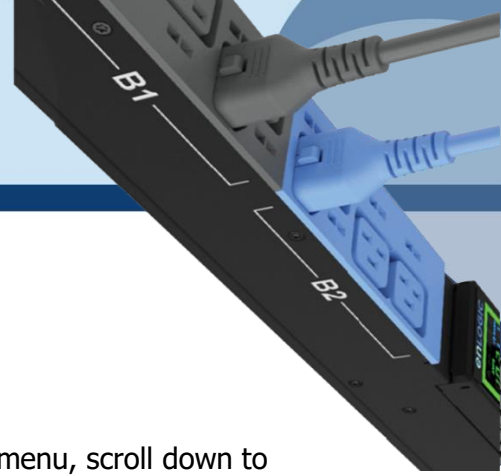
The **Power** menu manages Device, Phase, Breaker, and Outlet. On the **Main** Menu, scroll down to highlight **Power**. Press **Select**. Scroll down to select a submenu and press **Select** to display the submenu options. Press **Menu** to return to the previous menu.



Device Submenu

The **Device** submenu is to Display Current, Voltage and Power. On the **Power** menu, scroll down to highlight **Device**. Press **Select** to display the power values for the entire PDU. Press **Menu** to return to the previous menu.





Phase Submenu

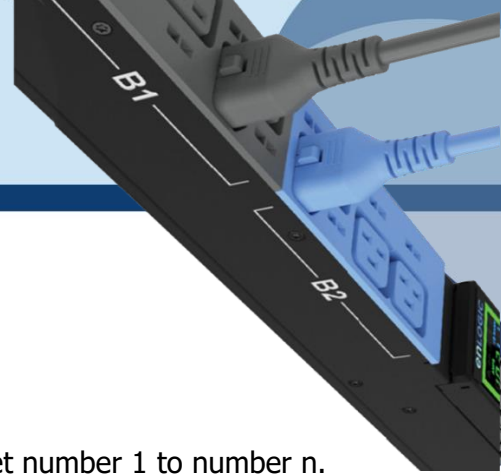
The **Phase** submenu is to display the status of 3-Phase. On the **Power** menu, scroll down to highlight Phase. Press **Select** to display the screens to set the values for the submenu. After you select the phase, press **Select** to display the values for that phase on the screen. Press **Menu** to return to the previous menu.



Breaker Submenu

The **Breaker** submenu is to display power values for the breakers. Press **Select** to display the values of the first breaker. To go to the next breaker, Select **Next**. Press **Menu** to return to the previous menu.

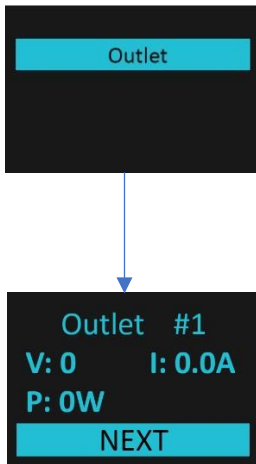


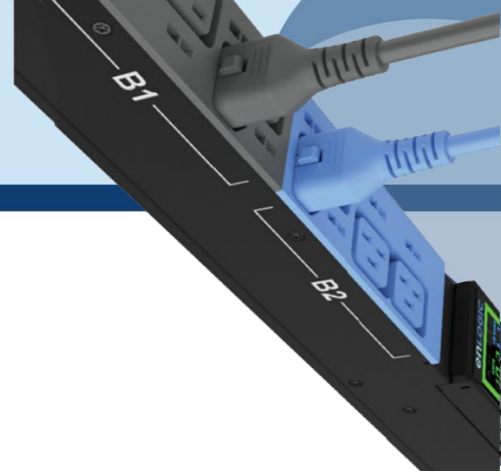


Outlet Submenu

The **Outlet** submenu is to display voltage, current and power from outlet number 1 to number n. On the **Power** menu, scroll down to highlight **Outlet**. Press **Select** to display values for the first outlet. To go to the next outlet, **Select** next. Press **Menu** to return to the previous menu.

Note: Custom outlet names noted in the Web GUI do not make changes to the local display. This is done to make it easier to map to outlet numbers which can locally be seen on the outlets themselves.

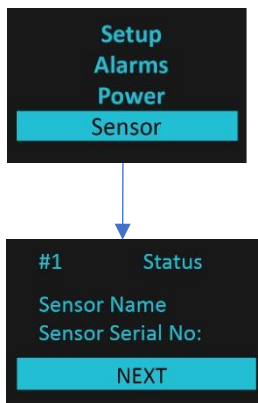


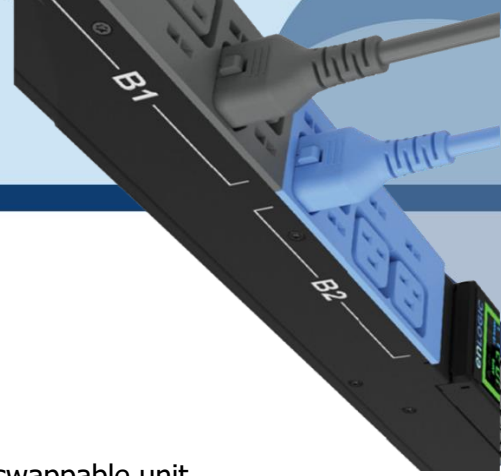


Sensors Menu

The Sensor menu is to display temperature, humidity, door switch, fluid leak etc. On the Main Menu, scroll down to highlight Sensor. Press Select. This will display the sensor data for the first sensor. To go to the next sensor, Select next. Press Menu to return to the previous menu.

Note: Maximum of ten sensors are configured per PDU.





NMC Hot Swap

The Network Management Controller (NMC) for a vertical iPDU, is a hot-swappable unit.

Ribbon Cable

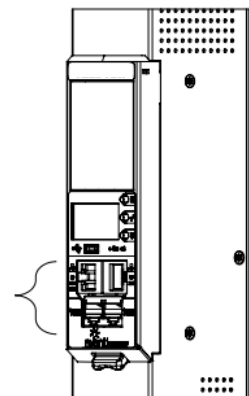
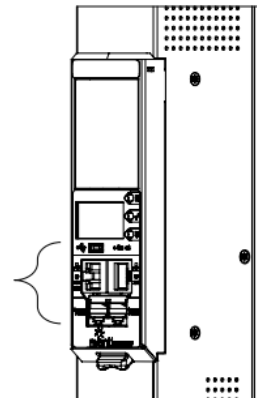


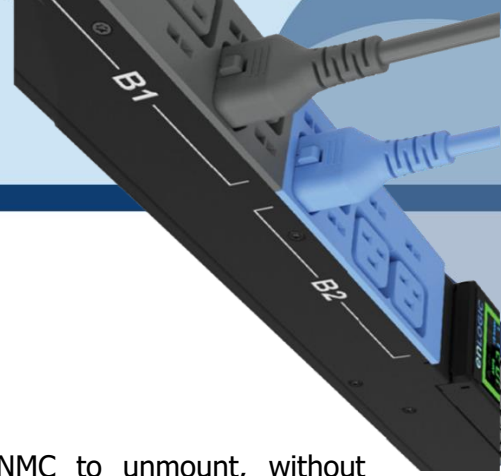
Installation

Disconnect the NMC

1. Write down the details of the ports and the RJ45 plugs connected, this will enable reconnecting them after installing the replacement NMC.

2. Remove all the connectors from the ports of the existing NMC (Ethernet, Serial, Sensor, etc.).

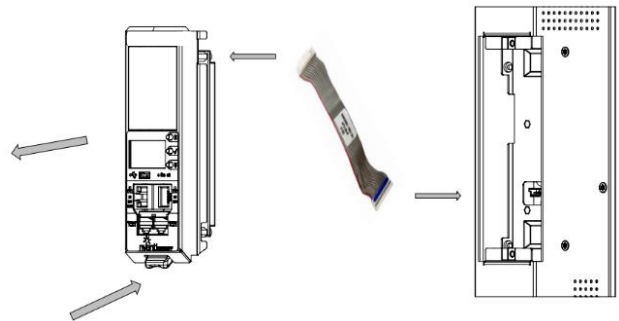




3. Push the bottom snap lock button **UP**. Gently pull the NMC to unmount, without disconnecting the Ribbon cable. The Ribbon cable can be extended only to a comfortable length, care should be taken to avoid any damages to the Ribbon cable.

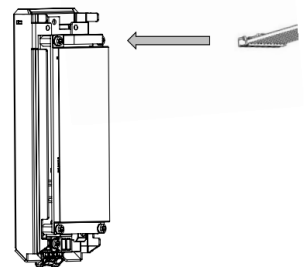
Note - Do not disconnect the Ribbon cable from the PDU back board.

4. Only, in case of damages to the existing Ribbon cable, replace it with the new Ribbon cable provided in the box package. Then, detach the Ribbon cable from the PDU back board also and then re-plug it.



Installing the new NMC

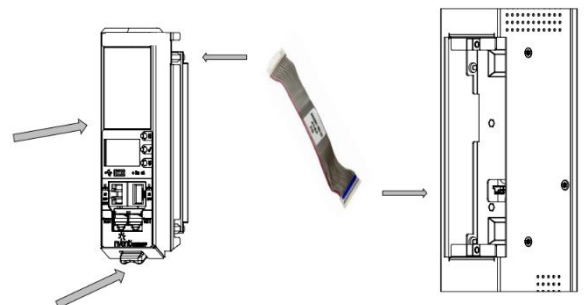
5. Plug the Ribbon cable into the connecting socket on the top section of the replacement NMC. Gently fold the Ribbon cable. Mount the NMC back into the PDU chassis.

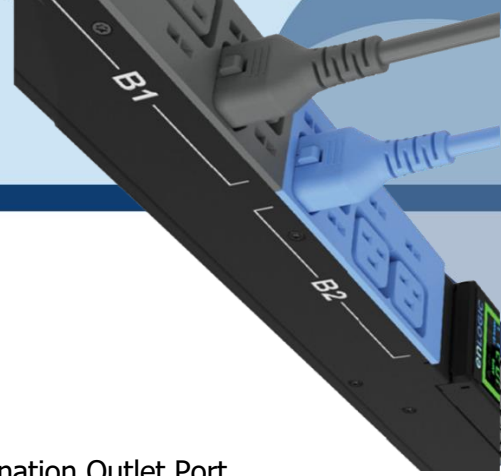


6. Align the NMC and connect the Ribbon cable back to the PDU back board. Now, slide the top flange to align in the slot. Push the bottom snap lock button **UP** and gently fix the NMC into the PDU chassis.

Note - Do not strain or kink any of the wires in the Ribbon cable.

7. Verify if replaced NMC is powered **ON**.
8. The replacement NMC is mounted on the PDU chassis.



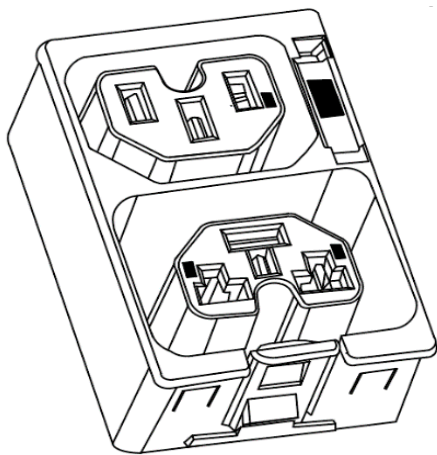


Outlet Units

Combo Outlets

The Advantage Secure PDU features a C13/C15 and C13/C15/C19 combination Outlet Port configuration, which increases the adaptability.

This helps the user to get the highest level of versatility allowing the connection of both ICE C14 and C16 plugs into the same C13/C15 (2-in-1) combination Outlet Port and ICE C14, C16 and C20 plugs into the same C13/ C15/C19 (3-in-1) combination Outlet Port.



Combo Outlet

C13/C15 [2 in 1] Outlet

NAM & EAU 10 A / 250 V

C13/C15/C19 [3-in-1] Outlet

NAM & EAU 16 A / 250 V

New 4 in 1 Combination Outlets – Flexible & Future Proof

The Advantage Secure PDU features C13/C15 and C19/21 combinations 4 in1 Combo Outlet Port configurations.



2-in-1

C13/C15 compatible



4-in-1

C13/C19/C15/C21 compatible



C13



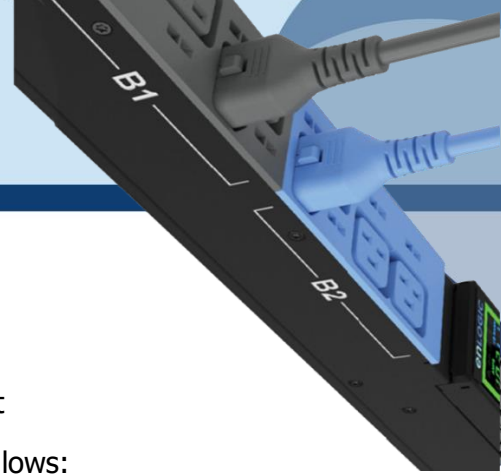
C15



C19



C21



Apollo Outlet

The Advantage Secure PDU features a C13 and C19 combination discreet

Outlet Port configurations. The specifications of the Outlet Unit are as follows:

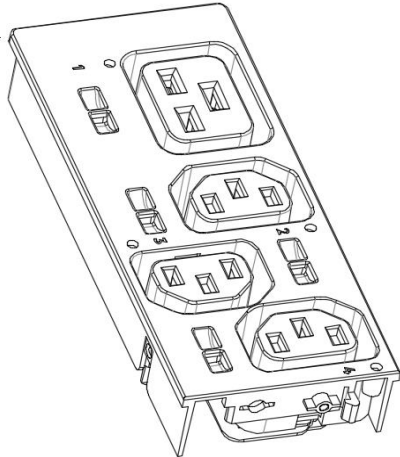
Apollo Outlet

C13 Outlet

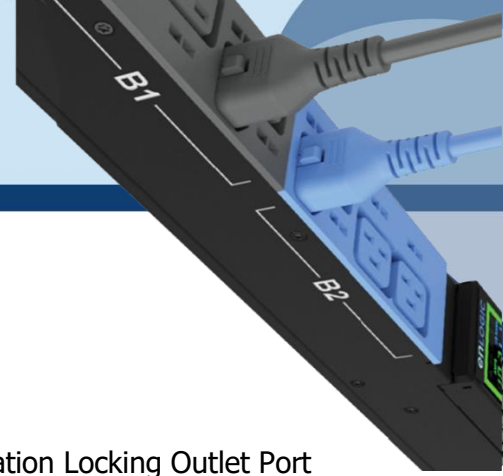
NAM & EAU 10A / 250V

C19 Outlet

NAM & EAU 16A / 250V

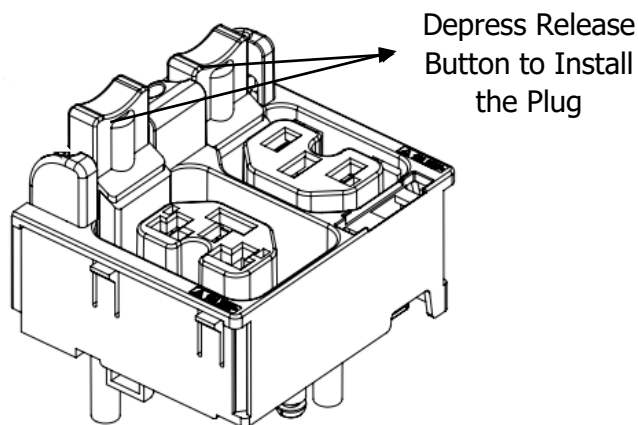


- Degree of protection by enclosure according to IEC60529 is IP20.
- Mating plug inserting force is 70 N max.
- Mechanical operation cycles without load are 1000 cycles and with load is 500 cycles.
- Temperature range: 25 °C – 100 °C.
- Rated impulse voltage: 2.5 kV.



Self- Locking Combo Outlet

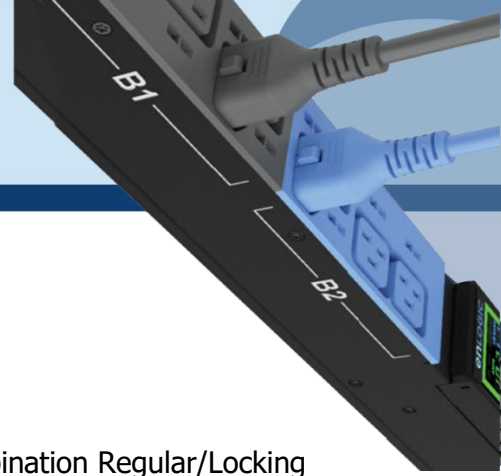
The Advantage Secure PDU features C13/C15 and C13/C15/C19 combination Locking Outlet Port configurations.



Locking Combo Outlet port features both the Combo Outlet C13/C15 [2 in 1] Outlet NAM & EAU 10 A / 250 V and C13/C15/C19 [3-in-1] Outlet NAM & EAU 16 A / 250 V with an additional locking port facility.

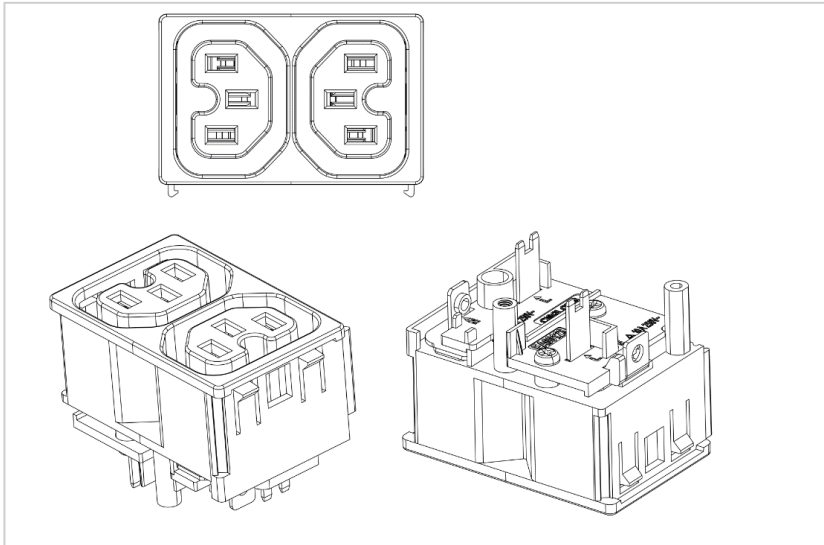
The specifications of these Locking Combo Outlet Units are :

- The release button must be fully pressed [depress it] prior to installing the plug.
- Both type of plugs with and without locking clips can be inserted.
- The plugs can be installed just by pushing into the outlets directly without depressing release button.
- To unlock, fully depress release button and remove plug.



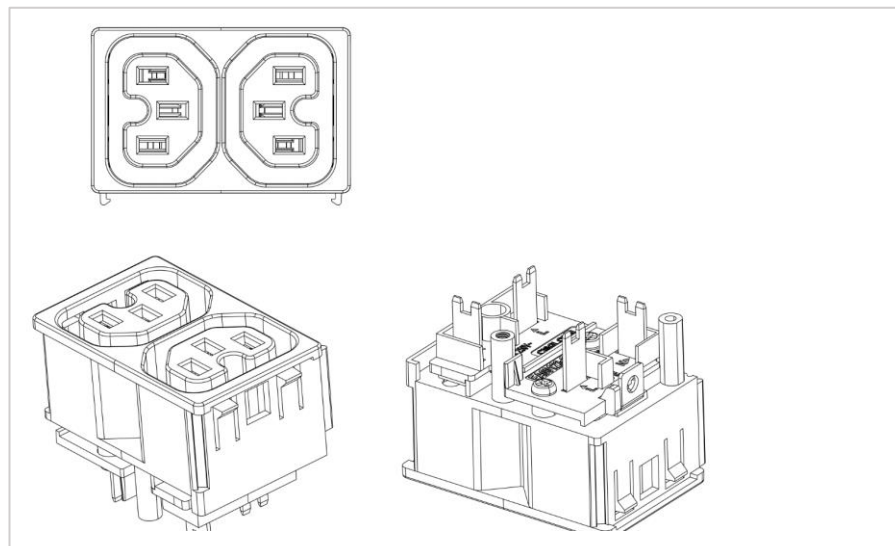
Newly Launched Outlets & Variants

The Advantage Secure PDU features a new range of individual and combination Regular/Locking Outlet Port configurations.



Outlet 2xC13 Combo

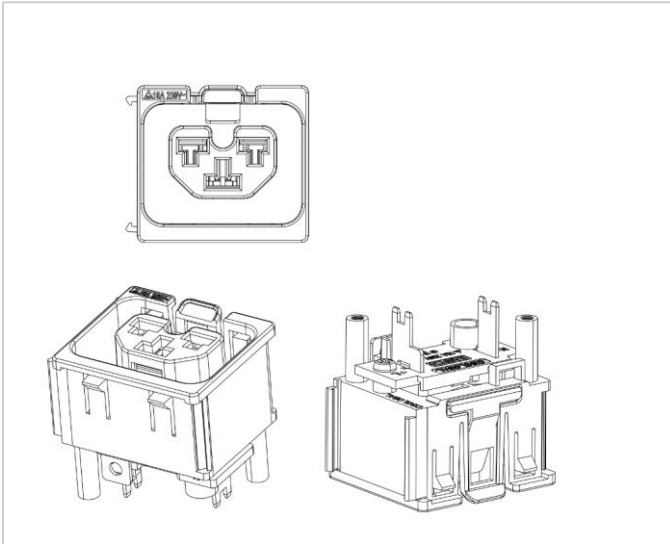
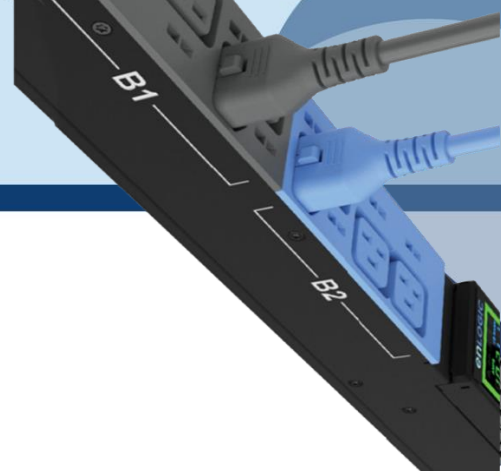
12 A / 250 V



Outlet 2xC13 Combo

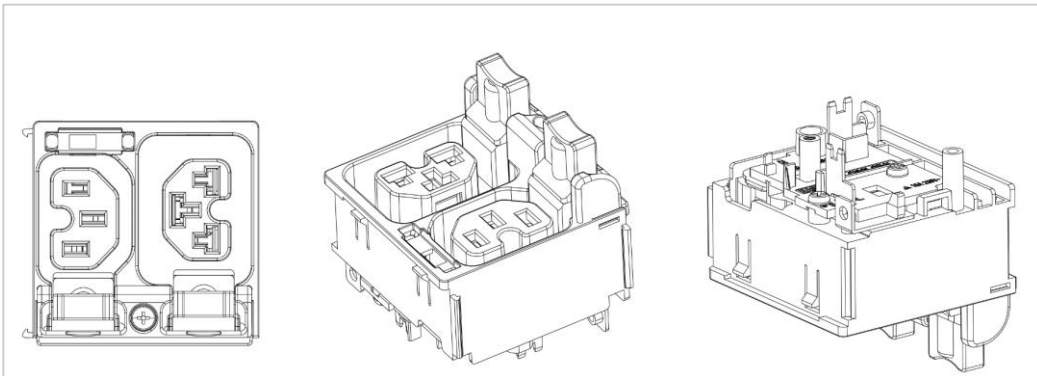
12 A / 250 V

Each Outlet can be monitored independently



Outlet 1xC19 Combo

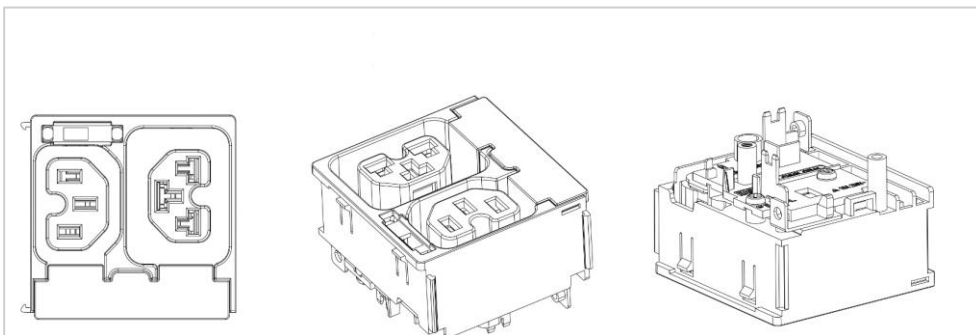
16 A / 250 V



Outlet C13/ C19 Locking

C13 - 12 A / 250 V

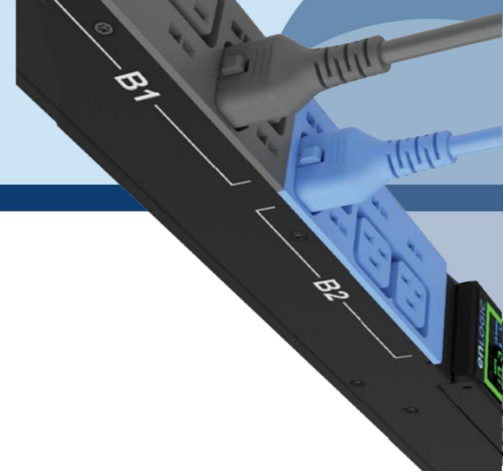
C19 - 16 A / 250 V



Outlet C13/ C19 Combo

C13 - 12 A / 250 V

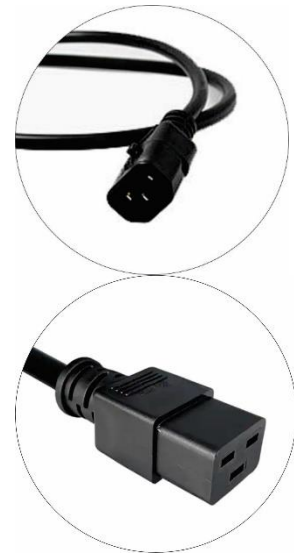
C19 - 16 A / 250 V



Self-Locking Cable & Non-Locking Cable

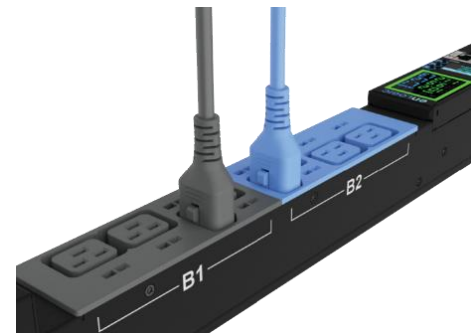
The IEC plug connectors will securely lock into the combo outlets. Both connections require deliberate action in order to plug/release the locking/non-locking buttons.

The locking/non-locking power cord is an inventive step to avoid loose IEC power connections and accidentally unplugging the equipment. Enlogic's reliable and secure locking power cords ensures reduction of risk and protection of vital IT assets.



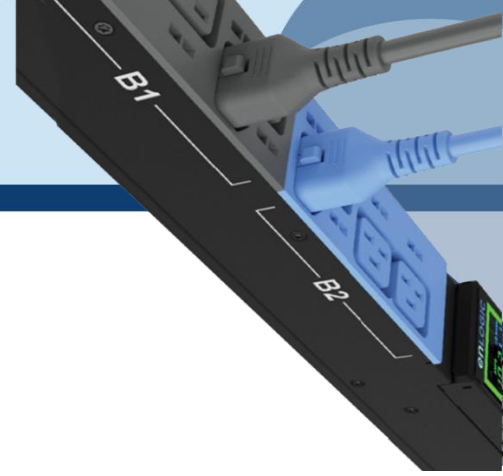
Locking Power Cords

Enlogic two way locking IEC power cords provide protection against accidental power loss from your attached IT equipment when used with the Enlogic PDUs. A small tab fits into the IEC C13 or C19 outlet of any PDU providing an error proof locking mechanism.





Getting Started



Mounting PDU in Server Cabinet

Enlogic iPDUs are built with tool-less mounting in most rack enclosure designs.

(If the standard mounting pegs or mounting bracket do not comply with your rack configuration, contact Enlogic support for assistance.) Installation of a bracket can require a screwdriver.

1. The Advantage Secure PDU comes with tool-less mounting pegs for ease and convenience.
2. Determine where the Advantage Secure PDU is mounted in the inside of the server cabinet.

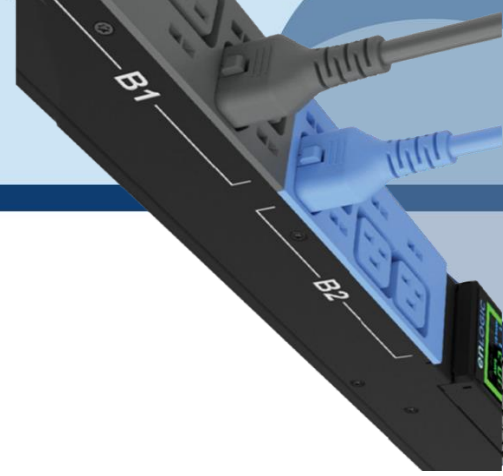
Note: *If your rack does not require mounting brackets, skip step 4 and 5. If required, attach the mounting brackets to the server cabinet. The standard Enlogic mounting brackets are secured to the rack using a screwdriver.*



3. Attach the enclosed mounting brackets to the server cabinet using the screws.
4. Insert the pegs into the server rack mounting holes or into the mounting brackets and tighten the mounting pegs into place.

Note: *The distance between the mounting pegs varies depending on PDU models.*

5. Pull the power cord through the cabinet and tighten the mounting pegs. Proceed with connecting to a power source.



Connecting to Power Source

Before initiating the installation procedure, check the Branch Circuit Rating in the Safety Information section of this manual. Always follow local and national codes when installing the PDU. The PDU should be connected to a dedicated circuit protected by a branch circuit breaker that matches the PDU input-plug type.

Note: When connecting the Enlogic iPDU to a Power Source, make sure that you have enough length in the PDU power cord to reach the PDU power source.

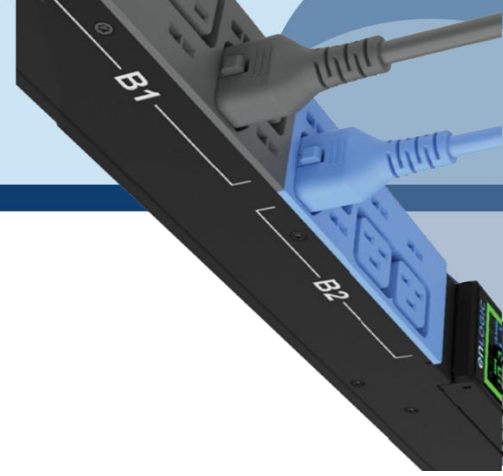
1. Turn Off the feed circuit breaker.
2. Make sure that all circuit breakers on the Enlogic iPDU are set to ON.
3. Connect each Enlogic iPDU to an appropriately rated branch circuit.
4. Note: Refer to the label on the PDU for the input ratings.
5. Turn ON the feed circuit breaker.

The OLED screen will display a status bar, when the PDU operating system is loading. The LED code on the OLED screen will flash in light pink. After 3 seconds, the Main Menu (Setup, Alarms, Power, Sensors) will display on the LED screen. Switched PDUs in the EN2000 series or EN6000 series show a light corresponding to each outlet as it is powered up.

Connecting PDU to Network

The Enlogic range of PDUs are set to obtain an IP address via DHCP by default. Therefore, when an Enlogic iPDU is connected to a network for the first time, the PDU will automatically obtain an IP address. In case the PDU is placed within a static network environment, users can configure the PDU to a Static IP via connecting to the PDU by serial cable or uploading a configuration file via USB. The PDU automatically obtains an IP address via DHCP, when connected to a network. Login to the Web UI to configure the PDU and assign a static IP address (if required).

1. Connect a standard Ethernet patch cable to Ethernet Port1/Port2 on the Advantage Secure PDU.
2. Connect the other end of the Ethernet cable to the LAN.
3. Make sure that the Ethernet port on the PDU shows a solid green light on the left and a flashing yellow light on the right to indicate successful connectivity to the network. (Gigabit Router is used in this network connection.)
4. Use the menu buttons to look up the IP address of the device on the OLED display by selecting Setup > Network > IPv4 or IPv6 as applicable.
5. In a standard web browser, type the PDU IP address and proceed to configure the PDU.



Connecting with Serial Connection

Alternatively, you can configure the network settings using the command line interface (CLI) with a serial connection. Users can either connect serially using the optional Enlogic RJ45-DB9 Cable (SKU EA9119) or by creating a unique pinout as described below.

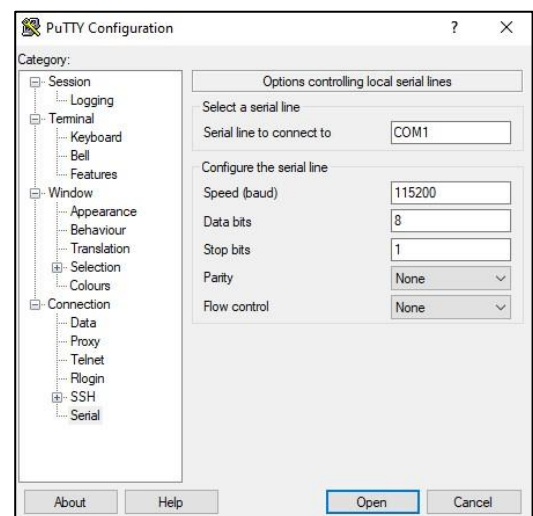
1. Connect the RJ45 end of the serial cable into the port sensor 1 on the PDU.
2. Connect the DB9 end of the cable into the communications (COM) port on your computer.
3. Note: You can need to use a DB9 serial to USB connection cable for this step to connect via USB, if a DB9 serial port is not available on your computer.
4. Open a communications program such as HyperTerminal or PUTTY. Select the COM port.



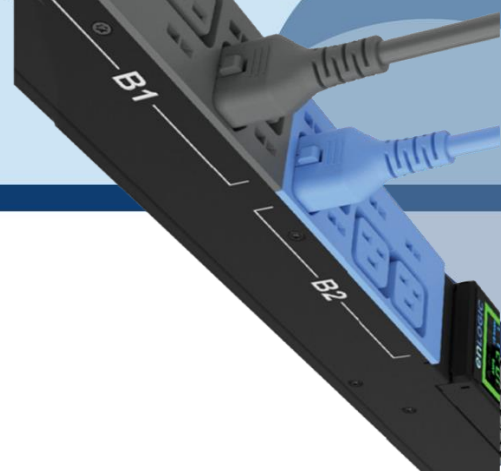
Set the communications port as follows:

- Bits per second: 115200
- Data bits: 8
- Parity: None
- Stop bits: 1
- Flow control: None

1. Use the default initial login indicated below.
Note: Username and Password are both case sensitive.
 - Username: admin
 - Password: 12345678
2. The EN2.0> prompt appears after you have logged in.
3. To configure network settings, Type the appropriate net commands in Command prompt and press **Enter** button. All commands are case sensitive. You can type "?" to access the commands.



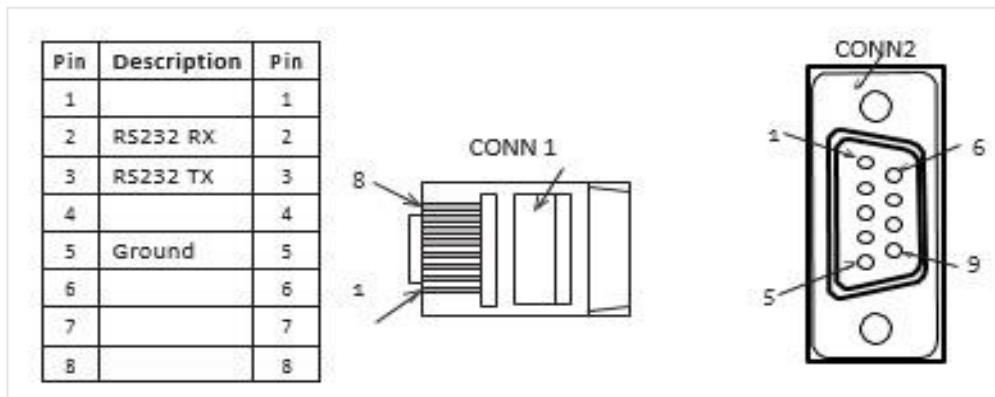
- For the Net eth0 and eth1 IPv4 DHCP configuration, configure the below parameter.
 - net tcpip eth0dhcp
 - net tcpip eth1dhcp
 - Enter "Y" to validate and reboot the network management card.
 - For the static IPv4 configuration, configure the below parameters.
 - net tcpip eth0static x.x.x.x (ipaddress) x.x.x.x (netmask) x.x.x.x (gateway) Example:
net tcpip eth0static 192.168.1.100 255.255.255.0 192.168.1.1
 - Enter "Y" to validate and reboot the network management card.
- OR
- net tcpip eth1static x.x.x.x (ipaddress) x.x.x.x (netmask) x.x.x.x (gateway) Example
net tcpip eth1static 192.168.1.100 255.255.255.0 192.168.1.1

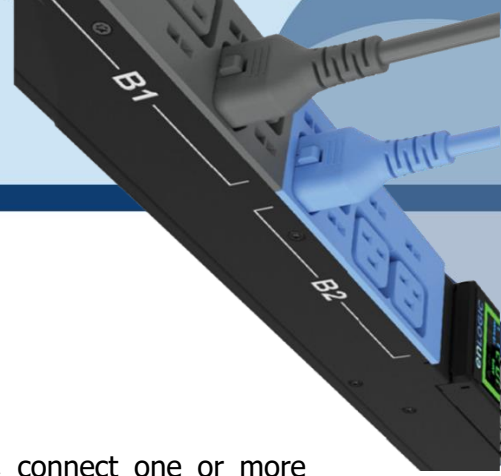


Creating Unique Pinout Connection

Enlogic recommends purchasing our serial cable for use with the Advantage Secure iPDU. This ensures an accurate connection. However, to create your own pinout connection for the RJ45 to Serial cable, make the wired connections as shown:

Refer to the **Web UI** section and **Command Line Interface** section for more information about managing the PDU.

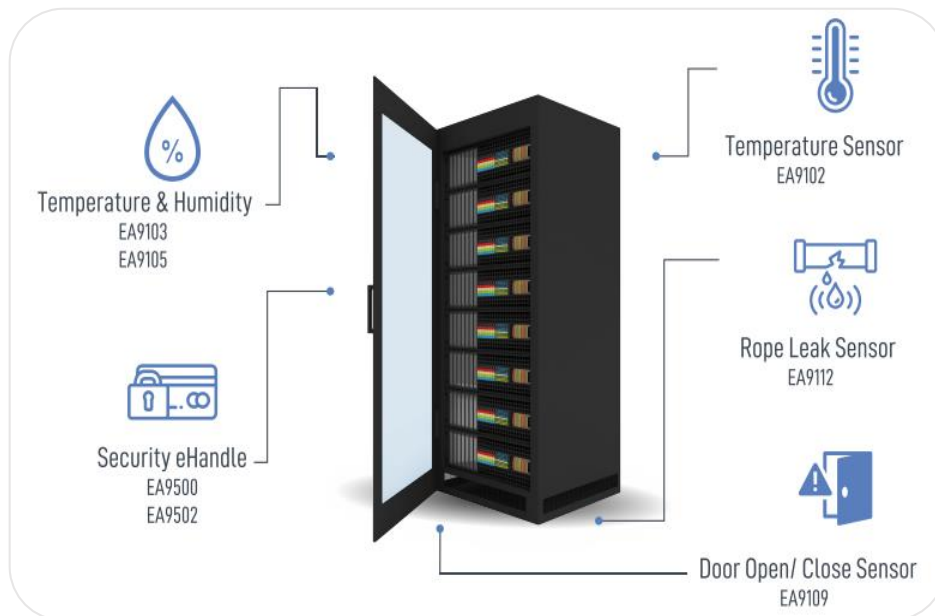


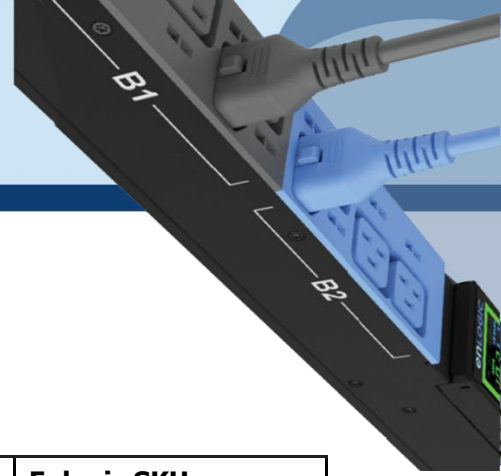


Connecting Sensors (Optional)

To enable the Advantage Secure device to detect Enlogic conditions, connect one or more sensors to the PDU sensor port 1 or 2. The maximum distance for sensor cabling, which is plugged into the device sensor port should not exceed 100 feet (30 m). The maximum number of sensor detection points should not exceed 10.

Refer to the table below to determine the sensor detection points for each sensor used. For example: If you are using the 3 Temperature sensor + 1 Humidity sensor, 4 sensor points are in use, so only 4 additional sensor points are available.

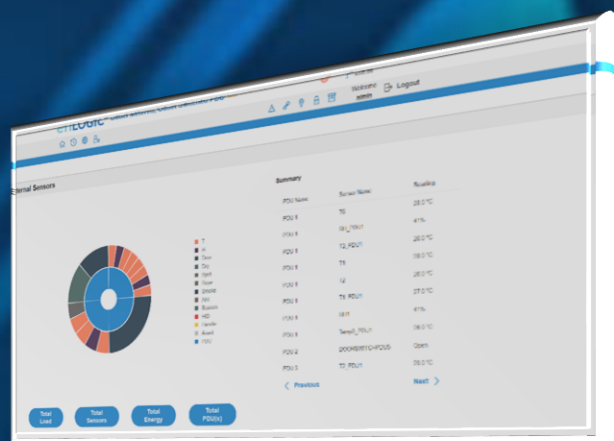




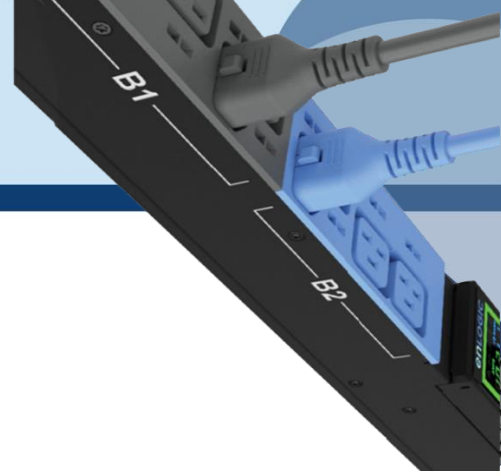
Accessories & Sensor Description	No of Sensor Points	Enlogic SKU
Temperature Sensor	1	EA9102
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	2	EA9103
(3) Temperature + (1) Humidity Sensor	4	EA9105
Sensor Input Hub (3 sensor inputs)	NA	EA9106
Door Switch Sensor	1	EA9109
Dry Contact Cable	1	EA9110
Spot Fluid Leak Sensor	1	EA9111
Rope Fluid Leak Sensor	1	EA9112
LED Light Strip Sensor	1	EA9125
RJ45-DB9 CABLE	1	EA9119
USB TO RS232 (RJ45-USB) CABLE	1	EA9128
HID RACK ACCESS Kit	1	EA9130
E-Handle (RFID) – no keypad available	2	EA9502
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> E-Handle (with addition sensors of 3 Temperature + 1 Door) 	6	
E-Handle (RFID & User PIN authentication) – with keypad	2	EA9500
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> E-Handle (with addition sensors of 3 Temperature + 1 Door) 	6	

For more information about Enlogic sensors, refer to the Installation sheet included with each sensor.

enLOGIC by nvent



Web User Interface



Web User Interface (UI)

Connect the ethernet cable to the NMC, ensure it is active, which is indicated by a solid green light on the right and a flashing yellow light on the left. This indicates successful connectivity to the network.

Use the menu buttons to look up the IP address of the device on the OLED display by selecting **Setup > Network > IPv4 or IPv6 as applicable.**

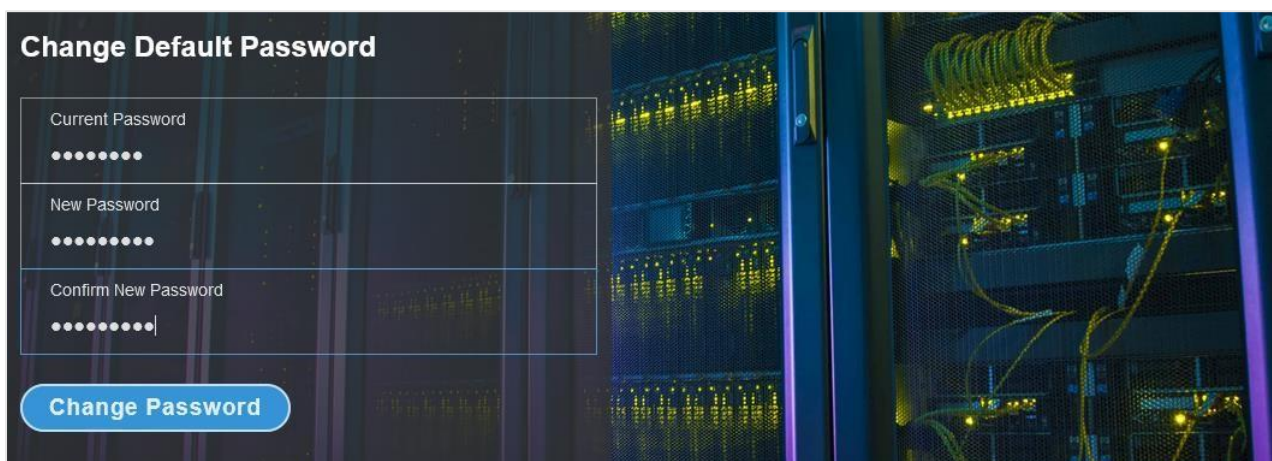
In a standard web browser, enter the PDU IP address (“https://IP ADDRESS”) and proceed to configure the PDU as shown in the Web Configuration section. The supported Web browsers are Google Chrome (mobile and desktop), Mozilla Firefox, and Microsoft Edge on desktop. If browser displays “can’t reach this page” please double check that you are using the “https://” protocol not “http://”

Introduction to Web UI

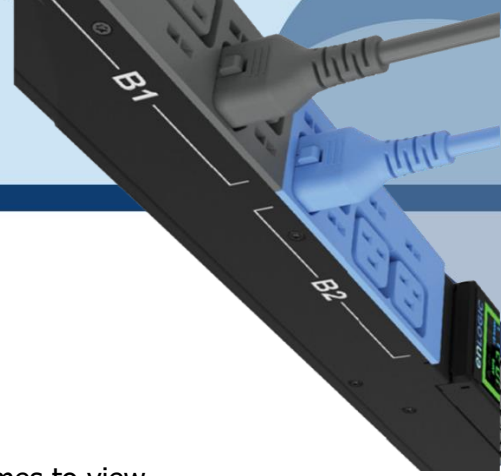
When the user logs in for the first time or in the case of a password expiry, the password must be entered on the login page.

On the login page:

1. A **Change Default Password** screen comes to view.
2. Type the **Current Password**, **New Password** and **Confirmed New Password**.




3. Click **Change Password** button to complete the process.



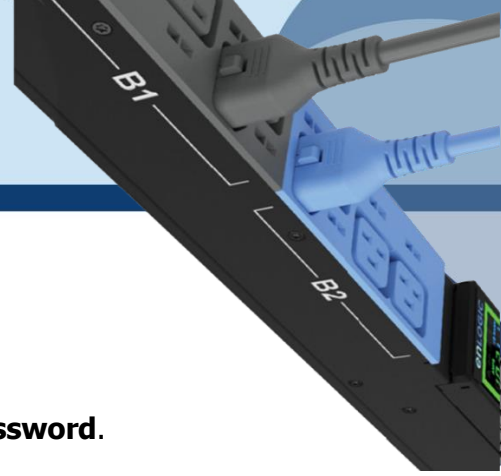
If the user needs to change the password using the web UI:

1. Click on the **User Settings** icon, the User Settings page comes to view.

Username	Unit	Role	Action
admin	* F	admin	
user	* F	user	
manager	* F	manager	

2. In the **Users** section, under the category **Action**, click  the icon next your **Username** and **Role** to edit/change the password

Username	Unit	Role	Action
admin	* F	admin	
user	* F	user	
manager	* F	manager	



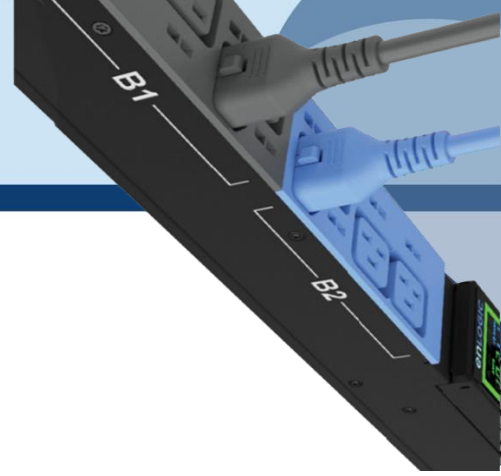
3. Type the new password in the **Password** and **Confirm Password**.
4. Click **Save** button to complete the setting.

Edit

User

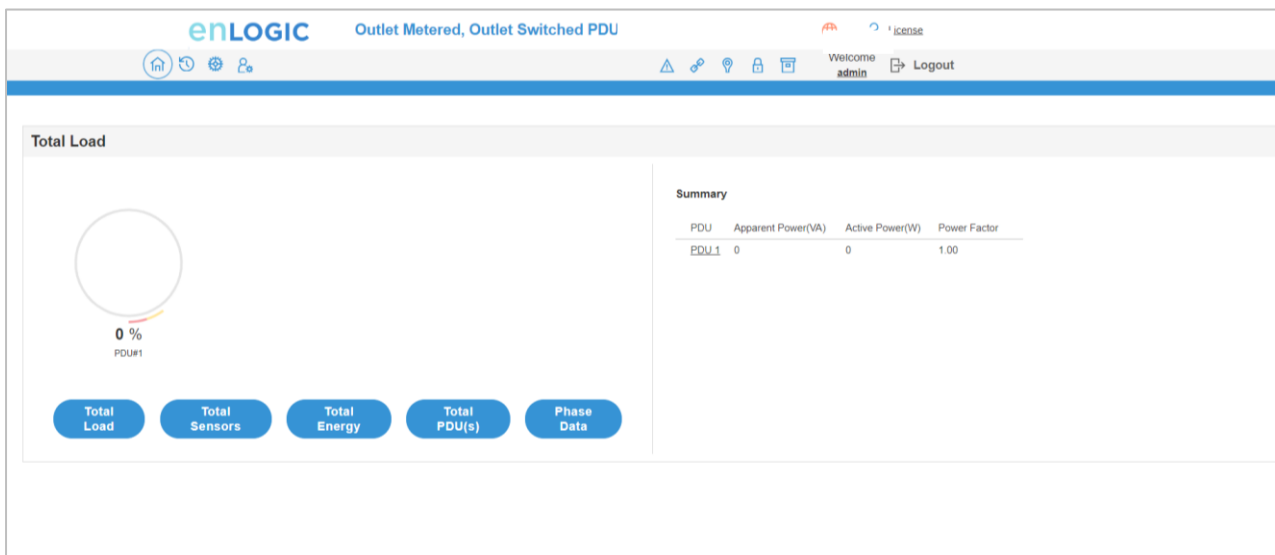
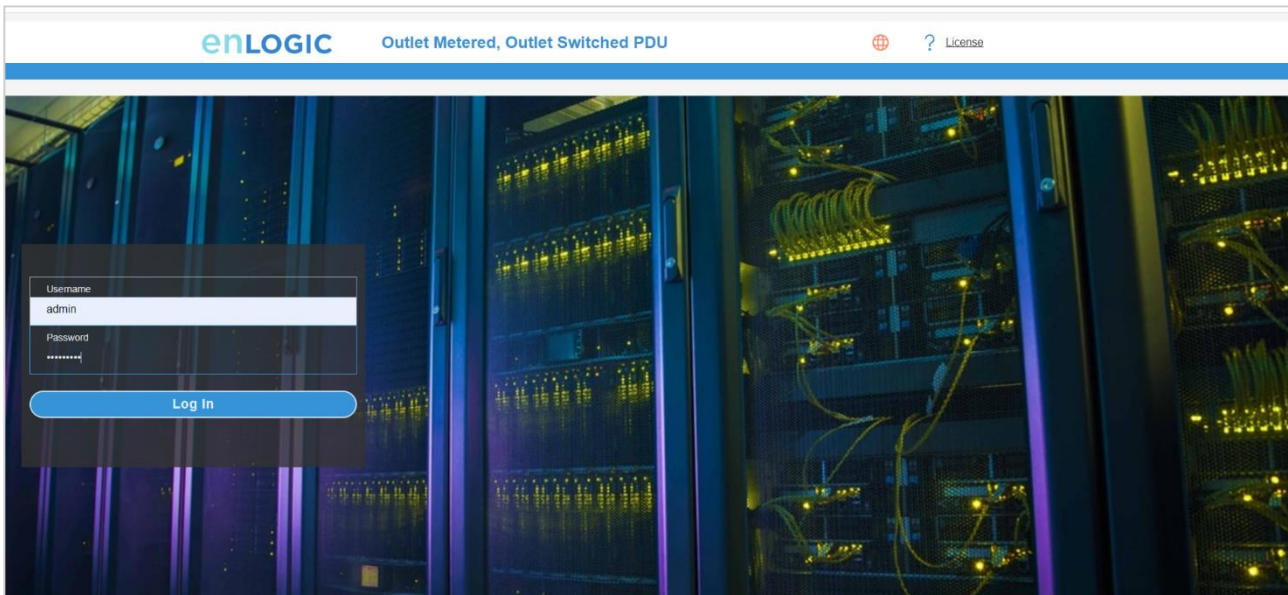
Username	admin
Password	*****
Confirm Password	*****

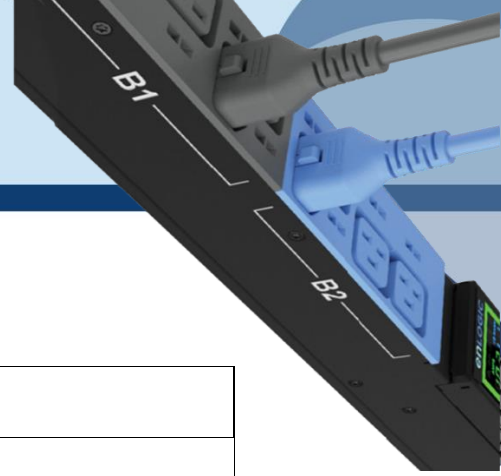
Save









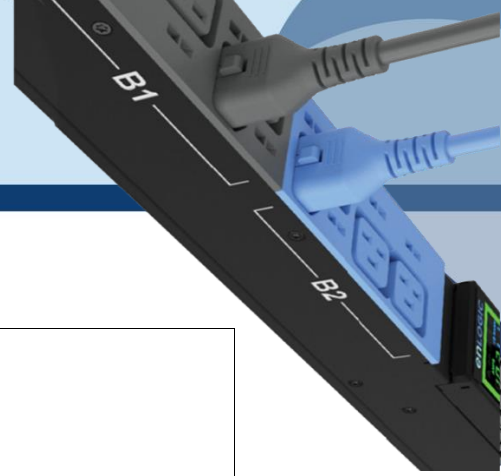
Navigating through the Web UI






The landing page, followed by the login page.

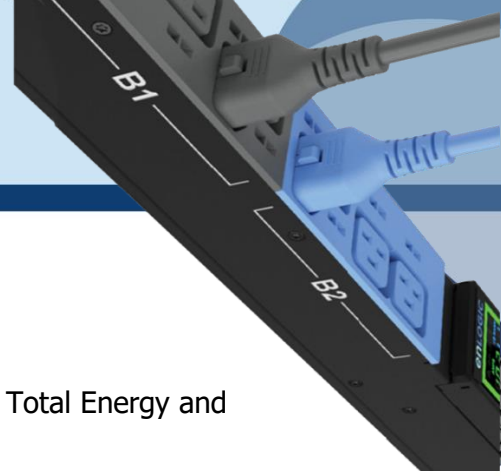




Icon	Description
	<p>Home Icon</p> <p>Click this Home icon to redirect/move to home page. Home page provides an overview of the PDU with access to the Dashboard, Identification and Control & Manage.</p>
	<p>Logs icon</p> <p>Click this icon to view and download the logs and data logs of the PDU.</p>
	<p>Settings Icon</p> <p>This settings icon allows the user to setup the Network Settings, System Management, SNMP Manager, Email Setup, Event Notifications, Trap Receiver, Thresholds, Rack Access Control and Smart Rack Control.</p>
	<p>User Settings Icon</p> <p>Click this icon to view the logged-in user or admin or manager. Also, the user can change the account passwords and manage user accounts through this page. Users and Roles can be added. Also, configure the RADIUS and LDAP servers</p>
	<p>Alarms</p> <p>Click this Alarm icon to view the details of the active critical alarms and active warning alarms.</p> <p>The Alarms are configured, based on different Thresholds which are set by the user on different parameters like Power, Voltage, Input Phase, Circuit Breaker, and External Sensors.</p> <p>Icon colors can be changed based on PDU alarm status. Critical Alarm always have high precedence over warnings.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Red - Critical Alarms • Yellow - Warnings
	<p>Link</p> <p>This Icon indicates the daisy-chain connection status alarms.</p>



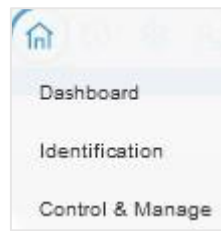
	<p>Sensor Warning This icon represents the sensor related alarms like:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Temp • Humidity • Dry
	<p>Status Alarms This icon indicates the Door and HID sensor status alarms.</p>
	<p>Status Alarms This icon indicates the CB and Outlet status alarms.</p>
	<p>Select a Language This icon allows the user to select a Language. Currently eight languages are available to choose: English, French, Italian, Korean, German, Spanish, Japanese and Chinese.</p>
	<p>Click this icon to download system diagnostic logs or navigate to the user guide.</p>



Dashboard

In this page, the user can view information of Total Load, Total Sensors, Total Energy and Total PDUs.

1. Click on the **Home** icon to dropdown the Home menu.
2. Select **Dashboard** to view information



Total Load

enLOGIC Outlet Metered, Outlet Switched

Welcome admin | Logout

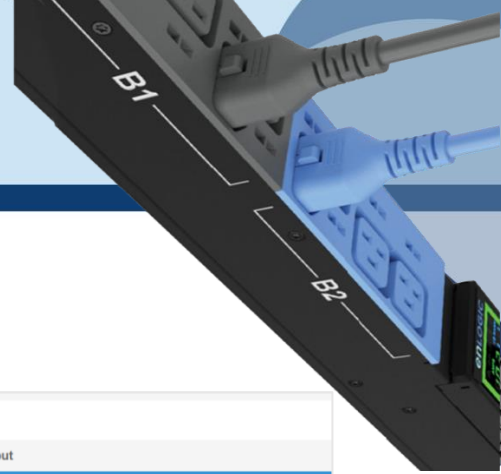
Total Load

0 %
PDU#1

Summary

PDU	Apparent Power(VA)	Active Power(W)	Power Factor
PDU_1	0	0	1.00

[Total Load](#)
[Total Sensors](#)
[Total Energy](#)
[Total PDU\(s\)](#)
[Phase Data](#)



Total Energy

enLOGIC Outlet Metered, Outlet Switched PDU
License

Home Settings Users
Warning Info Lock Refresh Logout

Energy Information

0.419 kWh Total

- PDU 1 0.418 kWh
- PDU 2 0.001 kWh
- PDU 3 0 kWh
- PDU 4 0 kWh

Total 0.419 kWh

Total Load
Total Sensors
Total Energy
Total PDU(s)
Phase Data

Summary

PDU Name	Total Energy(kWh)	Energy(kWh) [Since]
PDU 1	0.418	0.418 [2023/05/12 16:05:07]
PDU 2	0.001	0.001 [2023/11/09 16:49:34]
PDU 3	0	0 [2023/11/09 16:44:37]
PDU 4	0	0 [2023/11/09 16:45:05]

NOTE
The page shows energy accumulation at each PDU level as well as the sum of all PDU energy. Legend information summarizes energy information by the PDU. Mouse hover on Legend or Bar will display energy value in kWh. Color code may repeat over again if the system is connected with more than 6 PDU. Color is just used here for graphics not meant for anything else.

Total Sensors

enLOGIC Outlet Metered, Outlet Switched PDU
License

Home Settings Users
Warning Info Lock Refresh Logout

External Sensors

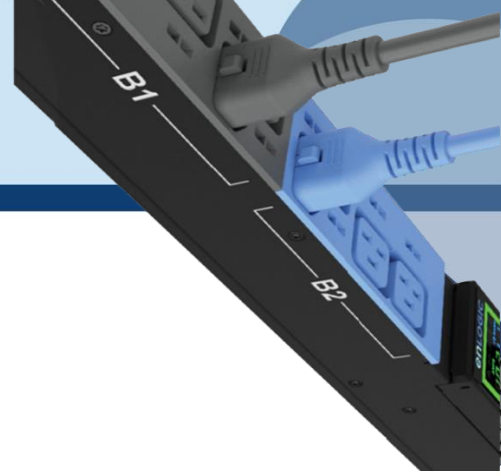
- T
- H
- Door
- Dry
- Spot
- Rope
- Smoke
- AIR
- Beacon
- HID
- Handle
- Asset
- PDU

Summary

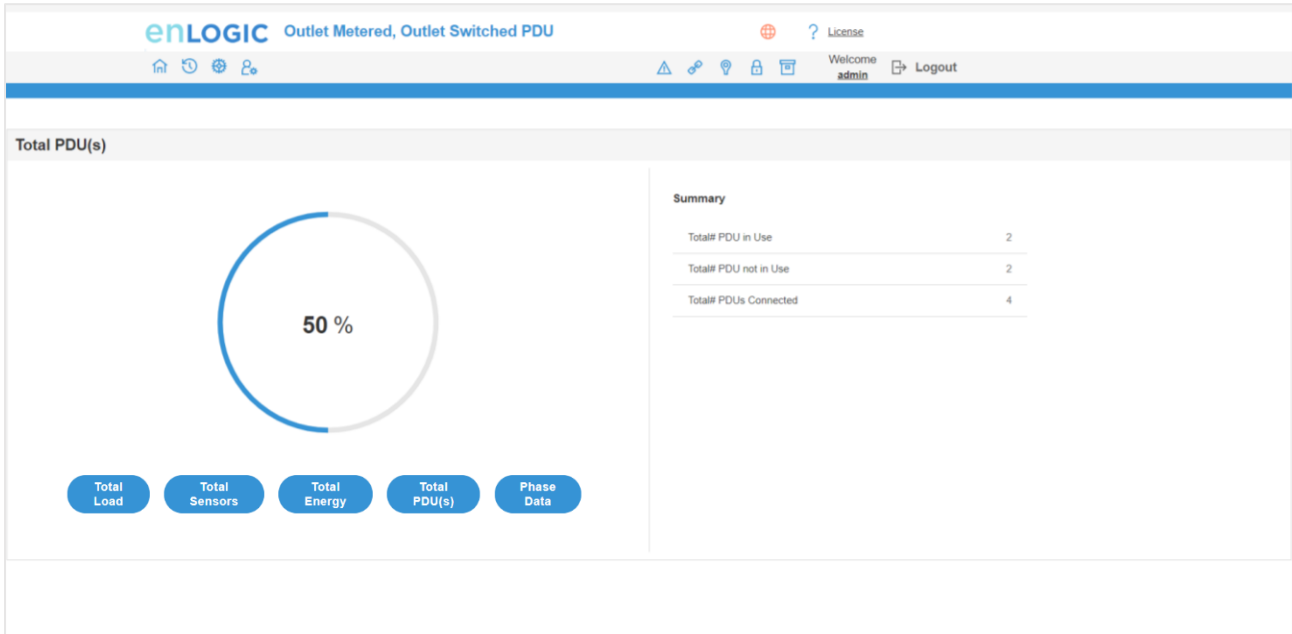
PDU Name	Sensor Name	Reading
PDU 1	T6	28.0 °C
PDU 1	RH_PDU1	41%
PDU 1	T3_PDU1	26.0 °C
PDU 1	T1	28.0 °C
PDU 1	T2	26.0 °C
PDU 1	T1_PDU1	27.0 °C
PDU 1	RH1	41%
PDU 1	Temp3_PDU1	26.0 °C
PDU 2	DOORSWITCHPDU5	Open
PDU 3	T2_PDU1	29.0 °C

[Previous](#)
[Next](#)

Total Load
Total Sensors
Total Energy
Total PDU(s)



Total PDUs

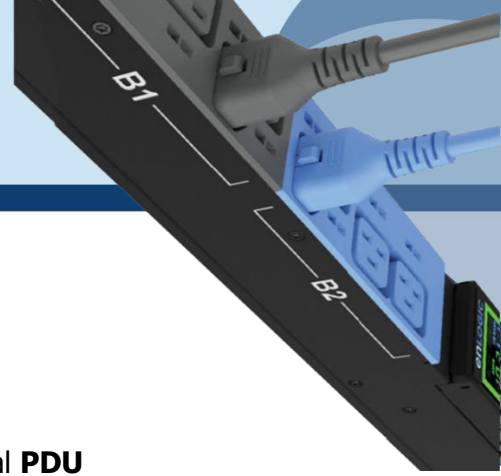


Phase Data

The screenshot shows the 'enLOGIC Outlet Metered, Outlet Switched PDU' dashboard with the 'Phase Data' section selected. The table below displays the following data:

PDU#	Phase	Current(A)	Voltage(V)	Apparent Power(VA)	Active Power(W)	Power Factor	Total Energy(KWh)
PDU 1	Phase 1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
PDU 1	Phase 2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
PDU 1	Phase 3	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00

Below the table are five navigation buttons: 'Total Load', 'Total Sensors', 'Total Energy', 'Total PDU(s)', and 'Phase Data'.



Identification

In this page, the user can view the **System Information**, and individual **PDU Information**.

1. Click on the **Home** icon to dropdown the Home menu
2. Select **Identification** to view the information and details about the External sensors connected.

enLOGIC Outlet Metered, Outlet Switched PDU

Welcome admin Logout

Identification

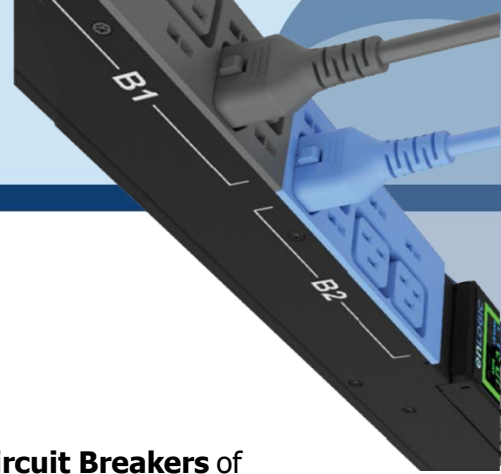
System Information			
Name	Value	Name	Value
System Name		MAC Address	C8-45-44-30-6D-FD
Contact Name		IPv4 Address	10.88.16.19
Contact Email		IPv6 Link Local Address	
Contact Phone		IPv6 Auto Configured Address	
Contact Location			

PDU Information

PDU 1-1


1	
Name	ENLOGIC
Core Location	Front
Core U Position	1
Model	200-240V, 24A, 5.9kVA, 50/60Hz
Part Number	EN6910
Serial Number	W7M0709
Boot Version	1.2
Web Version	3.2.C
Firmware Version	3.2.0.E
Hardware Version	
PDU Power Rating (kVA)	5
PDU Input Rating (A)	24
PDU Breaker Rating (A)	0

External Sensors



Control and Manage

In this page, the user can view and control the **Power Outlets & Circuit Breakers** of the PDUs. On this page information about the Outlets belonging to each CB are displayed together.

1. Click on the Home icon to dropdown the Home menu
2. Select Control & Manage.
3. Enable the Outlet Control Enabled.
4. Click on the  icon.

Outlet Name	Bank	Power Control	On Delay	Off Delay	Current	Power	Power Factor	State on Startup	Reboot Duration(5-60s)
OUTLET 1	BANK#1	OK	0	0	0.00	0	1.00	⏻	5
OUTLET 2	BANK#1	OK	0	0	0.00	0	1.00	⏻	5
OUTLET3554	BANK#1	OK	300	300	0.00	0	1.00	⏻	5
OUTLET 4	BANK#1	OK	0	0	0.00	0	1.00	⏻	5
OUTLET 5	BANK#1	OK	0	0	0.00	0	1.00	⏻	5
OUTLET6665	BANK#1	OK	600	600	0.00	0	1.00	⏻	5

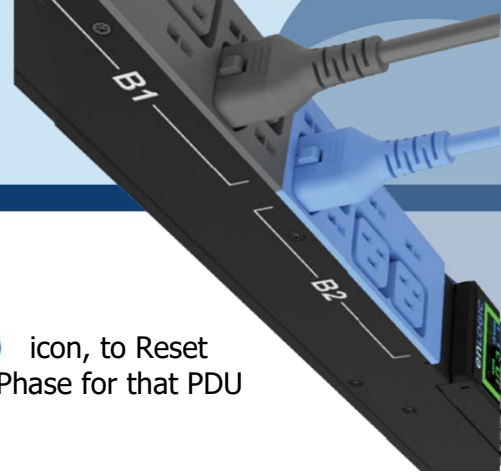
5. Edit/change the Outlet information below:
 - **Outlet name to identify the outlet**
 - **On delay time** (0-7200 seconds)
 - **Off delay time** (0-7200 seconds)
 - **State on startup** (On, Off, and last known can be selected)
 - **Reboot duration** (configure time between 5 to 60 seconds)

Edit

Outlet Information

Outlet Name	OUTLET 1
On Delay(0-7200s)	88
Off Delay(0-7200s)	8
State on Startup	Off
Reboot Duration(5-60s)	58

[Save](#)



On the top right side of the Control & Manage page there is an Actions icon, to Reset PDU Energy. This step will Reset Total energy values to zero for CB and Phase for that PDU in all interfaces.

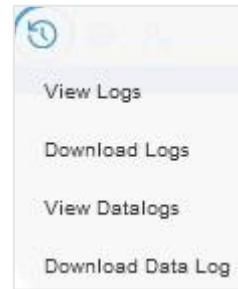
View Logs

In this page, the user can view, download, and clear the Actions performed by the PDU.

Some of the actions performed by the PDU are:

- Generating **Event, Audit** and **Application logs**,
- Recording **Power Share** details.

Click on the **System Administration** icon to dropdown the menu.

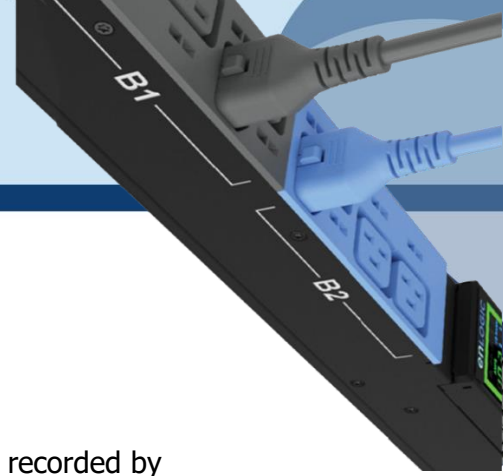


1. Select the **View Logs** to view the information.

Type	Description	Date & Time
Audit Log	User admin of PDU 1 from host 10.10.106.111 logged out	2021/09/14, 09:39:59
Audit Log	User admin of PDU 1 from host 10.10.105.39 logged in	2021/09/14, 09:38:49
Audit Log	User admin of PDU 1 from host 10.10.105.39 logged out	2021/09/14, 09:37:44
Event Log	External sensor HID of PDU 27 communication lost	2021/09/14, 09:37:40
Event Log	External sensor DOOR of PDU 27 communication lost	2021/09/14, 09:37:40
Audit Log	User admin of PDU 1 from host 10.10.105.194 logged in	2021/09/14, 09:35:55
Audit Log	User admin of PDU 1 from host 10.10.105.95 time out	2021/09/14, 09:33:34
Audit Log	User admin of PDU 1 from host 10.10.105.39 logged in	2021/09/14, 09:30:39

2. On the top-right side of the view log page, Click the below options as required:
3. **Download** Log: to download the logs
4. **Clear** Log: to delete/clear the logs.





View Data Logs

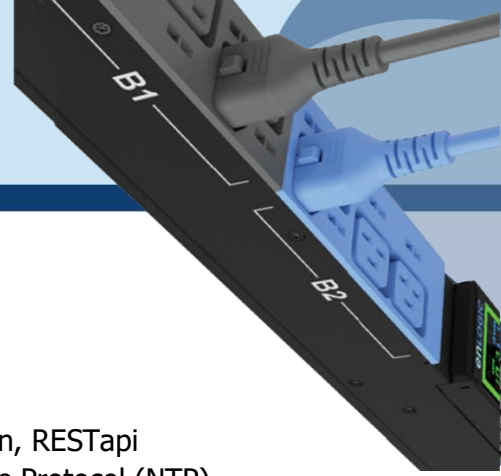
In this page, the user can view, configure, download, and clear the Data recorded by the PDU. The Data recorded by the PDU are:

- **Energy** information
- **Power** information
- **Date and Time** information

1. Click on the **System Administration** icon to dropdown the menu.
2. Select the **View Data Logs** to view the information.

Date(DD/MM/YY)	Time(HH:MM:SS)	PDUID	Pwr.kW	PwrMax.kW	PwrApp.kW	Energy.kWh	PH.VOL.1	2	3	PH.CUR.1	2	3	PH.PEAK.1	2	3	PH.PWR.1	2	3
04/01/2010	20:31:17	2	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000	0.000	0.0
04/01/2010	20:31:16	1	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000	0.000	0.0

3. On the top- right side of the View Data Log page, Click the below options as required:
 - **Data Log Configuration**, Click on this button to:
 - **Enable** Data Log Configuration if data log is required.
 - **Log Interval** time that needs to be recorded.
 - **Download** Data Log: to download the logs.
 - **Clear** Data Log: to delete/clear the logs.



Network Settings

This page allows the management of IP Configuration, Web Configuration, RESTapi Configuration, DNS Configuration, SSH/FTPs Configuration, Network Time Protocol (NTP), Date/Time Settings and Daylight-Savings Time.

This PDU supports IPv4 and IPV6 with full featured network management and alerting capabilities. After you select your Internet protocol option, you will be able to communicate via HTTP, HTTPS, SNMP, FTPS and SSH and Email for network communications.

1. Click on the **Settings** icon to dropdown the Settings menu.
2. Select the **Network Settings** to view the information.

enLOGIC
Outlet Metered, Outlet Switched PDU
License

Home Refresh Settings Users
Warning Link Location Lock Trash
Welcome admin Logout

Network Settings
Set Certificate Key
Change Link Speed
Syslog Configuration
Syslog Setting

Ethernet 0 IP Configuration

Network Mode	IPv4/IPv6
Boot Mode IPv4	DHCP
Boot Mode IPv6	Autoconfig
IPv4 Address	10.10.106.62
Network Mask	255.255.252.0
Default Gateway	10.10.104.254
IPv6 Link Local Address	fe80::f5ab:9c82:23f1:811f
IPv6 Global Configured Address	2001:c0a8:aa01::fa

Domain Name System

Manually Override Servers	×
Primary DNS Server	0.0.0.0
Secondary DNS Server	0.0.0.0
Edit Hostname/Domain	×
Host Name	
Domain Name(IPv4/IPv6)	

Web/RESTapi Access Configuration

Web Access	http&https
Web Port	80/443
Redirection	✓
RESTapi Access	✓
Certificate	View Certificate

SSH/FTPs Configuration

SSH Access	×
SSH Port	22
FTPs Access	✓
FTPs Port	21
Telnet Access	✓
Telnet Port	23

Network Time Protocol(NTP)

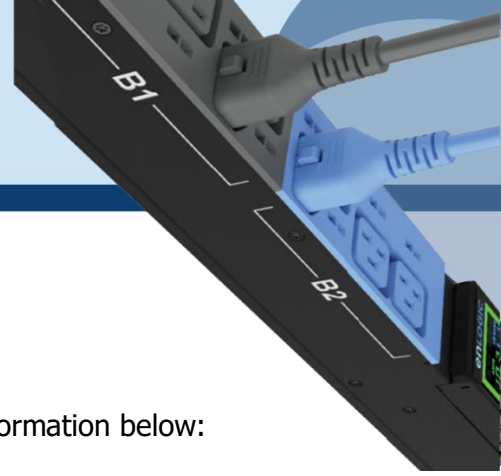
Enable	×
Primary NTP Server	0.0.0.0
Secondary NTP Server	0.0.0.0
NTP GMT Offset	(UTC) Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London


Date/Time Settings

Date	2024/05/16
Time	01:02:44
Date Format	YYYY/MM/DD

Daylight Saving Time

Enable	×
Start Month	[1][1][0:0]
End Month	[1][1][0:0]
Time Offset	0 Minutes



3. Click on the  icon to edit/change the **IP Configuration** information below:

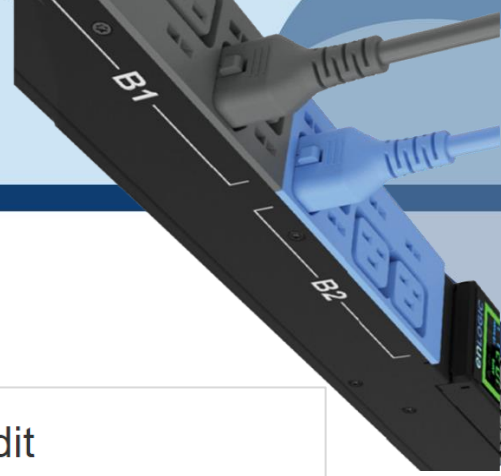
- **Network Mode**
- **Boot Mode**
- **Boot Mode Ipv6**
- **IPv4 Address**
- **Network Mask**
- **Default Gateway**
- **IPv6 Auto Configured Address**
- **Subnet Prefix Length (Ipv6)**
- **Default Gateway (Ipv6)**
- Click **Save** button to complete setting.

Edit

IP Configuration

Network Mode	IPv4/IPv6 Dual
Boot Mode	STATIC
Boot Mode IPv6	STATIC
IPv4 Address	10.88.16.17
Network Mask	255.255.255.192
Default Gateway	10.88.16.1
IPv6 Auto Configured Address	2007:cb9:8765:4321::1009
Subnet Prefix Length (IPv6)	64
Default Gateway (IPv6)	2007:cb9:8765:4321::1

Save



Web/RESTapi Access Configuration

4. By default, accessing the PDU uses HTTPS port setting.

Click the  icon to edit/change the **Web/RESTapi Access**

Configuration information below:

- **Web Access (HTTP or HTTPS).**
- **Web Port** (Default 80 for HTTP, and 443 for HTTPS).
- Toggle ON/OFF the **Redirection** to enable HTTP to HTTPS redirection.
- Enable **RESTapi Access**.
- To access the HTTPS settings, upload the **SSL Certificate** and **SSL Certificate Key** provided by Enlogic.
- Click Save button to complete the settings.

Edit

Web/ RESTapi Access Configuration

Web Access Http & Https
HTTP Port Default 80 for Http 80
HTTPS Port Default 443 for Https 443
Redirection <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
RESTapi Access Enable

SSL Certificate

SSL Certificate <input type="button" value="Choose File"/> No file chosen
SSL Certificate Key <input type="button" value="Choose File"/> No file chosen

5. Edit the SSH/FTPS configuration Settings information below:

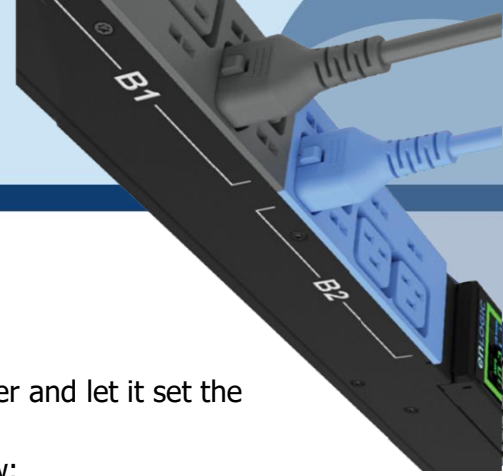
Click the  icon to edit/change the **SSH/FTPs Configuration** information below:

- Enable **SSH Access**.
- **SSH Port** (Default 22).
- Enable **FTPs Access**.
- **FTPs Port** (Default 21).
- Click Save button to complete the settings.


Edit

SSH/FTPs Configuration

SSH Access <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
SSH Port Default 22 22
FTPs Access <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
FTPs Port Default 21 21



6. You can link the PDU to a **Network Time Protocol (NTP)** server and let it set the date and time.

Click the icon  to edit/change the NTP Setting information below:


- **Enable** the NTP settings.
- To synchronize the PDU time with a selected server.
- Type the valid **Primary** NTP server address.
- Type the valid **Secondary** NTP server address.
- **The user has an option to configure only the primary IP, the secondary one is not mandatory.**
- Select the desired **NTP GMT offset** time from the dropdown list.
- Click **Test** button to check if the network is valid or not.
- Click **Save** button to complete setting.

Edit

Network Time Protocol(NTP)

Enable	<input type="checkbox"/>
Primary NTP Server	0.0.0.0
Secondary NTP Server	0.0.0.0
NTP GMT Offset	(UTC) Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London



7. You can manually set the internal clock on the PDU.

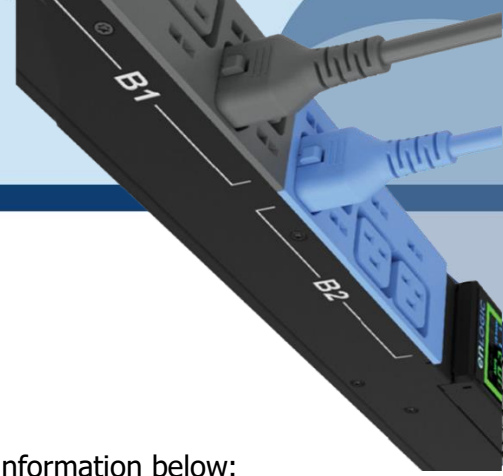
Click the icon  to edit/change the **Date/Time Setting** information below:


- Type the **Date** in YYYY/MM/DD format or use the calendar icon.
- Type the **Time** in HH: MM: SS format and time is measured in 24-hour format.
- Click **Save** button to complete setting.

Edit

Date/Time Settings

Date	2021/01/28		
Time	HH:MM:SS	16:37:43	
Date Format	Supported format is [YYYY/MM/DD]		



8. Click on the  icon to edit/change the Daylight-Saving Time information below:

- **Enable** the Daylight-Saving Time.
- Select the specifics of the **Start Month**:
 - Month
 - Week
 - Day
 - Time
- Select the specifics of the **End Month**:
 - Month
 - Week
 - Day
 - Time
 - Assign the **Time Offset**.
- Click **Save** button to complete setting.

Edit

Daylight Saving Time

Enable

Start Month
Select

Select

Select

0:0:199

End Month
End Month::Week::Day::Time

Select

Select

Select

199:173:0

Time Offset
Select

9. On the top-right side of the Network Settings page, Click the below options as required:

Set Certificate Key

Below are the steps to edit SSL Certificate Key Length.

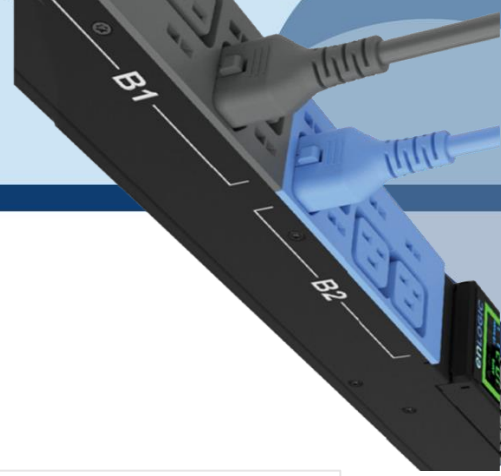
- Click **Set Certificate Key** button.
- Select **bits (1024/2048)** from dropdown menu.
- Click **Save** button to complete setting.

Edit

SSL Certificate Key Length

SSL Certificate Key Length

2048 bits



Change Link Speed

Below are the steps to change the Ethernet link speed.

- Click **Change Link Speed** button.
- Select speed (as required below) from dropdown menu.
 - - **Auto Negotiation**
 - - **10/100 Mbps**
 - - **1 Gbps**
- Click **Save** button to complete setting.

Edit

Ethernet Link Speed

Link Speed
 Auto Negotiation

[Save](#)

OMB Syslog Configuration

In relation to cybersecurity incidents, Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Syslog requires an Implementation where syslog's are required and must adhere to the M-21-31 memorandum requirements specified by the Federal Government's Investigative and Remediation Capabilities. This memorandum outlines the logs that agencies need to keep and maintain for necessary retention periods.

Below are the steps to configure the Syslog.

- Click **Syslog Configuration** button.
- Enable the **Enable Syslog Server Access**.
- Type the **Syslog Server Address**.
- Select the Syslog Protocol from the dropdown menu >> UDP /TCP /TCP+TLS
- If selecting TCP+TLS option, upload a valid TLS certificate.
- Select Syslog Server Port number.
- Click Save button to complete setting.

Edit

System Log Configuration

Enable Syslog Server Access

Syslog Server Address
 10.10.105.103

Syslog Protocol
 UDP
UDP
 TCP
 TCP + TLS

[Save](#)

Edit

System Log Configuration

Enable Syslog Server Access

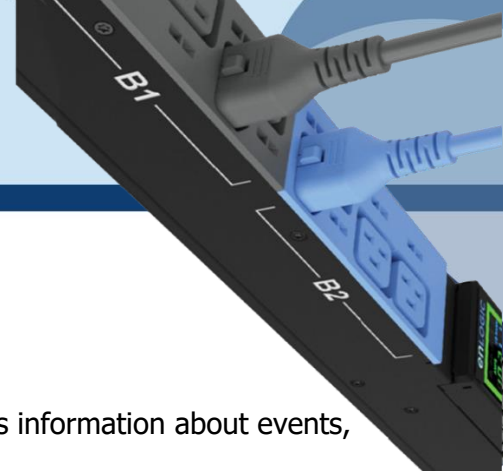
Syslog Server Address
 10.10.105.103

Syslog Protocol
 TCP + TLS

Syslog Server Port
 514

CA Certificate
 No file chosen

[Save](#)



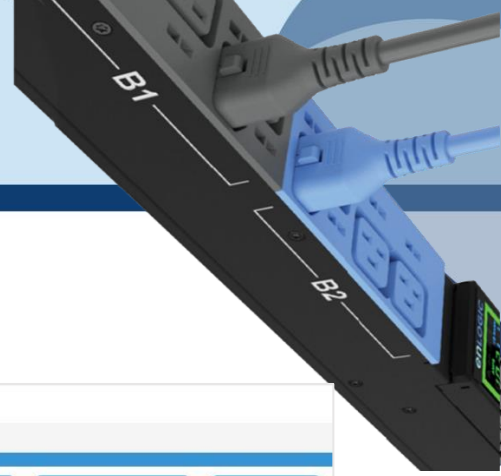
The admin can retrieve these logs from the syslog server, which provides information about events, but are not limited to the following fields:

- User Sessions
- Login attempt with result on any interface (do not log passwords)
- Logoff on any interface
- Session timeout on any interface
- Configuration Change - Any configuration change through any interface
- Any state change/ control operation on any interface Includes outlet control
- Any user or system alarm conditions
- Thresholds
- Alarms Network Connection Changes or Failures
- Other System Alarms
- Startup / shutdown events Include FW version
- FW Update
- Log attempt with new and old version identifiers
- Log update failures with reason
- Logging Transport Traps Must support notification of any logging failures through SNMP traps
- Any failure to connect with syslog collector
- Failure to authenticate syslog collector
- Failure of device to authenticate with syslog collector
- Error during session
- Disconnect prior to completion of session

System Management

The features of **uploading firmware, uploading configuration, and downloading configuration** are all available to the user on the Systems Management page. Additionally, the user has the option to reset and set the **Default Settings** of the Master and Node PDUs. The user can also **Restart** both the Master and Node PDUs.

1. Click on the **Settings** icon to dropdown the Settings menu.
2. Select the **System Management** to view the information.



3. Click on  the icon to edit/change the System Information below.

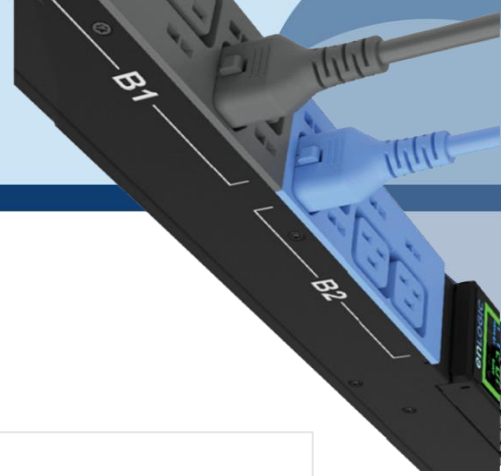
- Enter the **System Name** of the PDU for identification
- Enter the **Contact Name** of the contact person.
- Enter the **Contact Email** of the contact person.
- Enter the **Contact Phone** of the contact person.
- Enter the **Contact Location** of the contact person.
- Click **Save** button to complete setting.


Edit

System Management

System Name	hai
Contact Name	s
Contact Email	hallo@c.com
Contact Phone	88
Contact Location	b

[Save](#)



4. Click on the icon  to edit the Rack Location Information below:
- Enter the **Room Name** to identify the cabinet or room where the PDU is located.
 - Enter the **Row Name** where the PDU is located on the rack.
 - Enter the **Row Position** where the PDU is located on the rack.
 - Enter the **Rack Name** where the PDU is located.
 - Enter the **Rack ID** for identification of rack.
 - Enter the **Rack Height** where the PDU is located on the rack.
 - Click **Save** button to complete setting.


Edit

Rack Location

Room Name
Row Name
Row Position
Rack Name
Rack ID 0
Rack Height 0

[Save](#)

4. The LED Edge Color can be configured into 7 different colors for the easy identification. The colors are red, blue, white, yellow, green, cyan, and pink.

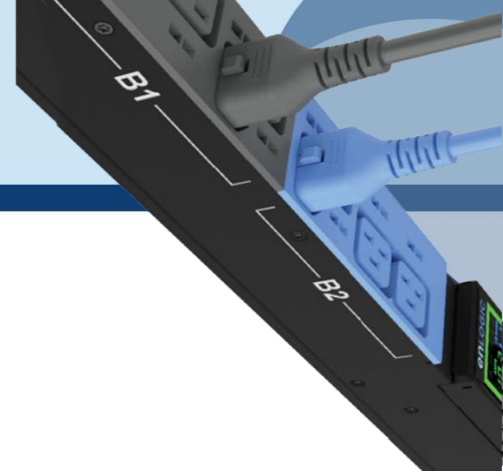
- Click the  icon to edit/change the **LED Edge Color** information below:
- Select the **LED Color**.
 - Select **PDU**.

Edit

LED Edge Color

LED Color Blue
Select PDU All ▼

[Save](#)



5. Click the  icon to edit/change the

Power Panel & Core Location information below:

- Enter the **Power Panel Name** to identify the PDU.
- Select **Core Location** to identify which side the PDU is located **Front** or **Back**
- Enter **Core U Position** to identify the rack location.
- Click **Save** button to complete setting.

Edit

Power Panel & Core Location

Power Panel Name	1
Core Location	Front
Core U Position	1

Save

SNMP Management

This page allows the user to manage the transfer of data from the PDU to the MIB Browser. Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) is used to manage the Advantage Secure PDU(s) remotely. SNMP allows the user to monitor and detect PDU faults and to even configure variable data in the PDU.

1. Click on the **Settings** icon to dropdown the Settings menu.
2. Select the **SNMP Manager** to view the information.
3. To access the PDU data inside a MIB Browser. Enable the **SNMP General**.
4. Click Save button to complete the settings.

SNMP General

Enable ✓

SNMP Version V1/2c&V3

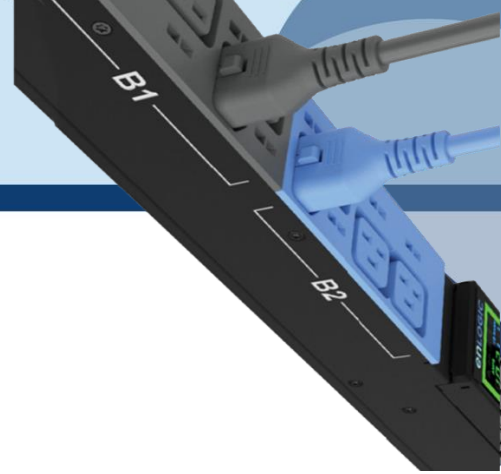
SNMP General

Enable

SNMP Version

V1/2c&V3

Save



5. To secure the link between the PDU and the MIB Browser.

6. Click the  icon to edit/change the SNMP Port below:

- Enter the **SNMP Port** number.
- Enter the **SNMP Trap Port** number.
- Click **Save** button to complete setting.

SNMP Port 

SNMP Port 161

SNMP Trap Port 162


Edit

SNMP Port


SNMP Port
161

SNMP Trap Port
162

[Save](#)


7. Configuring Users for SNMP V1/V2c. Click on the icon  to edit/change the SNMP V1/2c Manager below:

SNMP Management

SNMP General 

Enable






SNMP Version V1/2c&V3

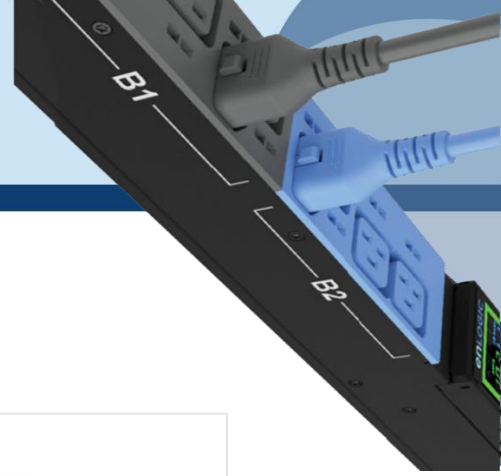
SNMP Port 

SNMP Port 161

SNMP Trap Port 162

SNMP V1/2c Manager

IP Address	Read Community	Write Community	Enable	
10.10.107.135	public	private	✓	
0.0.0.0	public	private	✗	
0.0.0.0	public	private	✗	
0.0.0.0	public	private	✗	
0.0.0.0	public	private	✗	



- Enter the **IP Address**.
- Define the security to **public** or **private** in the
 - **Read Community**
 - **Write Community**
- **Enable** the SNMP V1/V2c.
- Click **Save** button to complete setting.

Edit

SNMP V1/2c Manager

IP Address	10.10.107.135
Read Community	public
Write Community	private
Enable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

[Save](#)

8. Configuring users for SNMP V3 to ensure higher security of data transfer, to the MIB browser.

Click on the icon to edit/change the **SNMP V3 Manager** below:

SNMP V3 Manager						
Username	Security Level	Authentication Password	Authentication Algorithm	Privacy Key	Privacy Algorithm	Enable
NoAuthNoPriv	NoAuthNoPriv	*****	MD5	*****	DES	✕
NoAuthNoPriv	NoAuthNoPriv	*****	MD5	*****	DES	✕
NoAuthNoPriv	NoAuthNoPriv	*****	MD5	*****	DES	✕
NoAuthNoPriv	NoAuthNoPriv	*****	MD5	*****	DES	✕
NoAuthNoPriv	NoAuthNoPriv	*****	MD5	*****	DES	✕

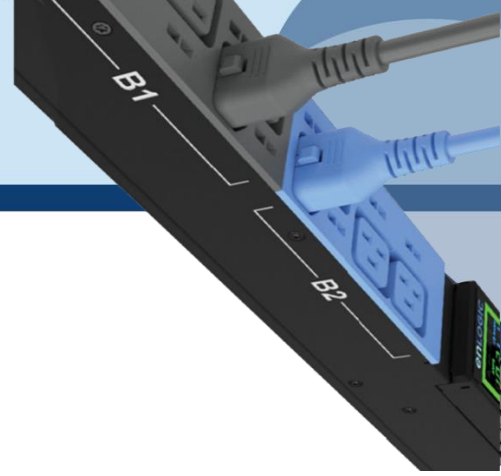
- **AuthPriv:** Authentication and privacy.
- Type a new unique password as the **Authentication Password**.
- Select the **Authentication Algorithm**.
- **MD5**
- **SHA**
- Type a new unique password as the **Privacy Key**
- Select the **Privacy Algorithm**.
 - **DES**
 - **AES-128**
 - **AES-192**
 - **AES-256**
- **Enable** the SNMP V3.
- Click **Save** button to complete setting.

Edit

SNMP V3 Manager

Username	
Security Level	No Auth No Priv
Authentication Password	
Authentication Algorithm	MD5
Privacy Key	
Privacy Algorithm	DES
AES 128	<input type="checkbox"/>

[Save](#)




Email Setup

In this page, the user can configure the PDU to send alerts or event messages via email. To do this, the information about the Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) server needs to be configured.

1. Click on the **Settings** icon to dropdown the Settings menu.
2. Select the **Email Setup** to view the information.

SMTP Account Settings		Email Recipients		
Email Server Address		#	Email Address	Enable
Sender Address		1		×
Username		2		×
Password	-----	3		×
Port	25	4		×
Number of Sending Retries	3	5		×
Time Interval Between Sending Retries(in Minutes)	6			
Server Requires Authentication	×			

3. To set the SMTP server settings to receive Emails and notifications.

Click the  icon to edit/change the **SMTP Account Settings** below:

- Enter the **Email Server Address**, which is the IP address or Fully qualified Domain Name of the SMTP server to route the emails to the recipient.
- Enter the **Sender Address**, which is the email address that the email is sent **From**.
- Configure the **Port** number, which is the communication endpoint on the server. The default is **25**.
- Enter the **Username** for SMTP security.
- Enter the **Password** for SMTP security.
- Assign the **Number of Sending Retries**, which is the number of times the PDU will attempt to resend a message if the message fails. The default is **3**.
- Type the **Time Interval Between Sending Retries** (in minutes). The default is **6** minutes.
- Enable the **Server Requires Authentication** to password protect the SMTP.
- Click **Save** button to complete setting.

Edit

SMTP Account Settings

Email Server Address

Sender Address

Port
25

Username

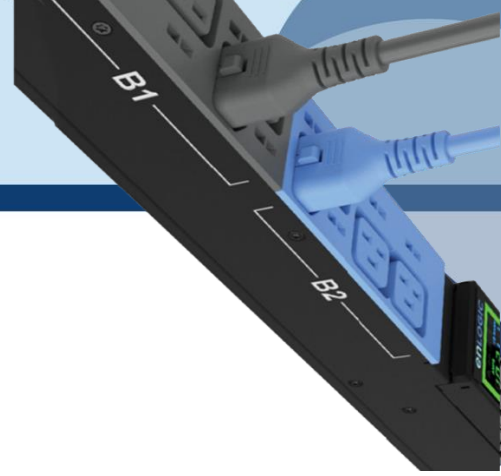
Password

Number of Sending Retries
3

Time Interval Between Sending Retries(in Minutes)
6

Server Requires Authentication

[Save](#)



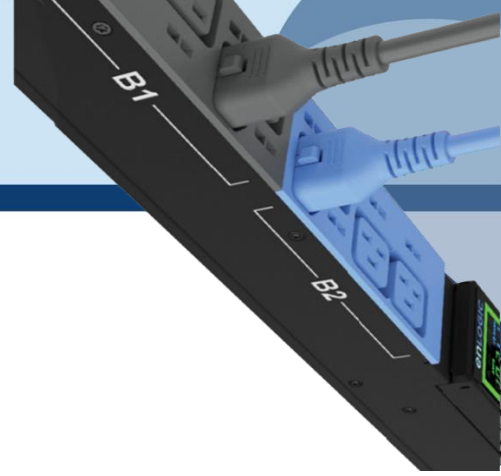
On the top- right side of the Email Setup page, Click the below options as required:

Send Test Email

This button allows us to send a test mail to check if the feature is active or not.

- Enter the **Recipient Email Address**.
- Click the **Send** button to send the Email.

Test Email Recipients



Event Notifications

In this page the user can assign the Event notifications from the PDU to the Syslog, SNMP Trap, and Email.

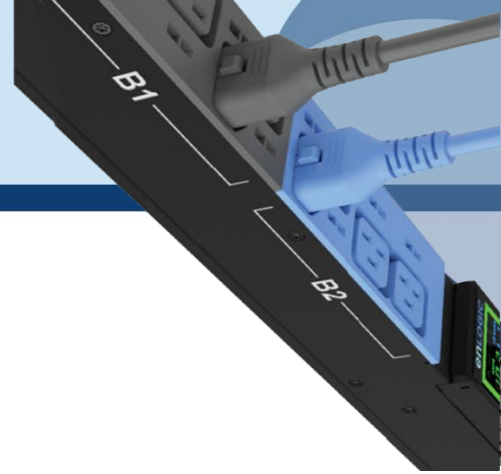
An event notification has two parts:

- Event: the situation where the PDU meets certain condition (i.e., temperature sensor exceeds the warning limit. Or circuit breaker status is changed).
- Action: the response to the event (i.e., send an SMTP message and SNMP trap).

1. Click on the **Settings** icon to dropdown the Settings menu.
2. Select **Event Notifications** to view information.
3. **Enable** the **Email**, **SNMP Trap** and **Syslog** to the respective Events to receive notification.

Event Notifications			
Events	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Email	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SNMP Trap	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Syslog
Circuit Breaker Status Changed	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
User Activity	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Smart Rack Access	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Outlet Power Control Status Changed	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
User Status Changed	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Critical Alarm	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Warning Alarm	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Password/Settings Changed	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Network Card Reset/Start	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
External Sensor Status Changed	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
PDU Configuration File Imported/Exported	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
User Role Status Changed	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Firmware Update	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Communication Status Changed	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Daisy Chain Status Changed	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Enter Bootloader Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
LDAP/Radius Error	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Power Sharing Status Changed	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

The Critical and Warning Alarms are enabled at the SNMP Trap, as default. The notifications for these default events enabled, can only be received after the configuration of **Traps Receiver**.



Trap Receiver

This page allows us to configure the Trap receiver by typing in name, host, and community. Typically, the Read Community and Write Community are public.

1. Click on the **Settings** icon to dropdown the Settings menu.
2. Select **Trap Receiver** to view information.
3. Configuring users for SNMP V1 Trap Settings that allows the communication to the MIB browser.

Trap Receiver				
SNMPV1 Trap Receiver				
Name	Host	Community	Enable	
admin	10.10.106.96	public	✓	
LOP1	10.10.106.111	public	✓	
console 10	10.10.106.16	public	✓	
console 11	10.10.106.84	public	✓	
admin1	10.10.106.18	public	✓	

Click on the **Receiver**



icon to edit/change the **SNMP V1 Trap** settings below:

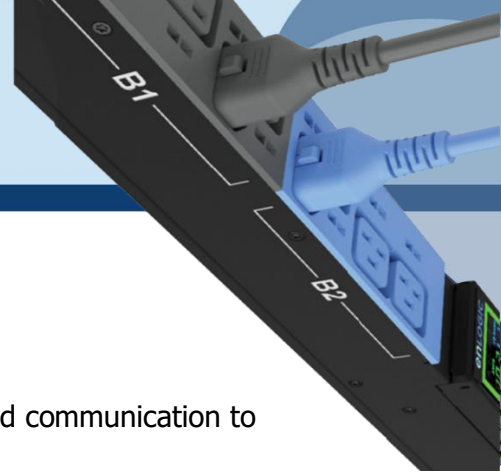
- Enter the **Name**, which allows us to identify the different receivers.
- Enter the **Host** IP address to which the traps are sent.
- Assign the **Community** to **public** or **private** security.
- **Enable** the SNMP V1.
- Click **Save** to complete the settings.

Edit


SNMPV1 Trap Receiver

Name	admin
Host	10.10.107.135
Community	public
Enable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Save



4. Configuring users for SNMP V3 Trap Settings that allows for encrypted communication to the MIB browser.

Click the  icon to edit/change the **SNMP V3 Trap Server** settings below,

- Enter the **Name**, which allows us to identify the different receivers.
- Enter the **Host** IP address to which the traps are sent.
- Assign the **Security Level** from the dropdown menu.
- **NoAuthNoPriv**: No authentication and no privacy. This is the default.
- **AuthNoPriv**: Authentication and no privacy.
- **AuthPriv**: Authentication and privacy.
- Type a new unique password as the **Authentication Password**.
- Select the **Authentication Algorithm**.
 - **MD5**
 - **SHA**
- Type a new unique password as the **Privacy Key**.
- Select the **Privacy Algorithm**.
 - DES
 - AES-128
 - AES-192
 - AES-256
- **Enable** the SNMP V3
- **Click Save button to complete settings.**

Edit

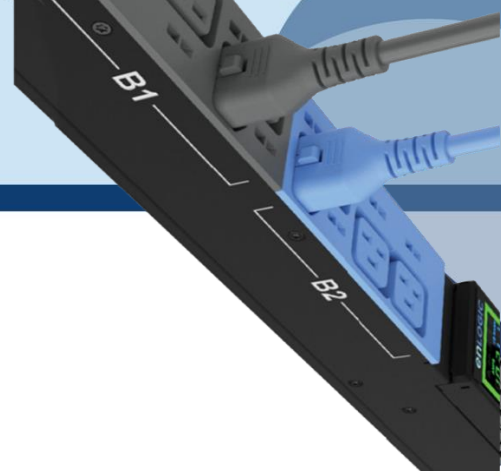
SNMPv3 Trap Server

Name
Host
Security Level No Auth No Priv
Authentication Password
Authentication Algorithm MD5
Privacy Key
Privacy Algorithm AES128
Enable <input type="checkbox"/>

[Save](#)

On the top-right side of the Email Setup page, Click the below options as required:

- **Send Test Trap** - This button allows us to send a test Trap to check if the feature is active or not.



Defining Thresholds

The Thresholds are limits, defined by the user over parameters like power, phase, circuit breaker and sensor to send alert notifications when the value crosses above or below the limit.


To access the PDU Thresholds page,

1. Click on the **Settings** icon to dropdown the Settings menu.
2. Select **Thresholds** to view information.

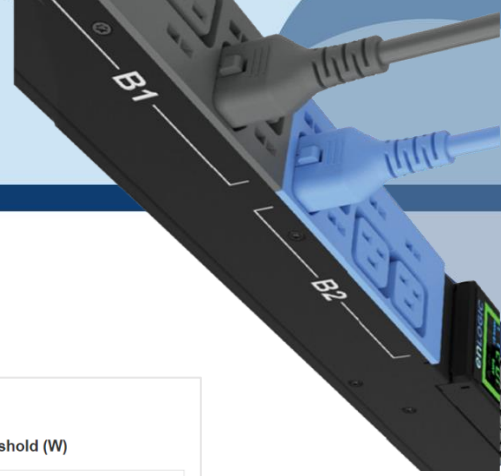
Power Threshold

The PDU will send alert notifications when a power threshold wattage crosses above or below the settings you specify in the Power Threshold.

Below are the steps to change the Power Thresholds settings and alarm notifications,

1. Choose **Power Threshold** tab in the PDU Threshold page.
2. Click  icon edit/change the Power Threshold Setting.

The screenshot displays the enLOGIC web interface for 'Outlet Metered, Outlet Switched PDU'. The 'PDU Thresholds' page is active, showing the 'Power Threshold' tab selected. The 'Device Detection Threshold' is set to 150 mA. Below this, there are tabs for 'Power Threshold', 'Input Phases', 'Circuit Breaker', 'Control Management', 'External Sensors', and 'Phase Power'. The 'Power Threshold' section is further divided into 'PDU 1-2', showing settings for PDU 1 and PDU 2. The settings for PDU 1 (Watts) are: High Critical (0), High Warning (0), Low Warning (0), and Low Critical (0). The settings for PDU 2 (Watts) are: High Critical (5000), High Warning (4999), Low Warning (4998), and Low Critical (4997).



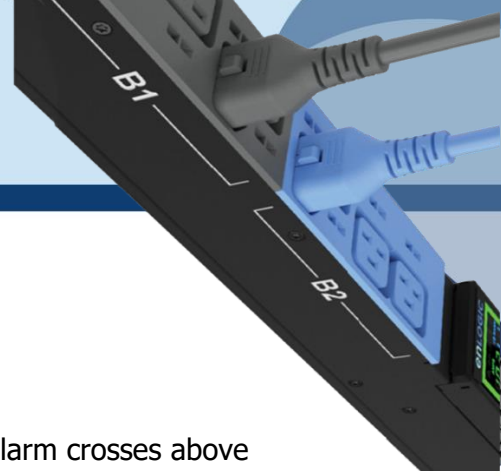
3. In the **PDU Power Threshold Setting** dialog boxes, change the fields as needed:
 - a. Low Critical (W)
 - b. Low Warning (W)
 - c. High Warning (W)
 - d. High Critical (W)
 - e. Reset Threshold (W)
 - f. Alarm State Change Delay (samples)
4. Click **Save** button to complete the setting.
5. Repeat the steps for all PDUs.

Edit

PDU Power Threshold (W)

High Critical	0
Enable High Critical	<input type="radio"/>
High Warning	0
Enable High Warning	<input type="radio"/>
Low Warning	0
Enable Low Warning	<input type="radio"/>
Low Critical	0
Enable Low Critical	<input type="radio"/>
Reset Threshold	0
Alarm State Change Delay (Samples)	0


[Save](#)



Input Phases

The PDU will send alert notifications when a phase current and voltage alarm crosses above or below the settings you specify in the Input Phase Threshold.

Below are the steps to change the Input Phase Settings and alarm notifications,

1. Choose the **Input Phases** tab in the PDU Threshold page.
2. Click  icon to edit/change the Phase Current Settings.

enLOGIC Outlet Metered, Outlet Switched PDU


Device Detection Threshold
Threshold(mA) 150

Power Threshold **Input Phases** Circuit Breaker Control Management External Sensors Phase Power

Phase Current	Reading(A)	Low Critical	Low Warning	High Warning	High Critical
Phase1	0.00	23.97	23.98	23.99	24.00
Phase Voltage	Reading(V)	Low Critical	Low Warning	High Warning	High Critical
Phase1	218.39	202.00	203.00	204.00	205.00

3. In the **Input Phase Current Alarm Setting** dialog boxes, change the fields as needed:

- Low Critical (A)
- Low Warning (A)
- High Warning (A)
- High Critical (A)
- Reset Threshold (A)
- Alarm State Change Delay (samples)

4. Click **Save** button to complete the setting
5. Repeat Steps 1 to 4 for all PDUs
6. Click on the  icon to edit/change the Phase Voltage Settings

Edit

Input phases current alarm setting

Low Critical (A)
0

Enable Low Critical

Low Warning (A)
0

Enable Low Warning

High Warning (A)
22

Enable High Warning

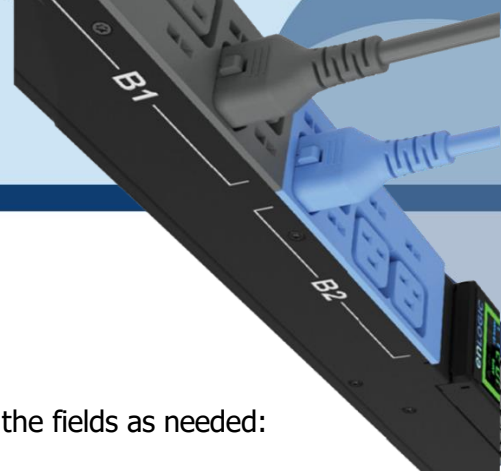
High Critical (A)
28

Enable High Critical

Reset Threshold (A)
1

Alarm State Change Delay (Samples)
0

Save

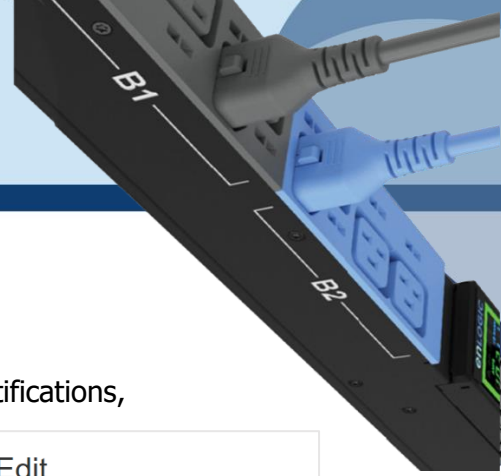


7. In the **Input Phase Voltage Alarm Setting** dialog boxes, change the fields as needed:
 - Low Critical (V)
 - Low Warning (V)
 - High Warning (V)
 - High Critical (V)
 - Reset Threshold (V)
 - Alarm State Change Delay (samples)
8. Click **Save** button to complete the setting.
9. Repeat the steps for all PDUs.

Circuit Breaker

The PDU will send alert notifications when a circuit breaker amperage crosses above or below the settings you specify in the Circuit Breaker Threshold.

Breaker	Low Critical	Low Warning	High Warning	High Critical
1	0.00	0.00	14.00	16.00
2	19.97	19.98	19.99	20.00



Below are the steps to change the Circuit Breaker Settings and alarm notifications,

1. Choose the **Circuit Breaker** tab in the PDU Threshold page.
 - Low Critical (A)
 - Warning Thresholds
 - High Warning (A)
 - High Critical (A)
 - Reset Threshold (A)
 - Alarm State Change Delay (samples)

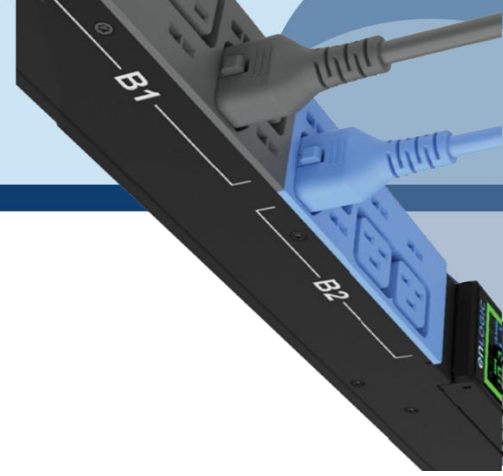
2. Click **Save** button to complete the setting.
3. Repeat the steps for all PDUs.

Edit

Bank

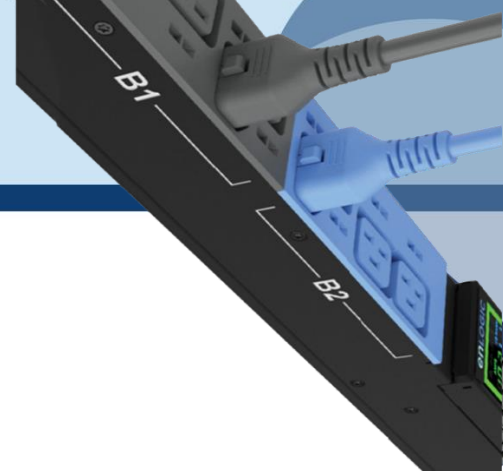
Low Critical (A)	0
Enable Low Critical	<input type="radio"/>
Low Warning (A)	0
Enable Low Warning	<input type="radio"/>
High Warning (A)	11
Enable High Warning	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
High Critical (A)	14
Enable High Critical	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Reset Threshold (A)	1
Alarm State Change Delay (Samples)	0

[Save](#)



Circuit Breaker List

PN	Manufacturer	Manufacturer Part Number	Amperage	AIC	Application
810-00975	BSB	B3D1-16.0-240-1500B-A2-C1-G-K	16A,1P	5KA	Vertical
810-00977	BSB	B3D1-20.0-240-1500B-A2-C1-G-K	20A,1P	5KA	Vertical
810-00976	BSB	B3D1-20.0-240-2520B-A2-C1-G-K	20A,2P	5KA	Vertical
810-00980	BSB	B2R1-16.0-250-1200B-A2-F2-K-C	16A,1P	5KA	Horizontal
810-00978	BSB	B2R1-16.0-250-1300B-A2-F2-K-C	16A,1P	5KA	Vertical
810-00981	BSB	B2R1-20.0-250-1200B-A2-F2-K-C	20A,1P	5KA	Horizontal
810-01151	BSB	B2R6-20.0/127-1300B-A2-F1-K-K	20A,1P	5KA	Vertical
810-00982	BSB	B2R1-20.0-250-2220B-A2-F2-K-C	20A,2P	5KA	Horizontal
810-00979	BSB	B2R1-20.0-250-2320B-A2-F2-K-C	20A,2P	5KA	Vertical
810-01203	BSB	B3H3-20.0/240-1100B-A2-F2-G-K	20A,1P	10KA	Vertical
810-01204	BSB	B3H3-20.0/240S-2100B-A2-F2-G-K	20A,2P	10KA	Vertical
810-01205	BSB	B3H3-16.0/240-1100B-A2-F2-G-K	16A,1P	10KA	Vertical
810-01206	BSB	B2HR6-16.0/240-1A00B-A2-F1-K-K	16A,1P	10KA	Vertical
810-01207	BSB	B2HR6-20.0/240-1A00B-A2-F1-K-K	20A,1P	10KA	Vertical
810-01208	BSB	B2HR6-20.0/240-2A20B-A2-F1-K-K	20A,2P	10KA	Vertical
810-01209	BSB	B2HE4-16.0/240-1200B-A2-F1-K-K	16A,1P	10KA	Horizontal
810-01210	BSB	B2HE4-20.0/240-1200B-A2-F1-K-K	20A,1P	10KA	Horizontal
810-01211	BSB	B2HE4-20.0/240-2230B-A2-F1-K-K	20A,2P	10KA	Horizontal



Control Management

The PDU will send alert notifications when an outlet wattage crosses above or below the settings you specify in the Control Management Threshold.

1. Choose the **Control Management** tab in the PDU Threshold page.

The screenshot shows the enLOGIC web interface for an 'Outlet Metered, Outlet Switched PDU'. The 'Control Management' tab is selected among other options like 'Power Threshold', 'Input Phases', 'Circuit Breaker', 'External Sensors', and 'Phase Power'. Below the tabs is a table with columns for 'Name', 'Low Critical', 'Low Warning', 'High Warning', and 'High Critical'. The table lists six outlets, all with values of 0. An edit icon (pencil) is visible next to each row.

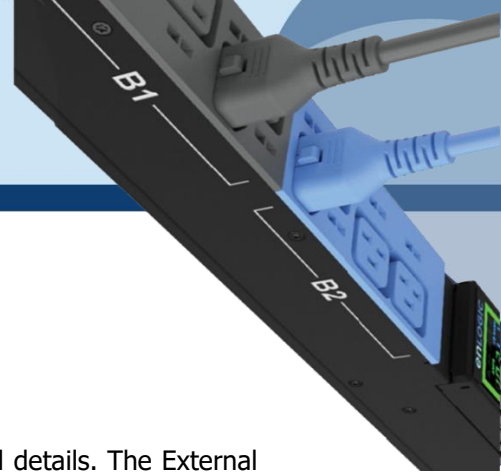
Name	Low Critical	Low Warning	High Warning	High Critical
OUTLET 1	0	0	0	0
OUTLET 2	0	0	0	0
OUTLET 3	0	0	0	0
OUTLET 4	0	0	0	0
OUTLET 5	0	0	0	0
OUTLET 6	0	0	0	0

2. Click icon to edit/change the Control Management Settings,
 - Low Critical (W)
 - Low Warning (W)
 - High Warning (W)
 - High Critical (W)
 - Reset Threshold (W)
 - Alarm State Change Delay (samples)
3. Click **Save** button to complete the setting.
4. Repeat the steps for all PDUs.

The 'Edit' form shows the following settings:

- Low Critical (W): 1
- Set Lower Critical:
- Low Warning (W): 2
- Set Lower Warning:
- High Warning (W): 3
- Set High Warning:
- High Critical (W): 4
- Set High Critical:
- Reset Threshold (W): 1
- Alarm State Change Delay (Samples): 2

A blue **Save** button is located at the bottom of the form.




External Sensors

The PDU will communicate about the sensor location, alarms, notifications, and details. The External Sensors section displays the connected sensors on the PDU. Choose the External Sensors tab PDU Threshold page.

The screenshot shows the 'enLOGIC Outlet Metered, Outlet Switched PDU' interface. The 'External Sensors' tab is selected. Below the 'PDU Thresholds' section, there are several sensor configuration cards. Each card shows the sensor name, type, and various threshold values (Low Critical, Low Warning, High Warning, High Critical) with edit icons.

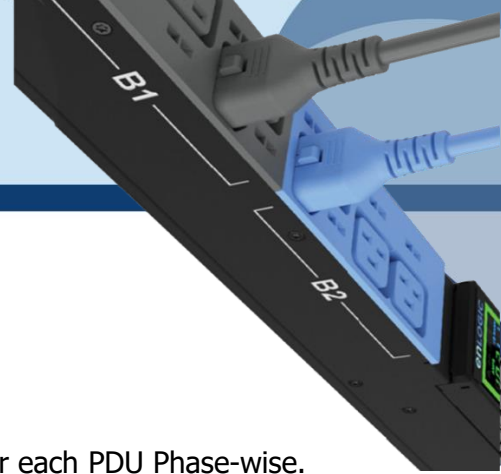
Sensor ID	Name	Type	Low Critical	Low Warning	High Warning	High Critical
External Sensors(1:1)	DOORSWITCH_PDU2	Door	On			
External Sensors(1:3)	RH_PDU2	Humidity	10	10	10	60
External Sensors(1:4)	T1_PDU2	Temperature	30	35	37	42
External Sensors(2:1)	TEMPERATURE1PDU2	Temperature	62	63	64	65
External Sensors(2:2)	TEMPERATURE2PDU2					
External Sensors(2:3)	HUMIDITYPDU2					
External Sensors(2:4)	TEMPERATURE3PDU2					
External Sensors(2:5)	Sigma_T4					

1. Choose the **External Sensors** tab in the PDU Threshold page.
2. Click  icon to edit/change the External Sensors Settings,
 - Low Critical
 - Low Warning
 - High Warning
 - High Critical
3. Click **Save** button to complete the setting.
4. Repeat the steps for all PDUs.

The 'Edit' page for 'External Sensors(1:1)' shows the following configuration options:

- High Critical: 31
- Enable High Critical:
- High Warning: 29
- Enable High Warning:
- Low Warning: 17
- Enable Low Warning:
- Low Critical: 15
- Enable Low Critical:

A 'Save' button is located at the bottom of the form.



Phase Power

The Phase Power page displays the Active Power and Apparent Power for each PDU Phase-wise.

PDU Thresholds

enLOGIC Outlet Metered, Outlet Switched PDU

Device Detection Threshold Threshold(mA) 150

Power Threshold Input Phases Circuit Breaker Control Management External Sensors **Phase Power**

	PDU#1		PDU#2		
Active Power(W)	Low Critical	Low Warning	High Warning	High Critical	
Phase1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Apparent Power(VA)	Low Critical	Low Warning	High Warning	High Critical	
Phase1	0.00	0.00	0.00	20.00	

1. Choose the **Phase Power** tab in the PDU Threshold page.
2. Click icon to edit the Alarms both for Active and Apparent Power for each phase separately.
 - Low Critical
 - Low Warning
 - High Warning
 - High Critical
 - Reset Threshold
 - Alarm State Change Delay
3. Click **Save** button to complete the setting.
4. Repeat the steps for all PDUs.

Edit

Phase Active Power alarm setting

Low Critical (W)
0

Enable Low Critical

Low Warning (W)
0

Enable Low Warning

High Warning (W)
0

Enable High Warning

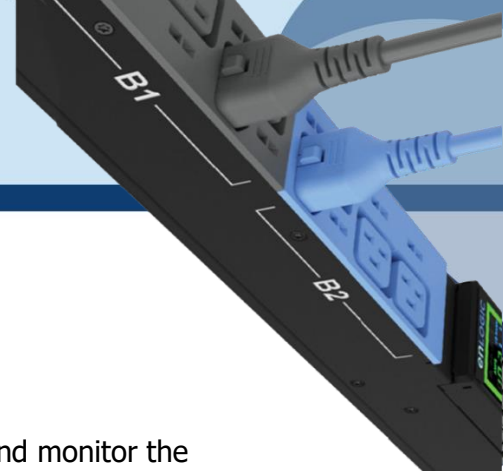
High Critical (W)
0

Enable High Critical

Reset Threshold (W)
0

Alarm State Change Delay
0

Save



Rack Access Control

This page allows you to configure the Rack Access functions to control and monitor the Racks.

1. Click on the **Settings** icon to dropdown the Settings menu.
2. Select **Rack Access Control** to view information.

PDU	Card ID	Aisle	User	Date/Time	Action
1	12345678	Cold Aisle	Card1	1/5/2010 11:22:51	✗

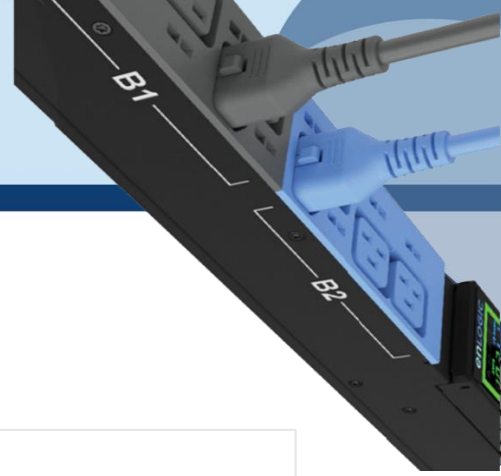
On the top- right side of the Rack Access Control page, Click the below options as required:

- **Actions**
- **New**

To Assign new Rack Access to the PDU

Remote Control

Used to perform Lock, Unlock and Close functions.



AutoLock Settings

To assign Automatic locking functions within a time limit to the PDU

Edit

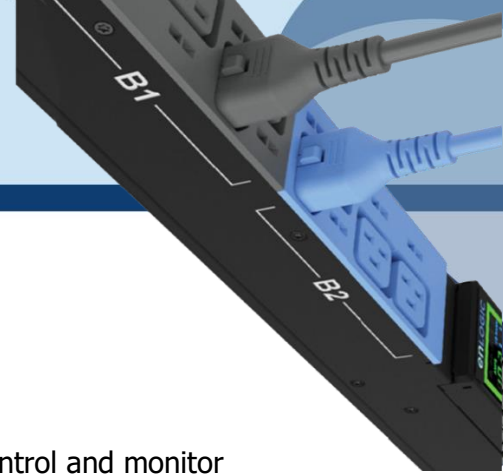
AutoLock Setting

PDU1	▼
Aisle	
Hot Aisle	▼
Interval(1-30 Minutes)	
10	

Handle and Compatible Card Types

Below are the card lists which are supported on the different swing handle,

1. MYFARE® Classic 4K
2. MYFARE® Plus 2K
3. MYFARE® DESFire 4K
4. HID® iCLASS



Smart Rack Control

This page allows you to configure the Smart Rack Access functions to control and monitor the Racks. It is used to set up the access control server door Handle (above 4 Handles and Compatible Cards). So, the user can use the editing option to modify the data as required. A total of 200 cards are compatible with the smart rack control.

1. Click on the **Settings** icon to dropdown the Settings menu.
2. Select **Smart Rack Control** to view information.

Card Id	Username	Card PIN	Start Time	Expiration Time	Actions
12345678	admin	*****	8/3/2020, 4:00:00 PM	8/24/2020, 4:00:00 PM	

3. Click icon to edit/change the Rack Access Control Settings

- Enter the **Card ID** to ensure security and restrictive access.
- Enter **Username** of the card holder.
- Enter **PIN** (as set in card configuration page).
- Enable or Disable **Temporary User** as per user status
- Click **Save** button to complete setting.

Add Card

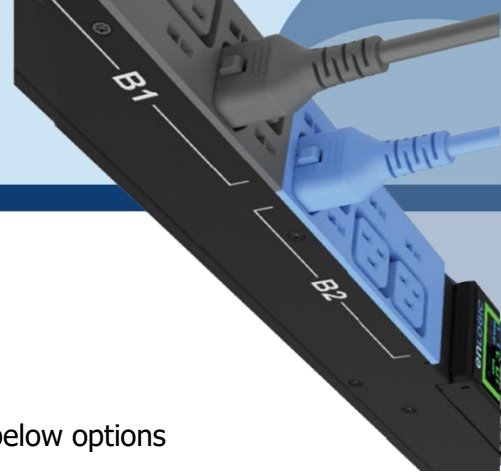
Card ID

Username

PIN
Please set PIN length in Card Configuration page. Default length is 0.

Temporary User

Save



4. On the top-right side of the Rack Access Control page, Click the below options as required:

Action

5. On the top-right side of the Rack Access Control page, click the below options as required. Click on the Actions, Edit button

6. To add card details, select **Add Card**.

- Enter the **Card ID**
- Enter **Username** of the card holder.
- Enter **PIN** (as set in card configuration page)
- Enable or Disable **Temporary User** as per user status
- Click **Save** button to complete setting.

7. To edit rack access details, select **Rack Access Settings**.

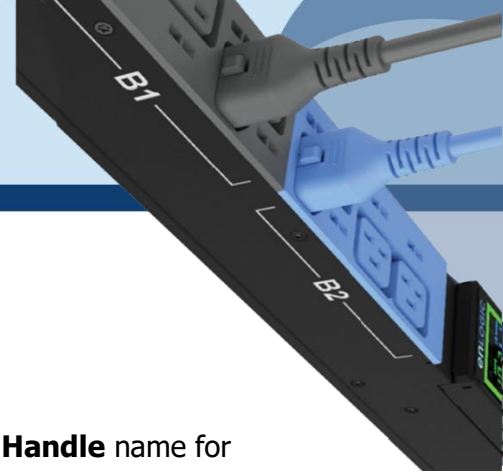
- Select **Aisle Control** to **Standalone** or **Combined** as per rack.
- Set **Autolock Time**.
- Set **Door Open Time**.
- Set **Max Door Open Time**.
- Select the access type in **Work Mode**.
- Click **Save** button to complete setting.

Edit

Rack Access Settings

Aisle Control
Hot/Cold Standalone
Autolock Time(Sec)
10
Door Open Time(Sec)
10
Max. Door Open Time(Sec)
100

Save



8. To edit handle settings, select **Rack Access Settings**. - Enter **Handle** name for identification.

- Enter **ACU Name** for identification.
- The **Firmware Version** and **Hardware Version** are non-editable fields and are filled by default in their respective Versions.
- Enter **Serial** number of the handle. Click **Save** button to complete setting.

Edit

Handle Settings

Handle PDU 1 - Cold
ACU Name COLD AISLE
Work Mode RFID Only
Firmware Version
Hardware Version
Serial 4C0000331

Save

9. Select **Remote Control** to perform **Lock**, **Unlock** and **Close** functions.

Edit

Remote Control

PDU PDU 1 - Cold

Lock
Unlock
Close

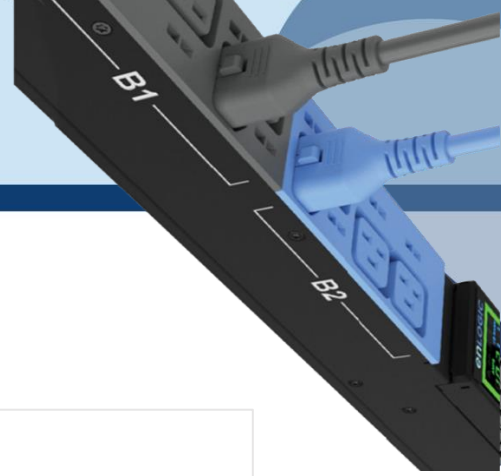
10. Select **Beacon Settings** to **Enable Beacon** Lock and **Color**. Click **Save** button to complete setting.

Edit

Beacon Settings

Function Standby
Color Green

Save



11. Select **Status LED Settings** to configure **Function** and **Color** of the LED. Click **Save** button to complete setting.

Edit

Status LED Settings

Function	Standby On
Color	Green

Save

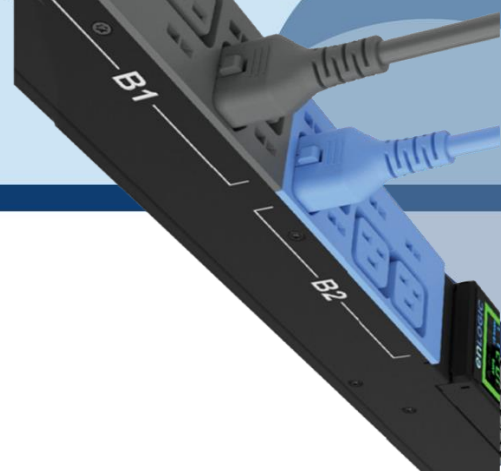
12. Select **Sensor Harness Configuration** to configure the sensor harness. Click **Save** button to complete setting.

Edit

Keypad Settings

Pin Mode	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Pin Length	4

Save



User Settings

The Advantage Secure PDU comes with a standard **Admin** profile and a standard **User** profile.

- The Admin profile is typically the system administrator, and it has the “Admin Role” with full operating permissions.
- The default User profile includes the default “User Role” permissions. The Admin user must add all other user privileges. Users are defined by their unique login credentials and by their user role.

Before setting up the user profile, determine the roles required. Each user must be given a Role. These Roles define the permissions which are granted to the user.

1. Click on the **User Settings** icon to dropdown the User Settings menu.

User Settings

Users

Username	Unit	Role	Action
admin	^C	admin	
user	^C	user	
manager	^C	manager	

Roles

Role	Description	Action
admin	admin operation	
user	user operation	
manager	redfish user	

LDAP Configuration

- Enable
- LDAP Server ^C
- Security none
- Port 389
- Type OpenLDAP
- Base DN
- Bind Password ****
- Search User DN
- Login Name Attribute
- User Entry Object Class

Session Management

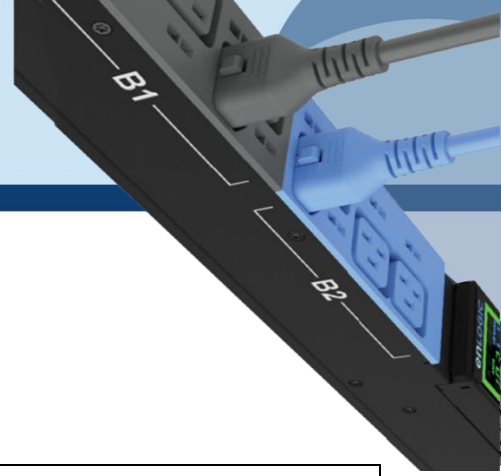
- Sign-in retries allowed
- Number of Retries Allowed 3
- Session Timeout Value 10 [Minutes of Inactivity]
- Lockout Time 3 [Minutes]

Radius Configuration

Enable	Server	Port	Secret	Action
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	10.88.0.158	1812	*****	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	10.88.0.158	1812	*****	

Password Policy

- Password Aging Interval 60d
- Minimum Password Length 8
- Maximum Password Length 32
- Enforce at least one lower case character
- Enforce at least one upper case character
- Enforce at least one numeric character




Role	Default Permissions
Admin	Complete system permissions (that cannot be modified or deleted)
User	Limited permissions that can be modified or deleted. By default, these permissions are: Change own Password
Manager	Complete system permissions (that cannot be modified or deleted)

On the top- right side of the User Settings page, Click the below options as required

Add Users

To create a new user profile:

1. Click on the **User Settings**, the user settings page opens.
2. Click on  the icon, to create a new user profile.
3. The add user window opens, enter the information:
 - Username
 - Password
 - Confirm Password
4. In the add user window assign role to set admin, user, or manager privileges.
5. Select **Save** to save the new user profile.

Add

User

Username:

Password:

Confirm Password:

Role

Administrator

User

Manager

Modify

To edit the existing user profile,

1. In **User Settings** select the Edit next to the username to modify.
2. Update the user profile and select **Save** to save the new user profile.

Edit

User

Username:

Password:

Confirm Password:

Role

Administrator

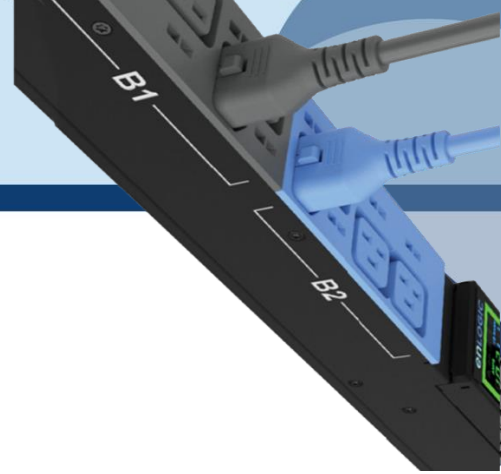
User

Manager

Delete:

To delete the existing user profile,

1. Go to User Settings.
2. Go to the username.
3. Select the **X** next to the username to delete.



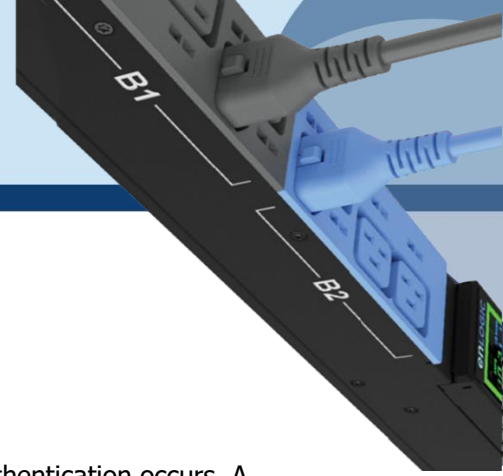
LDAP/LDAPS Server Settings

To setup LDAP to access the Active Directory (AD) and provide authentication when logging into the PDU via the Web Interface:

- 1 In **User Setting**, go to LDAP Configuration.
- 2 Select the LDAP Enable.
- 3 From the **Type** (Type of LDAP Server) drop down menu, select **Open LDAP**.
- 4 Type Port number.
Note: For Microsoft, this is typically 389.
- 5 Type Password in the Bind Password box
- 6 In the Base DN field, type in the account.
Example - CN=myuser, CN=Users, DC=EMEA, DC=mydomain, DC=com
- 7 Search User DN.
- 8 Type SAMAccountName (typically) in the Login Name Attribute field.
- 9 Type Person Name in the User Entry Object Class field.
- 10 With these LDAP settings configured, the Bind is complete.

LDAP Configuration

Enable	✕
LDAP Server	
Security	none
Port	389
Type	OpenLDAP
Base DN	
Bind Password	****
Search User DN	
Login Name Attribute	
User Entry Object Class	



11 Once the LDAP is configured, the PDU must understand for which group authentication occurs. A role must be created on the PDU to reference a group within Active Directory (AD).

In the Edit dialog box, click the Enable button to enable LDAP.

- Type the Port number in the Port field.
NOTE: For Microsoft, this number is typically 389.
- Click in the Type (for Type of LDAP Server) field, select Open LDAP from the dropdown menu.
- Click in the LDAP Type field, select TLS from the dropdown menu. TLS provides additional layer of security making LDAP to secure LDAP.
- In the Base DN field, type in the account.
Example: CN+=myuser, CN=Users, DC=EMEA, DC=mydomain, DC=com
- In the Bind Password field, type in the password. Type the password again in the Confirm Password box when it opens, to complete the step.
- Search User DN. Type in your DN.
- Type SAMAccountName (typically) in the Login Name Attribute field.
- Type Person Name in the User Entry Object Class field. Click the Save button.

For Testing LDAP Configuration

- Once LDAP authentication is ready to use.
- To test this, click **save**, then click “**LDAP Configuration**” again and type **Active Directory username/password** into the test box.
- Click **Test LDAP Configuration**. If a box pops up with all green “SUCCEEDED” (no X’s), the LDAP is successfully configured.

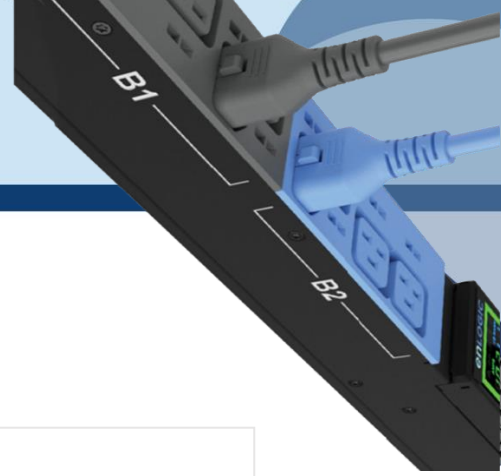
Edit

LDAP Configuration

Enable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
LDAP Server	10.10.105.103
Port	636
Type	OpenLDAP
LDAP Type	<div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px;"> <div style="padding: 2px;">TLS</div> <div style="padding: 2px; background-color: #f0f0f0;">none</div> <div style="padding: 2px; background-color: #007bff; color: white;">TLS</div> <div style="padding: 2px; font-size: 8px;">cn=admin,dc=nventco,dc=com</div> </div>
Bind Password	
Search User DN	dc=nventco,dc=com
Login Name Attribute	cn
User Entry Object Class	inetOrgPerson

Test LDAP Configuration

Test Name	
Test Password	
CA Certificate	<input type="button" value="Choose File"/> No file chosen



- 12 Within the Web Interface, go to **User Settings**, click on the **Add Role** button
- 13 Type **Role Name**, which was created in AD *i.e.*, *PDUAdmin*.
- 14 Administrator privileges must be enabled.

Add

Role

Role Name
 PDUAdmin

Description

Privileges
 Administrator Privileges

Save

Radius Configuration

1. In the **User Settings** go to **Radius Configuration** and click the Edit icon.
2. Select the Enable button.
 - Type **Server IP address, Port number, and Secret** in the corresponding field.
 - Click **save** button to complete the Radius authentication.

The user can add up to two radius server configurations as shown below:

Edit

Radius Configuration

Enable

Server
 10.88.0.158

Port
 1812

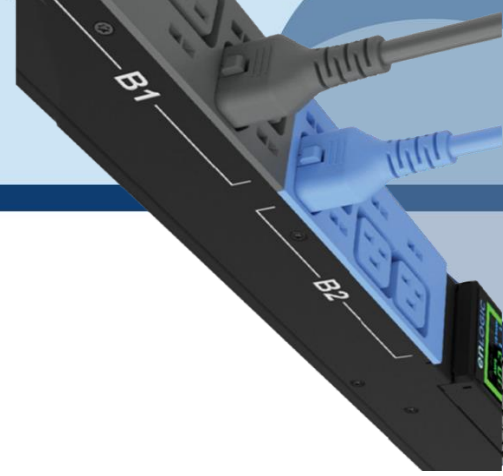
Secret

Save

License
Welcome admin Logout

°C
Add Role
Add User

Radius Configuration					
Enable	Server	Port	Secret	Action	
✕	10.88.0.158	1812	*****	✎	
✕	10.88.0.158	1812	*****	✎	



Roles

In the **User Settings**, go to **Roles** to change user roles, privileges, and settings.

To create a new role:

1. Click **Add Role** button on the top right corner.
2. type the **Role Name** and **Description**.
3. In the Privileges tab, click Edit.
4. Select the privileges to add to that user role. Set parameters if necessary.
5. Click **OK**.
6. Click **Save**.

Add

Role

Role Name

Description

Privileges
 Administrator Privileges

Save

To modify a custom user role:

1. Select the role.
2. click Edit Button.
3. Edit the role name and privileges as needed. click **Save**.

Edit

Role

Role Name
 admin

Description
 admin operation

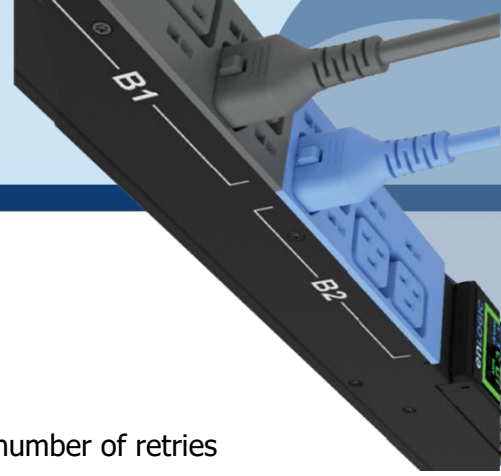
Privileges
 Administrator Privileges

Save

To delete a user role:


1. Select the role.
2. Click **Delete** Button.
3. click **Yes** to confirm the change.


Role	Description	Action
admin	admin operation	
user	user operation	
manager	redfish user	



Session Management

Session management supports the users to manage the Sign-In retries, number of retries allowed session timeout value and lockout time.

1. Click on the  icon to edit/change the Session Management settings.
2. Add the required data and click on **Save** button to update the new settings.

Session Management 

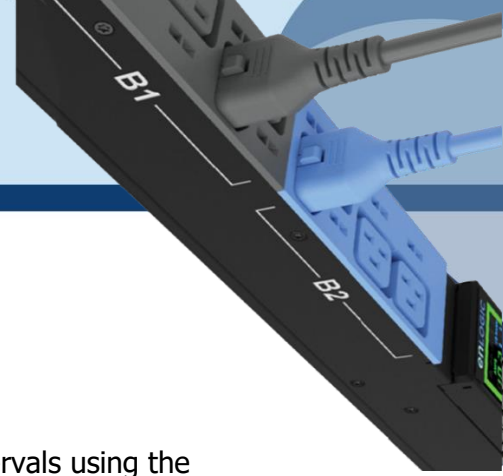
Sign-In retries allowed	✓
Number of Retries Allowed	3
Session Timeout Value	10 [Minutes of Inactivity]
Lockout Time	3 [Minutes]

Edit

Session Management

Sign-In retries allowed	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Number of Retries Allowed	3
Session Timeout Value	10 min
Lockout Time	3 min


Save



Password Policy

You can set a requirement for users to change their password at set intervals using the Password Aging Interval policy. You can also specify criteria for passwords to ensure that your users enter strong passwords.

1. Go to User Setting, click on **Password Policy**.
2. If desired, choose a password aging interval from the Password Interval dropdown menu.
3. If you wish to specify password criteria, enable the **Strong Password** radio button.

Password Policy 	
Password Aging Interval	60d
Minimum Password Length	8
Maximum Password Length	32
Enforce at least one lower case character	<input type="checkbox"/>
Enforce at least one upper case character	<input type="checkbox"/>
Enforce at least one numeric character	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Enforce at least one special character	<input type="checkbox"/>

4. Set the Minimum Password Length and Maximum Password Length from the dropdown menus.

Note: Minimum password length cannot be below 8 characters and the maximum allowed up to 32.

5. Enable the **checkboxes** to force the users to use specific types of characters within the password.
6. Click Save button to complete the settings.

Edit

Password Policy

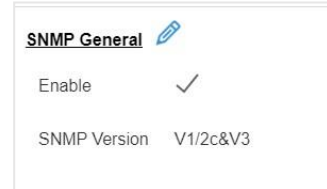
Password Aging Interval	60d
Minimum Password Length	8
Maximum Password Length	32
Enforce at least one lower case character	<input type="checkbox"/>
Enforce at least one upper case character	<input type="checkbox"/>
Enforce at least one numeric character	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Enforce at least one special character	<input type="checkbox"/>

[Save](#)



SNMP

Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) is used to manage the Advantage Secure PDU(s) remotely. SNMP allows the user to monitor and detect network faults and to even configure variable data in the PDU.



Enable the SNMP in the Web UI (Refer SNMP Management)

Working with MIB Browser

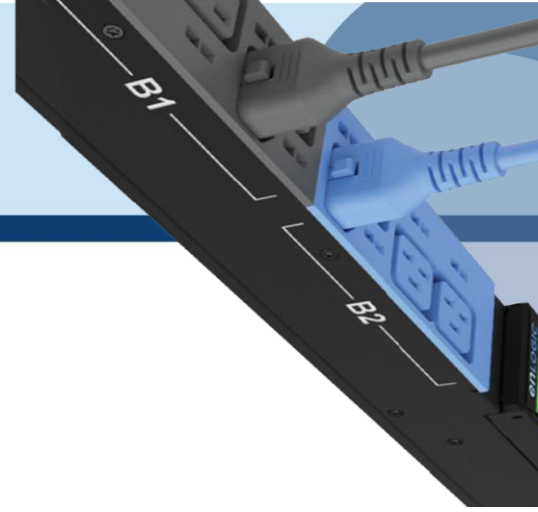
Download the MIB browser and install it.

1. Open the **MIB browse and** Type the IP address of the PDU.



2. Click the Advanced button, in the **Advanced Properties of SNMP Agent** window , enter the respective Port, Read Community and Write Community information.
3. Select the SNMP manager version- **1 / 2 / 3**.



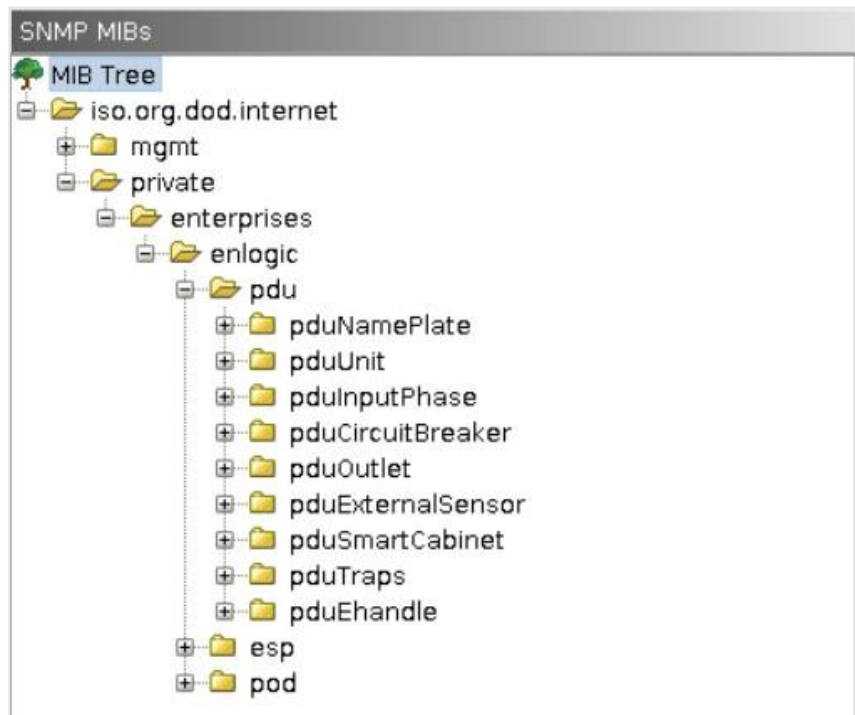
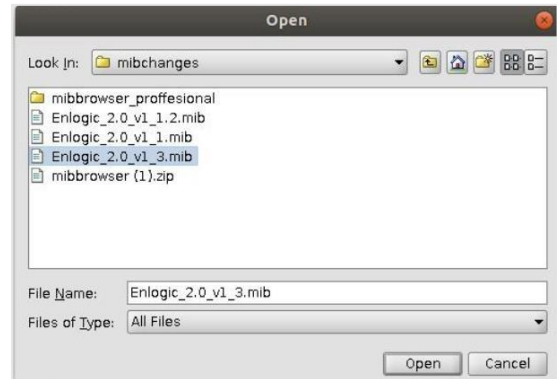


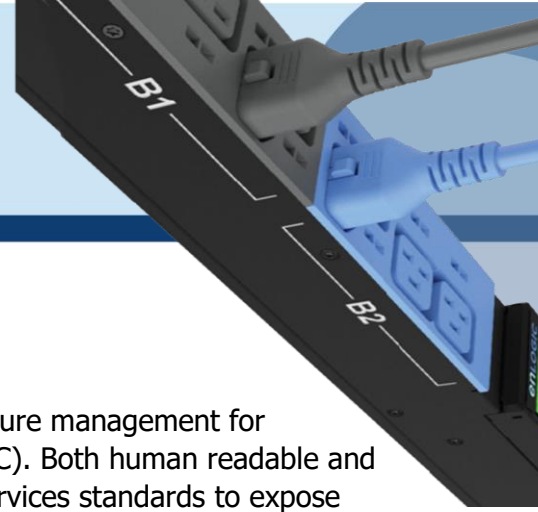
Loading the MIB file

Click on **File** and select **Load MIBs**

The **Open** window comes to view:

1. Select the latest version of the **mib file**
2. Click **Open**-> The **mib file** gets loaded.
3. The **MIB Tree** comes to view on the SNMP MIBs-> Expand the MIB Tree and select the **iso.org.dod.internet**
4. Right click on the **iso.org.dod.internet** and select **walk** to monitor the PDU data.





Redfish

DMTF's Redfish® is a standard designed to deliver simple and secure management for converged, hybrid IT and the Software Defined Data Center (SDDC). Both human readable and machine capable, Redfish leverages common Internet and web services standards to expose information directly to the modern tool chain.

Enlogic firmware utilizes Redfish, a web-based API, which means that resources are accessed via client-supplied URLs. URLs are necessary for identifying Redfish resources. The Redfish API has a basic URL hierarchy that follows the **/redfish/v1/** pattern for all its resources.

Data center and IT teams want to be able to automate important operations and remotely control hardware, performing services such as:

- Monitor device health and receive automatic notifications on potential concerns.
- Configuring BIOS
- Controlling device power
- Automatically update firmware
- Authorizing and managing users
- Logging events and much more

Redfish Configuration

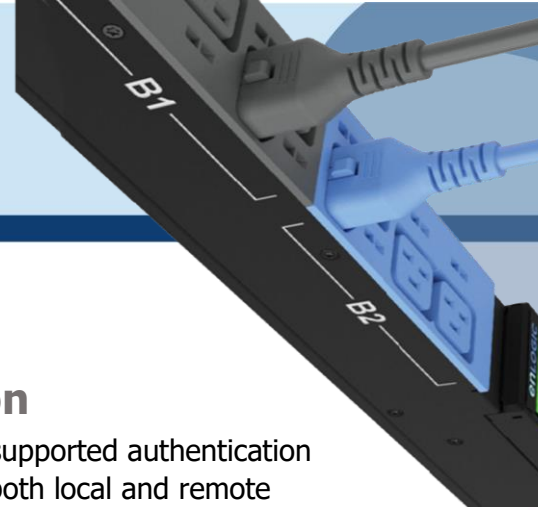
Redfish is a standard that uses RESTful interface semantics to access a schema based data model to conduct management operations. It is suitable for a wide range of devices, from stand-alone servers to composable infrastructures, and to large-scale cloud environments.

Redfish Schema

Redfish resource schemas are developed using OData Schema, which may be simply converted to JSON Schema. It is a defined directory structure that is accessible using the standard HTTP/HTTPS GET/POST/PUT/DELETE (etc.) methods to perform some action on the application in question.

The REST API lets you select the kind of request. It follows the CRUD standard format (Create, Retrieve, Update, and Delete). The data is created by visiting URIs that are accessible via the following HTTP methods:

Options include GET, HEAD, POST, PUT, PATCH, and DELETE.



Redfish Authentication and Authorization

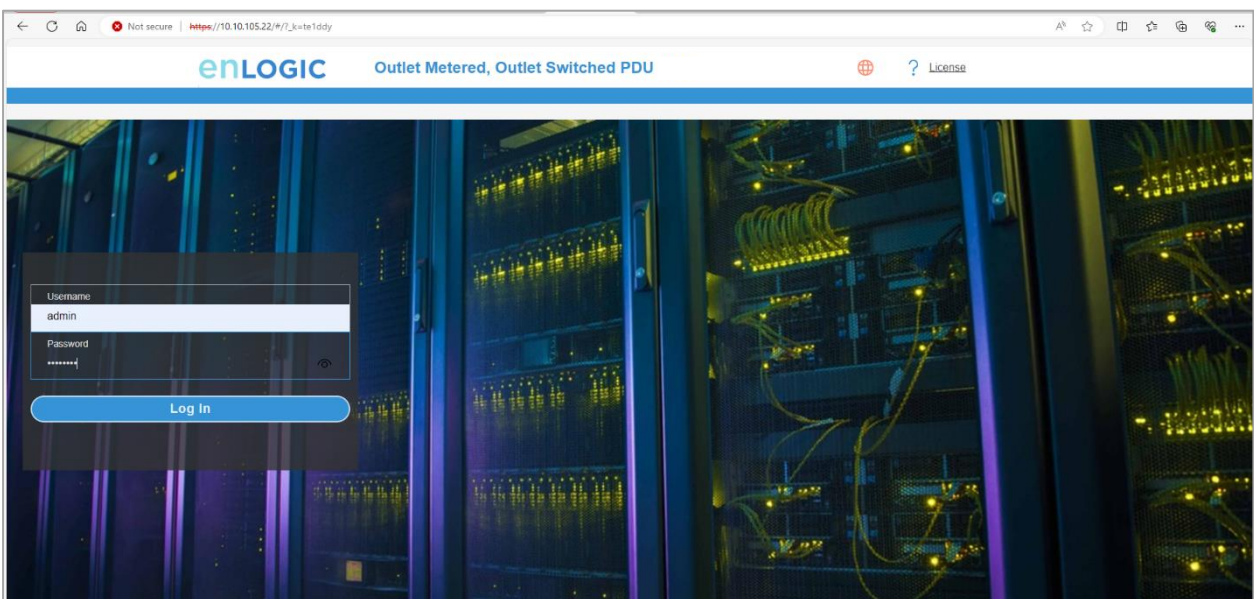
Redfish uses the controlled system for necessary credentials and supported authentication methods. Enlogic Network Controller Management modules uses both local and remote authentication methods, including Active Directory and LDAP. Authorization involves both user privilege and licensing authorization. The user can disable and enable Redfish services using multiple interfaces like CLI/SSH, WEB UI.

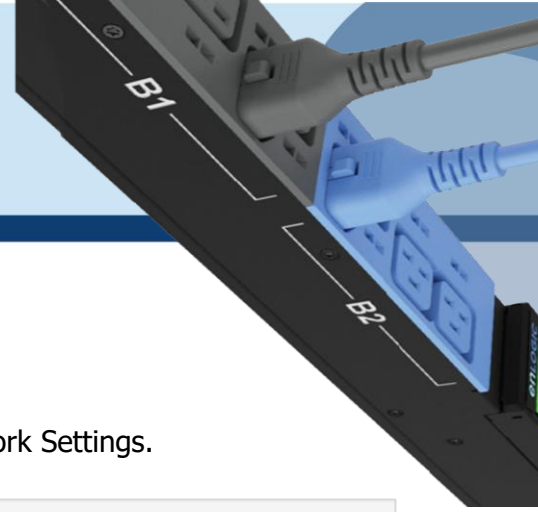
The Redfish service provides access to Redfish URLs by using the following methods:

- Basic authentication: In this method, user name and password are provided for each Redfish API request.
- Session-based authentication: This method is used while issuing multiple Redfish operation requests.
- Session login is initiated by accessing the Create session URI. The response for this request includes an X-Auth-Token header with a session token. Authentication for subsequent requests is made using the X-Auth-Token header.
- Session logout is performed by issuing a DELETE of the Session resource provided by the Login operation including the X-Auth-Token header.

Login to Redfish using WEB UI

1. Login to the WEB UI with valid credentials provided. Change the default password.





2. In the main menu, mouse over to Setting and select Network Settings.

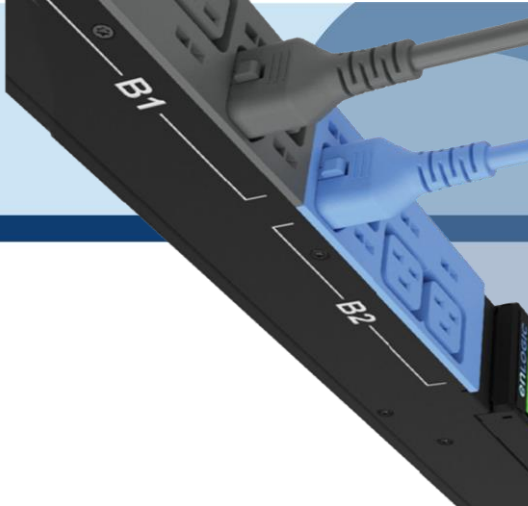
The screenshot shows the enLOGIC web interface for an "Outlet Metered, Outlet Switched PDU". The top navigation bar includes a home icon, a refresh icon, a settings gear icon, and a user profile icon labeled "Welcome admin" with a "Logout" button. A dropdown menu is open over the settings gear icon, listing the following options: Network Settings, System Management, SNMP Manager, Email Setup, Event Notifications, Trap Receiver, Thresholds, Rack Access Control, and Smart rack Control. On the left side, there is a "Total Load" section with a circular gauge showing 0% for PDU#1. Below the gauge are four buttons: "Total Load", "Total Sensors", "Total Energy", and "Total PDU(s)". On the right side, there is a "Summary" table:

PDU	Apparent Power(VA)	Active Power(W)	% Load
PDU 1	0	0	0%

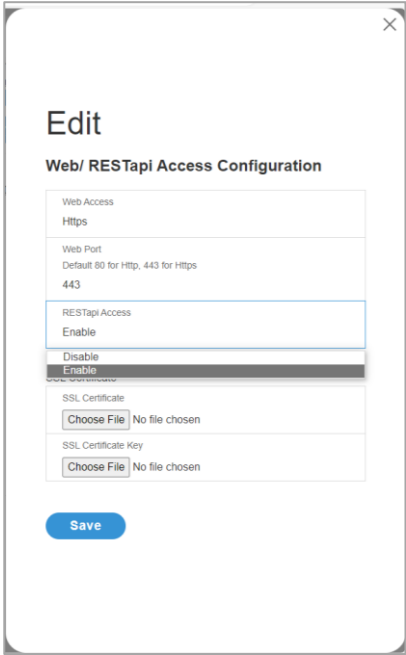
3. Select the Web/RESTapi configuration and click on the pen icon to edit the settings.

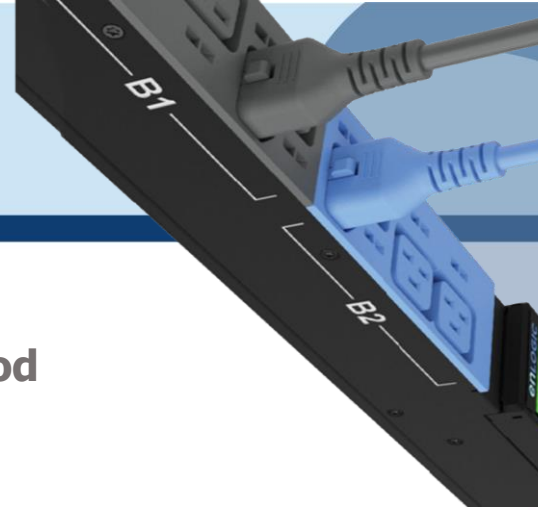
The screenshot shows the "Network Settings" page for an "Input Metered PDU". The page has three tabs: "Set Certificate Key", "Change Link Speed", and "Syslog Configuration". The settings are organized into several sections:

- Ethernet-0 IP Configuration:** Network Mode (IPv4/IPv6 Dual), Boot Mode IPv4 (DHCP), Boot Mode IPv6 (Autoconfig), IPv4 Address (10.10.105.235), Network Mask (255.255.252.0), Default Gateway (10.10.104.254), IPv6 Link Local Address (fe80::def1:92c9:2d58:354b), and IPv6 Global Configured Address (2001:ca0:a01::7b4).
- Ethernet-1 IP Configuration:** Network Mode (IPv4/IPv6 Dual), Boot Mode (DHCP), Boot Mode IPv6 (Autoconfig), IPv4 Address (0.0.0.0), Network Mask (0.0.0.0), Default Gateway (0.0.0.0), IPv6 Link Local Address, and IPv6 Global Configured Address.
- Domain Name System:** Manually Override Servers (checkbox), Primary DNS Server (0.0.0.0), Secondary DNS Server (0.0.0.0), Edit Hostname/Domain (checkbox), Host Name, and Domain Name (IPv4/IPv6).
- Web/RESTapi Access Configuration:** Web Access (https), Web Port (443), RESTapi Access (checkbox), and Certificate (View Certificate button).
- SSH/FTPs Configuration:** SSH Access (checkbox), SSH Port (22), FTPs Access (checkbox), and FTPs Port (21).
- Network Time Protocol(NTP):** Enable (checkbox), Primary NTP Server (0.0.0.0).
- Date/Time Settings:** Date (2010/01/10), Time (04:10:08).
- Daylight Saving Time:** Enable (checkbox), Start Month (00/00).



- 4. In the Edit screen, provide all the details and Enable the RESTapi Access. Click Save.





Redfish URLs Supported with GET Method

Listed URLs with their Syntax

Session Service

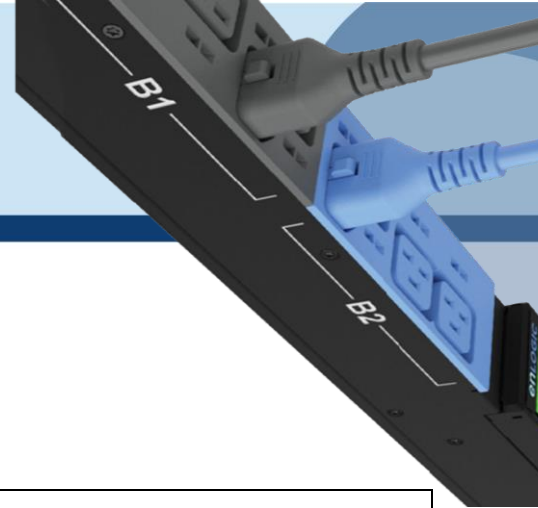
S.No	URL
1	https://<ip_addr>/redfish/v1
2	/redfish/v1/SessionService
3	/redfish/v1/SessionService/Sessions
4	/redfish/v1/SessionService/Sessions/{session_ids}
5	/redfish/v1/EventService

Managers

S.No	URL
1	/redfish/v1/Managers
2	/redfish/v1/Managers/manager
3	/redfish/v1//Managers/manager/NetworkProtocol
4	/redfish/v1//Managers/1/LogServices
5	/redfish/v1//Managers/1/LogServices/Log
6	/redfish/v1//Managers/1/LogServices/Log/Entries
7	/redfish/v1/Managers/manager/EthernetInterfaces
8	/redfish/v1/Managers/manager/EthernetInterfaces/eth0
9	/redfish/v1/Managers/manager/EthernetInterfaces/eth1

Account Service

S.No	URL
1	/redfish/v1/AccountService
2	/redfish/v1/AccountService/Accounts
3	/redfish/v1/AccountService/Accounts/{userid}
4	/redfish/v1/AccountService/Roles
5	/redfish/v1/AccountService/Roles/{ Administrator/ ReadOnly / Operator}



Metrics

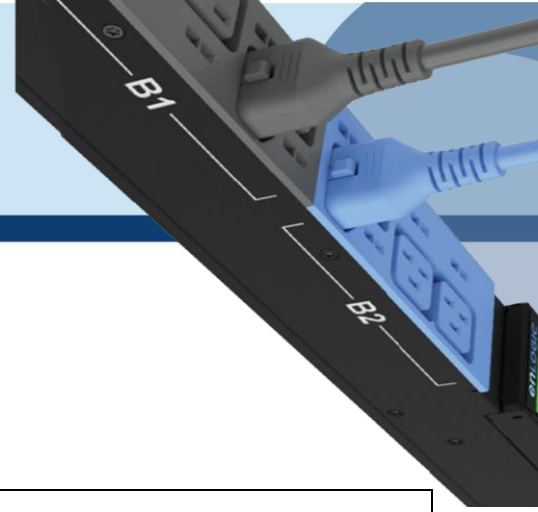
S.No	URL
1	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu_id}/Metrics

Power Equipment

S.No	URL
1	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment
2	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs
3	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu_id}

Branches

S.No	URL
1	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu_id}/Branches
2	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu_id} /Branches/#cbnumber
3	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu id}/Branches/A
4	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu id}/Branches/B
5	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu id}/Branches/C
6	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu id}/Branches/D
7	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu id}/Branches/E
8	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu id}/Branches/F

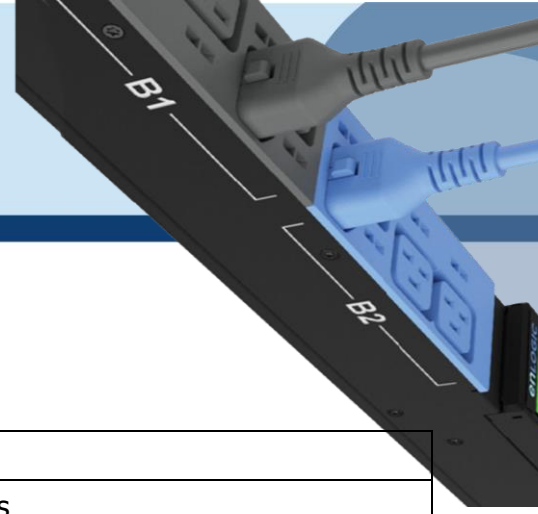


Outlets

S.No	URL
1	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu_id}/Outlets
2	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu_id}/Outlets/#outletnumber

Sensors

S.No	URL
1	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu_id}/Sensors
2	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu_id}/Sensors/Power{cbnum#}
3	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu_id}/Sensors/Current{cbnum#}
4	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu_id}/Sensors/Voltage{cbnum#}
5	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu_id}/Sensors/CurrentOUTLET#
6	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu_id}/Sensors/VoltageOUTLET#
7	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu_id}/Sensors/PowerOUTLET#
8	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu_id}/Sensors/EnergyOUTLET#
9	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu_id}/Sensors/PowerMains1-6 (for WYE type PDUs) /redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu_id}/Sensors/PowerMains1-3 (for DELTA type PDUs)
10	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu_id}/Sensors/CurrentMains1-3
11	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu_id}/Sensors/VoltageMains1-6 (for WYE type PDUs) /redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu_id}/Sensors/VoltageMains1-3 (for DELTA type PDUs)
12	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu_id}/Sensors/FreqMains
13	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu_id}/Sensors/PDUPower



Mains

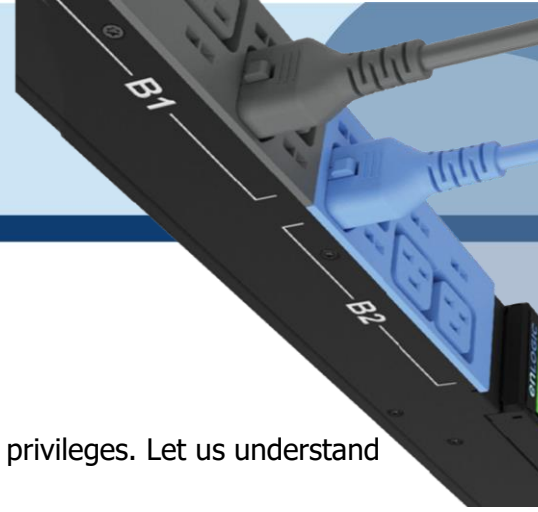
S.No	URL
1	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu_id}/Mains
2	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu_id}/Mains/AC1

Redfish URLs Supported with POST Method

S.No	URL
1	/redfish/v1/SessionService/Sessions
2	/redfish/v1/AccountService/Accounts
3	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pduid}/Outlets/OUTLET#/Outlet.PowerControl
4	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pduid}/Outlets/OUTLET#/Outlet.PowerControl
5	/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/4/Outlets/OUTLET24/Outlet.PowerControl

Redfish URLs Supported with DELETE Method

S.No	URL
1	/redfish/v1/AccountService/Accounts/{username}
2	/redfish/v1/SessionService/Sessions/{session_id}



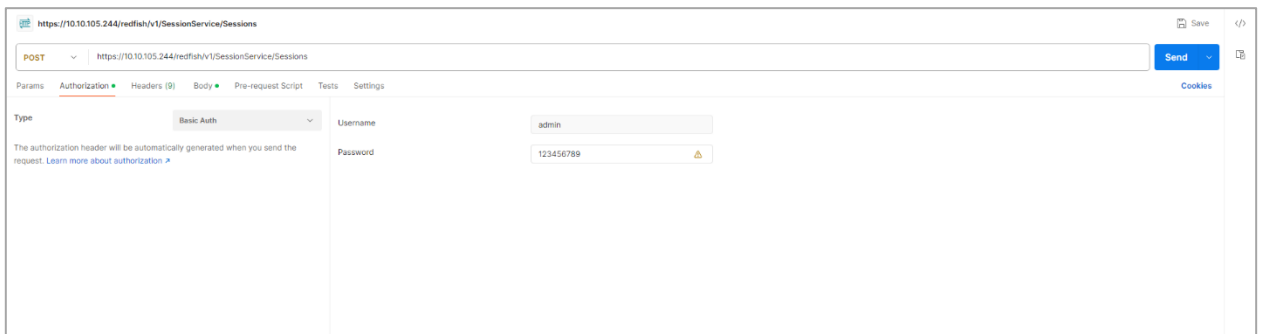
Getting Started with Redfish

Using Redfish Post method, the user can create accounts and their privileges. Let us understand the steps to create them

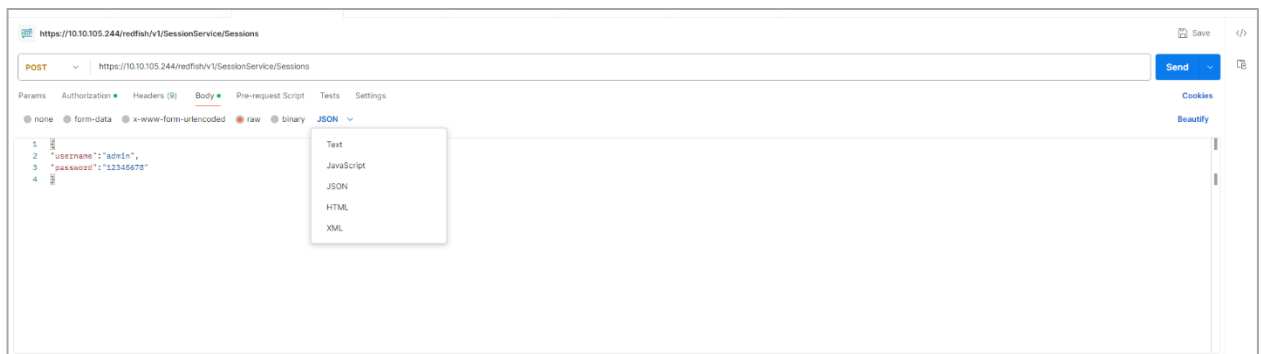
1. Creating A Session

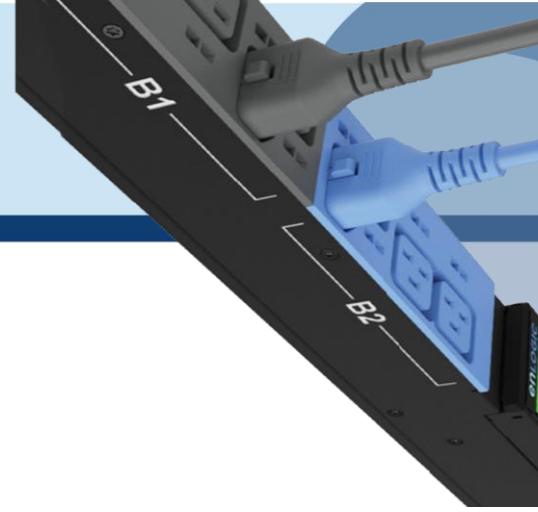
METHOD: POST

1. Download Install the Postman API from <https://www.postman.com/downloads/>



2. On the header, click on the **Body** tab, select **raw**, and under the JSON tab select **Payload**

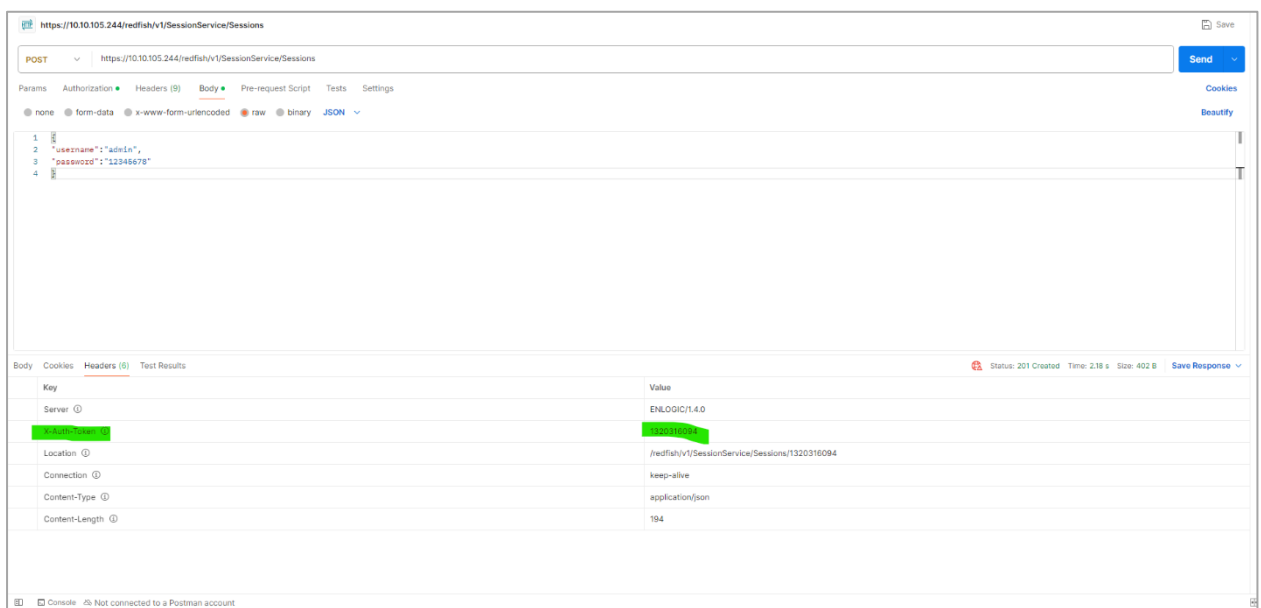




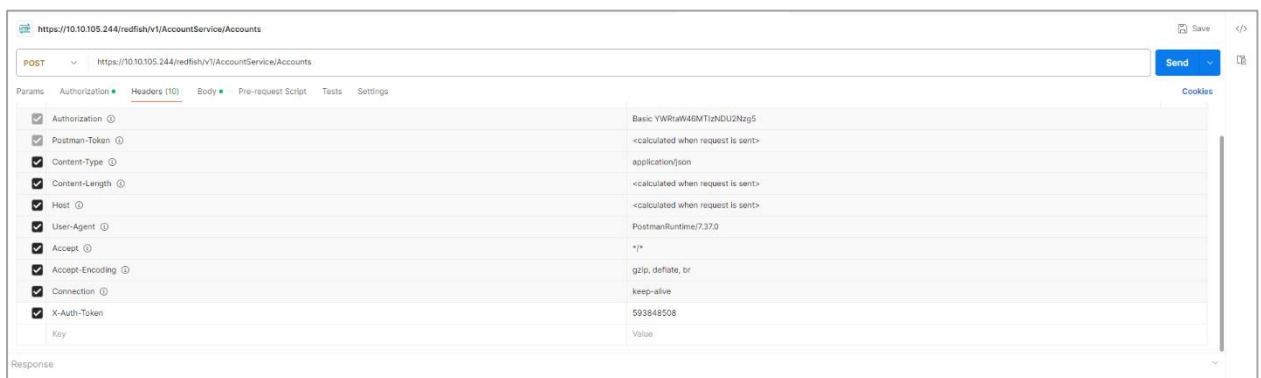
3. Add the **Payload** script and **Send** the request.

Payload:

```
{
"username":"admin",
"password":"12345678"
}
```

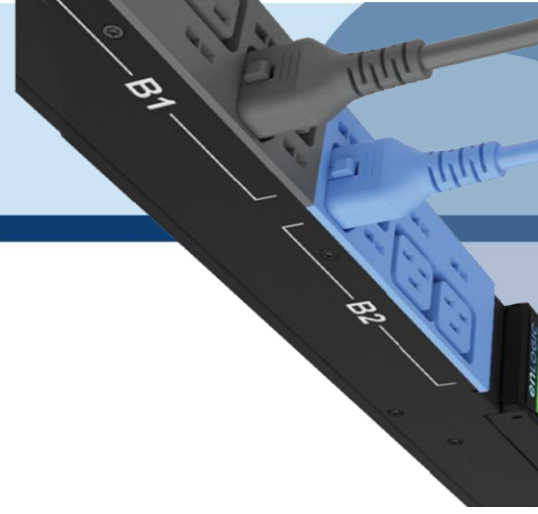


4. Copy the X-Auth-Token values displayed in the above screen and add them under the X-



Auth-Token Header. Next use the POST, PATCH, DELETE as shown in the next sections.

Note – Authorization should be containing BASE64 encoded credentials.



2. Add New User

METHOD: POST

URL - <https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/AccountService/Accounts>

Payload:

```
{
  "UserName": "admin16",
  "Password": "123456789",
  "RoleId": "admin"
}
```

Success response:

```
{
  "code": "Success",
  "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "ManagerAccount",
      "Message": "Successfully Completed Request",
      "Severity": "OK",
      "MessageSeverity": "OK",
      "Resolution": "NONE"
    }
  ]
}
```

Curl Command

```
curl --location 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/AccountService/Accounts' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 593848508' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--header 'Authorization: Basic YWRtaW46MTIzNDU2Nzg=' \
--data '{
  "UserName": "admin17",
  "Password": "123456789",
  "RoleId": "admin"
}'
```



https://10.10.105.244/redfish/v1/AccountService/Accounts Save

POST | https://10.10.105.244/redfish/v1/AccountService/Accounts Send

Params Authorization Headers (9) **Body** Pre-request Script Tests Settings Cookies

● none ● form-data ● x-www-form-urlencoded ● raw ● binary JSON Beautiful

```

1
2  .... "UserName": "admin16",
3  .... "Password": "123456789",
4  .... "RoleId": "admin"
5

```

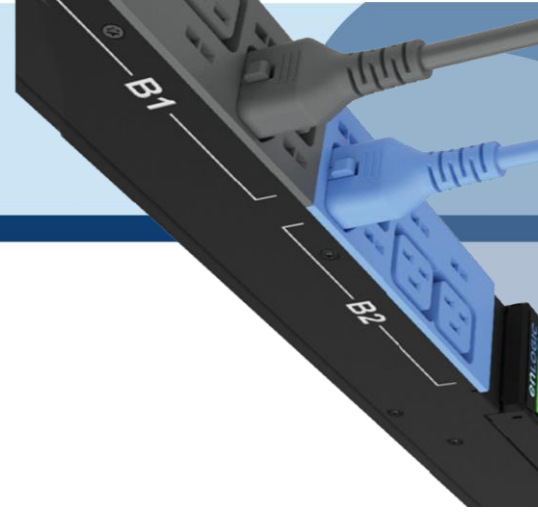
Body Cookies Headers (4) Test Results 201 Created 452 ms 399 B Save Response

Pretty Raw Preview Visualize JSON Search

```

1
2  "code": "Success",
3  "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
4  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
5    {
6      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
7      "MessageId": "ManagerAccount",
8      "Message": "Successfully Completed Request",
9      "Severity": "OK",
10     "MessageSeverity": "OK",
11     "Resolution": "NONE"
12   }
13 ]
14

```



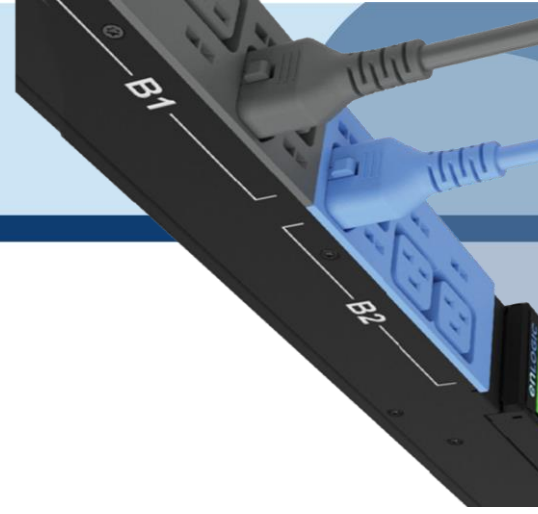
Parameter Errors and Resolution Messages

a. User Privilege Error:

```
{
  "code": "JSON data Error",
  "message": "Privilege Error",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "ManagerAccount",
      "Message": "Privilege Error",
      "Severity": "Warning",
      "MessageSeverity": "Warning",
      "Resolution": "User Don't have valid Privilege to configure the system"
    }
  ]
}
```

b. Existing User Error:

```
{
  "code": "User Privilege Error",
  "message": "Failed to add user",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "ManagerAccount",
      "Message": "Failed to add user",
      "Severity": "Warning",
      "MessageSeverity": "Warning",
      "Resolution": "User is already existed"
    }
  ]
}
```



c. JSON Packet Error:

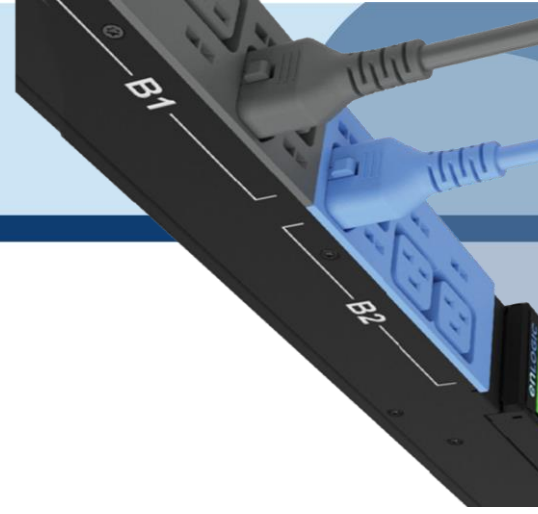
```
{
  "code": "URL Error",
  "message": "Failed to parse the packet",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "ManagerAccount",
      "Message": "Failed to parse the packet",
      "Severity": "Warning",
      "MessageSeverity": "Warning",
      "Resolution": "JSON unpack error, Enter the valid JSON packet"
    }
  ]
}
```

d. Missing User Name Or Role ID In Payload Or Both:

```
{
  "UserName": "",
  "Password": "123456789",
  "RoleId": ""
}
```

Response-body:

```
{
  "code": "Invalid Information",
  "message": "Bad request",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "ManagerAccount",
      "Message": "Bad request",
      "Severity": "Warning",
      "MessageSeverity": "Warning",
      "Resolution": "Incomplete information provided, Enter the full and valid data"
    }
  ]
}
```



i. Invalid User RoleID In Payload:

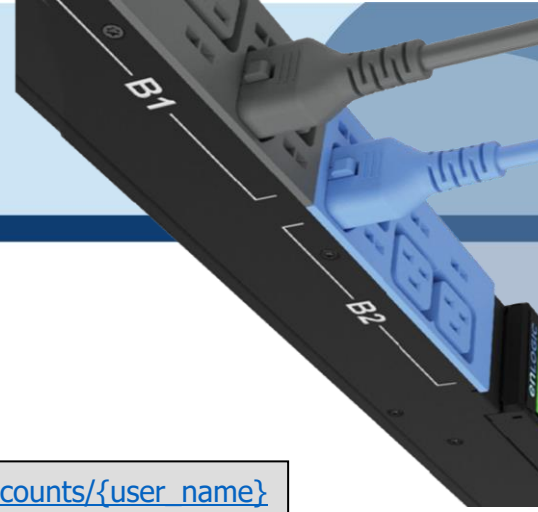
```
{
  "code": "Invalid Information",
  "message": "Bad request",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "ManagerAccount",
      "Message": "Bad request",
      "Severity": "Warning",
      "MessageSeverity": "Warning",
      "Resolution": "Enter the valid Roletype"
    }
  ]
}
```

e. Data Error:

```
{
  "code": "Data Error",
  "message": "User information not found",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "ManagerAccount",
      "Message": "User information not found",
      "Severity": "Warning",
      "MessageSeverity": "Warning",
      "Resolution": "User not found, Enter valid user"
    }
  ]
}
```

f. User Privilege Error:

```
{
  "code": "User Privilege Error",
  "message": "Privilege Error",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "ManagerAccount",
      "Message": "Privilege Error",
      "Severity": "Warning",
      "MessageSeverity": "Warning",
      "Resolution": "Token not authorized"
    }
  ]
}
```



3. User Delete:

METHOD: DELETE

URL - https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/AccountService/Accounts/{user_name}

Note – In the last Parameter specify the **Username** to be deleted.

Payload: NA

Success response:

```
{
  "code": "Success",
  "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "ManagerAccount",
      "Message": "Successfully Completed Request",
      "Severity": "OK",
      "MessageSeverity": "OK",
      "Resolution": "User deleted successfully"
    }
  ]
}
```

Curl Command

```
curl --location --request DELETE 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/AccountService/Accounts/admin16' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 786707833'
curl --location 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/AccountService/Roles' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 786707833' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data '{
  "Id": "Administrator",
  "Description": "nmc user",
  "Name": "NMC"
}'
```



HTTP <https://10.10.105.244/redfish/v1/AccountService/Accounts/admin16> Save

DELETE <https://10.10.105.244/redfish/v1/AccountService/Accounts/admin16> Send

Params Authorization Headers (7) **Body** Pre-request Script Tests Settings Cookies

none form-data x-www-form-urlencoded raw binary

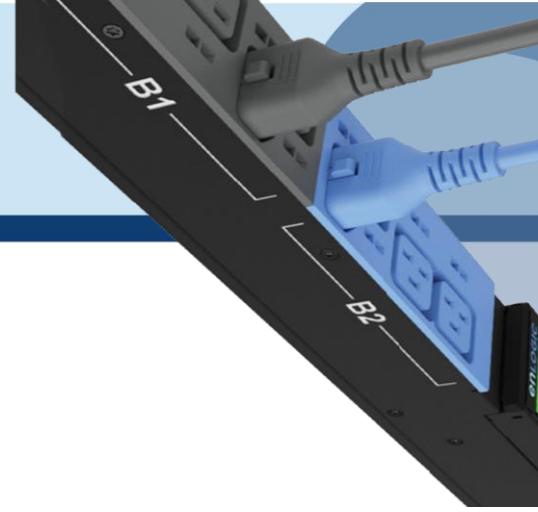
This request does not have a body

Body Cookies Headers (4) Test Results 200 OK 2.32 s 414 B Save Response

Pretty Raw Preview Visualize JSON ⌵ ⌵

```

1  {
2    "code": "Success",
3    "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
4    "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
5      {
6        "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
7        "MessageId": "ManagerAccount",
8        "Message": "Successfully Completed Request",
9        "Severity": "OK",
10       "MessageSeverity": "OK",
11       "Resolution": "User deleted suceesfully"
12     }
13   ]
14 }
    
```

4. Add User Roles:

METHOD: POST

URL - <https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/AccountService/Roles>

Payload:

```
{
  "Id": "Administrator",
  "Description": "LDAPs user",
  "Name": "LDAP Admin"
}
```

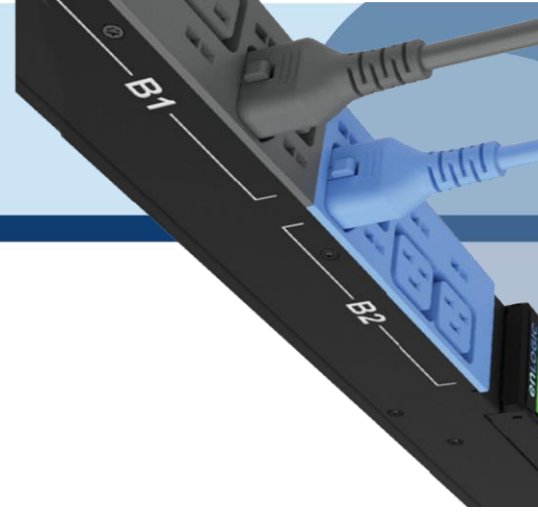
Note - "Id" defines the privileges of the role, here there are two types of Administrator for Admin and Read Only for "user".

Success response:

```
{
  "code": "Success",
  "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "User Role",
      "Message": "Successfully Completed Request",
      "Severity": "OK",
      "MessageSeverity": "OK",
      "Resolution": "NONE"
    }
  ]
}
```

Curl Command

```
curl --location 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/AccountService/Roles' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 786707833' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data '{
  "Id": "Administrator",
  "Description": "nmc user",
  "Name": "NMC"
}'
```



https://10.10.105.22/redfish/v1/AccountService/Roles

POST https://10.10.105.22/redfish/v1/AccountService/Roles

Params Authorization Headers (9) **Body** Pre-request Script Tests Settings

none form-data x-www-form-urlencoded **raw** binary JSON

```

1 {
2   "Id": "Administrator",
3   "Description": "LDAPS user",
4   "Name": "Ldap Admin"
5 }
6
7

```

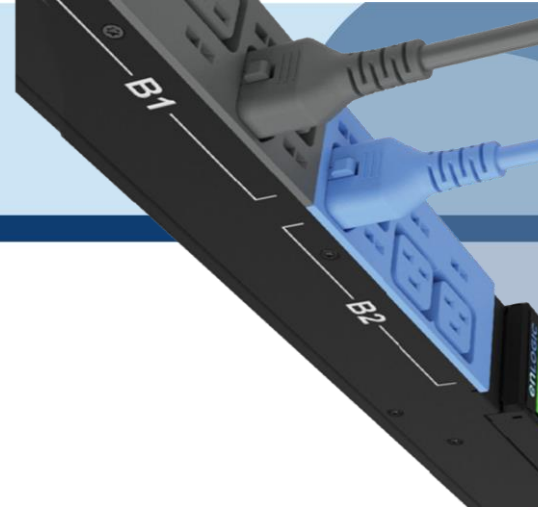
Body Cookies Headers (4) Test Results Status: 201 Created Time: 17.28 s Size: 394 B Save Response

Pretty Raw Preview Visualize JSON

```

1 {
2   "code": "Success",
3   "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
4   "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
5     {
6       "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
7       "MessageId": "User Role",
8       "Message": "Successfully Completed Request",
9       "Severity": "OK",
10      "MessageSeverity": "OK",
11      "Resolution": "NONE"
12     }
13   ]
14 }

```



Parameter Errors and Resolution Messages

a. Json Payload Error:

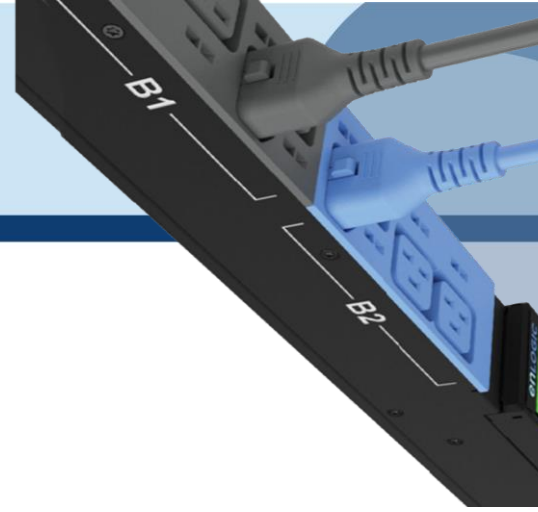
URL - <https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/AccountService/Roles>

Payload:

```
{
  "Id": "ReadOnly",
  "Description": "LDAPs user",
  "Name": "LDAP User"
}
```

Success response:

```
{
  "code": "JSON data Error",
  "message": "Failed to load JSON database",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "User Role",
      "Message": "Failed to load JSON database",
      "Severity": "Warning",
      "MessageSeverity": "Warning",
      "Resolution": "JSON unpack error, Enter the valid JSON packet"
    }
  ]
}
```



b. User Privilege Error:

```
{
  "code": "User Privilege Error",
  "message": "Privilege Error",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "User Role",
      "Message": "Privilege Error",
      "Severity": "Warning",
      "MessageSeverity": "Warning",
      "Resolution": "User Don't have valid Privilege to configure the system"
    }
  ]
}
```

5. Edit Roles:

URL - <https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/AccountService/Roles>

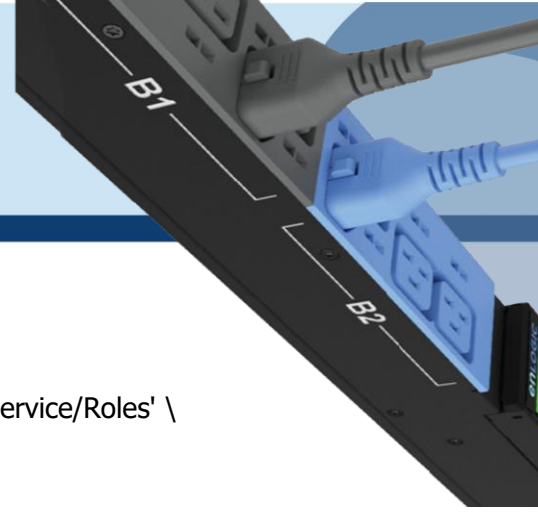
PATCH METHOD

Payload:

```
{
  "Id": "Administrator",
  "Description": "LDAPs user",
  "Name": "LDAP Admin"
}
```

Success response:

```
{
  "code": "Success",
  "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "User Role",
      "Message": "Successfully Completed Request",
      "Severity": "OK",
      "MessageSeverity": "OK",
      "Resolution": "NONE"
    }
  ]
}
```



Curl Command:

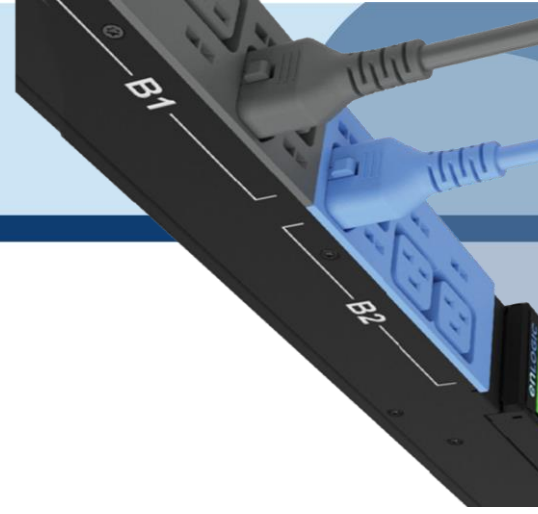
```
curl --location --request PATCH 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/AccountService/Roles' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 786707833' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data '{
  "Id": "Administrator",
  "Description": "nmc use",
  "Name": "NMC"
}'
```

The screenshot shows a web browser's developer tools interface. At the top, the URL is `https://10.10.105.244/redfish/v1/AccountService/Roles`. The request method is `PATCH` and the request body is a JSON object:

```
{
  "Id": "Administrator",
  "Description": "nmc use",
  "Name": "NMC"
}
```

The response status is `201 Created` with a response time of `2.19 s` and a size of `394 B`. The response body is a JSON object:

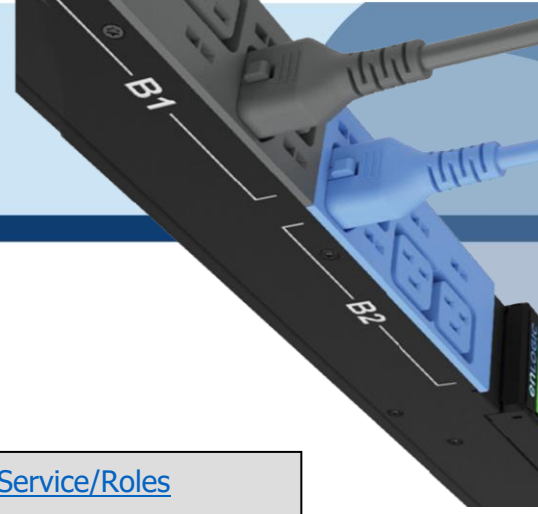
```
{
  "code": "Success",
  "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "User Role",
      "Message": "Successfully Completed Request",
      "Severity": "OK",
      "MessageSeverity": "OK",
      "Resolution": "NONE"
    }
  ]
}
```



Parameter Errors and Resolution Messages

c. User Role Does Not Exist:

```
{
  "code": "Data Error",
  "message": " User information not found",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "User Role",
      "Message": " User information not found",
      "Severity": "Warning",
      "MessageSeverity": "Warning",
      "Resolution": "UserRole not existed"
    }
  ]
}
```



6. Delete User:

METHOD : DELETE

URL - <https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/AccountService/Roles>

Payload:

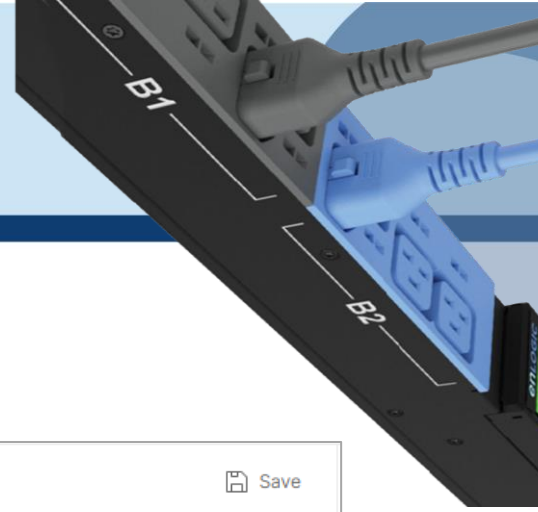
```
{
  "Name": "LDAP Admin"
}
```

Success response:

```
{
  "code": "Success",
  "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "User Role",
      "Message": "Successfully Completed Request",
      "Severity": "OK",
      "MessageSeverity": "OK",
      "Resolution": "NONE"
    }
  ]
}
```

Curl Command:

```
curl --location --request DELETE 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/AccountService/Roles' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 786707833' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data '{
  "Name": "NMC"
}'
```



<https://10.10.105.244/redfish/v1/AccountService/Roles>
Save

DELETE ▼ https://10.10.105.244/redfish/v1/AccountService/Roles Send ▼

Params Authorization Headers (9) **Body** Pre-request Script Tests Settings Cookies

none form-data x-www-form-urlencoded raw binary JSON ▼ Beautify

```

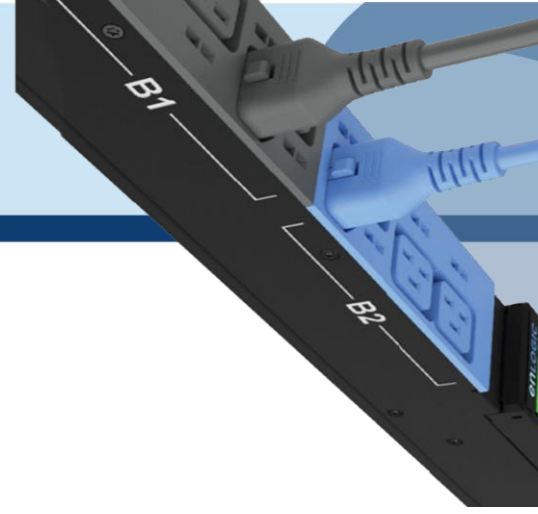
1  [
2  ... "Name": "NMC"
3  ]
  
```

Body Cookies Headers (4) Test Results 200 OK 2.00 s 389 B Save Response ▼

Pretty Raw Preview Visualize JSON ▼ 🔍

```

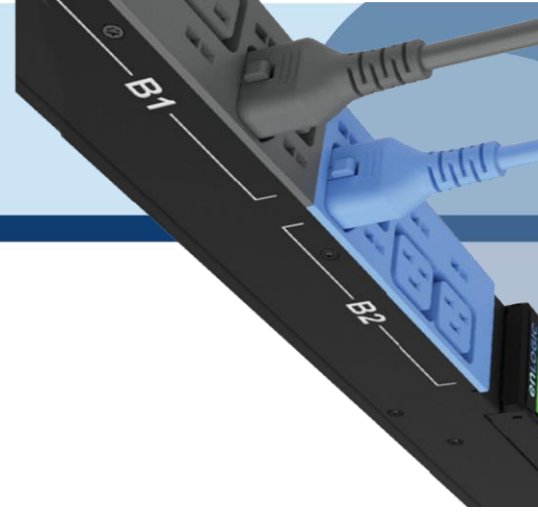
1  {
2  "code": "Success",
3  "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
4  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
5  {
6  "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
7  "MessageId": "User Role",
8  "Message": "Successfully Completed Request",
9  "Severity": "OK",
10 "MessageSeverity": "OK",
11 "Resolution": "NONE"
12 }
13 ]
14 }
  
```

Parameter Errors and Resolution Messages

d. User Role Does Not Exist:

```
{
  "code": "Data Error",
  "message": "User information not found",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "User Role",
      "Message": "User information not found",
      "Severity": "Warning",
      "MessageSeverity": "Warning",
      "Resolution": "UserRole is not existed"
    }
  ]
}
```



7. Outlet Control:

METHOD: POST

URL - <https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu-id}/Outlets/OUTLET{outlet-number}/Action/Outlet.PowerControl>

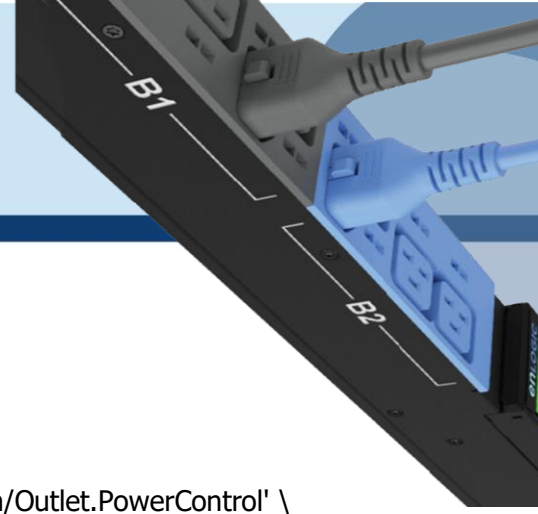
Payload:

```
{
  "PowerState": "Off"
}
```

Other values can be specified : PoweringOff ,PoweringOn ,PowerCycle ,RebootDelay

Success Response:

```
{
  "code": "Success",
  "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Outlet Power Control",
      "Message": "Successfully Completed Request",
      "Severity": "OK",
      "MessageSeverity": "OK",
      "Resolution": "NONE"
    }
  ]
}
```



Curl Command:

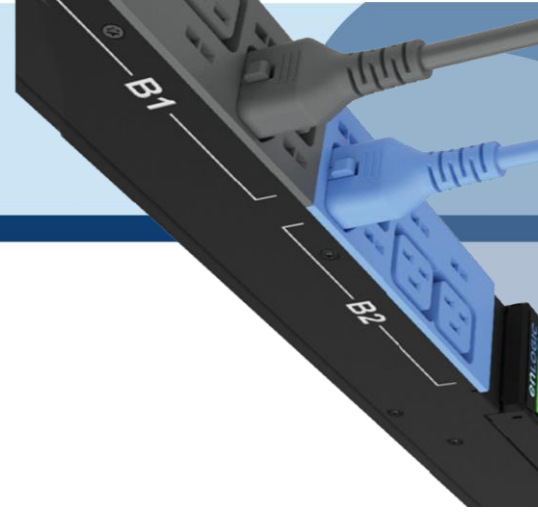
```
curl --location 'https://{pdu-
ip}/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/1/Outlets/OUTLET1/Action/Outlet.PowerControl' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 786707833' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data '{
  "PowerState": "Off"
}'
```

The screenshot shows a REST client interface with the following details:

- Method:** POST
- URL:** https://10.10.105.244/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/1/Outlets/OUTLET1/Action/Outlet.I...
- Body:**

```
1 {
2   "PowerState": "Off"
3 }
```
- Response:** 200 OK, 2.31 s, 400 B
- Response Body (Pretty):**

```
1 {
2   "code": "Success",
3   "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
4   "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
5     {
6       "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
7       "MessageId": "Outlet Power Control",
8       "Message": "Successfully Completed Request",
9       "Severity": "OK",
10      "MessageSeverity": "OK",
11      "Resolution": "NONE"
12    }
13  ]
14 }
```



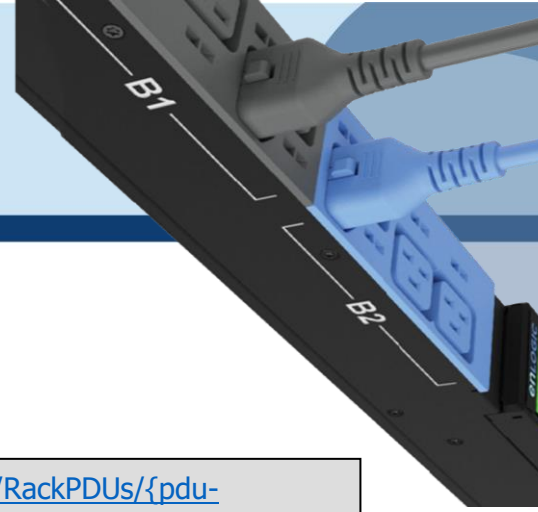
Parameter Errors and Resolution Messages

e. If Outlet Control is disabled:

```
{
  "code": "ManagerAccount",
  "message": "Method Not Allowed",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Outlet Power Control",
      "Message": "Method Not Allowed",
      "Severity": "Warning",
      "MessageSeverity": "Warning",
      "Resolution": "Outlet control flag is disabled"
    }
  ]
}
```

f. Wrong Outlet Number:

```
{
  "code": "URL Error",
  "message": "Invalid URL",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Outlet Power Control",
      "Message": "Invalid URL",
      "Severity": "Warning",
      "MessageSeverity": "Warning",
      "Resolution": "Query with valid URL, Invalid Outlet ID"
    }
  ]
}
```



8. Configure an Outlet:

METHOD: PATCH

URL - <https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/{pdu-id}/Outlets/OUTLET{outlet-number}/Action/Outlet.ResetMetrics>

Payload:

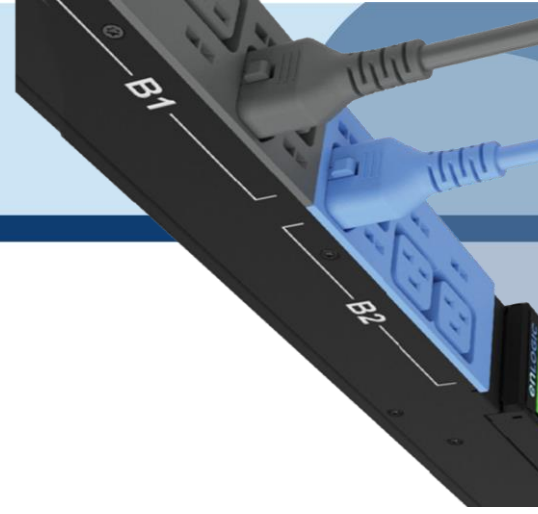
```
{
  "PowerOnDelaySeconds":11,
  "PowerOffDelaySeconds":22,
  "PowerRestoreDelaySeconds":33,
  "PowerState": "LastState",
  "Name": "ira1"
}
```

Value Range

On Delay(0-7200s), Off Delay(0-7200s), Reboot Duration(0-60s)
PowerState=on,off,lastknown

Success Response:

```
{
  "code": "Success",
  "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Outlet Reset Metrics",
      "Message": "PowerOnDelaySeconds information Updated",
      "Severity": "None",
      "MessageSeverity": "None",
      "Resolution": ""
    },
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Outlet Reset Metrics",
      "Message": "PowerOffDelaySeconds information Updated",
      "Severity": "None",
      "MessageSeverity": "None",
      "Resolution": ""
    },
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Outlet Reset Metrics",
      "Message": "PowerRestoreDelaySeconds information Updated",
      "Severity": "None",
      "MessageSeverity": "None",
      "Resolution": ""
    }
  ]
}
```



```

    },
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Outlet Reset Metrics",
      "Message": "PowerState information Updated",
      "Severity": "None",
      "MessageSeverity": "None",
      "Resolution": ""
    },
    {
      "@odata.type": "#Outlet.v1_4_1.Outlet",
      "MessageId": "Outlet Reset Metrics",
      "Message": "Outlet name information Updated",
      "Severity": "None",
      "MessageSeverity": "None",
      "Resolution": ""
    },
    {
      "@odata.type": "#Outlet.v1_4_1.Outlet",
      "MessageId": "Outlet Reset Metrics",
      "Message": "Successfully Completed Request",
      "Severity": "OK",
      "MessageSeverity": "OK",
      "Resolution": ""
    }
  ]
}

```

Curl Command:

```

curl --location --request PATCH 'https://{pdu-
ip}/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/1/Outlets/OUTLET1/Action/Outlet.ResetMetrics' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 786707833' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data '{
  "PowerOnDelaySeconds":11,
  "PowerOffDelaySeconds":22,
  "PowerRestoreDelaySeconds":33,
  "PowerState": "LastState",
  "Name": "ira1"
}'

```



<https://10.10.106.37/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/1/Outlets/OUTLET1/Action/Outlet.ResetMetrics>
Save

PATCH
https://10.10.106.37/redfish/v1/PowerEquipment/RackPDUs/1/Outlets/OUTLET1/Action/Outlet.Rr...
Send

Params Authorization Headers (9) **Body** Pre-request Script Tests Settings
 Cookies

none
 form-data
 x-www-form-urlencoded
 raw
 binary
 JSON
Beautify

```

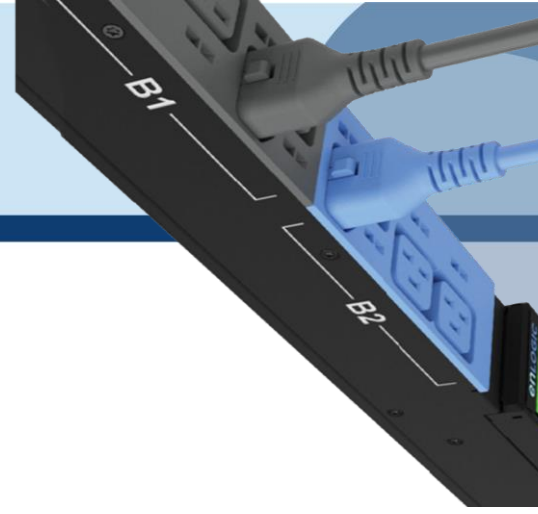
1  PATCH
2  ..... "PowerOnDelaySeconds":11,
3  ..... "PowerOffDelaySeconds":22,
4  ..... "PowerRestoreDelaySeconds":33,
5  ..... "PowerState": "LastState",
6  ..... "Name": "ira1"
7  PATCH
    
```

Body Cookies Headers (4) Test Results
 200 OK 2.92 s 1.35 KB
Save Response

Pretty
Raw
Preview
Visualize
JSON
🔍

```

4  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
5  {
6      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
7      "MessageId": "Outlet Reset Metrics",
8      "Message": "PowerOnDelaySeconds information Updated",
9      "Severity": "None",
10     "MessageSeverity": "None",
11     "Resolution": ""
12  },
13  {
14     "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
15     "MessageId": "Outlet Reset Metrics",
16     "Message": "PowerOffDelaySeconds information Updated",
17     "Severity": "None",
18     "MessageSeverity": "None",
19     "Resolution": ""
20  },
21  {
22     "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
23     "MessageId": "Outlet Reset Metrics",
24     "Message": "PowerRestoreDelaySeconds information Updated",
25     "Severity": "None",
26     "MessageSeverity": "None",
    
```



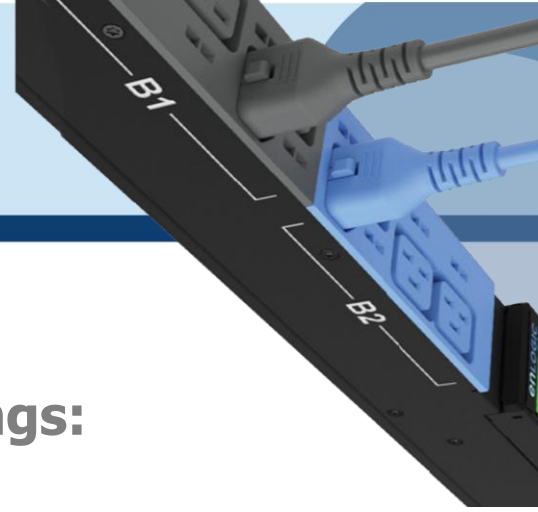
Parameter Errors and Resolution Messages

g. Wrong PDU ID In URL:

```
{
  "code": "URL Error",
  "message": "Invalid URL",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Outlet Reset Metrics",
      "Message": "Invalid URL",
      "Severity": "Warning",
      "MessageSeverity": "Warning",
      "Resolution": "Query with valid URL, Invalid PDU Number"
    }
  ]
}
```

h. Wrong PDU Outlet ID In URL:

```
{
  "code": "URL Error",
  "message": "Invalid URL",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Outlet Reset Metrics",
      "Message": "Invalid URL",
      "Severity": "Warning",
      "MessageSeverity": "Warning",
      "Resolution": "Query with valid URL, Invalid Outlet ID"
    }
  ]
}
```

9. Configure Date & Time Settings:

METHOD: POST

URL - <https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/Managers/1>

Payload:

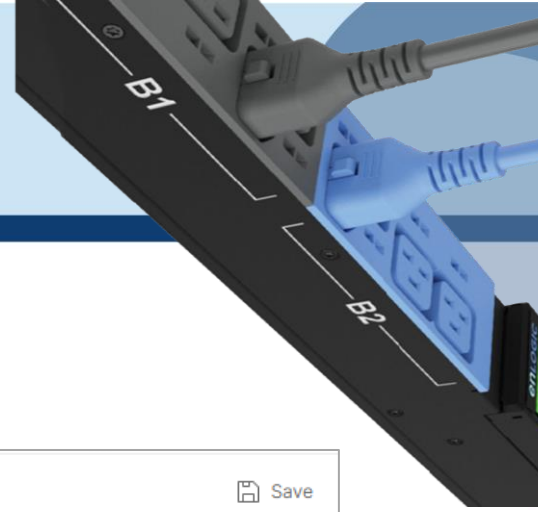
```
{
  "DateTime": "2015-03-13T04:14:33+05:30",
  "DateTimeLocalOffset": "+05:30"
}
```

Success Response:

```
{
  "code": "Success",
  "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Manager",
      "Message": "Successfully Completed Request",
      "Severity": "OK",
      "MessageSeverity": "OK",
      "Resolution": "Date and Time is updated"
    }
  ]
}
```

Curl Command:

```
curl --location 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/Managers/1' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 786707833' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data '{
  "DateTime": "2015-03-13T04:14:33+05:30",
  "DateTimeLocalOffset": "+05:30"
}'
```



HTTP <https://10.10.105.244/redfish/v1/Managers/1> Save

POST <https://10.10.105.244/redfish/v1/Managers/1> Send

Params Authorization Headers (9) **Body** Pre-request Script Tests Settings Cookies

none form-data x-www-form-urlencoded raw binary **JSON** Beautiful

```

1
2 "DateTime": "2015-03-13T04:14:33+05:30",
3 "DateTimeLocalOffset": "+05:30"
4

```

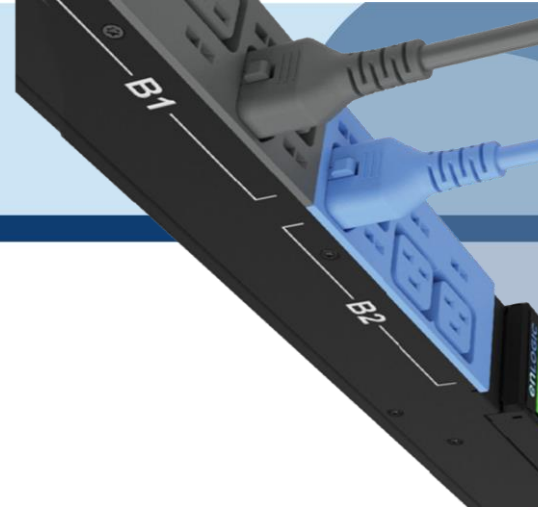
Body Cookies Headers (4) Test Results 200 OK 1773 ms 407 B Save Response

Pretty Raw Preview Visualize **JSON**

```

1
2 "code": "Success",
3 "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
4 "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
5     {
6         "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
7         "MessageId": "Manager",
8         "Message": "Successfully Completed Request",
9         "Severity": "OK",
10        "MessageSeverity": "OK",
11        "Resolution": "Date and Time is updated"
12    }
13 ]
14

```



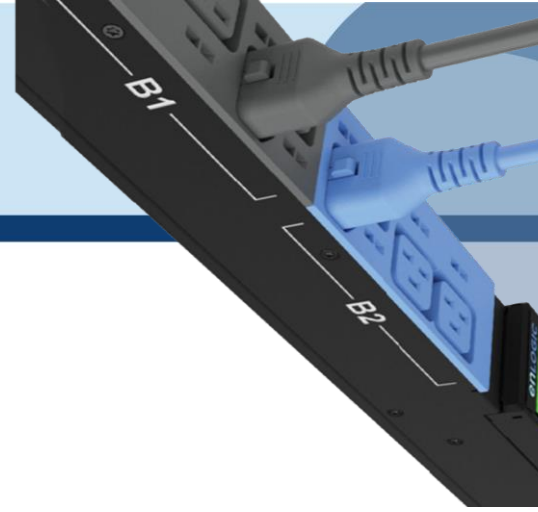
Parameter Errors and Resolution Messages

i. Wrong Payload:

```
{
  "code": "Invalid Information",
  "message": "Internal error",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Manager",
      "Message": "Internal error",
      "Severity": "Warning",
      "MessageSeverity": "Warning",
      "Resolution": "Internal error"
    }
  ]
}
```

j. Wrong URL:

```
{
  "code": "Invalid Information",
  "message": "Invalid URL",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Manager",
      "Message": "Invalid URL",
      "Severity": "OK",
      "MessageSeverity": "OK",
      "Resolution": "Query with valid URL"
    }
  ]
}
```



10. Reset a PDU:

METHOD: POST

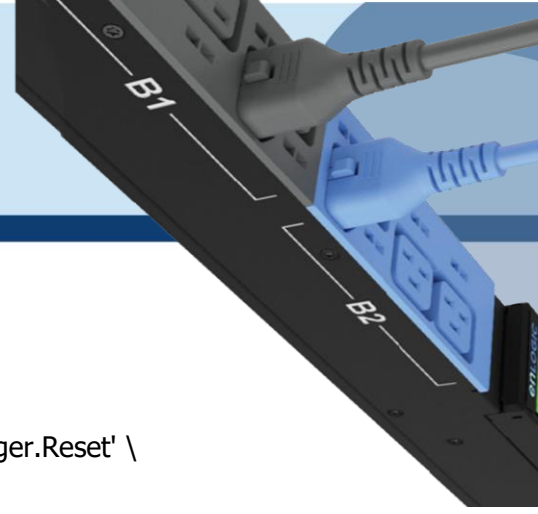
URL - <https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/Managers/1/Actions/Manager.Reset>

Payload:

```
{
  "ResetType": "ForceRestart"
}
```

Success Response:

```
{
  "code": "Success",
  "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Manager",
      "Message": "Successfully Completed Request",
      "Severity": "OK",
      "MessageSeverity": "OK",
      "Resolution": "System is going to reboot"
    }
  ]
}
```



Curl Command:

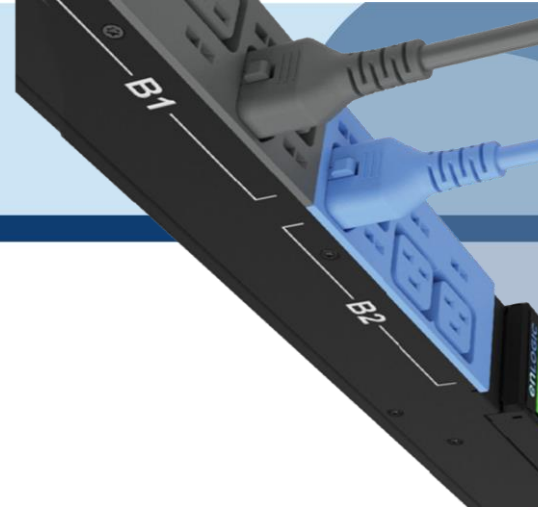
```
curl --location 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/Managers/1/Actions/Manager.Reset' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 821985700' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data '{
    "ResetType": "ForceRestart"
}'
```

The screenshot shows a REST client interface with the following details:

- URL:** `https://10.10.105.244/redfish/v1/Managers/1/Actions/Manager.Reset`
- Method:** POST
- Body (Request):**

```
{
  "ResetType": "ForceRestart"
}
```
- Status:** 200 OK, Time: 271 ms, Size: 408 B
- Body (Response):**

```
{
  "code": "Success",
  "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Manager",
      "Message": "Successfully Completed Request",
      "Severity": "OK",
      "MessageSeverity": "OK",
      "Resolution": "System is going to reboot"
    }
  ]
}
```



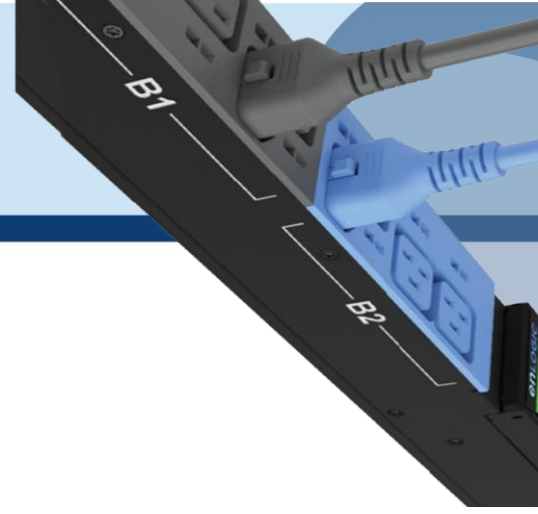
Parameter Errors and Resolution Messages

k. Authorization Error:

```
{
  "code": "User Privilege Error",
  "message": "Privilege Error",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Manager",
      "Message": "Privilege Error",
      "Severity": "Warning",
      "MessageSeverity": "Warning",
      "Resolution": "Token not authorized"
    }
  ]
}
```

l. Wrong Payload:

```
{
  "code": "JSON data Error",
  "message": "Failed to load JSON database",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Manager",
      "Message": "Failed to load JSON database",
      "Severity": "Warning",
      "MessageSeverity": "Warning",
      "Resolution": "JSON unpack error, Enter the valid JSON packet"
    }
  ]
}
```



11. Static IPv4 Configuration:

METHOD: PATCH

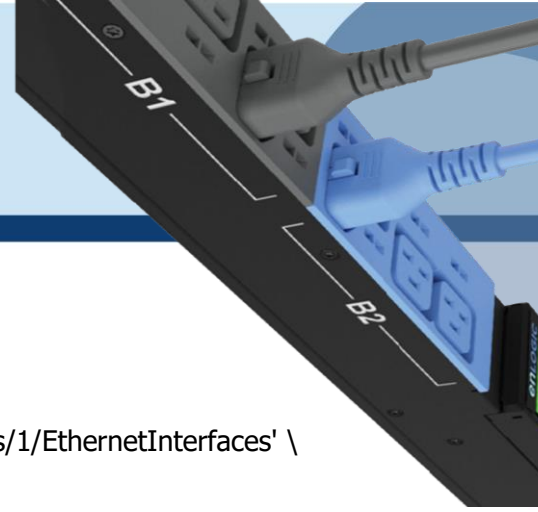
URL - <https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/Managers/1/EthernetInterfaces>

Payload: for eth0

```
{
  "IPv4StaticAddresses": [
    {
      "Address": "10.10.106.107",
      "SubnetMask": "255.255.252.0",
      "Gateway": "10.10.104.254"
    }
  ]
}
```

Success Response:

```
{
  "code": "Success",
  "message": "Ethernet configuration is updated, System is going to reboot",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "IPv4 Configuration",
      "Message": "Static IPv4 Port 1 Configuration updated",
      "Severity": "None",
      "MessageSeverity": "None",
      "Resolution": ""
    },
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Ethernet Interface configuration",
      "Message": "Ethernet configuration is updated, System is going to reboot",
      "Severity": "OK",
      "MessageSeverity": "OK",
      "Resolution": ""
    }
  ]
}
```



Curl Command:

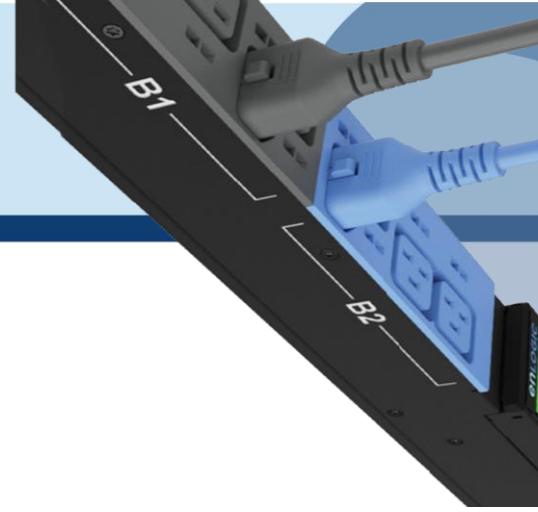
```
curl --location --request PATCH 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/Managers/1/EthernetInterfaces' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 100603786' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data '{
  "IPv4StaticAddresses": [
    {
      "Address": "10.10.105.244",
      "SubnetMask": "255.255.252.0",
      "Gateway": "10.10.104.254"
    }
  ]
}
```

The screenshot shows a web browser's developer tools interface. The top section displays the request details for a PATCH request to the URL `https://10.10.105.244/redfish/v1/Managers/1/EthernetInterfaces`. The request body is shown in JSON format:

```
{
  "IPv4StaticAddresses": [
    {
      "Address": "10.10.105.244",
      "SubnetMask": "255.255.252.0",
      "Gateway": "10.10.104.254"
    }
  ]
}
```

The bottom section shows the response details, indicating a successful status of 200 OK. The response body is also shown in JSON format:

```
{
  "code": "Success",
  "message": "Ethernet configuration is updated, System is going to reboot",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "IPv4 Configuration",
      "Message": "Static IPv4 Port 1 Configuration updated",
      "Severity": "None",
      "MessageSeverity": "None",
      "Resolution": ""
    },
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Ethernet Interface configuration",
      "Message": "Ethernet configuration is updated, System is going to reboot",
      "Severity": "OK",
      "MessageSeverity": "OK",
      "Resolution": ""
    }
  ]
}
```

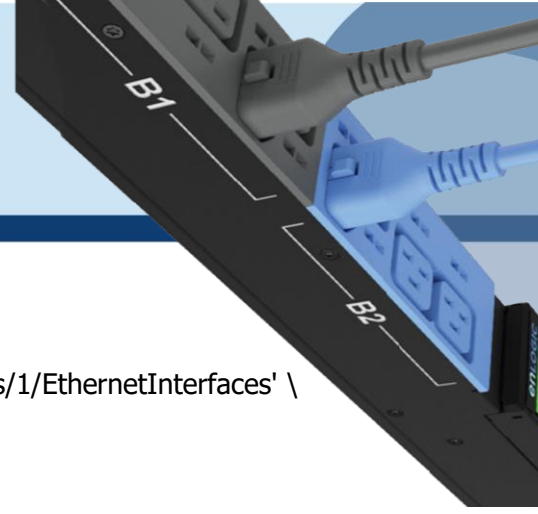



Payload: for eth0 and eth1

```
{
  "IPv4StaticAddresses": [
    {
      "Address": "10.10.106.107",
      "SubnetMask": "255.255.252.0",
      "Gateway": "10.10.104.254"
    },
    {
      "Address": "0.0.0.0",
      "SubnetMask": "255.255.252.0",
      "Gateway": "10.10.104.254"
    }
  ]
}
```

Success Response:

```
{
  "code": "Success",
  "message": "Ethernet configuration is updated, System is going to reboot",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "IPv4 Configuration",
      "Message": "Static IPv4 Port 1 Configuration updated",
      "Severity": "None",
      "MessageSeverity": "None",
      "Resolution": ""
    },
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "IPv4 Configuration",
      "Message": "Static IPv4 Port 2 Configuration updated",
      "Severity": "None",
      "MessageSeverity": "None",
      "Resolution": ""
    },
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Ethernet Interface configuration",
      "Message": "Ethernet configuration is updated, System is going to reboot",
      "Severity": "OK",
      "MessageSeverity": "OK",
      "Resolution": ""
    }
  ]
}
```



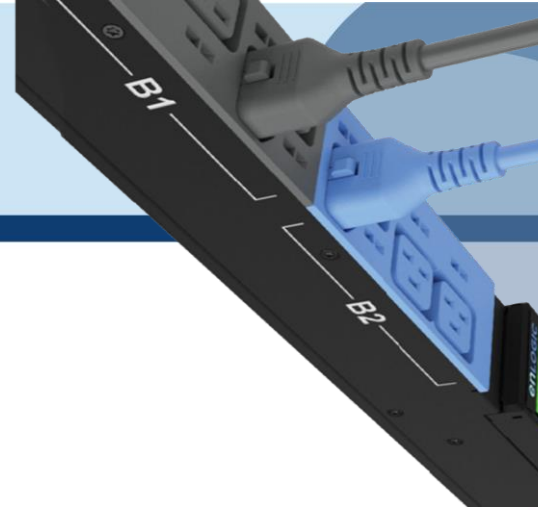
Curl Command:

```
curl --location --request PATCH 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/Managers/1/EthernetInterfaces' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 100603786' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data '{
  "IPv4StaticAddresses": [
    {
      "Address": "10.10.105.244",
      "SubnetMask": "255.255.252.0",
      "Gateway": "10.10.104.254"
    },
    {
      "Address": "0.0.0.0",
      "SubnetMask": "255.255.252.0",
      "Gateway": "10.10.104.254"
    }
  ]
}
```

The screenshot displays a Postman interface for a REST client. The URL is `https://10.10.105.244/redfish/v1/Managers/1/EthernetInterfaces`. The request method is `PATCH` and the content type is `application/json`. The request body is a JSON array of IPv4 static addresses for two ports. The response status is `200 OK` with a time of `154 ms` and a size of `864 B`. The response body is a JSON object containing a success message and extended information for both ports.

```
1  {
2    "IPv4StaticAddresses": [
3      {
4        "Address": "10.10.105.244",
5        "SubnetMask": "255.255.252.0",
6        "Gateway": "10.10.104.254"
7      },
8      {
9        "Address": "0.0.0.0",
10       "SubnetMask": "255.255.252.0",
11       "Gateway": "10.10.104.254"
12     }
13   ]
14 }
```

```
1  {
2    "code": "Success",
3    "message": "Ethernet configuration is updated, System is going to reboot",
4    "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
5      {
6        "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
7        "MessageId": "IPv4 Configuration",
8        "Message": "Static IPv4 Port 1 Configuration updated",
9        "Severity": "None",
10       "MessageSeverity": "None",
11       "Resolution": ""
12     },
13     {
14       "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
15       "MessageId": "IPv4 Configuration",
16       "Message": "Static IPv4 Port 2 Configuration updated",
17       "Severity": "None",
18       "MessageSeverity": "None",
19     }
20   ]
21 }
```



Parameter Errors and Resolution Messages

a. Wrong URL:

```
{
  "code": "Failed",
  "message": "Invalid URL",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Ethernet Interface configuration",
      "Message": "Invalid URL",
      "Severity": "Warning",
      "MessageSeverity": "Warning",
      "Resolution": "Query with valid URL"
    }
  ]
}
```

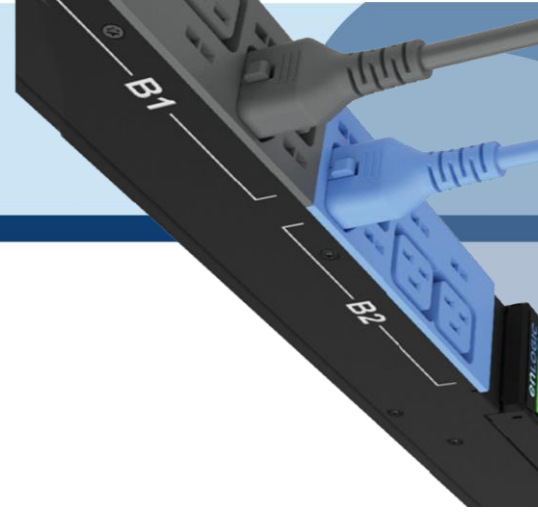
b. Static IPv6 Configuration:

METHOD: PATCH

URL - <https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/Managers/1/EthernetInterfaces>

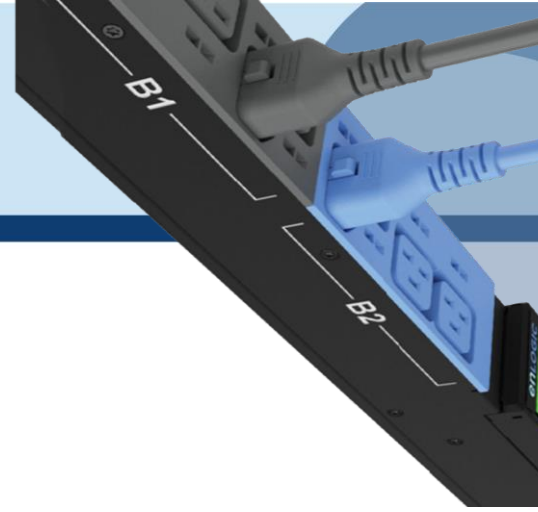
Payload: for eth0 and eth1

```
{
  "IPv6StaticAddresses": [
    {
      "Address": "2001:c0a8:aa01:0:b96a:7e59:c9ac:aac4",
      "PrefixLength": 64
    },
    {
      "Address": "2001:c0a8:aa01::855",
      "PrefixLength": 64
    }
  ],
  "IPv6StaticDefaultGateways": [
    {
      "Address": "fe80::1ab1:69ff:fed3:abbc",
      "PrefixLength": 64
    },
    {
      "Address": "fe80::1ab1:69ff:fed3:abbc",
      "PrefixLength": 64
    }
  ]
}
```



Success Response:

```
{
  "code": "Success",
  "message": "Ethernet configuration is updated, System is going to reboot",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "IPv6 Configuration",
      "Message": "Static IPv6 Port 1 Configuration updated",
      "Severity": "None",
      "MessageSeverity": "None",
      "Resolution": ""
    },
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "IPv6 Configuration",
      "Message": "Static IPv6 Port 2 Configuration updated",
      "Severity": "None",
      "MessageSeverity": "None",
      "Resolution": ""
    },
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Ethernet Interface configuration",
      "Message": "Ethernet configuration is updated, System is going to reboot",
      "Severity": "OK",
      "MessageSeverity": "OK",
      "Resolution": ""
    }
  ]
}
```

**Curl Command:**

```
curl --location --request PATCH 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/Managers/1/EthernetInterfaces' \  
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 364319529' \  
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \  
--data '{  
  "IPv6StaticAddresses": [  
    {  
      "Address": "2001:c0a8:aa01::1c1",  
      "PrefixLength": 64  
    },  
    {  
      "Address": "2001:c0a8:aa01::855",  
      "PrefixLength": 64  
    }  
  ],  
  "IPv6StaticDefaultGateways": [  
    {  
      "Address": "fe80::1ab1:69ff:fed3:abbc",  
      "PrefixLength": 64  
    },  
    {  
      "Address": "fe80::1ab1:69ff:fed3:abbc",  
      "PrefixLength": 64  
    }  
  ]  
}'
```



https://10.10.105.244/redfish/v1/Managers/1/EthernetInterfaces

PATCH https://10.10.105.244/redfish/v1/Managers/1/EthernetInterfaces Send

Params Authorization Headers (9) Body Pre-request Script Tests Settings Cookies Beautify

none form-data x-www-form-urlencoded raw binary JSON

```

1  [PATCH]
2  ..... "IPv6StaticAddresses": [
3  .....   {
4  .....     "Address": "2001:c0a8:aa01::1c1",
5  .....     "PrefixLength": 64
6  .....   },
7  .....   {
8  .....     "Address": "2001:c0a8:aa01::855",
9  .....     "PrefixLength": 64
10 .....   }
11 ..... ],
12 ..... "IPv6StaticDefaultGateways": [
13 .....   {
14 .....     "Address": "fe80::1ab1:69ff:fed3:abbc",
15 .....     "PrefixLength": 64

```

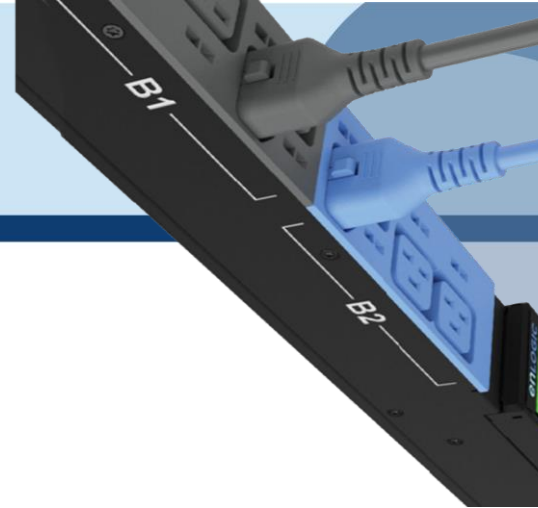
body Cookies Headers (4) Test Results Status: 200 OK Time: 2.59 s Size: 864 B Save Response

Pretty Raw Preview Visualize JSON

```

1  [PATCH]
2  "code": "Success",
3  "message": "Ethernet configuration is updated, System is going to reboot",
4  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
5  .....   {
6  .....     "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
7  .....     "MessageId": "IPv6 Configuration",
8  .....     "Message": "Static IPv6 Port 1 Configuration updated",
9  .....     "Severity": "None",
10 .....     "MessageSeverity": "None",
11 .....     "Resolution": ""
12 .....   },
13 .....   {
14 .....     "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
15 .....     "MessageId": "IPv6 Configuration",
16 .....     "Message": "Static IPv6 Port 2 Configuration updated",
17 .....     "Severity": "None",
18 .....     "MessageSeverity": "None",
19 .....     "Resolution": ""

```



12. NTP Configuration:

METHOD: PATCH

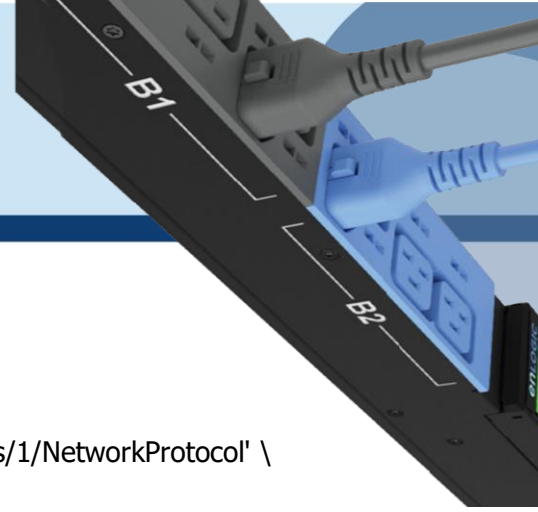
URL - <https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/Managers/1/NetworkProtocol>

Payload:

```
{
  "NTP":{
    "Port":123,
    "ProtocolEnabled":1,
    "StaticNameServers": [
      "10.10.10.20",
      "10.20.30.40"
    ]
  }
}
```

Success Response:

```
{
  "code": "Success",
  "message": "Ethernet configuration is updated, System is going to reboot",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "NTP Configuration",
      "Message": "NTP Configuration Updated",
      "Severity": "None",
      "MessageSeverity": "None",
      "Resolution": ""
    },
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Ethernet Interface configuration",
      "Message": "Ethernet configuration is updated, System is going to reboot",
      "Severity": "OK",
      "MessageSeverity": "OK",
      "Resolution": ""
    }
  ]
}
```



Curl Command:

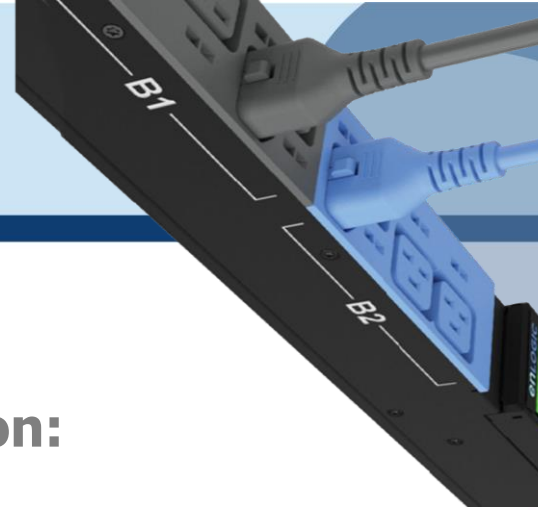
```
curl --location --request PATCH 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/Managers/1/NetworkProtocol' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 364319529' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data '{
  "NTP":{
    "Port":123,
    "ProtocolEnabled":1,
    "StaticNameServers": [
      "10.10.10.20",
      "10.20.30.40"
    ]
  }
}'
```

The screenshot displays a Postman interface for a PATCH request to `https://10.10.105.244/redfish/v1/Managers/1/NetworkProtocol`. The request body is a JSON object:

```
{
  "NTP":{
    "Port":123,
    "ProtocolEnabled":1,
    "StaticNameServers": [
      "10.10.10.20",
      "10.20.30.40"
    ]
  }
}
```

The response status is 200 OK. The response body is a JSON object:

```
{
  "code": "Success",
  "message": "NetworkProtocol configuration is updated, Reboot the system",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "NTP Configuration",
      "Message": "NTP Configuration Updated",
      "Severity": "None",
      "MessageSeverity": "None",
      "Resolution": ""
    },
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Ethernet Interface configuration",
      "Message": "NetworkProtocol configuration is updated, Reboot the system",
      "Severity": "OK",
      "MessageSeverity": "OK",
      "Resolution": ""
    }
  ]
}
```

13. NTP GMT Offset Configuration:

METHOD: POST

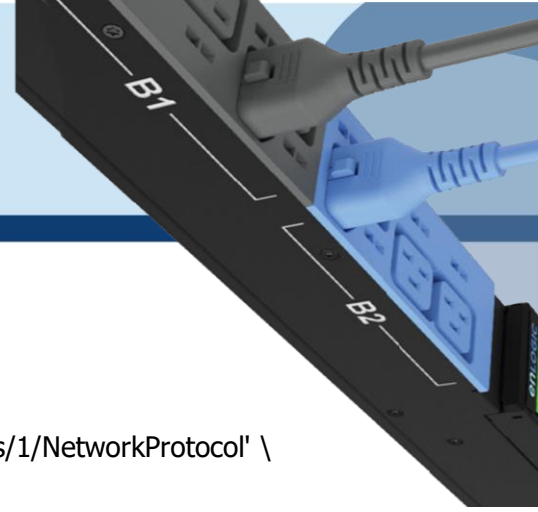
URL - <https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/Managers/1>

Payload:

```
{
  "NTPGMTOffset": "+06:30"
}
```

Success Response:

```
{
  "code": "Success",
  "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Manager",
      "Message": "Successfully Completed Request",
      "Severity": "OK",
      "MessageSeverity": "OK",
      "Resolution": "NTP GMT offset is updated"
    }
  ]
}
```



Curl Command:

```
curl --location --request PATCH 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/Managers/1/NetworkProtocol' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 364319529' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data '{
  "NTP":{
    "Port":123,
    "ProtocolEnabled":1,
    "StaticNameServers": [
      "10.10.10.20",
      "10.20.30.40"
    ]
  }
}'
```

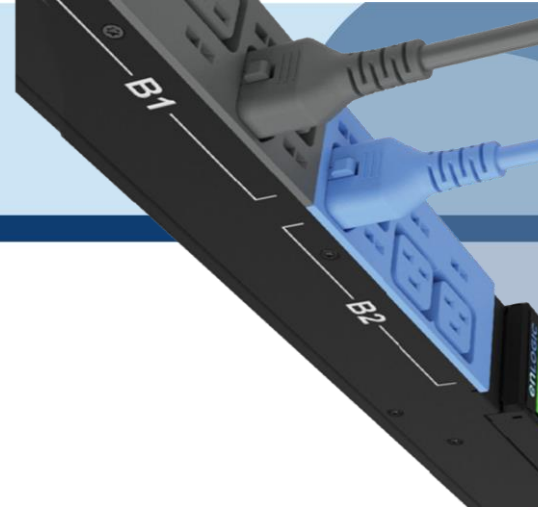
The screenshot shows a Postman interface for a PATCH request to `https://10.10.105.244/redfish/v1/Managers/1/NetworkProtocol`. The request body is a JSON object:

```
{
  "NTP":{
    "Port":123,
    "ProtocolEnabled":1,
    "StaticNameServers": [
      "10.10.10.20",
      "10.20.30.40"
    ]
  }
}
```

The response body is a JSON object indicating success:

```
{
  "code": "Success",
  "message": "NetworkProtocol configuration is updated, Reboot the system",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "NTP Configuration",
      "Message": "NTP Configuration Updated",
      "Severity": "None",
      "MessageSeverity": "None",
      "Resolution": ""
    },
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Ethernet Interface configuration",
      "Message": "NetworkProtocol configuration is updated, Reboot the system",
      "Severity": "OK",
      "MessageSeverity": "OK",
      "Resolution": ""
    }
  ]
}
```

Status: 200 OK, Time: 15.08 s, Size: 648 B

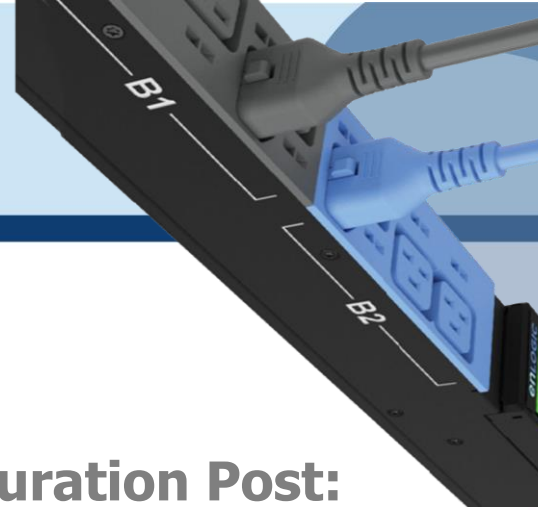


Curl Command:

[NTP Configuration updates]

```
curl --location 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/Managers/1' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 364319529' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data '{
  "NTPGMToffset":"+05:30"
}'
```

The screenshot shows a Postman interface for a POST request to `https://10.10.105.244/redfish/v1/Managers/1`. The request body is a JSON object: `{ "NTPGMToffset": "+05:30" }`. The response body is a JSON object: `{ "code": "Success", "message": "Successfully Completed Request", "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [{ "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message", "MessageId": "Manager", "Message": "Successfully Completed Request", "Severity": "OK", "MessageSeverity": "OK", "Resolution": "NTP GMT offset is updated" }] }`.



14. Daylight Saving Time Configuration Post:

METHOD: POST

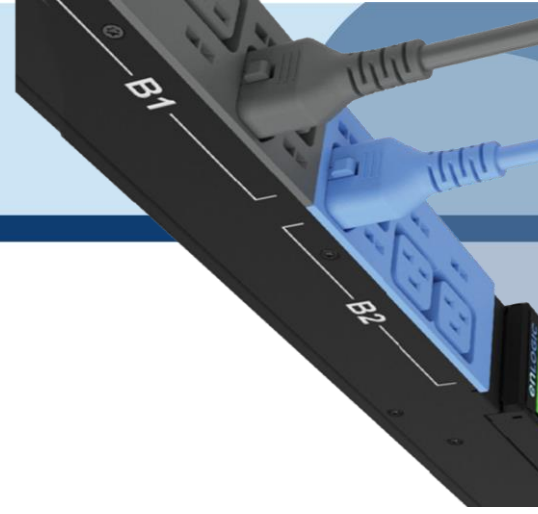
URL - <https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/Managers/1>

Payload:

```
{
  "EndDateTime": "2024-11-05T03:45:00Z",
  "StartDateTime": "2024-08-07T11:15:00Z",
  "OffsetMinutes": 60,
  "AutoDSTEnabled": false
}
```

Success Response Body:

```
{
  "code": "Success",
  "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Manager",
      "Message": "DaylightSavingTime Updated",
      "Severity": "None",
      "MessageSeverity": "None",
      "Resolution": "none"
    }
  ]
}
```



Curl Command:

[Day Light Savings update]

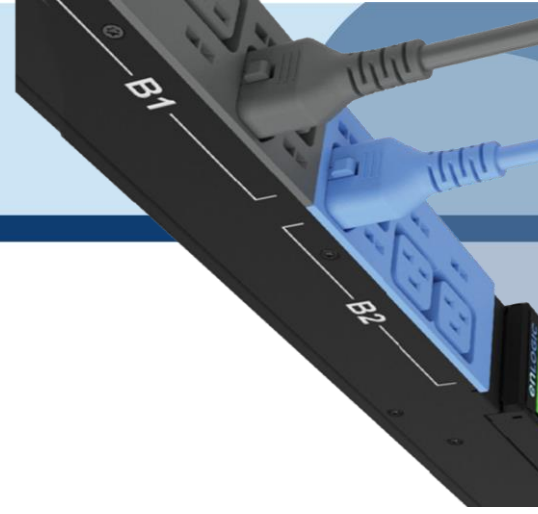
```
curl --location 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/Managers/1' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 364319529' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data '{
  "EndDateTime": "2024-11-05T03:45:00Z",
  "StartDateTime": "2024-08-07T11:15:00Z",
  "OffsetMinutes": 60,
  "AutoDSTEnabled": false
}'
```

The screenshot shows a REST client interface with the following details:

- URL:** `https://10.10.105.244/redfish/v1/Managers/1`
- Method:** POST
- Request Body (JSON):**

```
{
  "EndDateTime": "2024-11-05T03:45:00Z",
  "StartDateTime": "2024-08-07T11:15:00Z",
  "OffsetMinutes": 60,
  "AutoDSTEnabled": false
}
```
- Response Status:** 200 OK, 22 ms, 387 B
- Response Body (JSON):**

```
{
  "code": "Success",
  "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Manager",
      "Message": "DaylightSavingTime Updated",
      "Severity": "None",
      "MessageSeverity": "None",
      "Resolution": "none"
    }
  ]
}
```

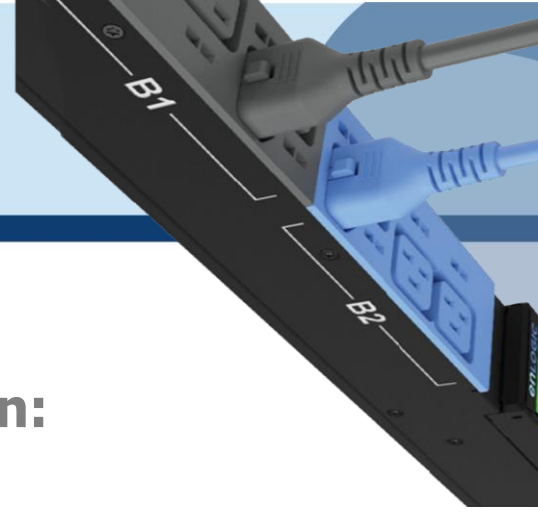


Parameter Errors and Resolution Messages

a. For Invalid URL

Success Response Body:

```
{
  "code": "Failed",
  "message": "Invalid URL",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Manager",
      "Message": "Invalid URL",
      "Severity": "None",
      "MessageSeverity": "None",
      "Resolution": "none"
    }
  ]
}
```



15. SNMP V3 Users Configuration:

METHOD: PATCH/POST

URL - <https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/AccountService/Accounts>

Note: To add the user for the first time, use the post request. After adding, use the patch request to amend.

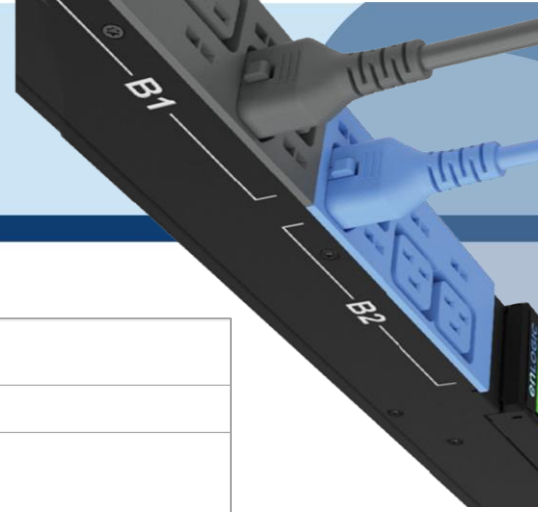
Payload is same for editing

Payload:

```
{
  "Name": "SNMPv3User3",
  "SubscriptionType": "SubscriptionType",
  "SNMP": {
    "AuthenticationKey": "123456789",
    "AuthenticationProtocol": 0,
    "EncryptionKey": "123456789",
    "EncryptionProtocol": 1,
    "SecurityLevel": 1
  },
  "Protocol": "SNMPv3",
  "Status": {
    "State": 0
  }
}
```

Success Response body Post:

```
{
  "code": "Success",
  "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Manager",
      "Message": "User added",
      "Severity": "None",
      "MessageSeverity": "None",
      "Resolution": "none"
    }
  ]
}
```



https://10.10.106.151/redfish/v1/AccountService/Accounts

POST https://10.10.106.151/redfish/v1/AccountService/Accounts

Params Authorization Headers (9) **Body** Pre-request Script Tests Settings

● none ● form-data ● x-www-form-urlencoded ● raw ● binary **JSON** ▾

```

1  {
2  ..... "Name": "SNMPv3User3",
3  ..... "SubscriptionType": "SubscriptionType",
4  ..... "SNMP": {
5  .....   "AuthenticationKey": "123456789",
6  .....   "AuthenticationProtocol": 0,
7  .....   "EncryptionKey": "123456789",
8  .....   "EncryptionProtocol": 1,
9  .....   "SecurityLevel": 1
10 ..... },
11 ..... "Protocol": "SNMPv3",
12 ..... "Status": {
13 .....   "State": 1
14 ..... }
15 }
    
```

Body Cookies Headers (4) Test Results

Pretty Raw Preview Visualize **JSON** ▾

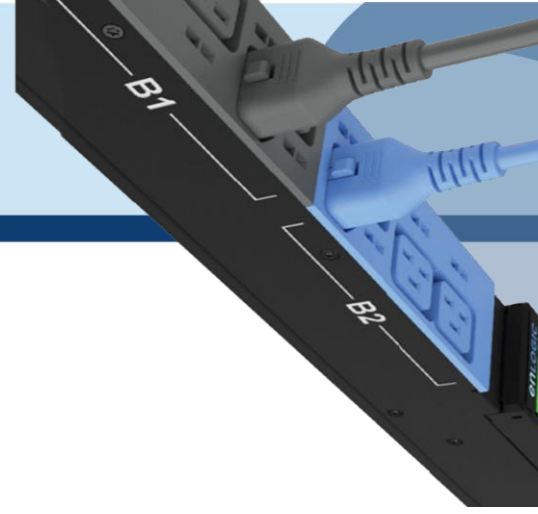
```

1  {
2  "code": "Success",
3  "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
4  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
5  {
6  "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
7  "MessageId": "Manager",
8  "Message": "User added",
9  "Severity": "None",
10 "MessageSeverity": "None",
11 "Resolution": "none"
12 }
13 ]
14 }
    
```

Curl Command:

```

curl --location 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/AccountService/Accounts' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 1681692777' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data '{
  "Name": "SNMPv3User3",
  "SubscriptionType": "SubscriptionType",
  "SNMP": {
    "AuthenticationKey": "123456789",
    "AuthenticationProtocol": 0,
    "EncryptionKey": "123456789",
    "EncryptionProtocol": 1,
    "SecurityLevel": 1
  },
  "Protocol": "SNMPv3",
  "Status": {
    "State": 1
  }
}'
    
```

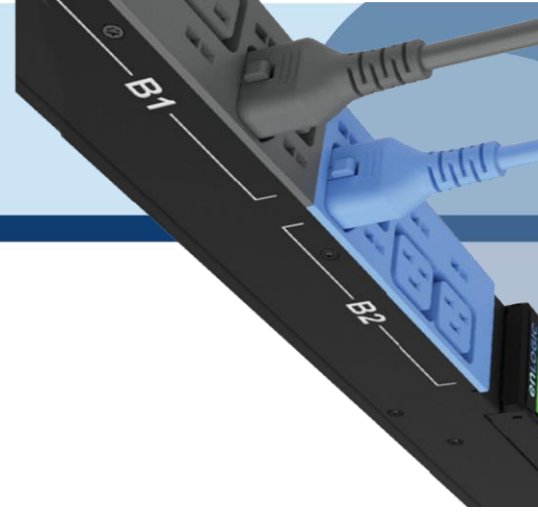



Success Response for Patch:

```
{
  "code": "Success",
  "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Manager",
      "Message": "User information updated",
      "Severity": "None",
      "MessageSeverity": "None",
      "Resolution": "none"
    }
  ]
}
```

Curl Command:

```
curl --location --request PATCH 'https://{pdu-ip}///redfish/v1/AccountService/Accounts' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 1681692777' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data '{
  "Name": "SNMPv3User3",
  "SubscriptionType": "SubscriptionType",
  "SNMP": {
    "AuthenticationKey": "123456789",
    "AuthenticationProtocol": 0,
    "EncryptionKey": "123456789",
    "EncryptionProtocol": 1,
    "SecurityLevel": 1
  },
  "Protocol": "SNMPv3",
  "Status": {
    "State": 0
  }
}'
```



PATCH ▼ | https://10.10.106.151/redfish/v1/AccountService/Accounts

Params Authorization Headers (9) **Body** Pre-request Script Tests Settings

none
 form-data
 x-www-form-urlencoded
 raw
 binary
 JSON ▼

```

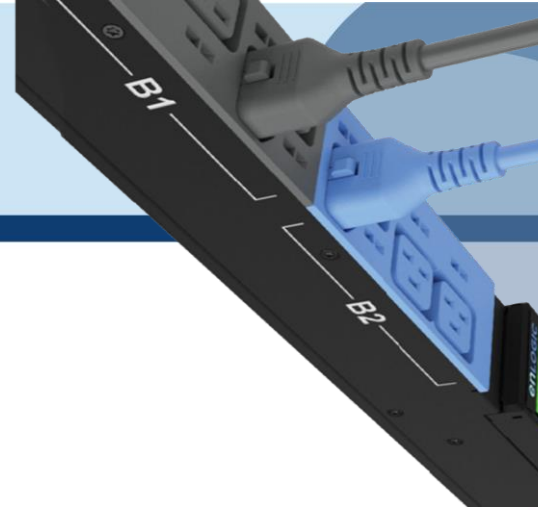
1  {
2  ..... "Name": "SNMPv3User3",
3  ..... "SubscriptionType": "SubscriptionType",
4  ..... "SNMP": {
5  .....   "AuthenticationKey": "123456789",
6  .....   "AuthenticationProtocol": 0,
7  .....   "EncryptionKey": "123456789",
8  .....   "EncryptionProtocol": 1,
9  .....   "SecurityLevel": 1
10 ..... },
11 ..... "Protocol": "SNMPv3",
12 ..... "Status": "OK",
13 ..... "State": 0
14 ..... }
15 }
    
```

Body Cookies Headers (4) Test Results

Pretty Raw Preview Visualize JSON ▼

```

1  {
2  "code": "Success",
3  "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
4  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
5  {
6  "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
7  "MessageId": "Manager",
8  "Message": "User information updated",
9  "Severity": "None",
10 "MessageSeverity": "None",
11 "Resolution": "none"
12 }
13 ]
14 }
    
```



Payload For Delete:

```
{  
  "Name": "SNMPv3User3",  
  "Protocol": "SNMPv3"  
}
```

Success Response for Delete:

```
{  
  "code": "Success",  
  "message": "Successfully Completed Request",  
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [  
    {  
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",  
      "MessageId": "Manager",  
      "Message": "User Deleted",  
      "Severity": "None",  
      "MessageSeverity": "None",  
      "Resolution": "none"  
    }  
  ]  
}
```



Curl Command:

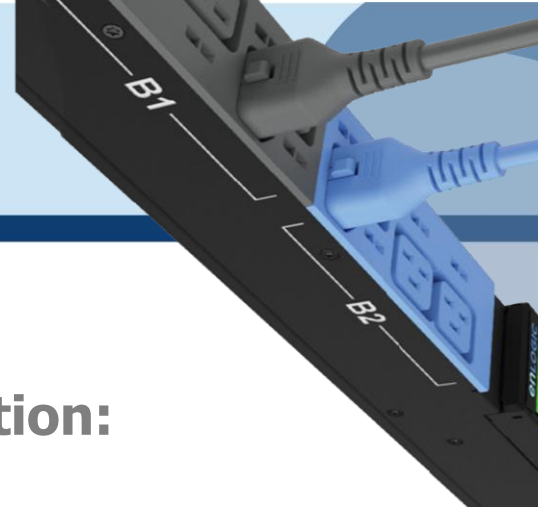
```
curl --location --request DELETE 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/AccountService/Accounts' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 1794027639' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data '{
  "Name": "snmpv3user3",
  "Protocol": "SNMPv3"
}'
```

The screenshot shows a REST client interface with the following details:

- URL:** `https://10.10.105.244/redfish/v1/AccountService/Accounts`
- Method:** DELETE
- Body:**

```
{
  "Name": "snmpv3user3",
  "Protocol": "SNMPv3"
}
```
- Status:** 200 OK, Time: 1338 ms, Size: 373 B
- Response Body (JSON):**

```
{
  "code": "Success",
  "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Manager",
      "Message": "User Deleted",
      "Severity": "None",
      "MessageSeverity": "None",
      "Resolution": "none"
    }
  ]
}
```



16. SNMP V1/2 Users Configuration:

METHOD: PATCH/POST

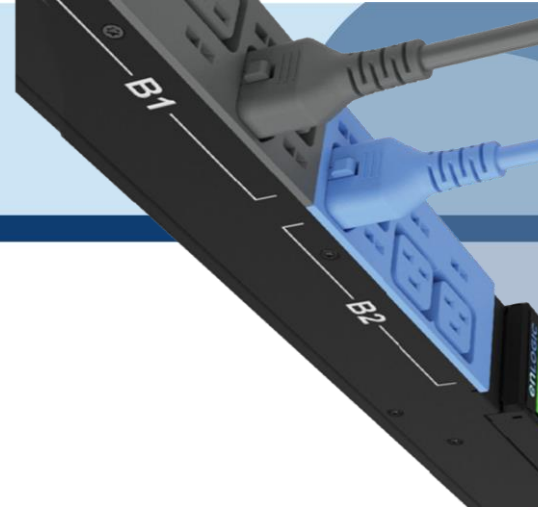
URL - <https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/Managers/1>

Payload:

```
{
  "Name": "SNMP9",
  "Destination": "10.20.30.7",
  "Status": {
    "State": 1
  },
  "Protocol": "SNMPv2c",
  "CommunityStrings": [
    {
      "AccessMode": "Limited",
      "CommunityString": "JonSnow1",
      "Name": "Read Community"
    },
    {
      "AccessMode": "Full",
      "CommunityString": "ArrayStark1",
      "Name": "Write Community"
    }
  ]
}
```

Success Response for Post:

```
{
  "code": "Success",
  "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Manager",
      "Message": "User added",
      "Severity": "None",
      "MessageSeverity": "None",
      "Resolution": "none"
    }
  ]
}
```



Curl Command:

```
curl --location 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/Managers/1' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 1659861792' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data '{"Name":"snmp9","Destination":"10.20.30.8","Status":{"State":1},"Protocol":"SNMPv2c",
"CommunityStrings":[{"
  "AccessMode":"Limited",
  "CommunityString":"Jonsnow1",
  "Name":"Read Community"
}],
{
  "AccessMode":"Full",
  "CommunityString":"ArrayStark1",
  "Name":"Write Community"
}
]}'
```

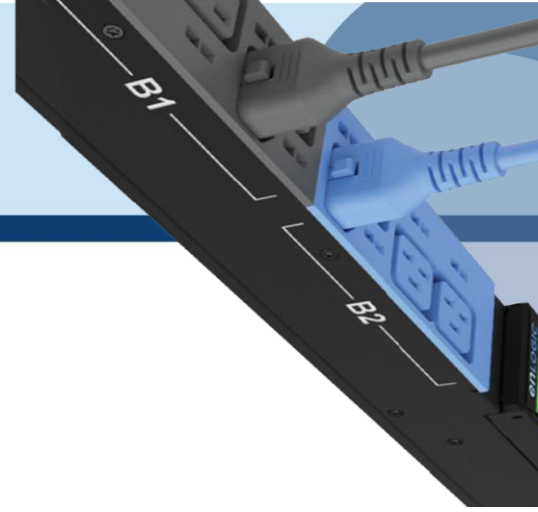
The screenshot shows a Postman interface for a POST request to `https://10.10.105.244/redfish/v1/Managers/1`. The request body is a JSON array of community strings. The response status is 200 OK, and the response body is a success message.

```
POST https://10.10.105.244/redfish/v1/Managers/1
```

```
{
  "Name": "snmp9",
  "Destination": "10.20.30.8",
  "Status": {
    "State": 1
  },
  "Protocol": "SNMPv2c",
  "CommunityStrings": [
    {
      "AccessMode": "Limited",
      "CommunityString": "Jonsnow1",
      "Name": "Read Community"
    },
    {
      "AccessMode": "Full",
      "CommunityString": "ArrayStark1",
      "Name": "Write Community"
    }
  ]
}
```

```
{
  "code": "Success",
  "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Manager",
      "Message": "User added",
      "Severity": "None",
      "MessageSeverity": "None",
      "Resolution": "none"
    }
  ]
}
```

Status: 200 OK Time: 1506 ms Size: 371 B Save Response



Success Response for Patch:

```
{
  "code": "Success",
  "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Manager",
      "Message": "User information Updated",
      "Severity": "None",
      "MessageSeverity": "None",
      "Resolution": "none"
    }
  ]
}
```

Curl Command:

```
curl --location --request PATCH 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/Managers/1' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 1659861792' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data '{"Name":"snmp9","Destination":"10.20.30.8","Status":{"State":0},"Protocol":"SNMPv2c",
"CommunityStrings":[{"
  "AccessMode":"Limited",
  "CommunityString":"Jonsnow1",
  "Name":"Read Community"
}],
{"
  "AccessMode":"Full",
  "CommunityString":"ArrayStark1",
  "Name":"Write Community"
}
]}'
```



HTTP <https://10.10.105.244/redfish/v1/Managers/1> Save

PATCH <https://10.10.105.244/redfish/v1/Managers/1> Send

Params Authorization Headers (9) **Body** Pre-request Script Tests Settings Cookies

none form-data x-www-form-urlencoded raw binary JSON Beautiful

```

1  {"Name": "snmp9", "Destination": "10.20.30.8", "Status": {"State": "0"}, "Protocol": "SNMPv2c",
2  "CommunityStrings": [
3    {
4      "AccessMode": "Limited",
5      "CommunityString": "Jonsnow1",
6      "Name": "Read Community"
7    },
8    {
9      "AccessMode": "Full",
10     "CommunityString": "ArrayStark1",
11     "Name": "Write Community"
12   }
13 ]

```

Body Cookies Headers (4) Test Results 200 OK 1444 ms 385 B Save Response

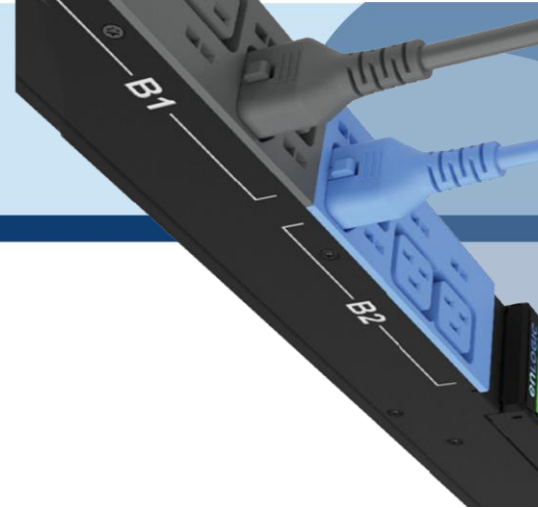
Pretty Raw Preview Visualize JSON 🔍

```

1  {
2    "code": "Success",
3    "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
4    "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
5      {
6        "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
7        "MessageId": "Manager",
8        "Message": "User information Updated",
9        "Severity": "None",
10       "MessageSeverity": "None",
11       "Resolution": "none"
12     }
13 ]

```

Console Not connected to a Postman account

**Payload For Delete:**

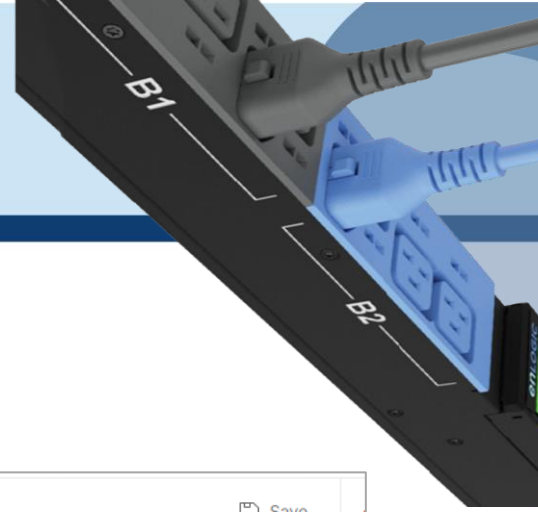
```
{
  "Name": "SNMP9",
  "Protocol": "SNMPv2c"
}
```

Success Response for Delete:

```
{
  "code": "Success",
  "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Manager",
      "Message": "User Deleted",
      "Severity": "None",
      "MessageSeverity": "None",
      "Resolution": "none"
    }
  ]
}
```

Curl Command:

```
curl --location --request DELETE 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/Managers/1' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 1790411260' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data '{"Name": "SNMP1",
"Protocol": "SNMPv2c"
}'
```



https://10.10.105.244/redfish/v1/Managers/1 Save

DELETE Send

Params Authorization Headers (9) **Body** Pre-request Script Tests Settings Cookies

none form-data x-www-form-urlencoded raw binary JSON Beautiful

```

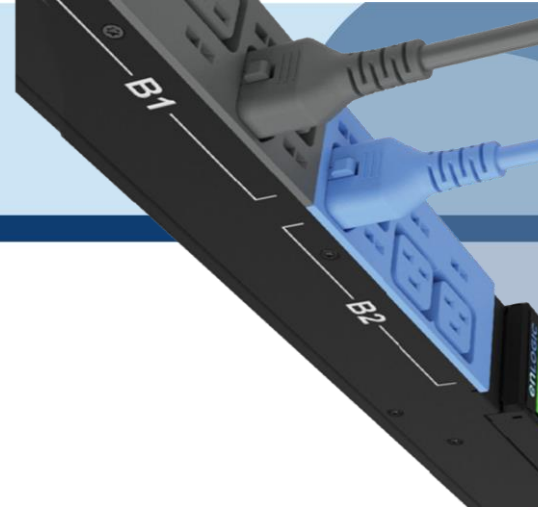
1 [{"Name": "SNMP1",
2  "Protocol": "SNMPv2c"
3  }]
    
```

Body Cookies Headers (4) Test Results 200 OK 4.36 s 373 B Save Response

Pretty Raw Preview Visualize JSON 🔍

```

1 {
2   "code": "Success",
3   "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
4   "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
5     {
6       "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
7       "MessageId": "Manager",
8       "Message": "User Deleted",
9       "Severity": "None",
10      "MessageSeverity": "None",
11      "Resolution": "none"
12     }
13   ]
14 }
    
```



17. SNMP Trap Configuration:

METHOD: PATCH/POST

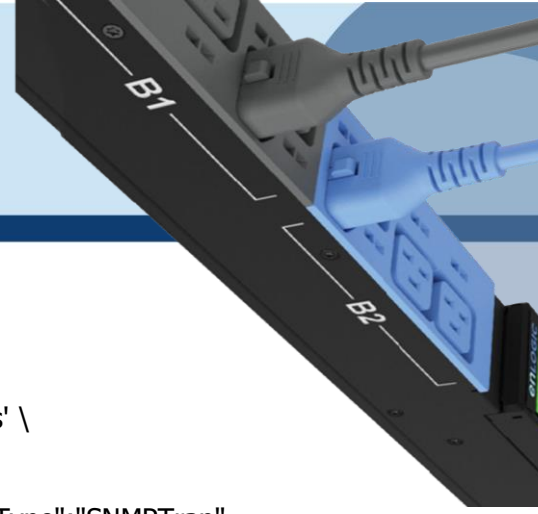
URL - <https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/EventService/Subscriptions>

2. SNMP Trap V1/2 Trap Configuration Payload :

```
{
  "Name": "SNMP3",
  "Destination": "192.168.1.49",
  "SubscriptionType": "SNMPTrap",
  "SNMP": {
    "TrapCommunity": "hello"
  },
  "Status": {
    "State": 1
  },
  "Context": "WebUser2",
  "Protocol": "SNMPv2c"
}
```

Success Response Body For Post :

```
{
  "code": "Success",
  "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Manager",
      "Message": "User added",
      "Severity": "None",
      "MessageSeverity": "None",
      "Resolution": "none"
    }
  ]
}
```



Curl Command:

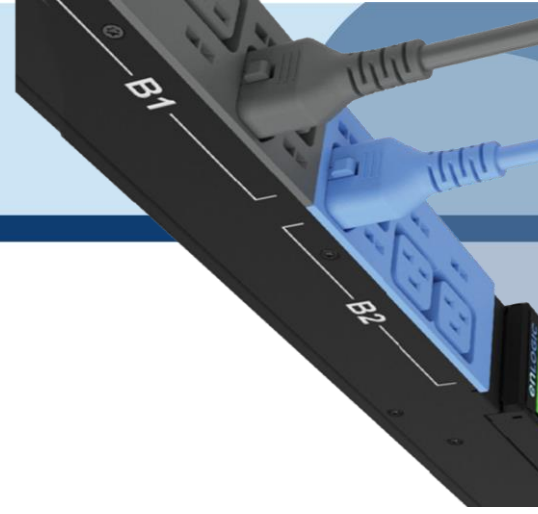
```
curl --location 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/EventService/Subscriptions' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 1790411260' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data '{"Name":"SNMP3","Destination":"192.168.1.49","SubscriptionType":"SNMPTrap",
"SNMP":{"TrapCommunity":"hello"},
>Status":{"State":1},
Context":"WebUser2",
Protocol":"SNMPv2c"
}'
```

The screenshot shows a web browser's developer tools interface. At the top, the URL is `https://10.10.105.244/redfish/v1/EventService/Subscriptions`. The request method is `POST`. The request body is a JSON object:

```
1 {"Name":"SNMP3","Destination":"192.168.1.49","SubscriptionType":"SNMPTrap",
2  "SNMP":{"TrapCommunity":"hello"},
3  "Status":{"State":1},
4  "Context":"WebUser2",
5  "Protocol":"SNMPv2c"
6 }
```

The response status is `200 OK` with a response time of `2.51 s` and a size of `371 B`. The response body is a JSON object:

```
1 {"code": "Success",
2  "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
3  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
4    {
5      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
6      "MessageId": "Manager",
7      "Message": "User added",
8      "Severity": "None",
9      "MessageSeverity": "None",
10     "Resolution": "none"
11   }
12 ]
13 }
14 }
```



Success Response Body Patch:

```
{
  "code": "Success",
  "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Manager",
      "Message": "User information updated",
      "Severity": "None",
      "MessageSeverity": "None",
      "Resolution": "none"
    }
  ]
}
```

Curl Command:

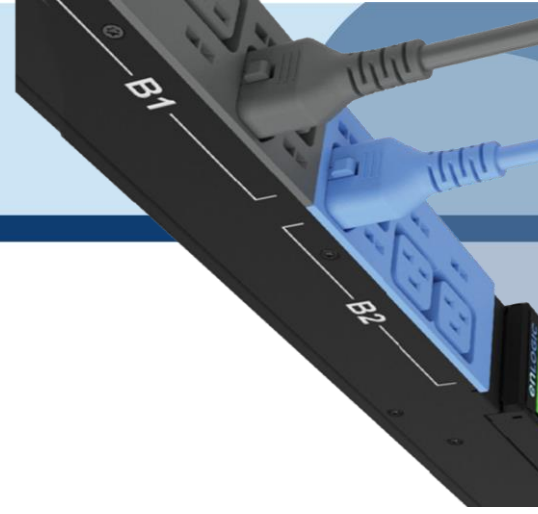
```
curl --location --request PATCH 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/EventService/Subscriptions' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 1790411260' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data '{"Name":"SNMP3","Destination":"192.168.1.4","SubscriptionType":"SNMPTrap",
"SNMP":{"TrapCommunity":"hello"},
>Status":{"State":1},
Context:"WebUser2",
Protocol:"SNMPv2c"}'
```

The screenshot shows a REST client interface with the following details:

- URL:** https://10.10.105.244/redfish/v1/EventService/Subscriptions
- Method:** PATCH
- Request Body (JSON):**

```
{
  "Name": "SNMP3",
  "Destination": "192.168.1.4",
  "SubscriptionType": "SNMPTrap",
  "SNMP": {
    "TrapCommunity": "hello"
  },
  "Status": {
    "State": 1
  },
  "Context": "WebUser2",
  "Protocol": "SNMPv2c"
}
```
- Response Status:** 200 OK, Time: 3.28 s, Size: 385 B
- Response Body (JSON):**

```
{
  "code": "Success",
  "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Manager",
      "Message": "User information updated",
      "Severity": "None",
      "MessageSeverity": "None",
      "Resolution": "none"
    }
  ]
}
```



Payload For Delete:

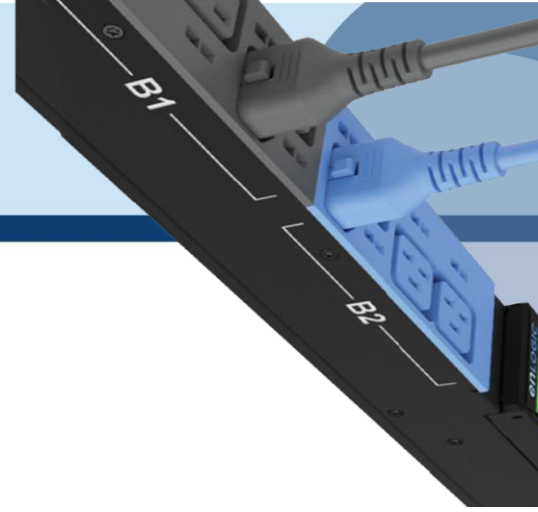
```
{
  "Name": "SNMP3",
  "Protocol": "SNMPv2c"
}
```

Success Response Body Delete:

```
{
  "code": "Success",
  "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Manager",
      "Message": "User Deleted",
      "Severity": "None",
      "MessageSeverity": "None",
      "Resolution": "none"
    }
  ]
}
```

Curl Command:

```
curl --location --request DELETE 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/EventService/Subscriptions' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 1790411260' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data '{"Name": "SNMP3",
"Protocol": "SNMPv2c"
}'
```



<https://10.10.105.244/redfish/v1/EventService/Subscriptions>
Save

DELETE ▼ Send ▼

Params Authorization Headers (9) **Body** ● Pre-request Script Tests Settings Cookies Beautify

none form-data x-www-form-urlencoded raw binary JSON ▼

```

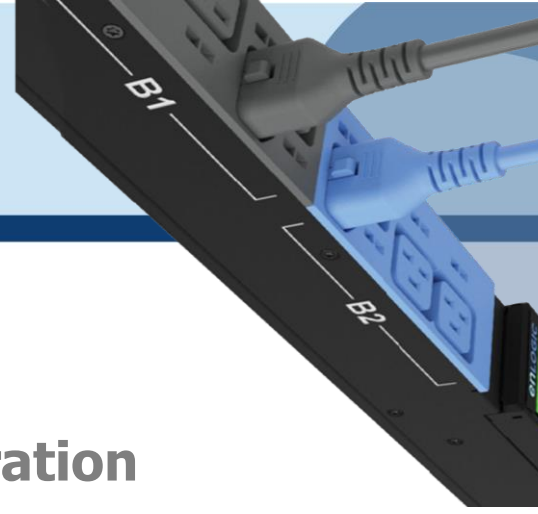
1  [{"Name": "SNMP3",
2    "Protocol": "SNMPv2c"}
3  ]
  
```

Body Cookies Headers (4) Test Results 200 OK 3.28 s 373 B Save Response ▼

Pretty Raw Preview Visualize JSON ▼ 🔍

```

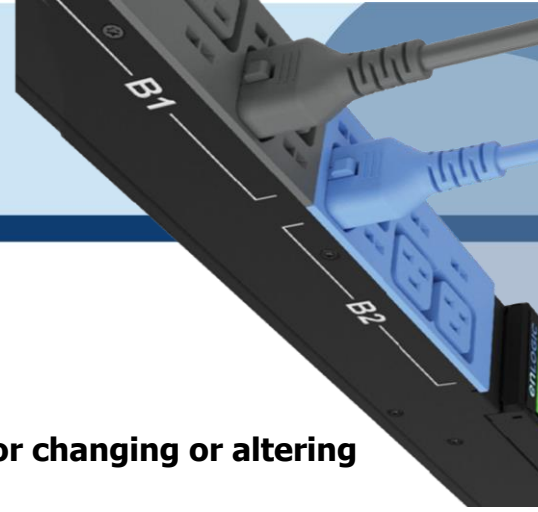
1  {
2    "code": "Success",
3    "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
4    "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
5      {
6        "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
7        "MessageId": "Manager",
8        "Message": "User Deleted",
9        "Severity": "None",
10       "MessageSeverity": "None",
11       "Resolution": "none"
12     }
13   ]
14 }
  
```



18. SNMP Trap V3 Trap Configuration

Payload For Patch And Post :

```
{
  "Name": "Name4",
  "Destination": "40.40.40.40",
  "SubscriptionType": "SubscriptionType",
  "SNMP": {
    "AuthenticationKey": "123456789",
    "AuthenticationProtocol": 1,
    "EncryptionKey": "123456789",
    "EncryptionProtocol": 2,
    "SecurityLevel": 1
  },
  "Status": {
    "State": 1
  },
  "Context": "Context",
  "Protocol": "SNMPv3"
}
```

Note- The user should use the values shown below for changing or altering the following fields.

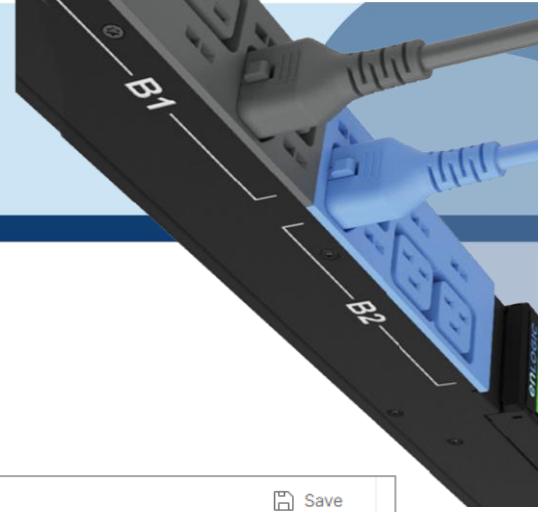
Parameters & Values	
SecurityLevel:	NoAuthNoPriv=0 , AuthNoPriv=1, AuthPriv=2
Privacy algorithm:	EncryptionProtocol: DES=0,AES128=1, AES192=2, AES256=3
Authentication Algorithm:	AuthenticationProtocol: SHA=1,MD5=0

Success Response For Post:

```
{
  "code": "Success",
  "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Manager",
      "Message": "User added",
      "Severity": "None",
      "MessageSeverity": "None",
      "Resolution": "none"
    }
  ]
}
```

Curl Command:

```
curl --location 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/EventService/Subscriptions' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 775191544' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data '{"Name":"SNMP3","Destination":"192.168.1.49","SubscriptionType":"SNMPTrap",
"SNMP":{"TrapCommunity":"hello"},
"Status":{"State":1},
"Context":"WebUser2",
"Protocol":"SNMPv2c"
}'
```



https://10.10.105.244/redfish/v1/EventService/Subscriptions Save

POST | https://10.10.105.244/redfish/v1/EventService/Subscriptions Send

Params Authorization Headers (9) **Body** Pre-request Script Tests Settings Cookies

none form-data x-www-form-urlencoded raw binary JSON Beautify

```

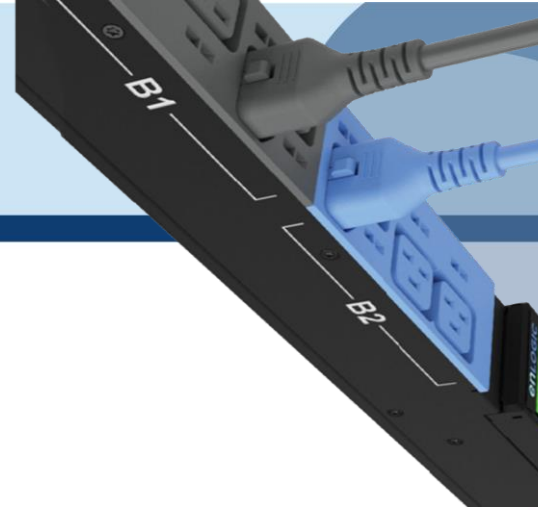
1  {"Name": "SNMP3", "Destination": "192.168.1.49", "SubscriptionType": "SNMPTrap",
2  "SNMP": {"TrapCommunity": "hello"},
3  "Status": {"State": "1"},
4  "Context": "WebUser2",
5  "Protocol": "SNMPv2c"
6  }
    
```

Body Cookies Headers (4) Test Results 200 OK 1565 ms 371 B Save Response

Pretty Raw Preview Visualize JSON

```

1  {
2    "code": "Success",
3    "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
4    "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
5      {
6        "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
7        "MessageId": "Manager",
8        "Message": "User added",
9        "Severity": "None",
10       "MessageSeverity": "None",
11       "Resolution": "none"
12     }
13   ]
14 }
    
```



Success Response For Patch:

```
{
  "code": "Success",
  "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Manager",
      "Message": "User information updated",
      "Severity": "None",
      "MessageSeverity": "None",
      "Resolution": "none"
    }
  ]
}
```

Curl Command:

```
curl --location --request PATCH 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/EventService/Subscriptions' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 775191544' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data '{"Name":"SNMP3","Destination":"192.168.1.4","SubscriptionType":"SNMPTrap",
"SNMP":{"TrapCommunity":"hello"},
"Status":{"State":1},
"Context":"WebUser2",
"Protocol":"SNMPv2c"
}'
```



https://10.10.105.244/redfish/v1/EventService/Subscriptions Save

PATCH Send

Params Authorization Headers (9) **Body** Pre-request Script Tests Settings Cookies

none form-data x-www-form-urlencoded raw binary JSON Beautify

```

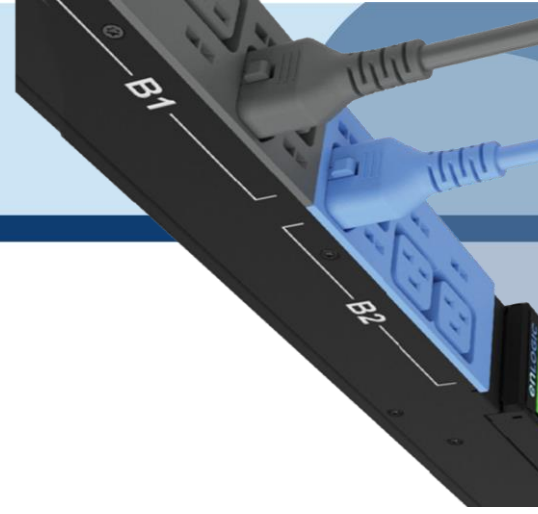
1 [{"Name": "SNMP3", "Destination": "192.168.1.4", "SubscriptionType": "SNMPTrap",
2  "SNMP": {"TrapCommunity": "hello"},
3  "Status": {"State": "1"},
4  "Context": "WebUser2",
5  "Protocol": "SNMPv2c"}]
6
    
```

Body Cookies Headers (4) Test Results 200 OK 1587 ms 385 B Save Response

Pretty Raw Preview Visualize JSON Search

```

1 [{"code": "Success",
2  "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
3  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
4    {
5      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
6      "MessageId": "Manager",
7      "Message": "User information updated",
8      "Severity": "None",
9      "MessageSeverity": "None",
10     "Resolution": "none"}
11   ]
12 }
13 ]
14
    
```



Payload For Delete:

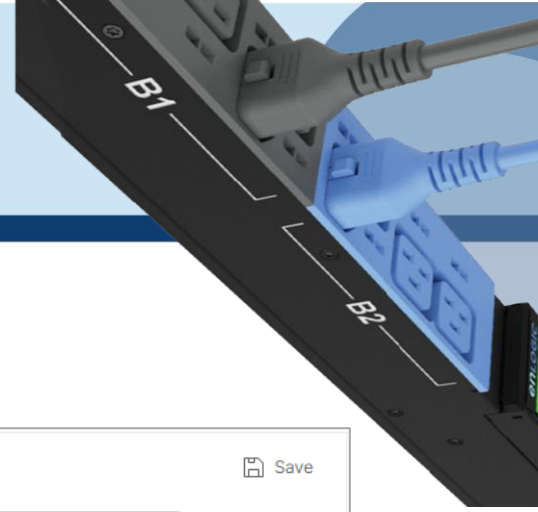
```
{
  "Name": "Name4",
  "Protocol": "SNMPv3"
}
```

Success Response For Delete:

```
{
  "code": "Success",
  "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
  "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
    {
      "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
      "MessageId": "Manager",
      "Message": "User Deleted",
      "Severity": "None",
      "MessageSeverity": "None",
      "Resolution": "none"
    }
  ]
}
```

Curl Command:

```
curl --location --request DELETE 'https://{pdu-ip}/redfish/v1/EventService/Subscriptions' \
--header 'X-Auth-Token: 775191544' \
--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--data '{
  "Name": "Name4",
  "Protocol": "SNMPv3"
}'
```



<https://10.10.105.244/redfish/v1/EventService/Subscriptions>
Save

DELETE https://10.10.105.244/redfish/v1/EventService/Subscriptions Send

Params Authorization Headers (9) **Body** Pre-request Script Tests Settings Cookies

none form-data x-www-form-urlencoded raw binary JSON Beautify

```

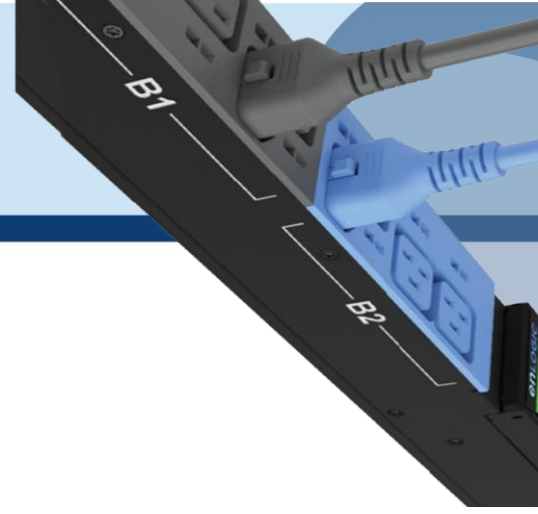
1 [
2   "Name": "Name4",
3   "Protocol": "SNMPv3"
4 ]
    
```

Body Cookies Headers (4) Test Results 200 OK 1333 ms 373 B Save Response

Pretty Raw Preview Visualize JSON

```

1 [
2   "code": "Success",
3   "message": "Successfully Completed Request",
4   "@Message.ExtendedInfo": [
5     {
6       "@odata.type": "Message.v1_2_0.Message",
7       "MessageId": "Manager",
8       "Message": "User Deleted",
9       "Severity": "None",
10      "MessageSeverity": "None",
11      "Resolution": "none"
12    }
13  ]
14 ]
    
```



RESTAPI – CURL Commands

Getting Started

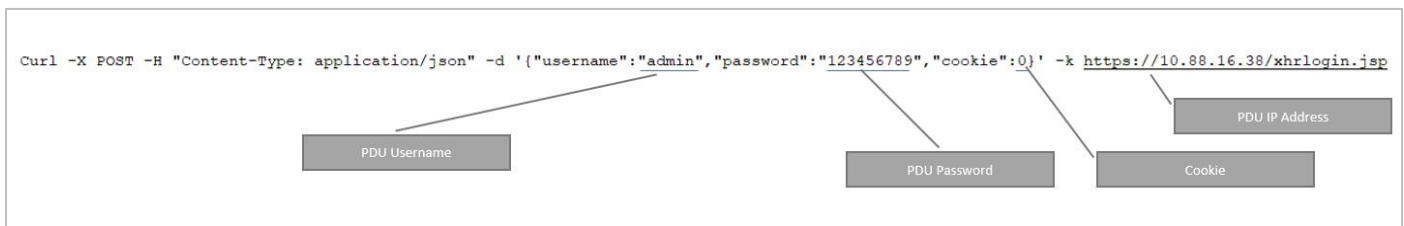
- The curl commands in this document utilize the username 'admin' and password '123456789'. Update these commands in relation to the setup.
- The IP address used for illustrations is https://10.88.0.82/**. Update it in accordance with the setting.
- Check for 'Web Access' HTTP or HTTPS. Based on the context. The curl commands must be changed for the 'k' option.
- The curl command requires a 'cookie ID' to function properly. To post any curl method, the user would need to acquire a cookie ID and utilize it in subsequent curl operations.

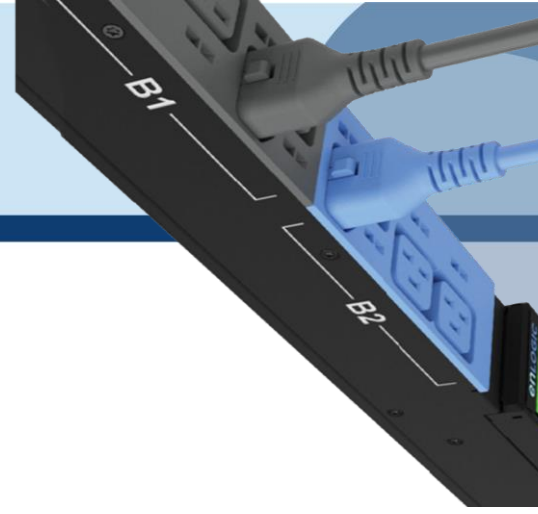
Note - Cookie IDs will be active till the PDU times out or reboots.

Understanding the Syntax

Command Syntax

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"username":"admin","password":"123456789","cookie":0}' -k https://10.88.16.38/xhrlogin.jsp
```





1. Session ID: To Create a Session ID

Curl Command:

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"username":"admin","password":"123456789","cookie":0}' -k https://10.88.0.82/xhrlogin.jsp
```

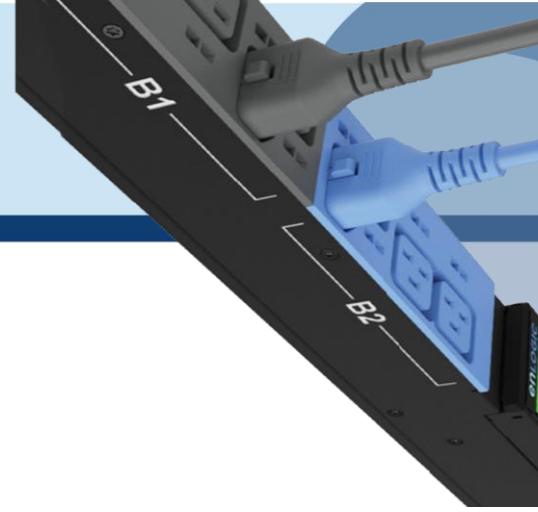
Screen capture from LINUX box.

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"username":"admin","password":"123456789","cookie":0}' -k https://10.88.0.82/xhrlogin.jsp
```

Note - the cookie generated in the response `{"cookie": 1107747442,"}` this is the cookie ID which needs to be used for next subsequent commands.

Curl Command formatted:

```
curl -X POST \  
-H "Content-Type: application/json" \  
-d '{  
    "username":"admin",  
    "password":"123456789",  
    "cookie":0  
}' \  
-k https://10.88.0.82/xhrlogin.jsp
```

2. PDU NAME:

Curl Command:

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"pdu": [ {"panel_name": " RACK_ONE_001", "core_location": "Front", "core_u_position": "4"} ], "cookie": 1107747442}' -k https://10.88.0.82/sys\_info\_set.jsp
```

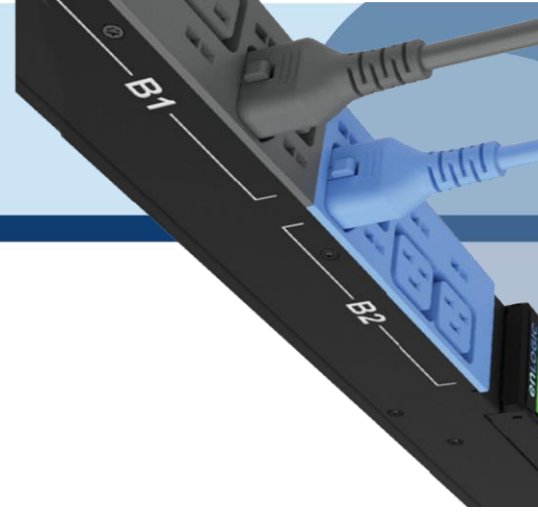
Screen capture from LINUX box.

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"pdu": [ {"panel_name": "RACK_ONE_001", "core_location": "Front", "core_u_position": "4"} ], "cookie": 953139345}' -k https://10.88.0.82/sys_info_set.jsp
```

Note - the response `{"upstatus":1}` – This response confirms the command executed gracefully.

Curl Command formatted:

```
curl -X POST \  
-H "Content-Type: application/json" \  
-d '{  
    "username": "add_new_user",  
    "password": "newuser123",  
    "email": "",  
    "chkenable": true,  
    "frpasschk": true,  
    "rolename": "admin",  
    "temperature": 0, "roles": "admin", "cookie": 1107747442}' \  
-k https://10.88.0.82/xhrnewuserset.jsp
```



3. ADD USER & PASSWORD:

Curl Command:

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"username": "add_new_user", "password": "newuser123", "email": "", "chkenable": true, "frpasschk": true, "rolename": "admin", "temperature": 0, "roles": "admin", "cookie": 1107747442}' -k https://10.88.0.82/xhrnewuserset.jsp
```

Screen capture from LINUX box.

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"username": "add_new_user", "password": "newuser123", "email": "", "chkenable": true, "frpasschk": true, "rolename": "admin", "temperature": 0, "roles": "admin", "cookie": 1107747442}' -k https://10.88.0.82/xhrnewuserset.jsp
```

Note - the response `{"upstatus":1}` – This response confirms the command executed gracefully.

Curl Command formatted:

```
curl -X POST \
-H "Content-Type: application/json" \
-d '{
  "pdu": [ {
    "panel_name": " RACK_ONE_001",
    "core_location": "Front",
    "core_u_position": "4" } ],
  "cookie": 1107747442}' \
-k https://10.88.0.82/sys\_info\_set.jsp
```

4. EDIT USER & PASSWORD:

Curl Command to edit the User and Manager User Password:

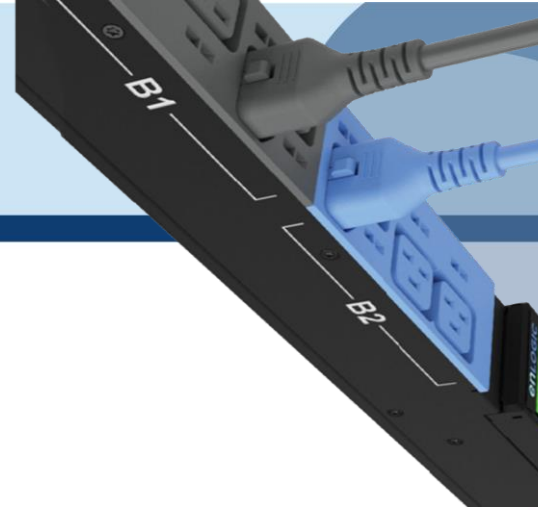
ADMIN USER:

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"id":0,"active":true,"username":"admin","roles":"admin","email":"","temperatureunit":0,"password":"johndoe123","chkenable":true,"cookie": 364319529}' -k https://10.88.0.82/xhredituserpost.jsp
```

Screen capture from LINUX box.

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"id":0,"active":true,"username":"admin","roles":"admin","email":"","temperatureunit":0,"password":"johndoe123","chkenable":true,"cookie": 364319529}' -k https://10.88.0.82/xhredituserpost.jsp
```

Note - the response `{"upstatus":1}` – This response confirms the command executed gracefully.



Curl Command formatted:

```
curl -X POST \
  -H "Content-Type: application/json"
-d '{
  "id":0,
  "active":true,
  "username":"admin",
  "roles":"admin",
  "email":"",
  "temperatureunit":0,
  "password":"johndoe123",
  "chkenable":true,
  "cookie": 364319529}' \
-k https://10.88.0.82/xhredituserpost.jsp
```

MANAGER USER:

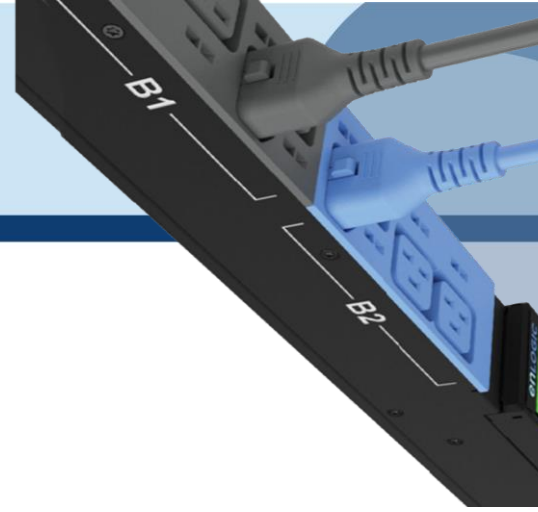
```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d
'{"id":3,"active":true,"username":"manager","roles":"admin","email":"","temperatureunit":0,"password":"manager123","chkenable":true,"cookie": 1107747442}' -k https://10.88.0.82/xhredituserpost.jsp
```

Screen capture from LINUX box.

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"id":3,"active":true,"username":"manager","roles":"admin","email":"","temperatureunit":0,"password":"manager123","chkenable":true,"cookie": 1603135659}' -k https://10.88.0.82/xhredituserpost.jsp
```

Curl Command formatted:

```
curl -X POST \
  -H "Content-Type: application/json" \
-d '{
  "id":3,
  "active":true,
  "username":"manager",
  "roles":"admin",
  "email":"",
  "temperatureunit":0,
  "password":"manager123",
  "chkenable":true,
  "cookie": 1107747442}' \
-k https://10.88.0.82/xhredituserpost.jsp
```



5. CHANGE ADMIN & PASSWORD:

Curl Command:

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d
'{"oldpassword":"123456789","newpassword":"testing123","cookie": 1107747442}' -k
https://10.88.0.82/xhrchangepwpost.jsp
```

Screen capture from LINUX box.

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"oldpassword":"123456789","newpassword":"testing123","cookie":953139345}' -k https://10.88.0.82/xhrchangepwpost.jsp
```

Note - the response `{"upstatus":1}` – This response confirms the command executed gracefully.

Curl Command formatted:

```
curl -X POST \
-H "Content-Type: application/json" \
-d '{
    "oldpassword":"123456789",
    "newpassword":"testing123",
    "cookie": 1107747442}' \
-k https://10.88.0.82/xhrchangepwpost.jsp
```

6. SNMP VERSION:

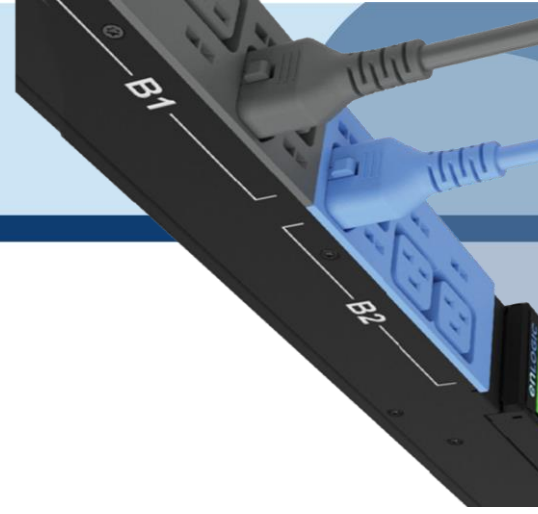
Curl Command TO SET V1/V2:

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"cookie": 1375552878, "main": { "v12_enable": true,
"v3_enable": false, "sys_contact": "", "sys_name": "", "sys_location": "", "trap_enable": true, "snmp_port": 161,
"trap_port": 162, "snmp_enable": true, "snmp_version": "V1/2c" } }' -k https://10.88.0.82/xhrsnmppost.jsp
```

Screen capture from LINUX box.

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"cookie": 1375552878, "main": { "v12_enable": true, "v3_enable": false, "sys_contact": "", "sys_name": "", "sys_location": "", "trap_enable": true, "snmp_port": 161, "trap port": 162, "snmp enable": true, "snmp version": "V1/2c" } }' -k https://10.88.0.82/xhrsnmppost.jsp
```

Note - the response `{"upstatus":1}` – This response confirms the command executed gracefully.



Curl Command formatted:

```
curl -X POST \
-H \"Content-Type: application/json\" \
-d '{
  "cookie": 1375552878,
  "main":
  {
    "v12_enable": true,
    "v3_enable": false,
    "sys_contact": "",
    "sys_name": "",
    "sys_location": "",
    "trap_enable": true,
    "snmp_port": 161,
    "trap_port": 162,
    "snmp_enable": true,
    "snmp_version": "V1/2c"
  } }'
-k https://10.88.0.82/xhrsnmppost.jsp
```

Curl Command TO SET V3 ONLY:

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"cookie": 1375552878, "main": { "v12_enable": false, "v3_enable": true, "sys_contact": "", "sys_name": "", "sys_location": "", "trap_enable": true, "snmp_port": 161, "trap_port": 162, "snmp_enable": true, "snmp_version": "V3" } }' -k https://10.88.0.82/xhrsnmppost.jsp
```

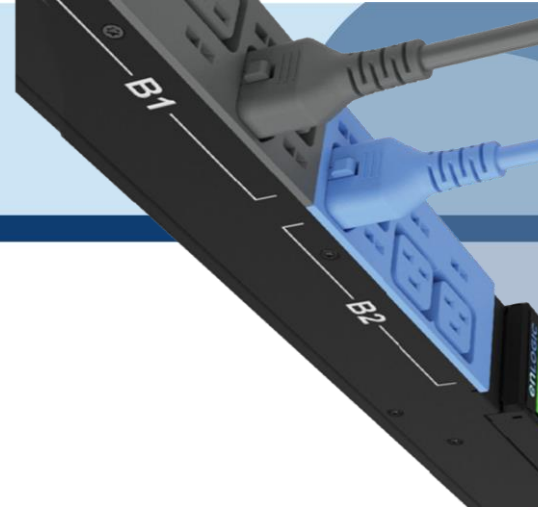
Screen capture from LINUX box.

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"cookie": 1375552878, "main": { "v12_enable": false, "v3_enable": true, "sys_contact": "", "sys_name": "", "sys_location": "", "trap_enable": true, "snmp_port": 161, "trap_port": 162, "snmp_enable": true, "snmp_version": "V3" } }' -k https://10.88.0.82/xhrsnmppost.jsp
```

Note - the response `{"upstatus":1}` – This response confirms the command executed gracefully.

Curl Command formatted:

```
curl -X POST \
-H \"Content-Type: application/json\" \
-d '{
  "cookie": 1375552878,
  "main":
  {
    "v12_enable": false,
    "v3_enable": true,
    "sys_contact": "",
    "sys_name": "",
    "sys_location": "",
    "trap_enable": true,
    "snmp_port": 161,
    "trap_port": 162,
    "snmp_enable": true,
    "snmp_version": "V3"
  } }'
-k https://10.88.0.82/xhrsnmppost.jsp
```



Curl Command TO SET V1/V2 & V3:

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{ "cookie": 1375552878, "main": { "v12_enable": true, "v3_enable": true, "sys_contact": "", "sys_name": "", "sys_location": "", "trap_enable": true, "snmp_port": 161, "trap_port": 162, "snmp_enable": true, "snmp_version": "V1/2c&V3" } }' -k https://10.88.0.82/xhrsnmppost.jsp
```

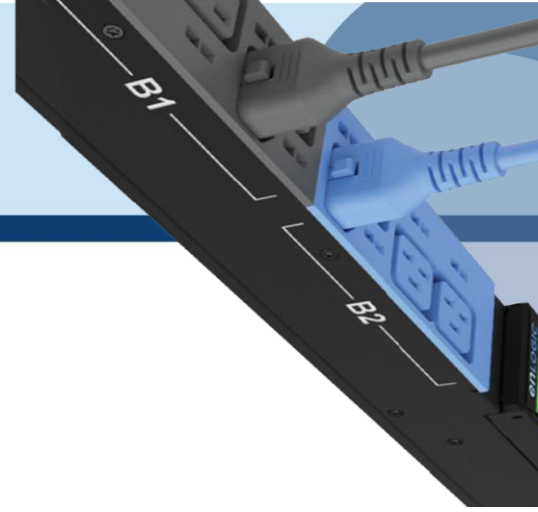
Screen capture from LINUX box.

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{ "cookie": 1375552878, "main": { "v12_enable": true, "v3_enable": true, "sys_contact": "", "sys_name": "", "sys_location": "", "trap_enable": true, "snmp_port": 161, "trap_port": 162, "snmp_enable": true, "snmp_version": "V1/2c&V3" } }' -k https://10.88.0.82/xhrsnmppost.jsp
```

Note - the response `{"upstatus":1}` – This response confirms the command executed gracefully.

Curl Command formatted:

```
curl -X POST \
-H "Content-Type: application/json" \
-d '{
  "cookie": 1375552878,
  "main":
  {
    "v12_enable": true,
    "v3_enable": true,
    "sys_contact": "",
    "sys_name": "",
    "sys_location": "",
    "trap_enable": true,
    "snmp_port": 161,
    "trap_port": 162,
    "snmp_enable": true,
    "snmp_version": "V1/2c&V3"
  } }' \
-k https://10.88.0.82/xhrsnmppost.jsp
```



7. SNMP COMMUNITY STRING [READ/WRITE]:

Curl Command:

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d
'{"v1_users":[{"name":"","enable":true,"read":"ENABLER_PDU_read","v4IP":"5.6.7.8","write":"ENABLER_PDU_write"},
{"name":"","enable":false,"read":"public","v4IP":"0.0.0.0","write":"private"},{"name":"","enable":false,"read":"p
ublic","v4IP":"0.0.0.0","write":"private"},{"name":"","enable":false,"read":"public","v4IP":"0.0.0.0","write":"p
rivate"},{"name":"","enable":false,"read":"public","v4IP":"0.0.0.0","write":"private"}],"cookie": 1603135659}' k
https://10.88.0.82/xhrsnmppost.jsp
```

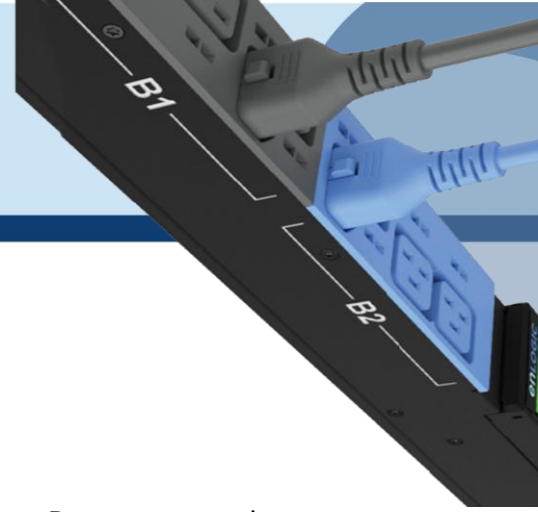
Screen capture from LINUX box.

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"v1_users":[{"name":"","enable":true,"read":"ENABLER_PDU_read","v4IP":"5.6.7.8","write":"ENABLER_PDU_write"}, {"name":"","enable":false,"read":"public","v4IP":"0.0.0.0","write":"private"}, {"name":"","enable":false,"read":"public","v4IP":"0.0.0.0","write":"private"}, {"name":"","enable":false,"read":"public","v4IP":"0.0.0.0","write":"private"}, {"name":"","enable":false,"read":"public","v4IP":"0.0.0.0","write":"private"}],"cookie": 1603135659}' -k http://10.88.0.82/xhrsnmppost.jsp
```

Note - the response `{"upstatus":1}` – This response confirms the command executed gracefully.

Curl Command formatted:

```
curl -X POST \
-H "Content-Type: application/json" \
-d '{
  "v1_users":
  [
    {
      "name":"","
      "enable":true,
      "read":"ENABLER_PDU_read",
      "v4IP":"5.6.7.8",
      "write":"ENABLER_PDU_write"
    },
    {
      "name":"","
      "enable":false,
      "read":"public",
      "v4IP":"0.0.0.0",
      "write":"private"
    },
    {
      "name":"","
      "enable":false,
      "read":"public",
      "v4IP":"0.0.0.0",
      "write":"private"
    },
    {
      "name":"","
      "enable":false,
      "read":"public",
      "v4IP":"0.0.0.0",
      "write":"private"
    },
    {
      "name":"","
      "enable":false,
      "read":"public",
      "v4IP":"0.0.0.0",
      "write":"private"
    }
  ],
  "cookie": 1603135659}' \
-k https://10.88.0.82/xhrsnmppost.jsp
```



8. CHANGE DHCP/IP SETTINGS:

FROM DHCP TO STATIC

First set the IP Configuration from STATIC to DHCP and follow it by a Reset command.

Curl Command:

```
curl -X POST -H 'Content-Type: application/json' -d '{"ipmode": 3, "ipautoconfiguration": 0, "ipaddress": "10.88.0.82", "netmask": "255.255.255.0", "gateway": "10.88.0.1", "ipv6_local_address": "fe80::2a29:86ff:fe65:6fda", "ipv6_auto_address": "", "cookie": 1862109339, "virtual_ip": 0}' -k https://10.88.0.82/xhrnetworkset.jsp

curl -X POST -H 'Content-Type: application/json' -d '{"cookie": 1862109339, "seldPdu": 1, "reset": 1}' -k https://10.88.0.82/xhrresetdevset.jsp
```

Note:

- For Static `ipautoconfiguration` needs to be set as 0
- For DHCP `ipautoconfiguration` needs to be set as 1

Screen capture from LINUX box.

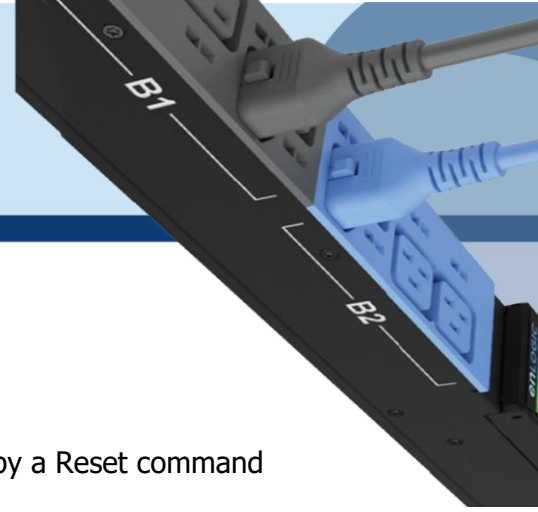
```
curl -X POST -H 'Content-Type: application/json' -d '{"ipmode": 3, "ipautoconfiguration": 0, "ipaddress": "10.88.0.82", "netmask": "255.255.255.0", "gateway": "10.88.0.1", "ipv6_local_address": "fe80::2a29:86ff:fe65:6fda", "ipv6_auto_address": "", "cookie": 1862109339, "virtual_ip": 0}' -k https://10.88.0.82/xhrnetworkset.jsp [{"uptstatus": 1}]
curl -X POST -H 'Content-Type: application/json' -d '{"cookie": 1862109339, "seldPdu": 1, "reset": 1}' -k https://10.88.0.82/xhrresetdevset.jsp
```

Note - the response `{"uptstatus": 1}` – This response confirms the command executed gracefully.

Any network related data changes, PDU needs to be rebooted. Reset PDU curl command can be used to reboot the PDU CURL

Curl Command formatted:

```
curl -X POST \
-H 'Content-Type: application/json' \
-d '{
  "ipmode": 3,
  "ipautoconfiguration": 0,
  "ipaddress": "10.88.0.82",
  "netmask": "255.255.255.0", "gateway": "10.88.0.1",
  "ipv6_local_address":
  "fe80::2a29:86ff:fe65:6fda",
  "ipv6_auto_address": "",
  "cookie": 1862109339,
  "virtual_ip": 0}' \
-k https://10.88.0.82/xhrnetworkset.jsp
```

FROM STATIC to DHCP

First set the IP Configuration from DHCP to Static and Follow it a by a Reset command

Curl Command:

```
curl -X POST -H 'Content-Type: application/json' -d '{"ipmode": 3, "ipautoconfiguration": 1, "ipaddress": "10.88.0.82", "netmask": "255.255.255.0", "gateway": "10.88.0.1", "ipv6_local_address": "fe80::2a29:86ff:fe65:6fda", "ipv6_auto_address": "", "cookie": 1875218967, "virtual_ip": 0}' -k https://10.88.0.82/xhrnetworkset.jsp

curl -X POST -H 'Content-Type: application/json' -d '{"cookie": 1875218967, "seldPdu": 1, "reset": 1}' -k https://10.88.0.82/xhrresetdevset.jsp
```

Screen capture from LINUX box.

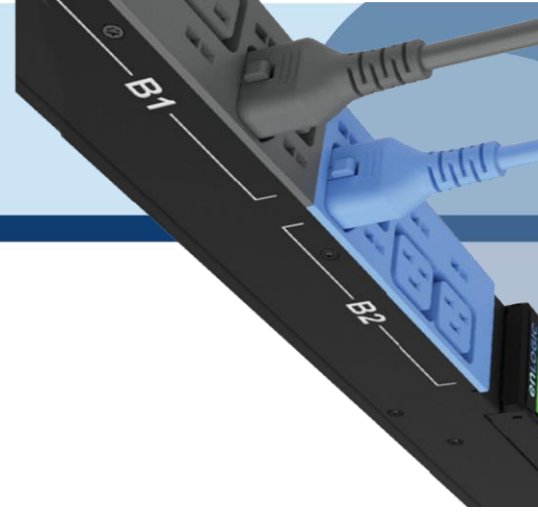
```
curl -X POST -H 'Content-Type: application/json' -d '{"ipmode": 3, "ipautoconfiguration": 1, "ipaddress": "10.88.0.82", "netmask": "255.255.255.0", "gateway": "10.88.0.1", "ipv6_local_address": "fe80::2a29:86ff:fe65:6fda", "ipv6 auto address": "", "cookie": 825060319, "virtual_ip": 0}' -k https://10.88.0.82/xhrnetworkset.jsp
{"uptstatus": 1}
curl -X POST -H 'Content-Type: application/json' -d '{"cookie": 825060319, "seldPdu": 1, "reset": 1}' -k https://10.88.0.82/xhrresetdevset.jsp
```

Note - the response `{"uptstatus":1}` – This response confirms the command executed gracefully.

Any network related data changes, PDU needs to be rebooted. Reset PDU curl command can be used to reboot the PDU CURL

Curl Command formatted:

```
curl -X POST \
-H 'Content-Type: application/json' \
-d '{
  "ipmode": 3,
  "ipautoconfiguration": 1,
  "ipaddress": "10.88.0.82",
  "netmask": "255.255.255.0", "gateway": "10.88.0.1",
  "ipv6_local_address":
  "fe80::2a29:86ff:fe65:6fda",
  "ipv6_auto_address": "",
  "cookie": 40317565,
  "virtual_ip": 0}' \
-k https://10.88.0.82/xhrnetworkset.jsp
```



9. RESET PDU:

Curl Command:

```
curl -X POST -H 'Content-Type: application/json' -d '{"cookie": 1862109339,"seldPdu": 1,"reset": 1}' -k https://10.88.0.82/xhrresetdevset.jsp
```

Screen capture from LINUX box.

```
curl -X POST -H 'Content-Type: application/json' -d '{"cookie": 40317565,"seldPdu": 1,"reset": 1}' -k https://10.88.0.82/xhrresetdevset.jsp
```

Note - the response `{"upstatus":1}` – This response confirms the command executed gracefully.

To customize and select PDU in Daisy Chain, seldPdu in above could be modified as below
seldPdu

- = 255 [For All]
- = 1 [Master PDU]
- = 2 [First Daisy Chain] and so on

Curl Command formatted:

```
curl -X POST \
-H 'Content-Type: application/json' \
-d '{
    "cookie": 40317565,
    "seldPdu": 1,
    "reset": 1}' \
-k https://10.88.0.82/xhrresetdevset.jsp
```

RESET PDU TO DEFAULTS

Curl Command:

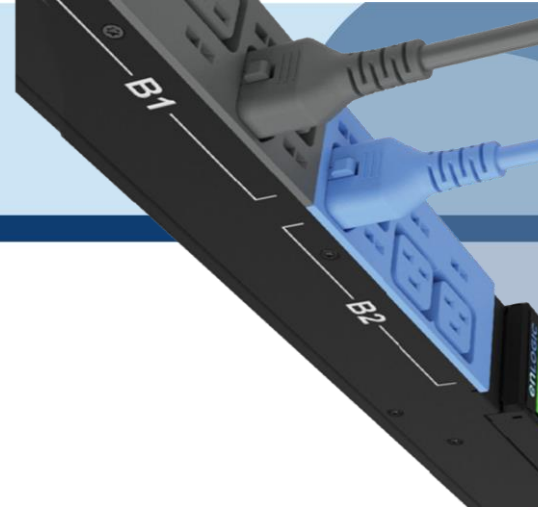
```
curl -X POST -H 'Content-Type: application/json' -d '{"cookie": 1763794427 }' -k https://10.88.0.64/xhrdefaultconf.jsp
```

Screen capture from LINUX box.

```
curl -X POST -H 'Content-Type: application/json' -d '{"cookie": 1763794427 }' -k https://10.88.0.64/xhrdefaultconf.jsp
```

Curl Command formatted:

```
curl -X POST \
-H 'Content-Type: application/json' \
-d '{
    "cookie": 1763794427 }' \
-k https://10.88.0.64/xhrdefaultconf.jsp
```



10. CONFIGURING NTP SERVER:

Curl Command:

For FIRMWARE <3.1.3

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d
'{"timezone":2803,"date":"111111","time":"014754","chkautotimeadjust":0,"radiuserornntp":2,"ipfirsttimeserv":"139.5
9.15.185","ipsecondtimeserv":"144.24.146.96","offset":0,"cookie":385047644}' -k
https://10.10.105.59/xhrdatetimestpost.jsp
```

For FIRMWARE >=3.1.3

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d
'{"timezone":2803,"date":"111111","time":"014754","chkautotimeadjust":0,"radiuserornntp":2,"ipfirsttimeserv":"3.3.3.
3","ipsecondtimeserv":"0.0.0.0","offset":0,"cookie":364319529,"reset": 1,"seldPdu": 1}' -k
https://10.88.0.95/xhrdatetimestpost.jsp
```

Note:

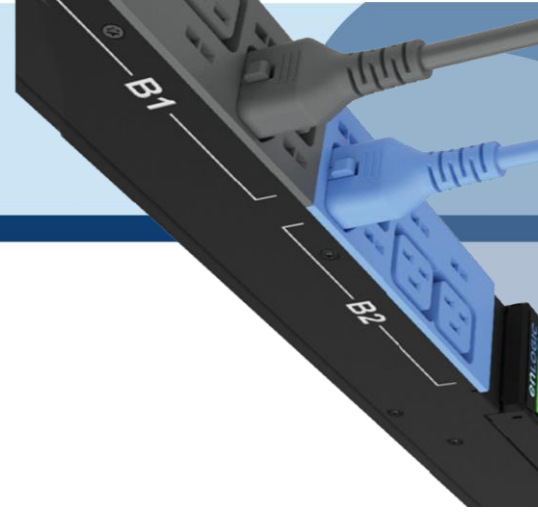
- Data Body of the command is updated with 2 new parameters which is "reset" and "seldPdu".
- Also PDU will reboot automatically when this curl command is executed
- Curl command will also accept NTP Server IP which is Not-Active

Offset indicates Daylight Saving Time and the Range is as follows:

- 0
- 30 – indicates 30 mins
- 60 – indicates 60 mins

Screen capture from LINUX box.

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"timezone":2803,"date":"111111","time":"014754","chkautotimeadjust":0,"radiuserornntp":2,"ipfirsttimeserv":"139.59.15.185"
"ipsecondtimeserv":"144.24.146.96","offset":0,"cookie":1286775468}' -k https://10.10.105.59/xhrdatetimestpost.jsp
```



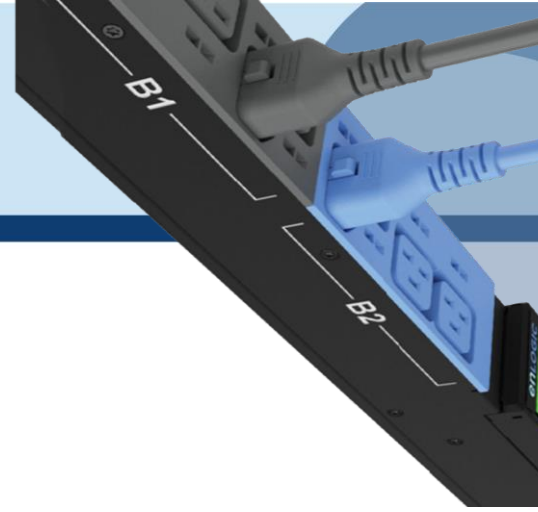
Curl Command formatted:

```
curl -X POST \
-H 'Content-Type: application/json' \
-d '{
    "timezone":2803,
    "date":"111111",
    "time":"014754",
    "chkautotimeadjust":0,
    "radiouserorntp":2,
    "ipfirsttimeserv":"139.59.15.185",
    "ipsecondtimeserv":"144.24.146.96",
    "offset":0,
    "cookie":385047644,
    "reset":1,
    "seldPdu":1}' \
-k https://10.10.105.59/xhrdatetimestpost.jsp
```

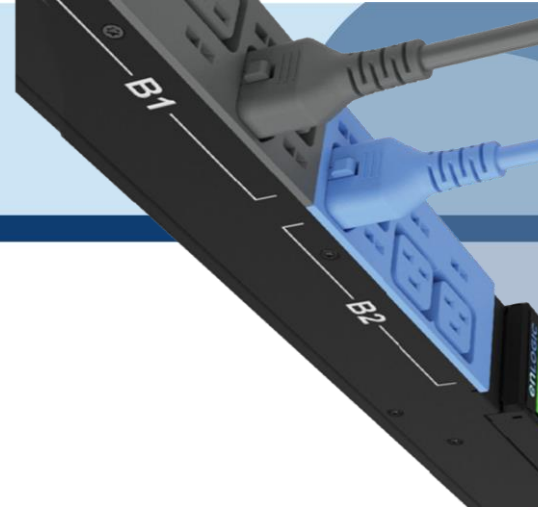
Note: Make sure the NTP Server are pinging and responds to Requests sent by Client

Table for Time zone:

Parameters	ENUM
601	(UTC-12:00) International Date Line West
3902	(UTC+13:00) Samoa
801	(UTC-10:00) Hawaii
901	(UTC-09:00) Alaska
1001	(UTC-08:00) Baja California
1002	(UTC-08:00) Pacific Time (US & Canada)
1101	(UTC-07:00) Arizona
1102	(UTC-07:00) Chihuahua, La Paz, Mazatlan
1103	(UTC-07:00) Mountain Time (US & Canada)
1201	(UTC-06:00) Central America
1202	(UTC-06:00) Central Time (US & Canada)
1203	(UTC-06:00) Guadalajara, Mexico City, Monterrey
1204	(UTC-06:00) Saskatchewan
1301	(UTC-05:00) Bogota, Lima, Quito, Rio Branco
1302	(UTC-05:00) Eastern Time (US & Canada)
1303	(UTC-05:00) Indiana (East)
1401	(UTC-04:30) Caracas
1501	(UTC-04:00) Asuncion
1502	(UTC-04:00) Atlantic Time (Canada)
1503	(UTC-04:00) Cuiaba
1504	(UTC-04:00) Georgetown, La Paz, Manaus, San Juan
1505	(UTC-04:00) Santiago



Parameters	ENUM
1601	(UTC-03:30) Newfoundland
1701	(UTC-03:00) Brasilia
1702	(UTC-03:00) Buenos Aires
1703	(UTC-03:00) Cayenne, Fortaleza
1704	(UTC-03:00) Greenland
1705	(UTC-03:00) Montevideo
1802	(UTC-02:00) Mid-Atlantic
1901	(UTC-01:00) Azores
1902	(UTC-01:00) Cape Verde Is.
2001	(UTC) Casablanca
2002	(UTC) Coordinated Universal Time
2003	(UTC) Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London
2004	(UTC) Monrovia, Reykjavik
2101	(UTC+01:00) Amsterdam, Berlin, Bern, Rome, Stockholm, Vienna,
2102	(UTC+01:00) Belgrade, Bratislava, Budapest, Ljubljana, Prague,
2103	(UTC+01:00) Brussels, Copenhagen, Madrid, Paris
2104	(UTC+01:00) Sarajevo, Skopje, Warsaw, Zagreb
2105	(UTC+01:00) West Central Africa
2106	(UTC+01:00) Windhoek
2201	(UTC+02:00) Amman
2202	(UTC+02:00) Athens, Bucharest, Istanbul
2203	(UTC+02:00) Beirut
2204	(UTC+02:00) Cairo
2205	(UTC+02:00) E. Europe
2206	(UTC+02:00) Harare, Pretoria
2207	(UTC+02:00) Helsinki, Kyiv, Riga, Sofia, Tallinn, Vilnius,
2209	(UTC+02:00) Jerusalem
2301	(UTC+03:00) Baghdad
2303	(UTC+03:00) Kuwait, Riyadh
2304	(UTC+03:00) Nairobi
2503	(UTC+04:00) Moscow, St. Petersburg, Volgograd
2505	(UTC+04:00) Tbilisi
2401	(UTC+03:30) Tehran
2501	(UTC+04:00) Abu Dhabi, Muscat
2502	(UTC+04:00) Baku
2504	(UTC+04:00) Port Louis
2506	(UTC+04:00) Yerevan
2601	(UTC+04:30) Kabul
2701	(UTC+05:00) Islamabad, Karachi
2702	(UTC+05:00) Tashkent
3003	(UTC+06:00) Ekaterinburg
2803	(UTC+05:30) Chennai, Kolkata, Mumbai, Delhi
2804	(UTC+05:30) Sri Jayawardenepura
2901	(UTC+05:45) Kathmandu
3001	(UTC+06:00) Astana
3201	(UTC+07:00) Novosibirsk



Parameters	ENUM
3201	(UTC+07:00) Bangkok, Hanoi, Jakarta
3302	(UTC+08:00) Krasnoyarsk
3301	(UTC+08:00) Beijing, Chongqing, Hong Kong, Urumqi
3303	(UTC+08:00) Kuala Lumpur, Singapore
3304	(UTC+08:00) Perth
3305	(UTC+08:00) Taipei
3307	(UTC+08:00) Irkutsk
3401	(UTC+09:00) Osaka, Sapporo, Tokyo
3402	(UTC+09:00) Seoul
3605	(UTC+10:00) Yakutsk
3501	(UTC+09:30) Adelaide
3502	(UTC+09:30) Darwin
3601	(UTC+10:00) Brisbane
3602	(UTC+10:00) Canberra, Melbourne, Sydney
3603	(UTC+10:00) Guam, Port Moresby
3604	(UTC+10:00) Hobart
3702	(UTC+11:00) Vladivostok
3701	(UTC+11:00) Solomon Is., New Caledonia
3801	(UTC+12:00) Auckland, Wellington
3803	(UTC+12:00) Fiji
3804	(UTC+12:00) Petropavlovsk-Kamchatsky - Old
3901	(UTC+13:00) Nuku'alofa

11. SETTING REDFISH ON/OFF:

Curl Command:

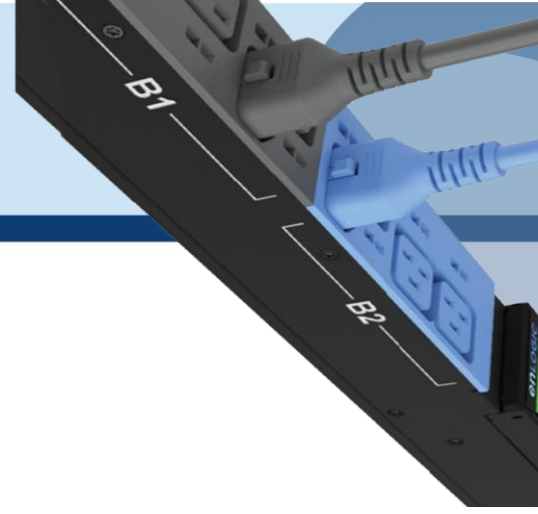
```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"cookie":911630089,"gui_http_port":80,"gui_https_port":443,"gui_http_enable":false,"gui_https_enable":true,"redfish_enable":true}' -k https://10.10.105.59/xhrhttppost.jsp
```

Screen capture from LINUX box.

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"cookie":1286775468,"gui_http_port":80,"gui_https_port":443,"gui_http_enable":false,"gui_https_enable":true,"redfish_enable":true}' -k https://10.10.105.59/xhrhttppost.jsp
```

Curl Command formatted:

```
curl -X POST -H \
"Content-Type: application/json"
-d '{
  "cookie":911630089,
  "gui_http_port":80,
  "gui_https_port":443,
  "gui_http_enable":false,
  "gui_https_enable":true,
  "redfish_enable":true}' \
-k https://10.10.105.59/xhrhttppost.jsp
```



12. OUTLET NAME CHANGE:

RESTAPI THROUGH POSTMAN

URI - <https://10.88.0.57/xhroutset.jsp>

Method – POST

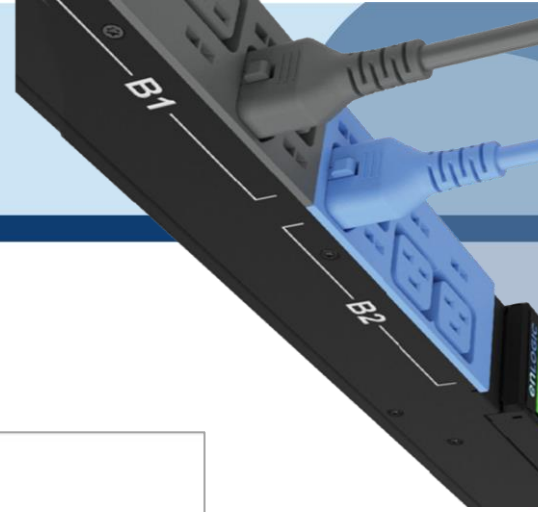
Body should contain following as payload, note the cookie, cookie needs to be obtained before using this post.

Command formatted:

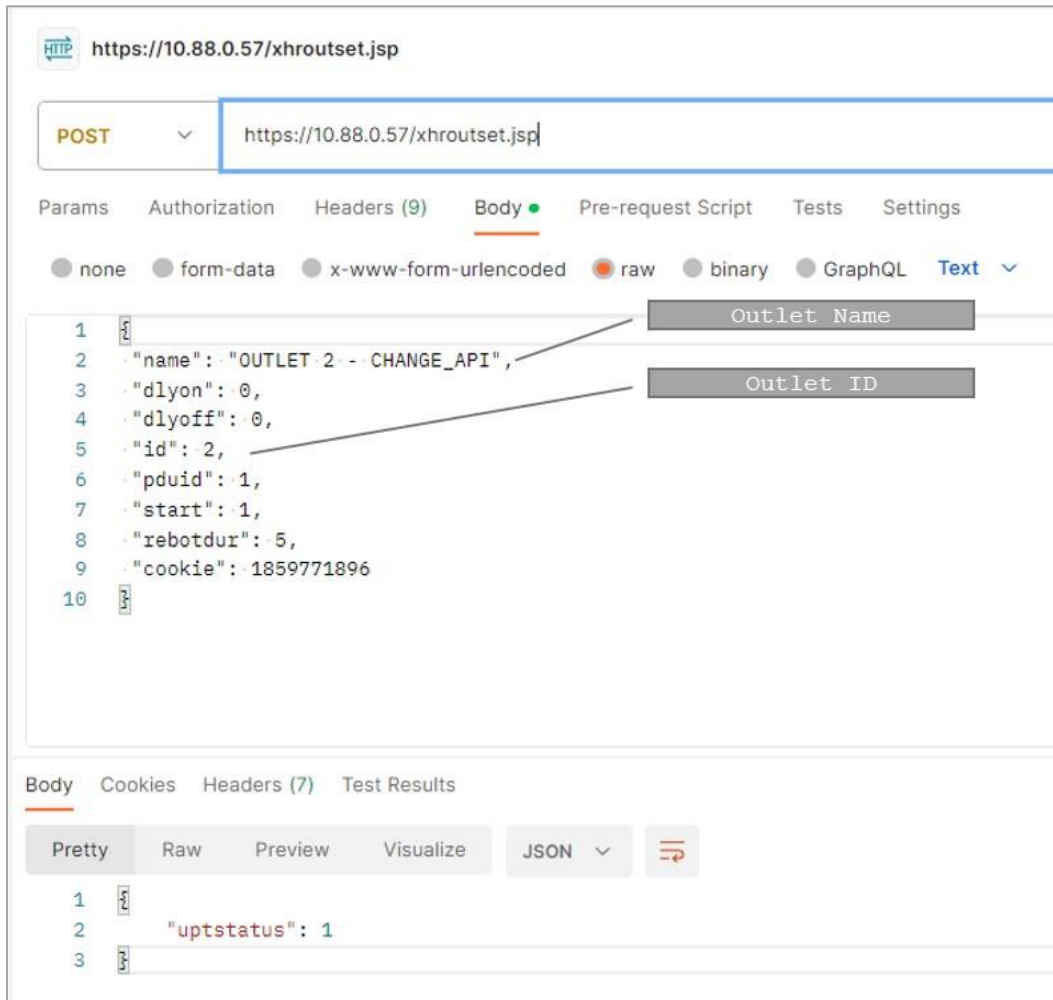
```
{
  "name": "OUTLET 1 - CHANGE",
  "dlyon": 0,
  "dlyoff": 0,
  "id": 1,
  "pduid": 1,
  "start": 1,
  "rebotdur": 5,
  "cookie": 1908554593 }
```

Note:

- name represents Outlet Name
- dlyon represents On Delay ranging from 0-7200 seconds
- dlyoff represents Off Delay ranging from 0-7200 seconds
- id represents outlet ID. For example to change outlet 2, use id as 2.
- pduid represents daisy chain pdu id.
- start represents 'State On Startup'. 1 indicates ON, 0 indicates OFF • cookie represents cookie ID

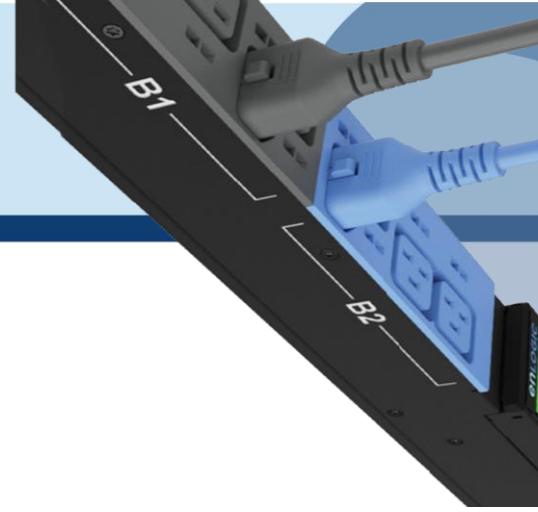


Screen capture from Postman Tool:



Curl Command:

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"name": "OUTLET 1 - CHANGE","dlyon": 0,"dlyoff": 0,"id": 1,"pduid": 1,"start": 1,"rebotdur": 5,"cookie": 1908554593}' -k https://10.88.0.57/xhroutset.jsp
```

Curl Command formatted:

```
curl -X POST -H \
"Content-Type: application/json"
-d '
{
    "name": "OUTLET 1 - CHANGE",
    "dlyon": 0,
    "dlyoff": 0,
    "id": 1,
    "pduid": 1,
    "start": 1,
    "rebotdur": 5,
    "cookie": 1908554593
}' \
-k https://10.88.0.57/xhroutset.jsp
```

13. OUTLET CONTROL ENABLE & DISABLE:

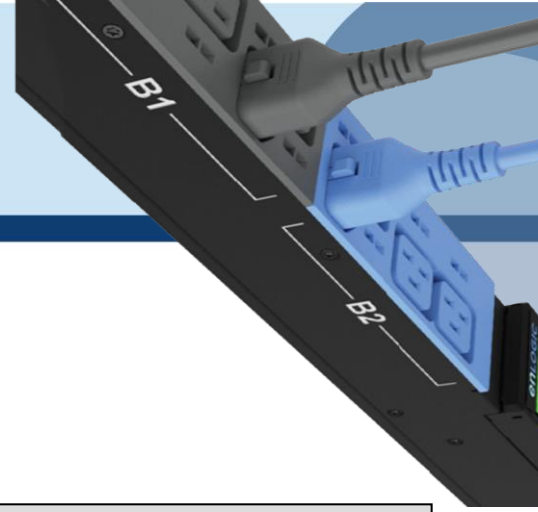
Curl Command:

curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"cookie": 1519923071,"enable": 1}' -k https://10.88.0.57/outlet_control_enable_set

Command formatted:

```
curl -X POST -H \
"Content-Type: application/json" \
-d '
{
    "cookie": 1519923071,
    "enable": 1
}' \
-k https://10.88.0.57/outlet\_control\_enable\_set
```

Parameters	Type	Range
cookie	int	Retrieved from Session Token
enable	int/Flag	0 Or 1



14. OUTLET CONTROL ON & OFF:

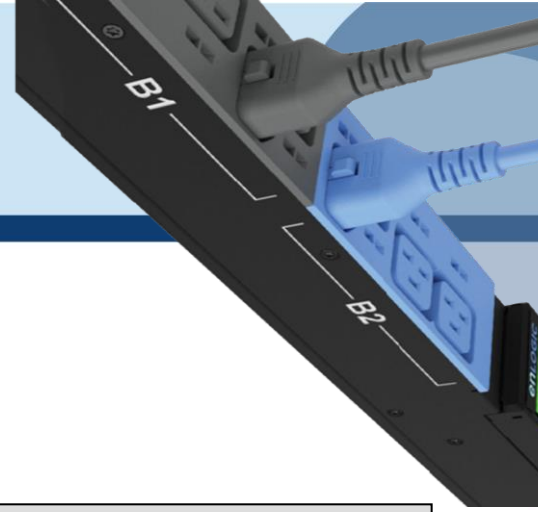
Curl Command:

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"cookie": 1519923071,"outlet1": 2,"outlet2": 0,"pduid": 1,"powstat": 0}' -k https://10.88.0.57/xhroutpowstatset.jsp
```

Command formatted:

```
curl -X POST -H \
"Content-Type: application/json" \ -d '
{
  "cookie": 1519923071,
  "outlet1": 2,
  "outlet2": 0,
  "pduid": 1,
  "powstat": 0
}' \
-k https://10.88.0.57/xhroutpowstatset.jsp
```

Parameters	Type	Range
cookie	int	Retrieved from Session Token
outlet1	int	Outlets 1-24: 2^outlet_no
outlet2	int	Outlets 25-48: 2^(outlet_no - 25)
pduid	int	PDU1-64
powstat	int	0-Off, 1-On, 2-Off Delay, 3-On Delays, 4-Reboot Immediately, 5- Reboot Delayed



15. OUTLET CONTROL WITH DELAYS:

Curl Command:

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"name": "OUTLET 2","dlyon": 5,"dlyoff": 5,"id": 2,"pduid": 1,"start": 1,"rebotdur": 5,"cookie": 1519923071}' -k http://localhost:8080/api/xhroutset.jsp
```

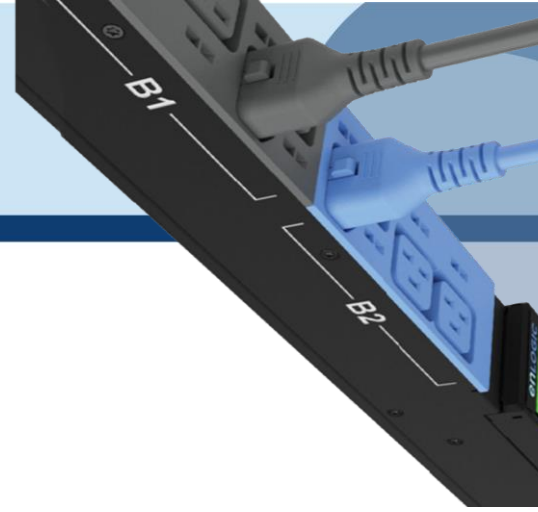
Command formatted:

```
curl -X POST -H \
"Content-Type: application/json" \
-d '\
{
  "name": "OUTLET 2",
  "dlyon": 5,
  "dlyoff": 5,
  "id": 2,
  "pduid": 1,
  "start": 1,
  "rebotdur": 5,
  "cookie": 1519923071
}' \
-k http://localhost:8080/api/xhroutset.jsp
```

Note:

- name represents Outlet Name
- dlyon represents On Delay ranging from 0-7200 seconds
- dlyoff represents Off Delay ranging from 0-7200 seconds
- id represents outlet ID. For example to change outlet 2, use id as 2.
- pduid represents daisy chain pdu id.
- start represents 'State On Startup'. 1 indicates ON, 0 indicates OFF • cookie represents cookie ID

Parameters	Type	Range
cookie	int	Retrieved from Session Token
name	String	32
dlyon	int	0 to 7200 sec
dlyoff	int	0 to 7200 sec
id	int	Outlet Number (1-48/64)
pduid	int	PDU1-64
rebotdur	int	5 to 60 sec
start	Int/Enum	0- Off, 1 - On, 2- Last Known



16. FIRMWARE UPLOAD USING API:

Curl Command:

```
curl --insecure -v --form "file=@C:\Users\Downloads\3.1.8\enlogic_fw" --request POST
https://10.10.105.194/xhrfwfileupload.jsp -H "Authorization: 1386510139"
```

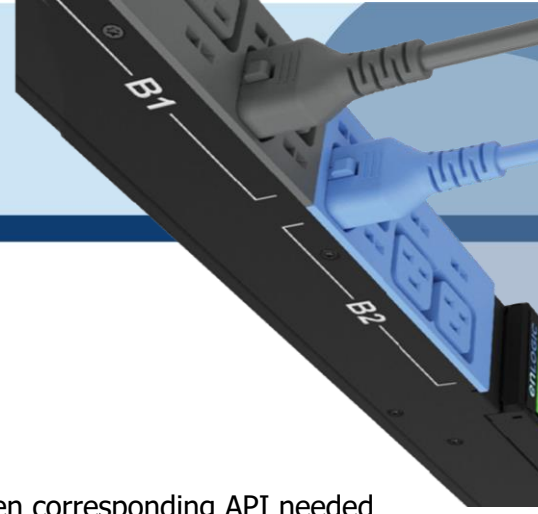
Screen capture from LINUX box.

```
curl --insecure -v --form "file=@C:\Users\Downloads\3.1.8\enlogic_fw" --request POST https://10.10.105.194/xhrfwfileupload.jsp -H "Authorization: 1386510139"
```

Note- the response *HTTP/1.1 200 OK* – This response confirms the command executed gracefully. This command works only in the Windows Command prompt.

Response:

```
Note: Unnecessary use of -X or --request, POST is already inferred.
* Trying 10.10.105.194:443...
* Connected to 10.10.105.194 (10.10.105.194) port 443
* schannel: disabled automatic use of client certificate
* schannel: using IP address, SMI is not supported by OS.
* ALPN: curl offers http/1.1
* ALPN: server did not agree on a protocol. Uses default.
* using HTTP/1.x
> POST /xhrfwfileupload.jsp HTTP/1.1
> Host: 10.10.105.194
> User-Agent: curl/8.4.0
> Accept: */*
> Authorization: 1386510139
> Content-Length: 30772278
> Content-Type: multipart/form-data; boundary=-----rcAdXZpu0TEPgIDwqbYC3B
> Expect: 100-continue
>
* Done waiting for 100-continue
* We are completely uploaded and fine
< HTTP/1.1 200 OK
< Server: ENLOGIC/1.4.0
< Content-type: text/plain
< Connection: keep-alive
< Content-Length: 0
< Cache-Control: no-cache
< X-Frame-Options: DENY
<
* Connection #0 to host 10.10.105.194 left intact
```



RESTAPI – FIRMWARE UPLOAD FLOW

Summary:

Here is the basic workflow of the Firmware upload process and then corresponding API needed to perform a FW upload via API.

API's Used:

API Name: xhrlogin.jsp

The **xhrlogin.jsp** API is used to log in to a system and obtain a cookie for subsequent requests.

Authentication

No authentication is required to access this API.

Endpoint

POST /xhrlogin.jsp

This endpoint logs the user into the system and returns a cookie to be used in subsequent requests.

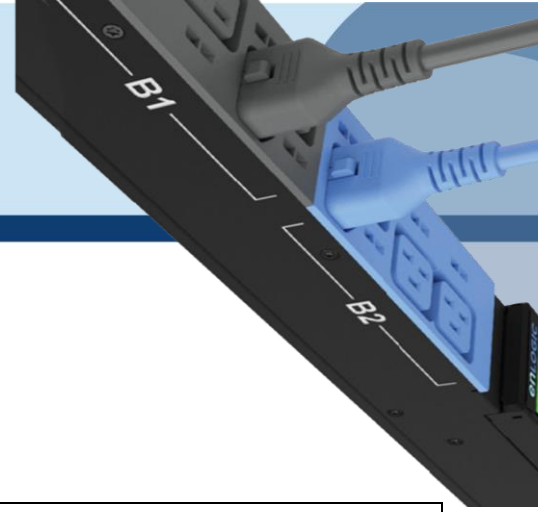
Request Body

The request body must be a JSON object with the following properties:

Property	Type	Required	Description
username	string	Yes	The username of the user to log in
password	string	Yes	The password of the user to log in
cookie	integer	Yes	The initial cookie value for the session

Example Request:

```
{
  "username": "admin",
  "password": "123456789",
  "cookie": 0
}
```



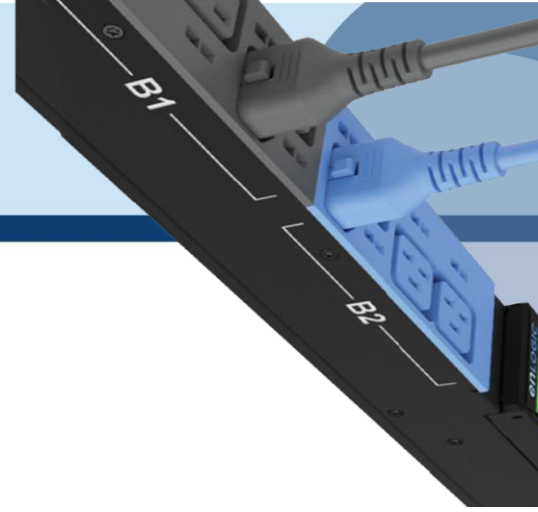
Response Body

The response body is a JSON object with the following properties:

Property	Type	Description
change_password	Boolean	Whether the user is required to change their password
Property	Type	Description
is_ldap	Boolean	Whether the user is an LDAP user
role	string	The user's role in the system
cookie	integer	The cookie value to be used in subsequent requests
temperature	integer	The temperature of the system (this property is not used and can be ignored)
p dumode	integer	The PDU (Power Distribution Unit) mode of the system (this property is not used and can be ignored)
privilege	integer	The user's privilege level (this property is not used and can be ignored)

Example Response:

```
{
  "change_password": false,
  "is_ldap": false,
  "role": "admin",
  "cookie": 1708930464,
  "temperature": 0,
  "p dumode": 0,
  "privilege": 1701890430
}
```



Response Codes

The xhrlogin.jsp API may return the following HTTP status codes:

Status Code	Description
200	The request was successful
400	The request was invalid or incomplete
401	Invalid Username or Password
427	User is Blocked
500	An error occurred on the server

We need to login to the PDU to get the Token and make use of the token-based authentication.

API Name: xhrfwfilepost.jsp

API Description: This API is used to upload firmware files to the server.

Authentication

Authentication is required to use this API. Users must provide a valid Authorization header in the request.

Endpoint

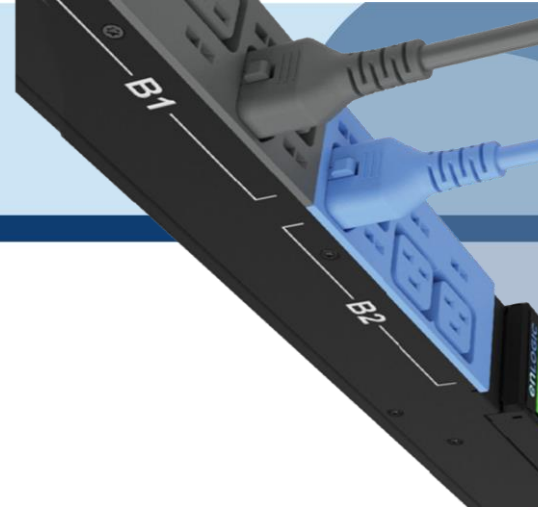
Endpoint: /xhrfwfilepost.jsp

HTTP Method: POST

Description: This endpoint is used to upload firmware files to the server.

Request Headers

Name	Type	Required	Description
Authorization	String	yes	The authorization header containing the authentication token.



Request Body

The request body must contain the firmware file to be uploaded.

Request Example

POST /xhrfwfilepost.jsp HTTP/1.1

Authorization: 1708930464 (cookie value from LOGIN API)

Content-Type: application/octet-stream

<firmware file content>

Response Format

The API returns an HTTP response with the following possible status codes:

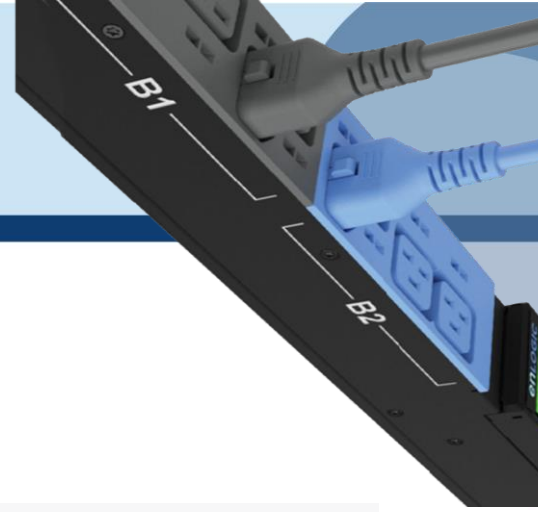
Status Code	Description
200	The firmware file was successfully uploaded.
401	The request was not authorized.
427	The File is not uploaded successfully

Response Example

HTTP/1.1 200 OK

HTTP/1.1 401 Unauthorized

This API is responsible for copying over the files to the PDU. The file copy/transfer takes around 2-3 mins. The file is copied to the master PDU and then transferred to the subsequent node PDU in a daisy-chained system.



API Name: xhrsystupddcsend.jsp

API Description: This API is used to send system updates to the device and check the status of the update.

Authentication

Authentication is required to use this API. Users must provide a valid cookie in the request.

Endpoint

Endpoint: /xhrsystupddcsend.jsp

HTTP Method: POST

Description: This endpoint is used to send system updates to the device and check the status of the update. Request Body

Name	Type	Required	Description
cookie	int	yes	The cookie value for the user's session.

Request Example

```
{"cookie": 1708930464}
```

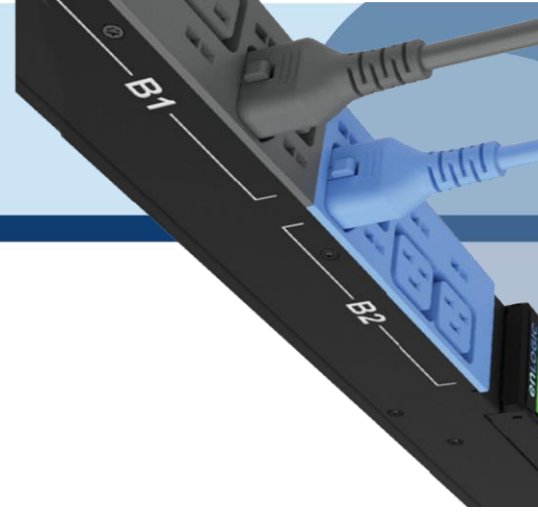
Response

The API returns a JSON object with the following fields:

Field	Type	Description
count	int	The total number of updates being sent.
completed	int	The number of updates that have been completed.
uptstatus	int	The status of the update. Values: 1 (in progress), 0 (failed).
uristatus	int	The status of the URI. Values: 1 (in progress), 2 (completed successfully), 0(failed).

Response Example

```
{
  "count":3,
  "completed":3,
  "uptstatus":1,
  "uristatus":2
}
```



Response Codes

The API may return the following HTTP status codes:

Status Code	Description
200	The request was successful

To check the file is copied over to the entire Daisy-chained system we request this to be running every 30 sec. When uristatus is 2(complete) and the count and completed parameter are matching then we can request the PDU's to be rebooted.

API Name: xhrresetdevset.jsp

API Description: This API is used to reset a device's settings.

Authentication

Authentication is required to use this API. Users must be authenticated using the appropriate credentials before making the request.

Endpoint

Endpoint: /xhrresetdevset.jsp

HTTP Method: POST

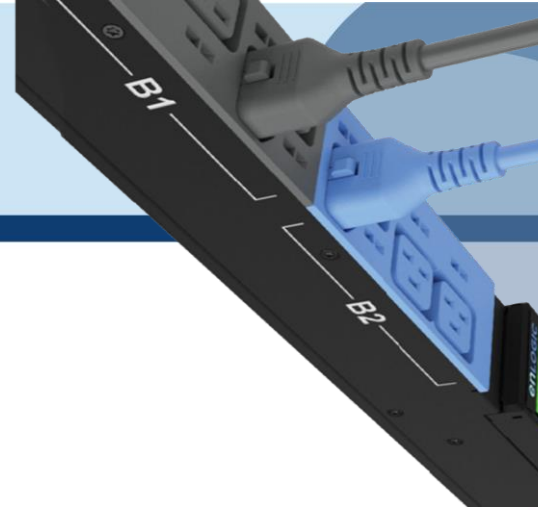
Description: This endpoint is used to reset a device's settings.

Request Headers

This API does not require any request headers.

Request Parameters

Name	Type	Required	Description
cookie	number	yes	The cookie value.
seldPdu	number	yes	The selected PDU value.
reset	number	yes	The reset value.



Request example

POST /xhresetdevset.jsp HTTP/1.1

Content-Type: application/json

```
{ "cookie":1708930464,"seldPdu":255,"reset":1 }
```

Response Format

The API returns an HTTP response with a JSON object containing the following properties:

Name	Type	Required	Description
uptstatus	number	yes	The status of the update operation.

Response example

HTTP/1.1 200 OK

Content-Type: application/json

```
{ "uptstatus": 1 }
```

Parameter seldPdu is set to 255 to reboot all the PD in the Daisy chain.

API Name: xhrgetuserlist.jsp

API Description: This API is used to get the user list as well as the basic info of the PDU's.

Authentication

No authentication is required to access this API.

Endpoint

Endpoint: /xhrgetuserlist.jsp

HTTP Method: GET

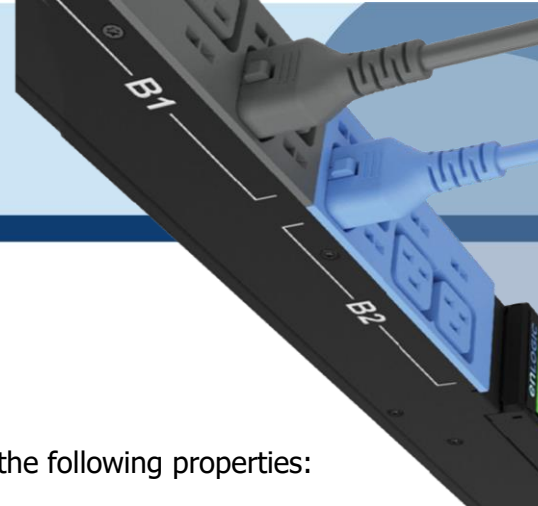
Description: This endpoint is used to get the user list.

Request Headers

This API does not require any request headers.

Request Parameters

This API does not require any request parameters.



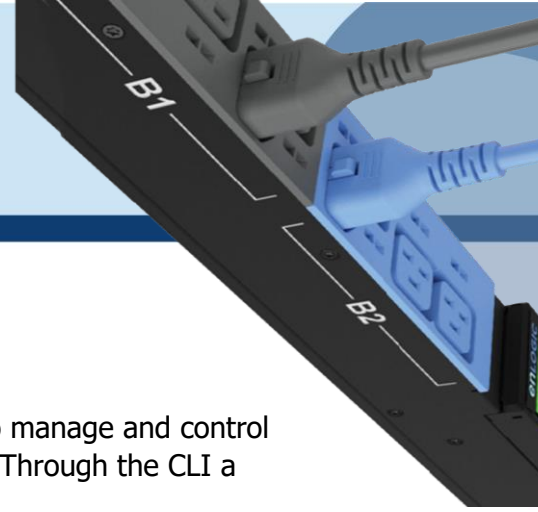
Response Format

The API returns an HTTP response with a JSON object containing the following properties:

Name	Type	Required	Description
fwver	string	yes	The firmware version.
sensor_num	number	yes	The number of sensors.
http	number	yes	HTTP access enabled or not.
https	number	yes	HTTPS access enabled or not.
pdu_type	string	yes	The PDU type.
cbnum	number	yes	The number of circuit breakers.
pdu_num	number	yes	The number of PDUs (Power Distribution Unit).
sku	string	yes	The SKU number.

This API can be used to get the current version of the Firmware and the PDU type (more useful for controlling the outlets based on the type) and basic PDU related info.

The overall time required for the Standalone PDU to perform a Firmware upload is anywhere in between 150-200 seconds. Provided there is no additional traffic coming to the PDU.



The Command Line Interface (CLI)

The Command Line Interface (CLI) is an alternate method used to manage and control the PDU status and parameters, as well as basic admin functions. Through the CLI a user can:

- Reset the PDU
- Display PDU and network properties
- Configure the PDU and network settings
- Switch outlets on/off
- View user information

The CLI can be accessed over a serial connection using a program such as HyperTerminal.

Logging in with HyperTerminal

To login through HyperTerminal, set the COM settings to the following parameters:

- Bits per second: 115200
- Data bits: 8
- Parity: None
- Stop bits: 1
- Flow control: None

CLI Commands and Prompts

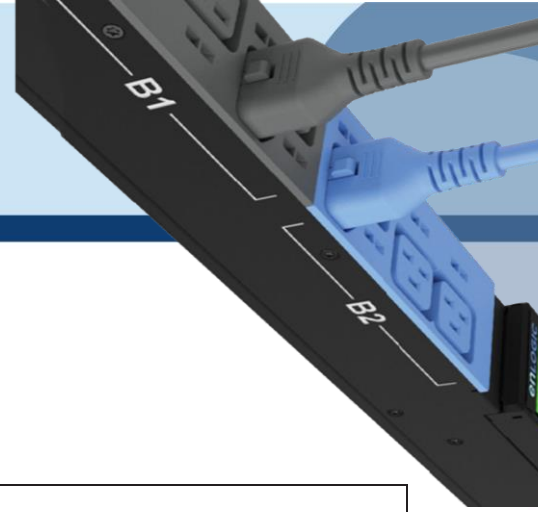
CLI Options

1. To display a list of available options in the CLI, **type '?'** in the command prompt. This will display the 5 main menus and sub menus of command options available: sys, net, usr, dev & pwr.
2. To display a list of options available for one of the menus (sys, net, usr, dev or pwr), type the menu command and press enter.

Note: You can also type the menu command with '?' to show a list of commands.

For example, below shows the available system options:

```
EN2.0>sys?  
  
sys: system setting  
usage:  
sys [date/time/ntp] [2012-09-11/14:16:20/133.100.11.8 133.100.11.9 (server1 server2)]  
sys [ver/def/rst]  
sys upd [conf/all]  
sys log [del/edit] [event|data] [on|off] [interval]  
sys ledcolor [pduid]/all] [red/green/yellow/blue/pink/cyan/white]  
sys dualinput get  
sys dualinput set [NA/EMEA]
```



EN2.0>?

sys: system setting

usage:

```

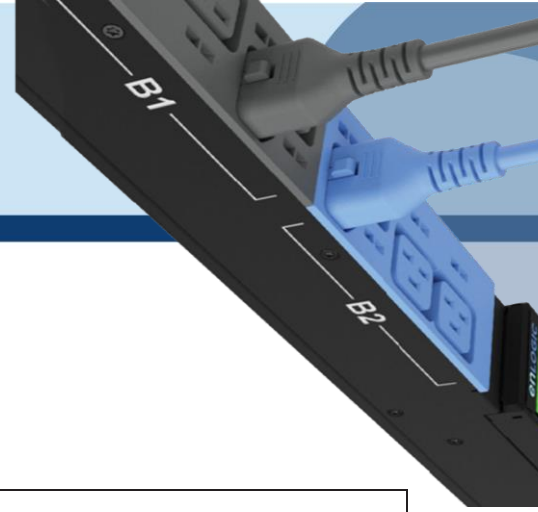
sys [date/time] [2012-09-11/14:16:20]
sys ntp [on/off]
sys ntp [server1] [server2]
sys ntp gmtoffset [UTCoffset/help]
sys [ver/def/rst]
sys upd [conf/all]
sys log [del|edit] [event|data] [on|off] [interval]
sys ledcolor [pduid]/all [red/green/yellow/blue/pink/cyan/white]
sys dualinput get
sys dualinput set [NA/EMEA]
sys cordtype [TYPE]
    
```

user: user setting

usage:

```

usr list
usr login
usr unlock [username]
usr options [interactive/non-interactive]
           [add/del/edit]
           [username]
           [password]
           [confirm_password]
           [role:admin/user/manager]
usr roleoptions [interactive/non-interactive]
               [add/del/edit]
               [rolename]
               [Admin Privilege required? : yes/no]
               [roledescription]
    
```

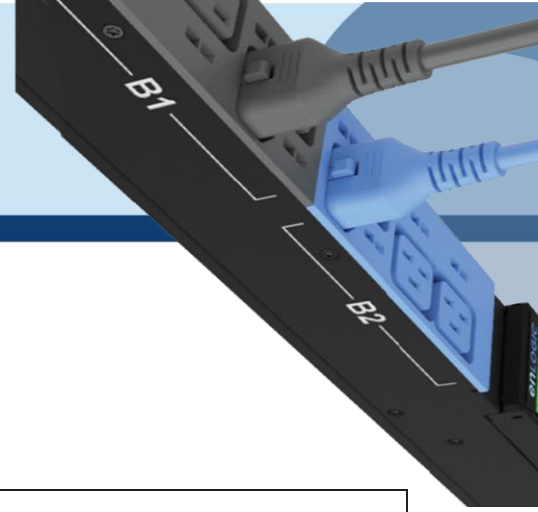


```

usr rolelist
  usr pwdpolicy [interactive/non-interactive] [get/set]
                    [pwd_age_interval : | 7 | 14 | 30 | 60 | 90 | 18
0 | 365 | Never Expire]
                    [min_len]
                    [max_len]
                    [at least 1 lower character must be in password: yes/no]
                    [at least 1 upper character must be in password: yes/no]
                    [at least 1 numerical character must be in password: yes/no]
                    [at least 1 special character must be in password: yes/no]
  usr sessionmgmt [interactive/non-interactive]
                    [get/set]
                    [sign in retries allowed? : yes/no]
                    [number_retry: 3 to 10]
                    [sesssion_timeout from list: | 1 | 10 | 20 | 30
| 60 | 120 | 240 | 360 | 720 | 1440 | ]
                    [lockout_time from list : | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
10 | 15 | 20 | 30 | 60 | 120 | 240 | 360 | 720 | infinite ]

net: network configuration command
usage:
  net [ssh/telnet/ftps/http/https/redfish/redirect] [on/off]
  net telnet [on/off]
  net telnet port [portnumber]
  net snmp [v1v2c/v3] [on/off]
  net snmp port [portnumber]
  net snmp trap [on/off/port] [portnumber]
  net snmp v1v2c <index> <IPAddress> <Read_community> <Write_community>
<Enable
/Disable>
  net snmp v3 <index> <username> <securitylevel[AP/ANP/NANP]> <Auth_password> <
Auth_algo[MD5/SHA]> <Priv_key> <Priv_algo[DES/AES128/AES192/AES256]> <Enable/Dis
able>

```



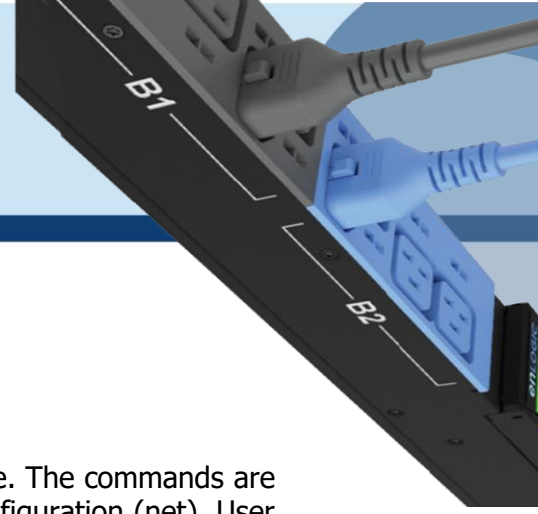
```

net [mac/tcpip]
  net tcpip [eth0dhcp/eth1dhcp/eth0static/eth1static ip nm gw]
  net tcpip [v6eth0dhcp/v6eth1dhcp/v6eth0static/v6eth1static ip pl gw]
  net scp <full_localfilepath> <remoteuser>@<remotehost> <full_remotefilepath>
  net ip [v4] [v6] [v4v6]
  net phy [auto/10100mbps/1gbps]
  net dns [-h <hostname> -d <domain> -s1 <server1> -s2 <server2>]
  net dns [disable/enable] [dnsname/servername]]
  net cert [def]

dev: device setting
usage:
  dev daisy [rna/qna] [init] [create]
  dev outlet [pduID] [status]
  dev outlet [pduID] [outletindex/outletname] [get] [status]
  dev outlet [pduID] [outletindex/outletname] [set] [outletname/poweronstate/on
delay/offdelay/rebootdelay]
  dev outlet [pduID] [outletindex/outletname] [on/off/ondelay/offdelay/rebootde
lay/reboot]
  dev usb [on/off]
  dev sensor unit [pduid]
  dev ledstrip [on/off]
  dev powershare [pduID] [func] [on/off]
  dev handle [pduID] [cold/hot] [lock/unlock]
  dev hid [cold/hot] [lock/unlock]
  dev tempscale [get/set] [c/f]

pwr: pdu information
usage:
  pwr unit [idx]
  pwr [outlet/phase/cb] [pduid] [idx]

```

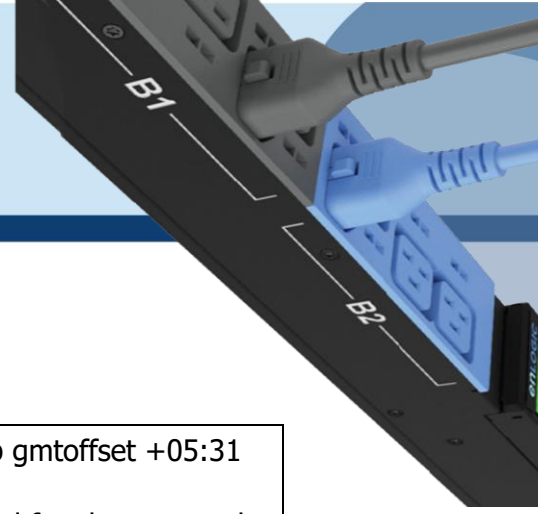



CLI Commands Table

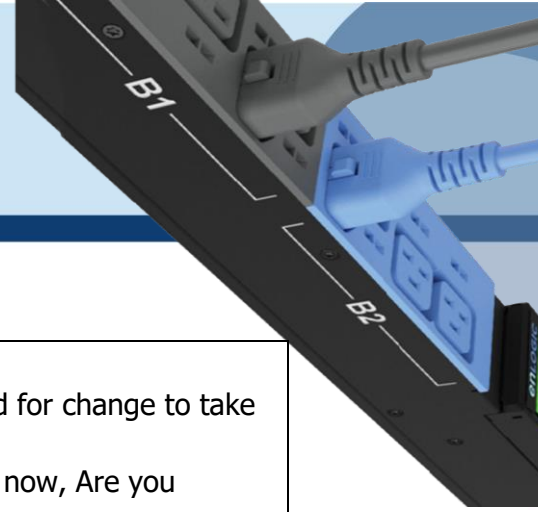
The following is a list of commands available in the CLI to execute. The commands are divided into 5 main categories: System setting (sys), Network configuration (net), User setting (usr), Device setting (dev) and Power (pwr).

SYS Commands

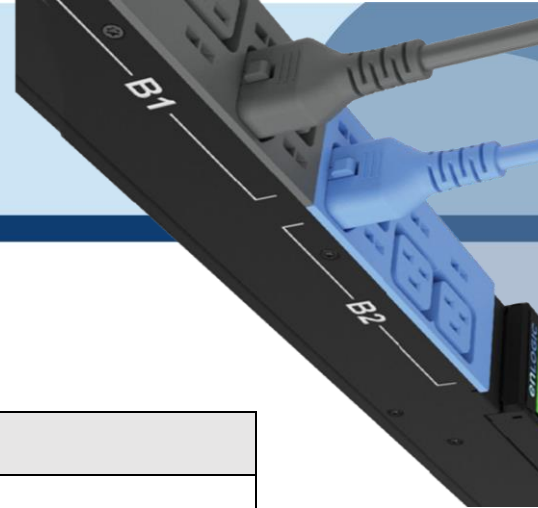
Sys Commands	Description	Example
sys [date/ time] [hh:mm:ss]	Query on PDU date and time	EN2.0>sys date SUCCESS Date:2024-05-17 Time:00:11:46 EN2.0>SUCCESS Date:2024-05-17 Time:00:12:06
sys ntp	Displays the primary and secondary IP address of the NTP server & the NTP status	EN2.0>sys ntp SUCCESS Server1 : 162.159.200.1 Server2 : 95.216.144.226 NTP Status : OFF
sys ntp [on/off]	Sets the NTP status to ON/OFF	EN2.0>sys ntp on SUCCESS
sys ntp [server1] [server2]	Sets the NTP It is required that the valid primary IP address is added, but the secondary IP address is not mandatory.	EN2.0>sys ntp 129.6.15.28 129.6.15.29 SUCCESS



<p>sys ntp gmtoffset [UTCoffset]</p>	<p>Sets the UTC code defined for every offset to the PDU for the specific region. The UTC code can be viewed by entering the NTP help string command. For setting the NTP offset, NTP needs to be turned ON.</p>	<p>EN2.0>sys ntp gmtoffset +05:31 SUCCESS Reboot required for change to take effort System Reboot now, Are you sure?(Y/N):</p>
<p>sys ntp gmtoffset help</p>	<p>NTP help string to display the UTC code for every offset of all the region</p>	<p>EN2.0>sys ntp gmtoffset help SUCCESS Offset Name UTC Code ----- UTC-12:00 International Date Line West -12:00 UTC-11:00 Samoa -11:00</p>
<p>sys ntp gmtoffset</p>	<p>Displays the current NTP offset of the PDU</p>	<p>EN2.0>sys ntp gmtoffset SUCCESS GMT Name : Chennai, Kolkata, Mumbai, Delhi GMT Offset : UTC+05:30</p>
<p>sys ver</p>	<p>Query on the system versions – firmware, web, boot loader and language version</p>	<p>EN2.0>sys ver SUCCESS Firmware Version: 1.0.6.1 Boot loader Version: 1.1 LANGUAGE Version: 1.01 Web Version: 1.0.5.8</p>
<p>sys def</p>	<p>Set the PDU system to default settings</p>	<p>EN2.0>sys def Reboot required for change to take effort System Reboot now, Are you sure?(Y/N):</p>

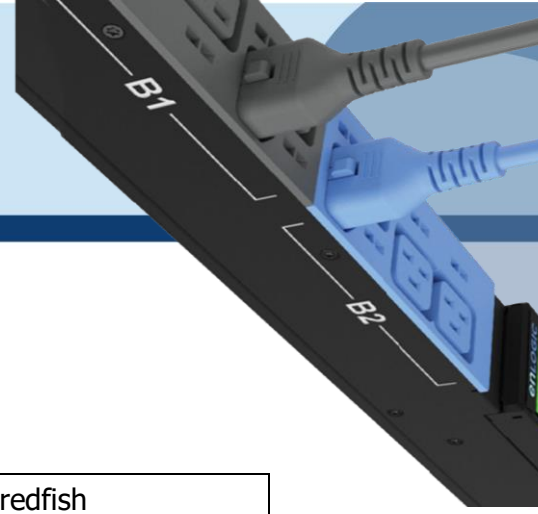


sys rst	Resets the PDU system	EN2.0>sys rst Reboot required for change to take effect System Reboot now, Are you sure?(Y/N):
sys upd [conf/all]	Updates the configuration file	EN2.0>sys upd conf Reboot required for change to take effect System Reboot now, Are you sure?(Y/N):
sys log [del edit] [event data] [on off] [interval]	Edits the data log configuration interval	EN2.0>sys log edit data on 5 SUCCESS EN2.0>sys log edit data off SUCCESS
sys ledcolor [pduid]/all [dark/red/green/yellow/blue/pink/cyan/white]	Update color of LED	EN2.0>sys ledcolor pduid dark SUCCESS
sys dualinput get	Displays the current region of the PDU	EN2.0>sys dualinput get SUCCESS EMEA rating is active Rating: 346-415V, 32A, 22.0kVA, 50/60Hz
sys dualinput set	Toggle the region of the PDU between NA/EMEA	EN2.0>sys dualinput set NA SUCCESS Input current updated to 24 and voltage updated to 240 Reboot required for change to take effect System Reboot now, Are you sure?(Y/N):Y
sys cordtype sys cordtype [type] sys cordtype help	Displays the SKU/cord type information set User can select one of the available cord types Command gives us the list of available SKU/cord types	EN2.0>sys cordtype SUCCESS SKU : EN13UA_20A3WYE EN2.0>sys cordtype 16A3WYE SUCCESS SKU : EN13UA_16A3WYE

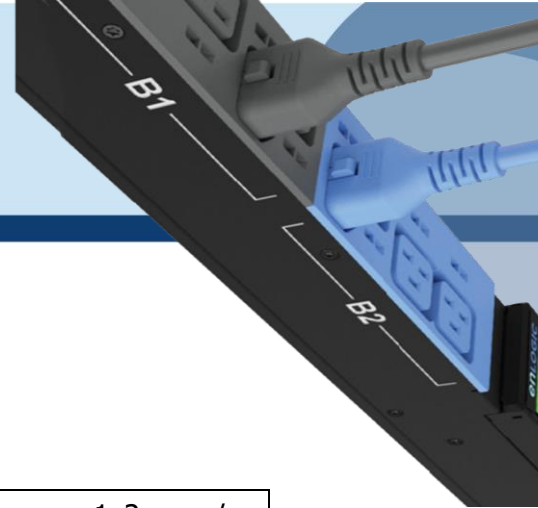


NET Commands

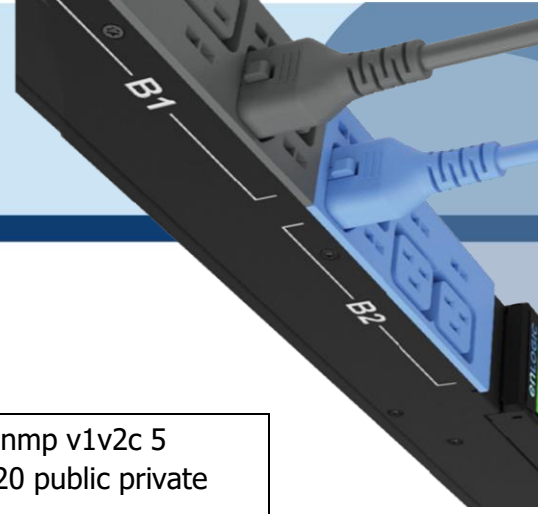
Net Commands	Description	Example
net ssh [on/off]	Sets ssh on/off	EN2.0>net ssh SUCCESS SSH Port: 22 SSH server is running
net ftps [on/off]	Sets ftps on/off	EN2.0>net ftps SUCCESS FTPS Port: 21 Service is running Is Ftp
net http [on/off]	Sets https on/off	EN2.0>net http SUCCESS HTTPS Port: 80 Status: ON EN2.0>net https on Reboot required for change to take effort WEB protocol is changed, reboot to validate System Reboot now, Are you sure?(Y/N):
net https [on/off]	Sets https on/off	EN2.0>net https SUCCESS HTTPS Port: 443 Status: OFF EN2.0>net https on Reboot required for change to take effort WEB protocol is changed, reboot to validate System Reboot now, Are you sure?(Y/N):



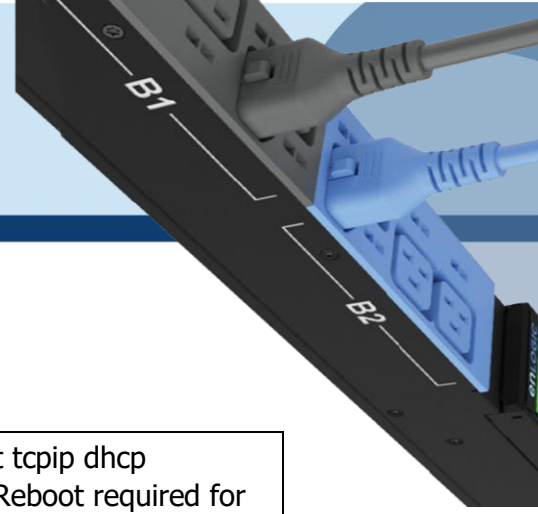
net redfish [on/off]	Sets redfish on/off	EN2.0>net redfish SUCCESS Status: ON EN2.0>net redfish off SUCCESS Status: OFF
net redirect [on/off]	Sets port redirection On or Off	EN2.0>net redirect on SUCCESS Status: ON EN2.0>net redirect off SUCCESS Status: OFF
net telnet [on/off]	Sets telnet on/off	EN2.0>net telnet on SUCCESS Reboot required for change to take effect System Reboot now, Are you sure?(Y/N): Y
net telnet port	Sets the port number for TELNET	EN2.0>net telnet port 23 Reboot required for change to take effect Telnet port is changed, Please reboot to validate System Reboot now, Are you sure?(Y/N): Y



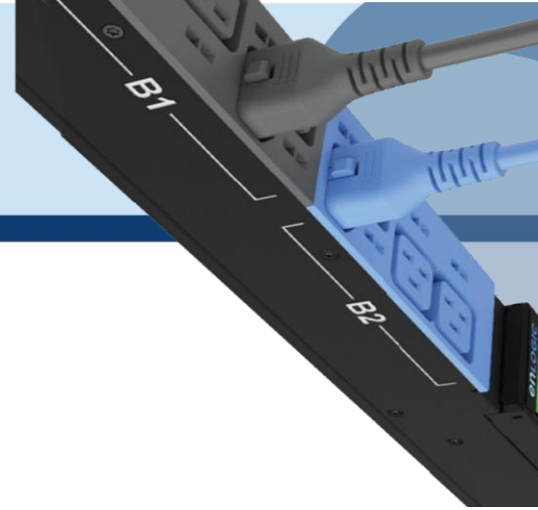
<p>net snmp [v1v2c/v3] [on/off]</p>	<p>Sets SNMP On or Off</p>	<p>EN2.0>net snmp v1v2c: on / net snmp v3: on SUCCESS</p> <p>EN2.0>net snmp v1v2c off / net snmp v3: off SUCCESS</p>
<p>net snmp port[portnumber]</p>	<p>Sets SNMP port number</p>	<p>EN2.0>>net snmp port 162</p> <p>Reboot required for change to take effect SNMP port is changed, Please reboot to validate system Reboot now, Are you sure? (Y/N): Y</p>
<p>net snmp trap [on/off/port] [portnumber]</p>	<p>Changes the snmp trap port number or turns off/on the snmp trap</p>	<p>EN2.0>net snmp trap port 162</p> <p>Reboot required for change to take effect SNMP trap port is changed, Please reboot to validate System Reboot now, Are you sure?(Y/N):Y</p>



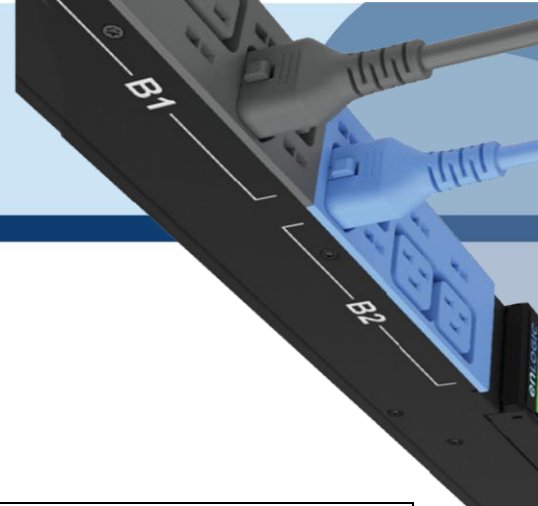
<pre>net snmp v1v2c <index> <IPAddress> <Read_community> <Write_community> <Enable/Disable></pre>	<p>Configure the SNMP v1/v2c manager</p>	<pre>EN2.0>net snmp v1v2c 5 10.10.105.120 public private enable SUCCESS</pre>
<pre>net snmp v3 <index> <username> <securitylevel[AP/ANP /NANP]> <Auth_password> <Auth_algo[MD5/SHA]> <Priv_key> <Priv_algo[DES/ AES128/AES192/ AES256]> <Enable/Disable></pre>	<p>Configure the SNMP v3 manager</p>	<pre>EN2.0>net snmp v3 3 user1 AP 12345 SHA 12345 AES256 enable SUCCESS</pre>
<pre>net [mac/tcpip]</pre>	<p>Displays the mac address, IPv4 & IPv6</p>	<pre>EN2.0>net mac SUCCESS MAC Addr: C8-45-44-66-2B-65 MAC Addr: C8-45-44-66-2B-67 EN2.0>net tcpip SUCCESS eth0 IPv4 Addr: 10.10.105.37 eth0 IPv6 Link Local Addr: fe80:ca45:44ff: fe66:2b65 eth0 IPv6 DHCP Addr: 2001:c0a8: aa01:0:ca45:44ff: fe66:2b65 eth1 IPv4 Addr: 192.168.2.2</pre>



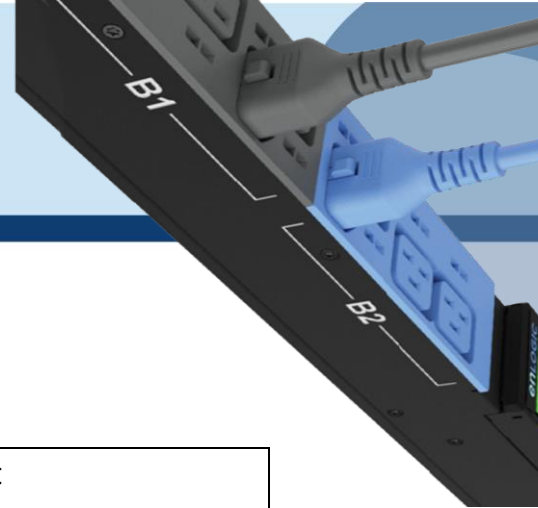
<p>net tcpip [eth0dhcp/eth1dhcp/ eth0static/eth1static ip nm gw]</p>	<p>Changes the IPv4 network to DHCP or Static mode</p>	<p>EN2.0>net tcpip dhcp eth0dhcp Reboot required for change to take effort Network is reconfigured, reboot to validate System Reboot now, Are you sure? (Y/N): Y</p> <p>EN2.0>net tcpip eth1static <10.10.94.20 255.255.255.0 10.10.94.1> Reboot required for change to take effort Network is reconfigured, reboot to validate System Reboot now, Are you sure?(Y/N):Y</p>
<p>net tcpip [v6eth0dhcp/v6eth1dhcp/ v6eth0static/v6eth1static ip pl gw]</p>	<p>Changes the IPv6 network to DHCP or Static mode</p>	<p>EN2.0>net tcpip v6eth0dhcp</p> <p>Reboot required for change to take effect Network is reconfigured, Please reboot to validate System Reboot now, Are you sure?(Y/N):Y</p>



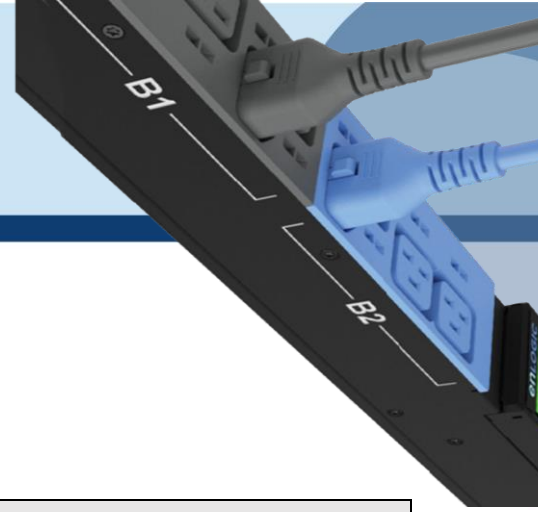
<pre>net scp <full_localfilepath> <remoteuser>@<remot ehost> <full_remotefilepath></pre>	<p>Copies the event logs to the specified system</p>	<pre>EN2.0>net scp SUCCESS : scp enabled EN2.0>net scp /system/log/eventlog.txt buildserver@10.10.105.255 /home/buildserver The authenticity of host '10.10.105.255 (10.10.105.255)' can't be established. ED25519 key fingerprint is SHA256:F+FVTej0G4bvsDzOnx9jSklo77LQcdu F1BCFCZFwuhM. This key is not known by any other names Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? Yes Warning: Permanently added '10.10.105.255' (ED25519) to the list of known hosts. buildserver@10.10.105.255's password: eventlog.txt 100% 11KB 739.8KB/s 00:00 File successfully uploaded.</pre>
<pre>net ip [v4] [v6] [v4v6]</pre>	<p>Changes the mode between DUAL, IPv4 or IPv6 Only</p>	<pre>EN2.0>net ip SUCCESS IPV4 EN2.0>net ip v6 Reboot required for change to take effort IP protocol is changed, reboot to validate System Reboot now, Are you sure?(Y/N):</pre>



<p>net phy [auto/10100mbps/1gbps]</p>	<p>Set the link speed to auto negotiation/10100mbps/1gbps</p>	<p>EN2.0>net phy SUCCESS link speed: auto negotiation</p> <p>EN2.0>net phy 10100mbps Reboot required for change to take effort Phy speed is changed, reboot to validate System Reboot now, Are you sure?(Y/N):</p>
<p>net dns [-h <hostname> -d <domain> -s1 <server1> -s2 <server2>]</p>	<p>Changes the DNS domain name, host name, primary and secondary server</p>	<p>EN2.0>net dns -h admin -d test -s1 10.10.105.20 -s2 10.10.105.21</p> <p>Reboot required for change to take effect IP protocol is changed, Please reboot to validate System Reboot now, Are you sure?(Y/N):Y</p>
<p>net dns [disable/enable] [dnsname/servername]</p>	<p>Enables/Disables the DNS server or host by name</p>	<p>EN2.0>net dns enable dnsname</p> <p>Reboot required for change to take effect IP protocol is changed, Please reboot to validate System Reboot now, Are you sure?(Y/N):Y</p>

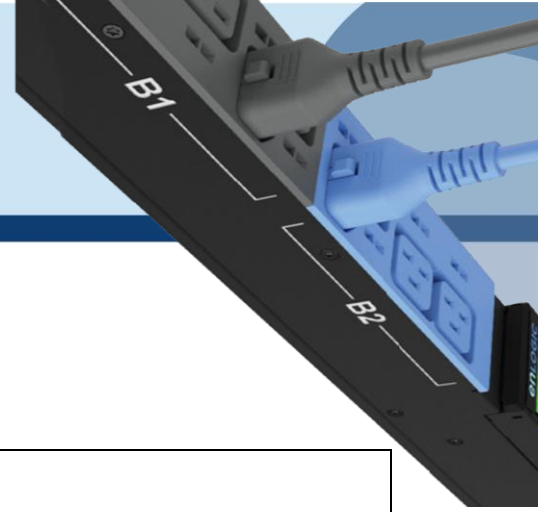


<p>net cert [def]</p>	<p>Updates the certificate file</p>	<pre>EN2.0>net cert SUCCESS Custom certificate key file active, in /cert/cert.key Custom certificate cert file active, in /cert/cert.crt EN2.0>net cert def Removing custom certificate key file, in /cert/cert.key Removing custom certificate file, in /cert/cert.crt Reboot required for change to take effect Certificate Setting changed, reboot to validate System Reboot now, Are you sure?(Y/N):</pre>
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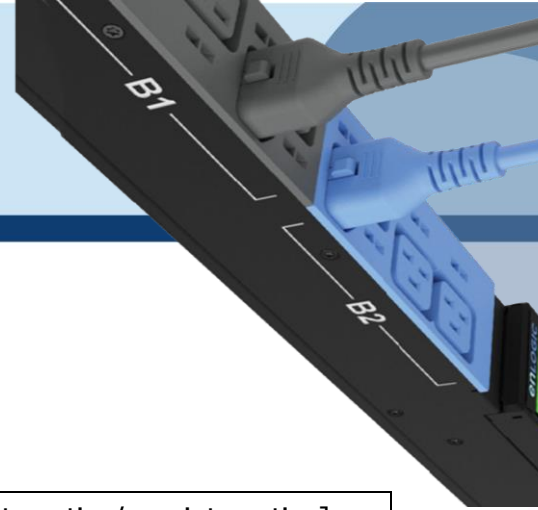


USR Commands

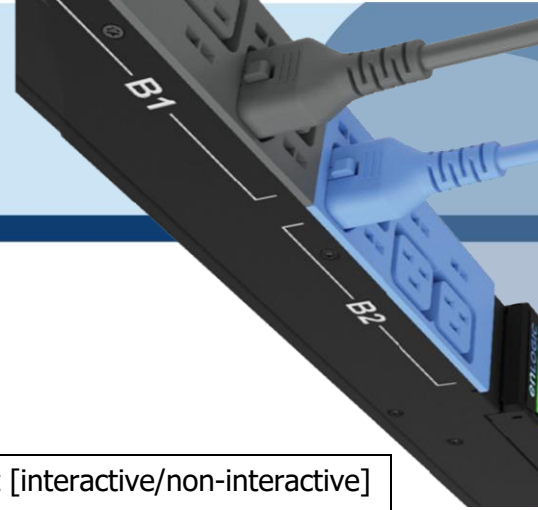
Usr Commands	Description	Example
usr list	Lists out the PDU users	<pre>EN2.0>usr list SUCCESS Usr Role Privilege Role id ===== admin Administrator 1 user 2 manager Administrator 3</pre>
usr login	Displays the logged in user details	<pre>EN2.0>usr login SUCCESS username: admin ip address: 10.10.94.211 client type: SSH</pre>
usr unlock [username]	Unlocks the blocked user	<pre>EN2.0>usr unlock en_user SUCCESS</pre>
usr options [interactive/non-interactive] [add/del/edit] [username] [password] [confirm_password] [role:admin/user/manager]	Add Users and set credentials, define roles using interactive and non-interactive method.	<pre>EN2.0>usr options</pre> <p>INTERACTIVE APPROACH*</p> <pre>usr options interactive add/edit/del username password Confirm_password admin/user/manager</pre> <p>NON-INTERACTIVE APPROACH**</p> <pre>usr options non-interactive add/edit/del username password confirm_password (admin/manager/user)</pre>



<p>usr roleoptions [interactive/non-interactive] [add/del/edit] [rolename] [Admin Privilege required? : yes/no] [roledescription]</p>	<p>Add Users and set credentials, define roles and privileges using interactive and non-interactive method.</p>	<p>EN2.0>usr roleoptions</p> <p>INTERACTIVE APPROACH* usr roleoptions interactive add/del/edit rolename admin privilege yes/no role description</p> <p>NON-INTERACTIVE APPROACH** usr roleoptions non-interactive add/del/edit rolename admin privilege(yes/no) role description</p>												
<p>usr rolist</p>	<p>Displays the rolist with privilege and role descriptions.</p>	<p>EN2.0>usr rolist SUCCESS</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Role</th> <th>Privilege</th> <th>Role Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>admin</td> <td>admin</td> <td>admin operation</td> </tr> <tr> <td>user</td> <td>user</td> <td>user operation</td> </tr> <tr> <td>manager</td> <td>admin</td> <td>redfish user</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Role	Privilege	Role Description	admin	admin	admin operation	user	user	user operation	manager	admin	redfish user
Role	Privilege	Role Description												
admin	admin	admin operation												
user	user	user operation												
manager	admin	redfish user												



<p>usr pwdpolicy [interactive/non-interactive] [get/set]</p> <p>[pwd_age_interval : 7 14 30 60 90 180 365 Never Expire]</p> <p>[min_len] [max_len] [at least 1 lower character must be in password: yes/no] [at least 1 upper character must be in password: yes/no] [at least 1 numerical character must be in password: yes/no] [at least 1 special character must be in password: yes/no]</p>	<p>Get/Set data for the password fields as per user requirements in two approaches – interactive or non-interactive</p>	<p>EN2.0>usr pwdpolicy [interactive/non-interactive] [get/set]</p> <p>INTERACTIVE APPROACH*</p> <p>usr pwdpolicy interactive get/set [pwd_age_interval : 7 14 30 60 90 180 365 Never Expire] [min_len] [max_len] [at least 1 lower character must be in password: yes/no] [at least 1 upper character must be in password: yes/no] [at least 1 numerical character must be in password: yes/no] [at least 1 special character must be in password: yes/no]</p> <p>NON_INTERACTIVE **</p> <p>usr pwdpolicy non-interactive set/get [pwd_age_interval [min_len] [max_len] [at least 1 lower character must be in password: yes/no] [at least 1 upper character must be in password: yes/no] [at least 1 numerical character must be in password: yes/no] [at least 1 special character must be in password: yes/no]</p>
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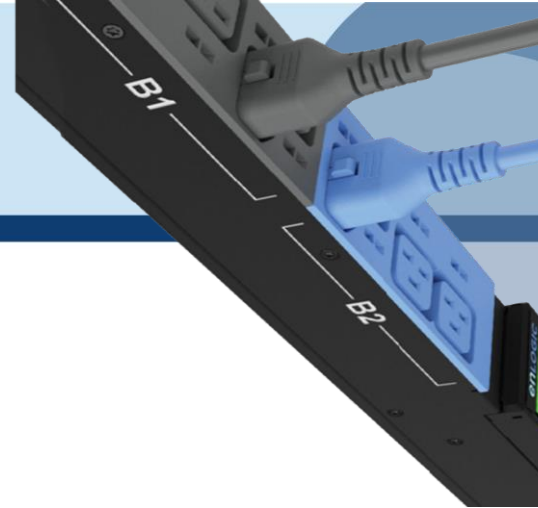
<pre>usr sessionmgmt [interactive/non- interactive] [get/set] [sign in retries allowed? : yes/no] [number_retry: 3 to 10] [session_timeout from list: 1 10 20 30 60 120 240 360 720 1440] [lockout_time from list : 1 2 3 4 5 10 15 20 30 60 120 240 360 720 infinite]</pre>	<p>Get/Set data for the sessions management as per user requirements in two approaches – interactive or non-interactive</p>	<pre>EN2.0>usr sessionmgmt [interactive/non-interactive] [get/set] INTERACTIVE APPROACH* usr sessionmgmt interactive get/set [sign in retries allowed? : yes/no] [number_retry: 3 to 10] [session_timeout from list: 1 10 20 30 60 120 240 360 720 1440] [lockout_time from list : 1 2 3 4 5 10 15 20 30 60 120 240 360 720 infinite] NON-INTERACTIVE APPROACH** usr sessionmgmt non-interactive get/set [sign in retries allowed? : yes/no] [number_retry: 3 to 10] [session_timeout from list: 1 10 20 30 60 120 240 360 720 1440] [lockout_time from list : 1 2 3 4 5 10 15 20 30 60 120 240 360 720 infinite]</pre>
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INTERACTIVE APPROACH*

When the user selects an Interactive Approach, user will be prompted for each parameter/option to perform the respective action.

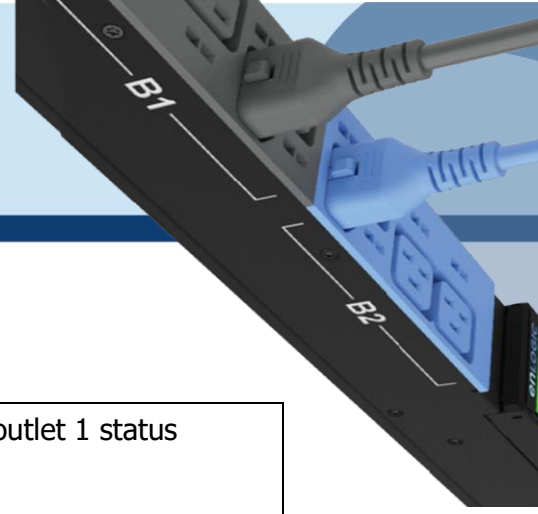
NON-INTERACTIVE APPROACH**

When the user selects a Non-Interactive Approach, user needs to enter all the parameters as per the syntax in a single line.

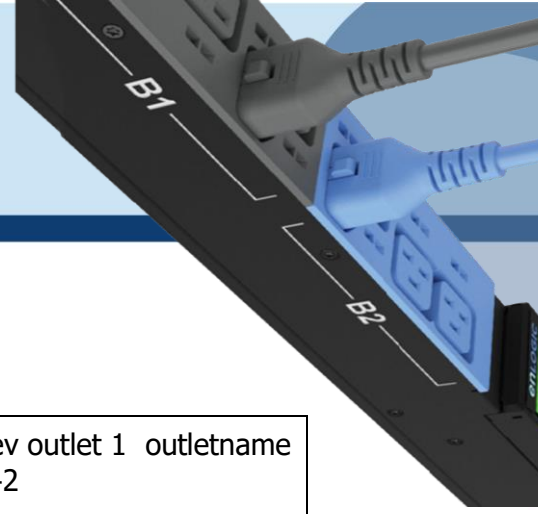


DEV Commands

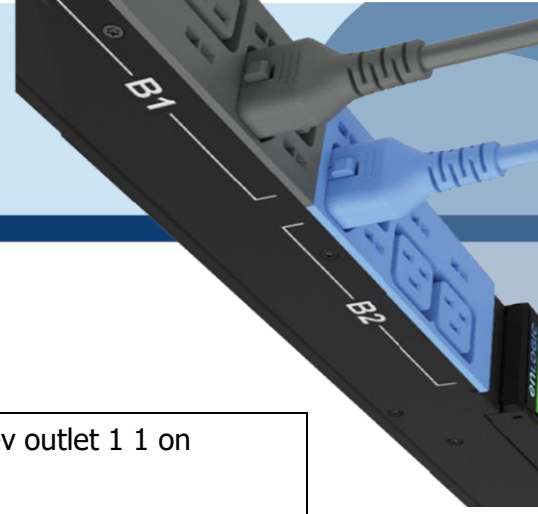
Dev Commands	Description	Example
dev daisy [rna/qna] [init] [create]	Setting the PDU Daisychain to RNA or QNA mode	<pre>EN2.0>dev daisy SUCCESS Daisy chain unit number: 1 Daisy chain address list: 0 0 0 Daisy Mode: QNA EN2.0>dev daisy qna create Reboot required for change to take effort System Reboot now, Are you sure?(Y/N):</pre>
dev outlet pduID [status]	Displays outlet status.	<pre>EN2.0>dev outlet 1 status SUCCESS Relay Outlet Status Outlet# 1: Open Outlet# 2: Open Outlet# 3: Open Outlet# 4: Open Outlet# 5: Open Outlet# 6: Open Outlet# 7: Open Outlet# 8: Open</pre>



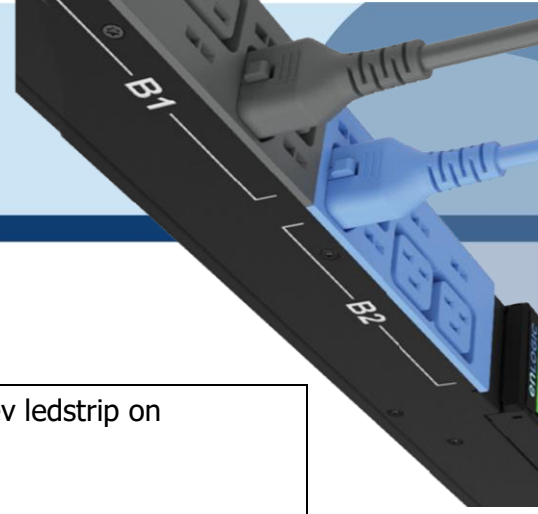
<pre>dev outlet [pduID] [outletindex/outletname] [get] [status] >> dev outlet [pduID] [outletindex] get status >> dev outlet [pduID] outletname] [get] [status]</pre>	<p>Displays the status of the PDU Outlets</p>	<pre>EN2.0>dev outlet 1 status SUCCESS Relay Outlet S.No: Name : Status : OnDelay : OffDelay : RebootDelay : PowerOnState 1 : OUTLET1: Close : 7200 : 7200 : 60 : ON 2 : OUTLET2: Open : 0 : 0 : 5 : ON 3 : OUTLET 3 : Open : 0 : 0 : 5 : ON 4 : OUTLET 4 : Open : 0 : 0 : 5 : ON 5 : OUTLET 5 : Open : 0 : 0 : 5 : ON 6 : OUTLET 6 : Open : 0 : 0 : 5 : ON 7 : OUTLET 7 : Open : 0 : 0 : 5 : ON 8 : OUTLET 8 : Open : 0 : 0 : 5 : ON 9 : OUTLET 9 : Open : 0 : 0 : 5 : ON 10 : OUTLET10 : Open : 0 : 0 : 5 : ON</pre>
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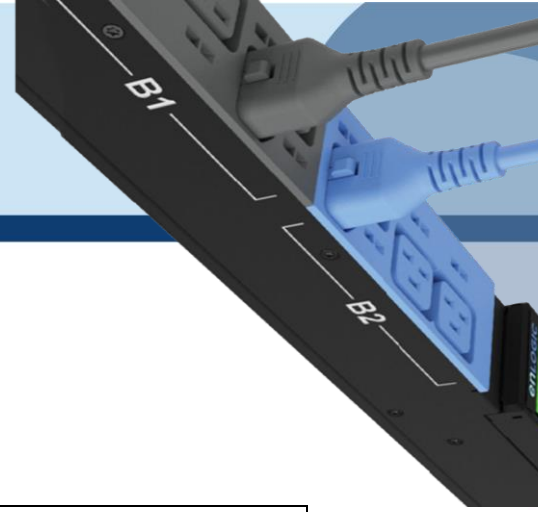
<p>dev outlet [pduID] [outletindex/outletname] [set]</p> <p>>>dev outlet [pduID] [outletindex] [set] [outletname] [name]</p> <p>>>dev outlet [outletname/poweronstate/ondelay/off delay/rebootdelay] [name/on/off/value]</p> <p>>>dev outlet [pduID] [outletindex/outletname] [set] poweronstate [on/off/lastknown]</p> <p>>>dev outlet [pduID] [outletindex/outletname] [set] ondelay/offdelay/rebootdelay value</p>	<p>Displays the status of the PDU Outlets with reference to outlet index, outlet name, power state, on delay, off delay and reboot delay</p>	<p>EN2.0>dev outlet 1 outletname set outlet42 SUCCESS</p> <p>EN2.0>dev outlet 1 outlet42 set outletname OUTLET42OUTLET42 SUCCESS</p> <p>EN2.0>dev outlet 1 outlet42/ 42 set poweronstate on SUCCESS</p> <p>EN2.0>dev outlet 1 outlet42 set poweronstate off SUCCESS</p> <p>EN2.0>dev outlet 1 outlet42 set poweronstate lastknown SUCCESS</p> <p>EN2.0>dev outlet 1 42 set ondelay 7200 SUCCESS</p> <p>EN2.0>dev outlet 1 42 set offdelay 7200 SUCCESS</p> <p>EN2.0>dev outlet 1 42 set rebootdelay 60 SUCCESS</p>
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<p>dev outlet pduID [outletindex] [on/off/rebootdelay/ ondelay/offdelay]</p>	<p>Command to Turn on/off/off delay/ ondelay/rebootdelay the outlet power</p>	<p>EN2.0>dev outlet 1 1 on SUCCESS</p> <p>EN2.0>dev outlet 1 1 rebootdelay SUCCESS</p>																																			
<p>dev usb [ON/OFF]</p>	<p>Turn on/off the USB</p>	<p>EN2.0>dev usb on SUCCESS</p>																																			
<p>dev sensor unit [pdu id]</p>	<p>Lists out the connected sensors on PDU</p>	<p>EN2.0>dev sensor unit 2 SUCCESS</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Idx</th> <th>Name</th> <th>Type</th> <th>Serial No.</th> <th>Value</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>TEMPERATURE1PDU2</td> <td>TEMP</td> <td>CAWELK0170</td> <td>27.0C</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>TEMPERATURE2PDU2</td> <td>TEMP</td> <td>CAWELK0170</td> <td>27.0C</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>HUMIDITYPDU2</td> <td>HUMI</td> <td>CAWELK0170</td> <td>47%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>TEMPERATURE3PDU2</td> <td>TEMP</td> <td>CAWELK0170</td> <td>26.0C</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>Sigma_T4</td> <td>TEMP</td> <td>C25JB00002</td> <td>27.0C</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>Sigma_H1</td> <td>HUMI</td> <td>C25JB00002</td> <td>45%</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Idx	Name	Type	Serial No.	Value	0	TEMPERATURE1PDU2	TEMP	CAWELK0170	27.0C	1	TEMPERATURE2PDU2	TEMP	CAWELK0170	27.0C	2	HUMIDITYPDU2	HUMI	CAWELK0170	47%	3	TEMPERATURE3PDU2	TEMP	CAWELK0170	26.0C	4	Sigma_T4	TEMP	C25JB00002	27.0C	5	Sigma_H1	HUMI	C25JB00002	45%
Idx	Name	Type	Serial No.	Value																																	
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1	TEMPERATURE2PDU2	TEMP	CAWELK0170	27.0C																																	
2	HUMIDITYPDU2	HUMI	CAWELK0170	47%																																	
3	TEMPERATURE3PDU2	TEMP	CAWELK0170	26.0C																																	
4	Sigma_T4	TEMP	C25JB00002	27.0C																																	
5	Sigma_H1	HUMI	C25JB00002	45%																																	

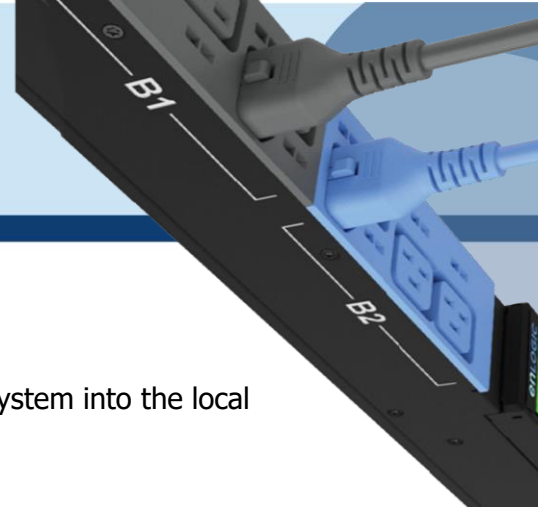


dev ledstrip [on/off]	Turns on/off the ledstrip	EN2.0>dev ledstrip on SUCCESS
dev powershare	Displays the status of PDU power share	EN2.0>dev power share SUCCESS PDU 1: Downstream: 0 Upstream: 1 Mains: 1 PDU 2: Downstream: 1 Upstream: 1 Mains: 1 PDU 3: Downstream: 1 Upstream: 1 Mains: 1
dev handle [pduID] [cold/hot] [lock/unlock]	Enables handle function	dev handle 1 hot lock
dev hid [cold/hot] [lock/unlock]	Displays the PDU Rack Access details Locks/Unlocks the HID	EN2.0>dev hid 1 SUCCESS EN2.0>dev hid 1 hot unlock SUCCESS
dev tempscale [get/set] [c/f]	Display information about the Temperature scale and set the temperature scale unit.	EN2.0>dev tempscale get SUCCESS Temperature Scale : Celsius EN2.0>dev tempscale set f SUCCESS



PWR Commands

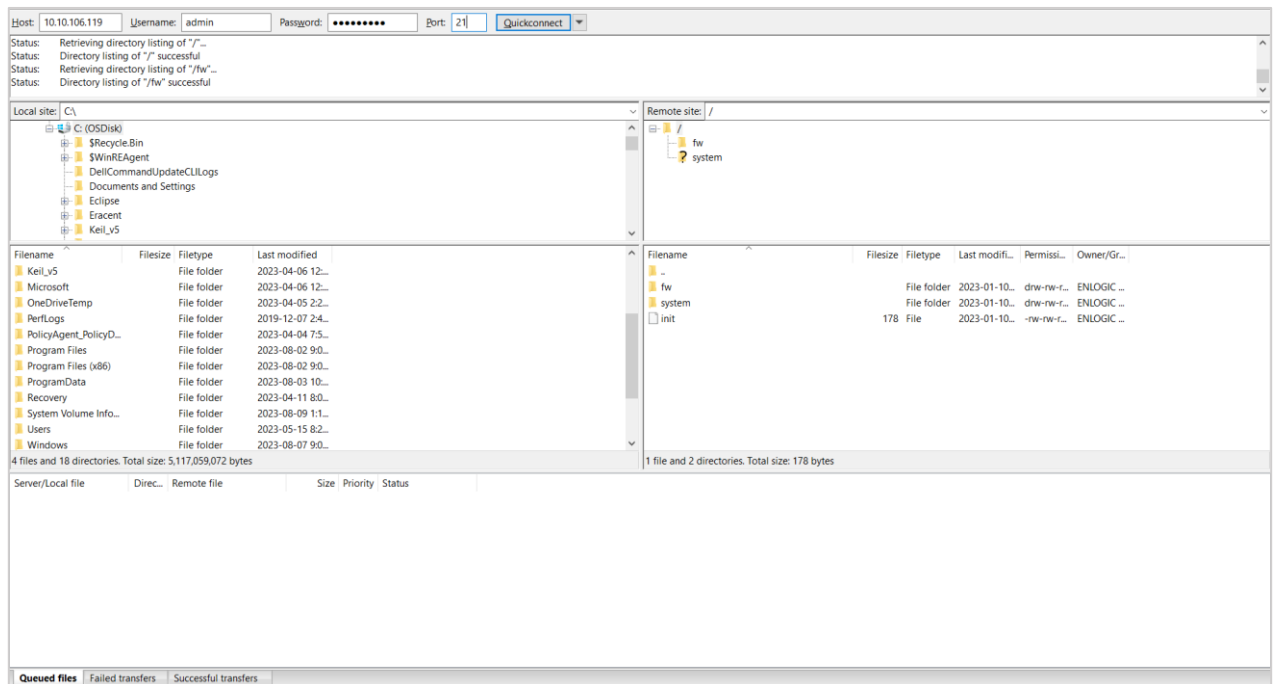
<p>pwr unit [idx]</p>	<p>Displays Power readings for the PDU</p>	<pre>EN2.0>pwr unit 2 SUCCESS UNIT power Feature voltage : 217.0V current : 0.0A activepower : 0.0W apparentpower : 0.0VA powerfactor : 1.00 energy : 0.201kWh</pre>
<p>pwr [outlet/phase/cb] [pduid] [idx]</p>	<p>Displays the power readings</p>	<pre>EN2.0>pwr outlet 1 3 SUCCESS PDU ID 1 : OUTLET 3 power Feature voltage : 0.0V current : 0.0A activepower : 0.0W apparentpower : 0.0VA powerfactor : 0.00 energy : 0.000kWh EN2.0>pwr phase 1 2 SUCCESS PDU ID 1 : PHASE 2 power Feature voltage : 0.0V current : 0.0A activepower : 0.0W apparentpower : 0.0VA powerfactor : 1.00 energy : 0.000kWh EN2.0>pwr cb 1 3 SUCCESS PDU ID 1 : CB 3 power Feature voltage : 0.0V current : 0.0A activepower : 0.0W apparentpower : 0.0VA powerfactor : 1.00 energy : 0.000kWh</pre>



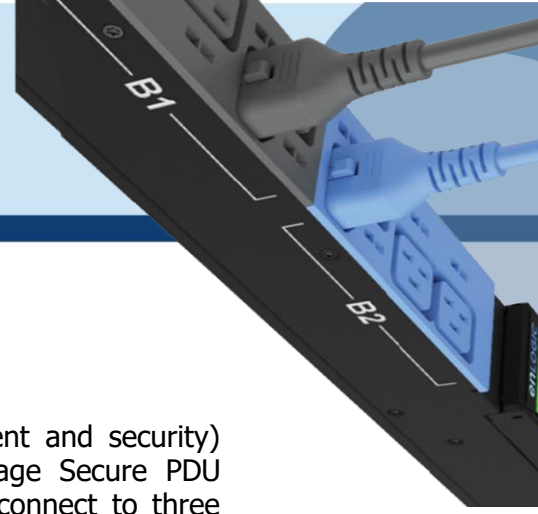
FTPS

File Transfer Protocol is used to transfer files from the PDU file system into the local drives under a secure network and vice-versa.

1. Enable the FTPS Access through Web UI



2. Enter the IP address of the PDU at the **Host**.
3. Enter the **Username** and **Password** of a person with the role having administrative privileges.
4. Enter the **Port** number set for the FTPS.
5. Click the **Quickconnect** button to connect the PDU and Local Drive through the FTPS Client.
6. The **Local Site** containing the local drives and **Remote Site** containing the PDU file system comes to view.
7. Using Drag and Drop we can transfer the files between Local and Remote site. We can also use right click and select the upload and download function to perform the file transfer.



Sensors

The Advantage Secure PDU can monitor conditions (environment and security) with Enlogic's sensors. Sensors are connected to the Advantage Secure PDU through the RJ45 connection or Sensor Input Hub, which can connect to three additional sensors. Following are the sensors available:

- Temperature Sensor
- Temperature and Humidity Sensor
- (3) Temperature + (1) Humidity Sensor
- Sensor Input Hub (3 sensor inputs)
- Door Switch Sensor
- Dry Contact Cable
- Spot Fluid Leak Sensor
- Rope Fluid Leak Sensor
- LED Light Strip Sensor
- RJ45-DB9 Cable
- USB to RS232 Cable
- HID RACK Access kit
- ehandle with RFID
- ehandle with RFID + PIN

Sensor Overview

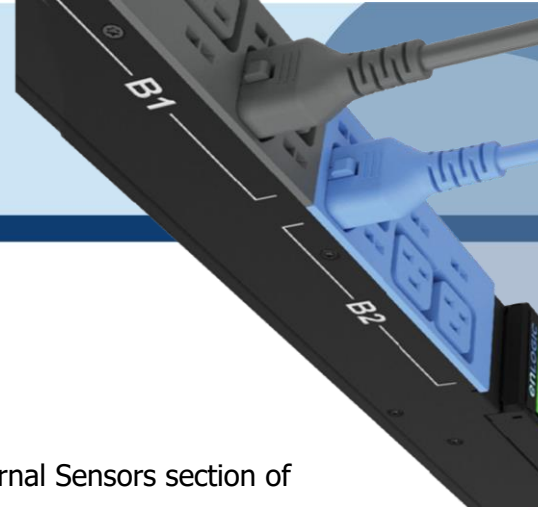
Enlogic sensors allow the users and administrators to monitor, report, and alarm specific conditions in and around a PDU, Inline Meter, and server rack. Conditions such as temperature, humidity, leak, and switches are vital aspects of maintaining an efficient-working data center atmosphere.

Enlogic iPDUs and Inline Meters are designed to collect a maximum of 10 sensor measurements

1. Plug the sensor into the PDU through the RJ45 connection or Sensor Input Hub.

Note: It can take 1-3 minutes (depending on model and configuration) for PDU to recognize the sensor.

2. Log in to the Enlogic Web UI. (The sensors are identified and displayed, after login).



3. Identify each sensor through the serial number in the External Sensors section of the Enlogic Web UI.
4. Make sure that the Advantage Secure PDU begins to automatically manage sensors. If the sensors are not auto managed, refer to the **Viewing and Managing Sensor Information** section.
5. Click **Setup** button to configure the sensor name, description, location, and alarm setup. Refer to the **Viewing and Managing Sensor Information** section for more information.

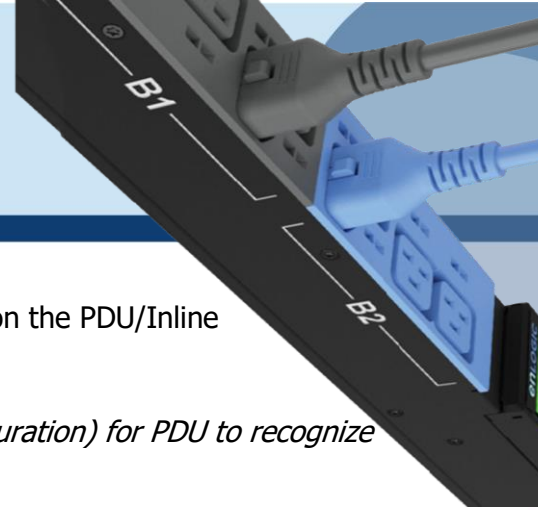
Temperature and Humidity Sensor Installation Instructions EA9102, EA9103, and EA9105

1. Secure the sensor box to the perforated rack enclosure door by threading a cable tie through the recessed channel in the sensor box and door.

Note: *There are two recessed channels on the back of the sensor box, which is included with a magnet to secure the sensor.*

2. Secure the RJ45 cable along with the desired path to the PDU using the remaining cable ties.
3. For the 3 Temperature and 1 Humidity sensors (model EA9105) only: Secure the two additional temperature probes near the top and the bottom of the perforated rack enclosure door using the cable ties.
4. Use the RJ45 Quick Disconnect Coupler and Ethernet Cable to extend the length of the sensor input cable and/or to serve as an easy disconnect point for rack door removal. Refer to the Advantage Secure User Manual for instructions on, how to create custom cord lengths using the RJ45 Quick Disconnect Coupler.

Note: *Use either the 1.8m Ethernet cable included with the Enlogic sensor or any other CAT5 or CAT6 Ethernet cable with a standard RJ45 plug.*



5. Plug the sensor cable into the Sensor 1 or Sensor 2 port on the PDU/Inline Energy Meter or the Sensor Hub (model EA9106).

Note: It can take 1-3 minutes (depending on model and configuration) for PDU to recognize the sensor.

6. The Enlogic sensor is installed and ready for use.

Sensor Input Hub Installation Instructions

EA9106

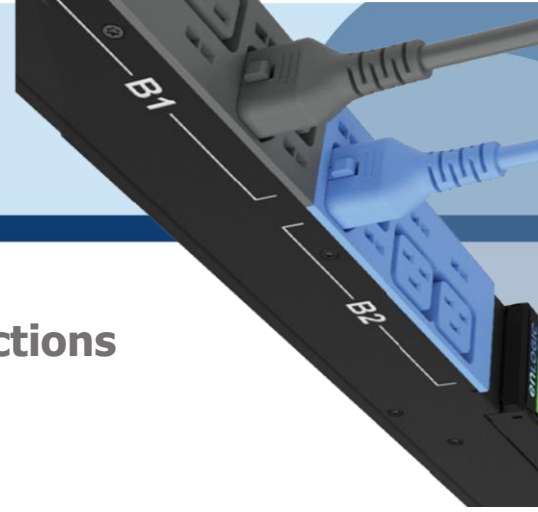
1. Secure the sensor box to the perforated rack enclosure door by threading a cable tie through the recessed channel in the sensor box and door.

Note: There are two recessed channels on back of the sensor box, which includes the magnet to secure the sensor.

2. Secure the RJ45 cable along the desired path to the PDU using the remaining cable ties.
3. For the 3 Temperature and 1 Humidity sensors (model EA9105) only: Secure the two additional temperature probes near the top and the bottom of the perforated rack enclosure door using the cable ties.
4. Use the RJ45 Quick Disconnect Coupler and an Ethernet cable to extend the length of the sensor input cable and/or to serve as an easy disconnect point for rack door removal. Refer to the Advantage Secure User Manual for instructions on how to create custom cord lengths using the RJ45 Quick Disconnect Coupler.

Note: Use either the 1.8m Ethernet cable included with the Enlogic sensor or any other CAT5 or CAT6 Ethernet cable with a standard RJ45 plug.

5. Plug the sensor cable into the Sensor 1 or Sensor 2 port on the PDU/Inline Energy Meter or the Sensor Hub (model EA9106).

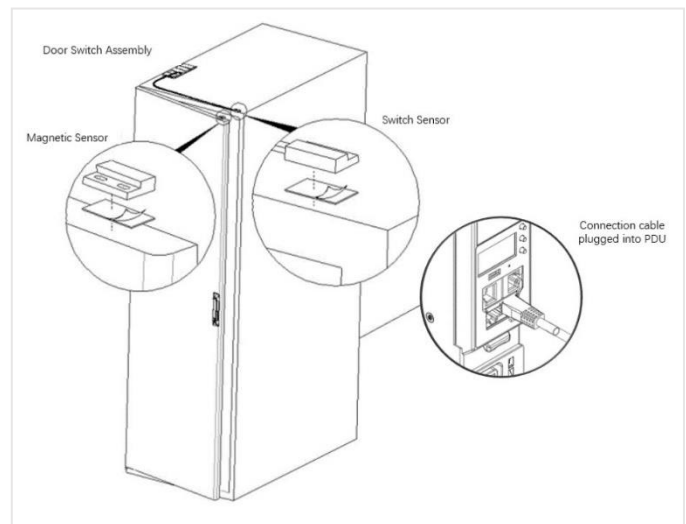


Door Switch Sensor Installation Instructions

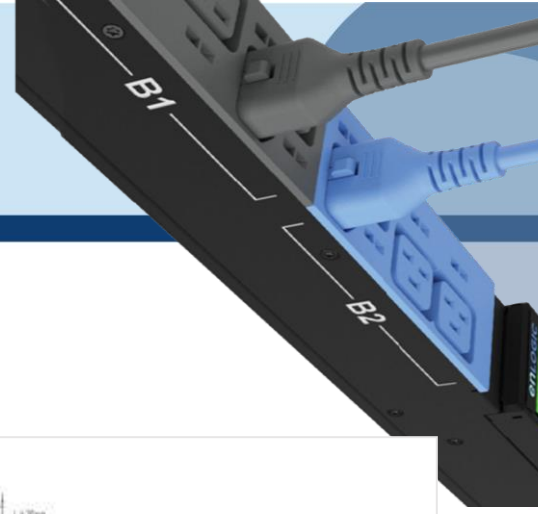
EA9109

Top Door Mounting Option

1. Attach the door switch assembly to the top of the rack using the Adhesive backed mount and cable ties.
2. Attach the Switch Sensor to the top corner of the rack (on the side that the rack door will close) using double-sided tape. Secure the cable to the top of the rack using cable ties.
3. Attach the Magnetic Sensor to the rack door using double-sided tape.



4. Thread the sensor connection cable through the rack. Secure the cable with cable ties. Plug the cable into a sensor port on the PDU.
5. Log into the Web Interface, or Serial to manage the door sensor alarm and notification settings. The sensor is designed to alarm if the door is opened more than 10 mm.
6. Attach the Door Switch assembly to the top of the rack using the Adhesive backed mount and cable ties.
7. Attach the Switch Sensor to the inside of the rack (on the side that the rack door will close) using 4 screws (FS00041). Secure the cable to the top of the rack using cable ties.
8. Attach the Magnetic Sensor to the rack door using screws.
9. Thread the sensor connection cable through the rack. Secure the cable with cable ties. Plug the cable into a sensor port on the PDU.
10. Log into the Web Interface, or Serial to manage the door sensor alarm and notification settings. The sensor is designed to alarm if the door is opened more than 10 mm.

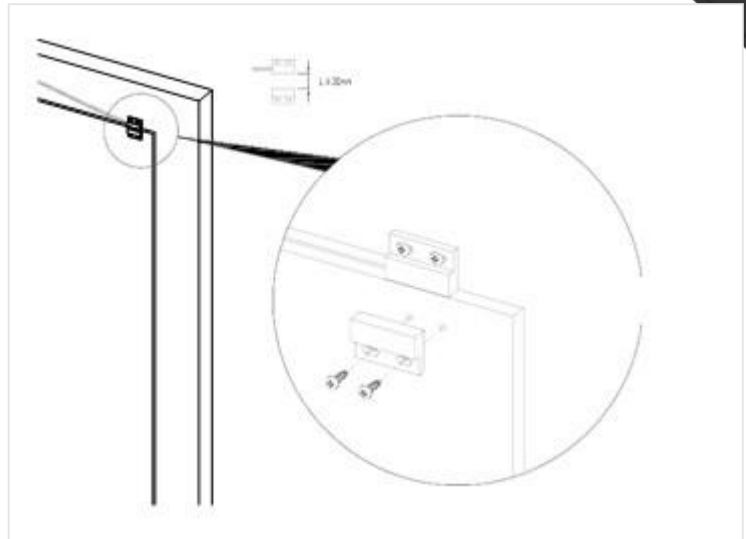


Door Mounting Option

1. Attach the Door Switch assembly to the top of a door jamb using the Adhesive backed mount and cable ties.

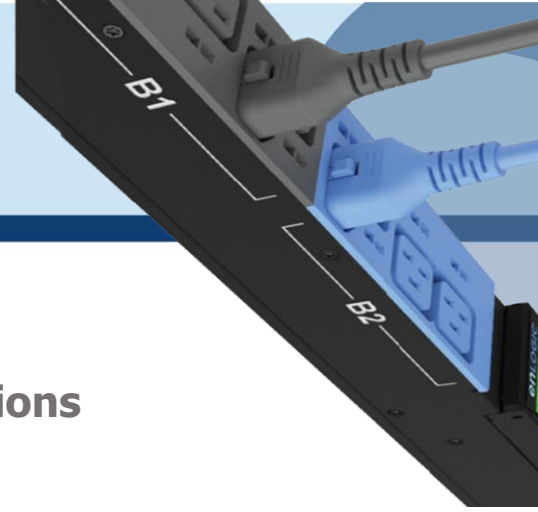
2. Attach the Switch Sensor to the door (on the side that the rack door will close) using the 4 screws (FS00041). Secure the cable to the top of the rack using cable ties.

3. Attach the Magnetic Sensor to the rack door using screws.



4. Thread the sensor connection cable through the rack. Secure the cable with cable ties. Plug the cable into a sensor port on the PDU.

5. Log into the Web Interface, or Serial to manage the Door Sensor alarm and notification settings. The sensor is designed to alarm if the door is opened more than 10mm.



Dry Contact Cable Installation Instructions

EA9110

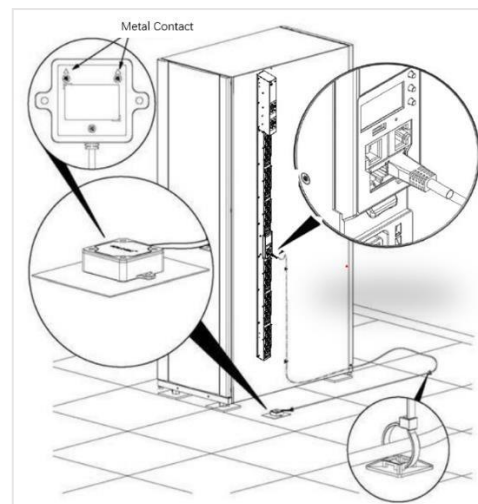
1. Attach the open wire leads on the dry contact cable to a dry contact sensor. *Refer to instructions for the dry contact sensor for this step.*
2. Connect the RJ-45 jack of the Enlogic Dry Contact Cable to a sensor port on the PDU, Inline Energy Meter, or Sensor Hub (model EA9106).
3. Go to the Enlogic Web UI to setup specific conditions to monitor and alarm for this sensor.

Spot Fluid Leak Sensor Installation Instructions

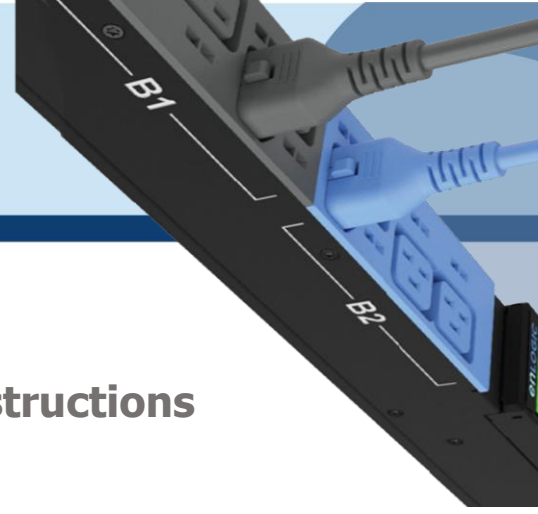
EA9111

1. Place the fluid sensor on the surface to be monitored. Secure the cable using cable ties and/or adhesive mounts.

Note: *The Spot Fluid Leak Sensor uses electronic circuits to detect the presence of liquid. Certain materials, such as metal surfaces or cement floor, can activate a false leak signal. To avoid this occurrence, place the sensor on the installation pad, (provided). The installation pad is best to install on a clean, dry surface.*



2. Plug the RJ-45 cable into a sensor port on the Enlogic iPDU, Inline Energy Meter, or Sensor Hub (model EA9106)
3. Go to the Enlogic Web UI to setup specific conditions to monitor and alarm for this sensor.



Rope Fluid Leak Sensor Installation Instructions EA9112

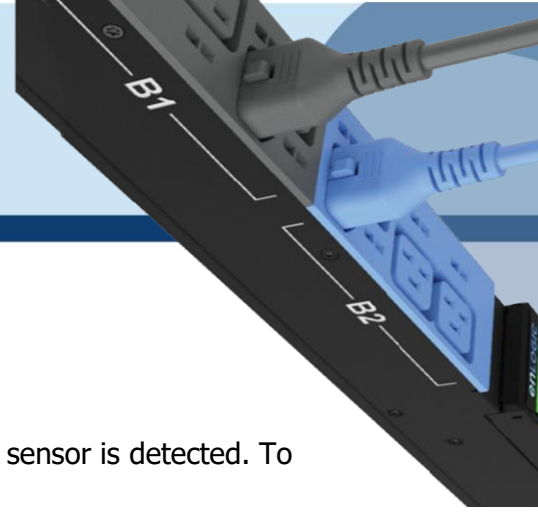
1. Connect the RJ-45 jack on the Rope Fluid Leak Sensor assembly to a sensor port on the Enlogic iPDU, Inline Energy Meter, or Sensor Hub (model EA9106).
2. Thread the Rope Fluid Leak Sensor cable (EW00253) through the rack and along the desired path of detection.

Note: *Up to 5 Rope Fluid Leak Sensor Cables can be connected to lengthen the detection zone. These can be purchased through Enlogic.*

3. Secure the Rope Fluid Leak Sensor cable to the rack and ground using the cable ties and/or adhesive mounting strips provided.

Note:

- *The wire mount (shown here) is for installation on the floor or ground surface. This must be used in the detection area.*
- *If mounting to a cabinet or wall, use the adhesive-backed mount (provided). The adhesive backed is mounted in the detection area to prevent and notify delay leakage.*



Detecting Sensors

The sensor serial number is listed in the Enlogic Web UI when the sensor is detected. To identify each detected sensor:

1. Go to Overview/Dashboard
2. Select **Total Sensors** to view all connected sensors

External Sensors

PDU 1 / door

Summary

PDU Name	Sensor Name	Reading
PDU 1	door	Off
PDU 2	Balcony	No-Leak
PDU 4	T	25.0°C
PDU 4	RH	50%
PDU 5	T	24.0°C
PDU 5	RH	52%
PDU 6	DOOR SWITCH	Open
PDU 8	abcdefghijklmnp	24.0°C
PDU 8	Humidity	54%
PDU 8	Temperature3	26.0°C

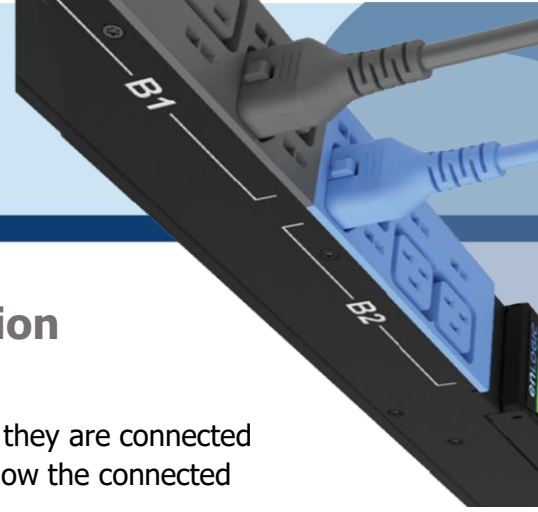
< Previous Next >

NOTE

Configuring Sensors

To configure the sensor name, location, alarms, notifications, and details, open the Web UI:

1. Go to **Dashboard** to view all connected external sensors.
2. Select **Total Sensors** to view the External Sensors page.
3. Go to Settings -> Threshold -> External Sensors to configure.
4. In the **Edit** dialog box, type new data in the following fields, (for example in the 3 Temperature and 1 Humidity sensor):
 - High Critical
 - High Warning
 - Low Warning
 - Low Critical
5. Click **Save** to complete the sensor setup. Repeat this process for additional sensors.



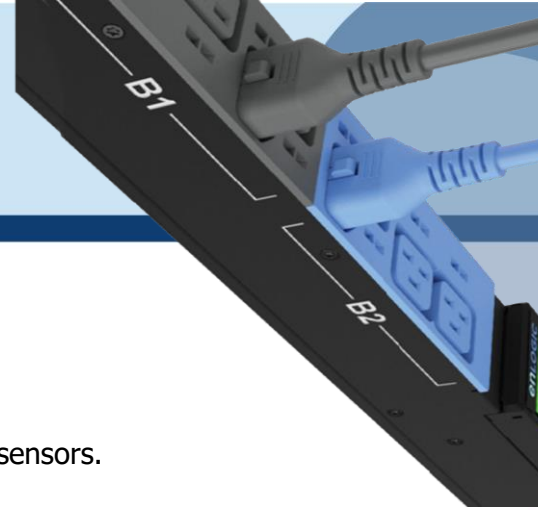
Viewing and Managing Sensor Information

Readings of the sensors are available in the Enlogic Web UI when they are connected properly. The main Dashboard page and External Sensors page show the connected sensors information.

To View Connected Sensors

1. Open the **Dashboard**.
2. View the External Sensors section on the Dashboard page to see:
 - A list of sensors, which can be connected.
 - Information of each managed sensor: Sensor Name, Location, and Measurement.
3. Go to **Overview/Identification** (bottom of the page shows all connected sensors).
4. Below information is displayed for each connected sensor:
 - Type
 - Name
 - Serial number
 - ID
 - PDU Name
 - Location

External Sensors					
External Sensors, Type	Sensor Name	Serial Number	Sensor ID	PDU	Location
Temperature	T1	07080002	1	PDU#1	
Temperature	T2	07080002	2	PDU#1	
Temperature	T3	07080002	3	PDU#1	
Humidity	RH	07080002	4	PDU#1	



Edit External Sensor Threshold

1. Go to **Settings>>Thresholds** to view all connected external sensors.
2. In the **External Sensor** section, select the sensor to edit.
3. Click **Edit** icon in the **Action** field.
4. Type new data in the following fields, for example in the 3 Temperature & 1 Humidity sensor:
 - High Critical
 - High Warning
 - Low Warning
 - Low Critical
5. Click **Save** to proceed further.

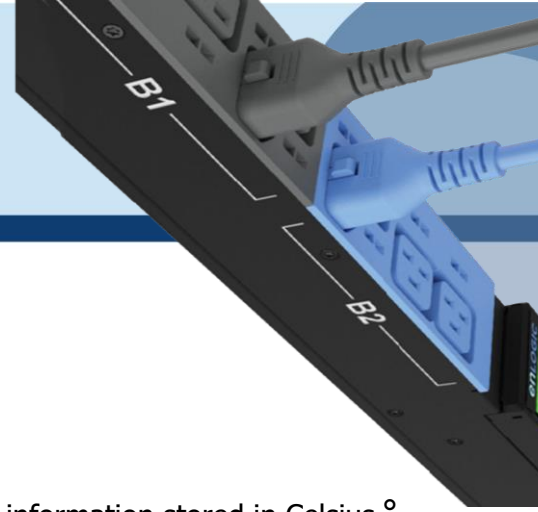
Toggle Temperature Units between Celsius & Fahrenheit

1. Go to User **Settings** page.
2. On the top-right corner, a toggle button is displayed.
3. Click and **Toggle** between **Celsius C ° to Fahrenheit F °** based on the requirements.

The screenshot shows the 'User Settings' page in the enLOGIC interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with the enLOGIC logo and 'Outlet Metered, Outlet Switched PDU'. Below that, there are navigation icons and a user profile section showing 'Welcome admin' and a 'Logout' button. A temperature unit toggle is set to '°C'. There are 'Add Role' and 'Add User' buttons.

The main content area is divided into several sections:

- Users:** A table with columns for Username, Unit, Role, and Action. It lists three users: 'admin' (role: admin), 'user' (role: user), and 'manager' (role: manager).
- LDAP Configuration:** A form with fields for Enable (checked), LDAP Server, Port (389), Type (OpenLDAP), Base DN, Bind Password (****), Search User DN, Login Name Attribute, and User Entry Object Class.
- RADIUS Configuration:** A form with fields for Enable (checked), Server, Port (1812), and Secret (*****).
- Roles:** A table with columns for Role, Description, and Action. It lists three roles: 'admin' (description: admin operation), 'user' (description: user operation), and 'manager' (description: redfish user).
- Session Management:** A form with fields for Sign-In retries allowed (checked), Number of Retries Allowed (3), Session Timeout Value (10 [Minutes of Inactivity]), and Lockout Time (3 [Minutes]).
- Password Policy:** A form with fields for Password Aging Interval (60d), Minimum Password Length (8), Maximum Password Length (32), Enforce at least one lower case character (unchecked), and Enforce at least one upper case character (unchecked).



- Click and Toggle on **Celsius C °** and view the temperature information stored in Celsius °

enLOGIC Outlet Metered, Outlet Switched PDU ? License

Home Refresh Settings Users Welcome admin Logout

PDU Thresholds

Device Detection Threshold Threshold(mA)

Power Threshold Input Phases Circuit Breaker Control Management **External Sensors**

External Sensors(1:1)		External Sensors(1:2)		External Sensors(1:3)		External Sensors(1:4)	
Name	RH	Name	T3	Name	T1	Name	T2
Type	Humidity	Type	Temperature	Type	Temperature	Type	Temperature
Low Critical	16	Low Critical	15	Low Critical	15	Low Critical	12
Low Warning	17	Low Warning	18	Low Warning	18	Low Warning	13
High Warning	18	High Warning	27	High Warning	27	High Warning	14
High Critical	19	High Critical	32	High Critical	32	High Critical	15

- Click and Toggle on **Fahrenheit F °** and view the temperature information stored in Fahrenheit °

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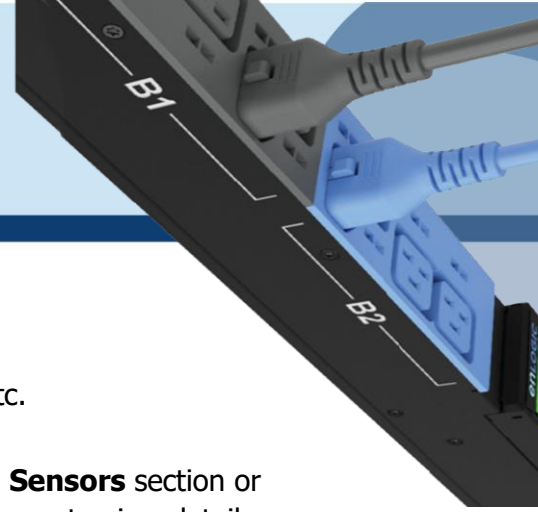
Home Refresh Settings Users Welcome admin Logout

PDU Thresholds

Device Detection Threshold Threshold(mA)

Power Threshold Input Phases Circuit Breaker Control Management **External Sensors**

External Sensors(1:1)		External Sensors(1:2)		External Sensors(1:3)		External Sensors(1:4)	
Name	RH	Name	T3	Name	T1	Name	T2
Type	Humidity	Type	Temperature	Type	Temperature	Type	Temperature
Low Critical	16	Low Critical	59	Low Critical	59	Low Critical	54
Low Warning	17	Low Warning	64	Low Warning	64	Low Warning	55
High Warning	18	High Warning	81	High Warning	81	High Warning	57
High Critical	19	High Critical	90	High Critical	90	High Critical	59



Monitoring the External Sensor

You can view the sensor details including name, location, value, etc.

1. From the Dashboard in the Web Interface, go to the **External Sensors** section or **Settings/PDU thresholds** to view all connected external sensors to view details.

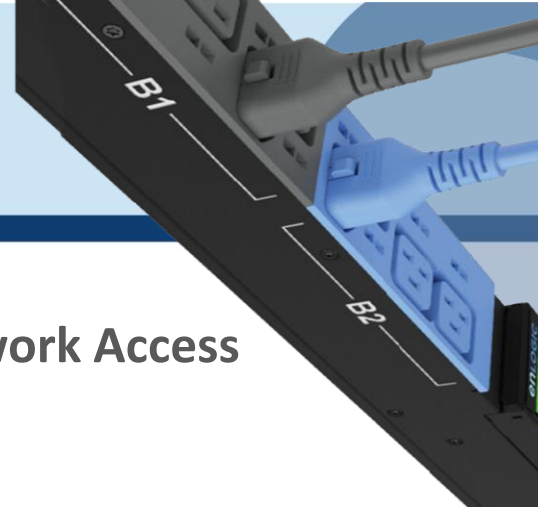
The screenshot shows the enLOGIC web interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with the enLOGIC logo, the text "Outlet Metered, Outlet Switched PDU", and user information "Welcome admin" with a "Logout" button. Below the navigation bar, there's a "PDU Thresholds" section. Underneath, there's a "Device Detection Threshold" section with a value of "-956301139". A horizontal menu contains "Power Threshold", "Input Phases", "Circuit Breaker", "Control Management", and "External Sensors" (which is highlighted). Below this menu, there are three tables of external sensors:

External Sensors(1:1)		External Sensors(1:2)		External Sensors(1:3)	
Name	DOOR SWITCH 1	Name	T	Name	RH
Type	Door	Type	Temperature	Type	Humidity
Value	Off	Low Critical	17	Low Critical	18
		Low Warning	18	Low Warning	19
		High Warning	19	High Warning	21
		High Critical	20	High Critical	23

The "Edit" form for "External Sensors(1:2)" shows configuration options for different alert levels:

- High Critical: 20
- Enable High Critical:
- High Warning: 19
- Enable High Warning:
- Low Warning: 18
- Enable Low Warning:
- Low Critical: 17
- Enable Low Critical:

A "Save" button is located at the bottom of the form.



Daisy Chain and RNA–Redundant Network Access

Daisy-Chain Functionality

In daisy chain mode, up to **64** PDUs can be connected via one (1) IP address. This allows the user to gather information and data of all daisy chained PDUs from the master PDU.

The daisy chain functionality reduces the network services cost for PDUs. For example, a standard network switch is used in a data center can contain 24 ports. Without using the daisy chain function, each port supplies network services to one (1) PDU. However, if using the daisy chain features of Enlogic, a typical network switch with 24 ports can supply network services for up to **1536** PDUs.

Daisy-Chain Setup

Follow below steps to setup the connection up to **64** PDUs of the same SKU via single IP address:

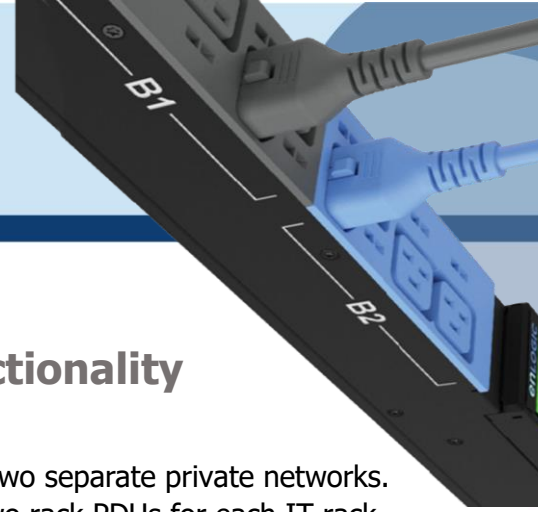
1. Configure the PDU, which is first in line on the Daisy Chain.

Note: Refer to the *Network Settings section for more information.*

2. After the initial PDU is configured, connect the Ethernet cord from the 10/100 port (on the configured PDU) to the 10/100/1000 port (on the second PDU) in the daisy chain line.
3. Repeat **step 2**, connecting PDUs from the 10/100 port to the 10/100/1000 port for up to **64** PDUs.

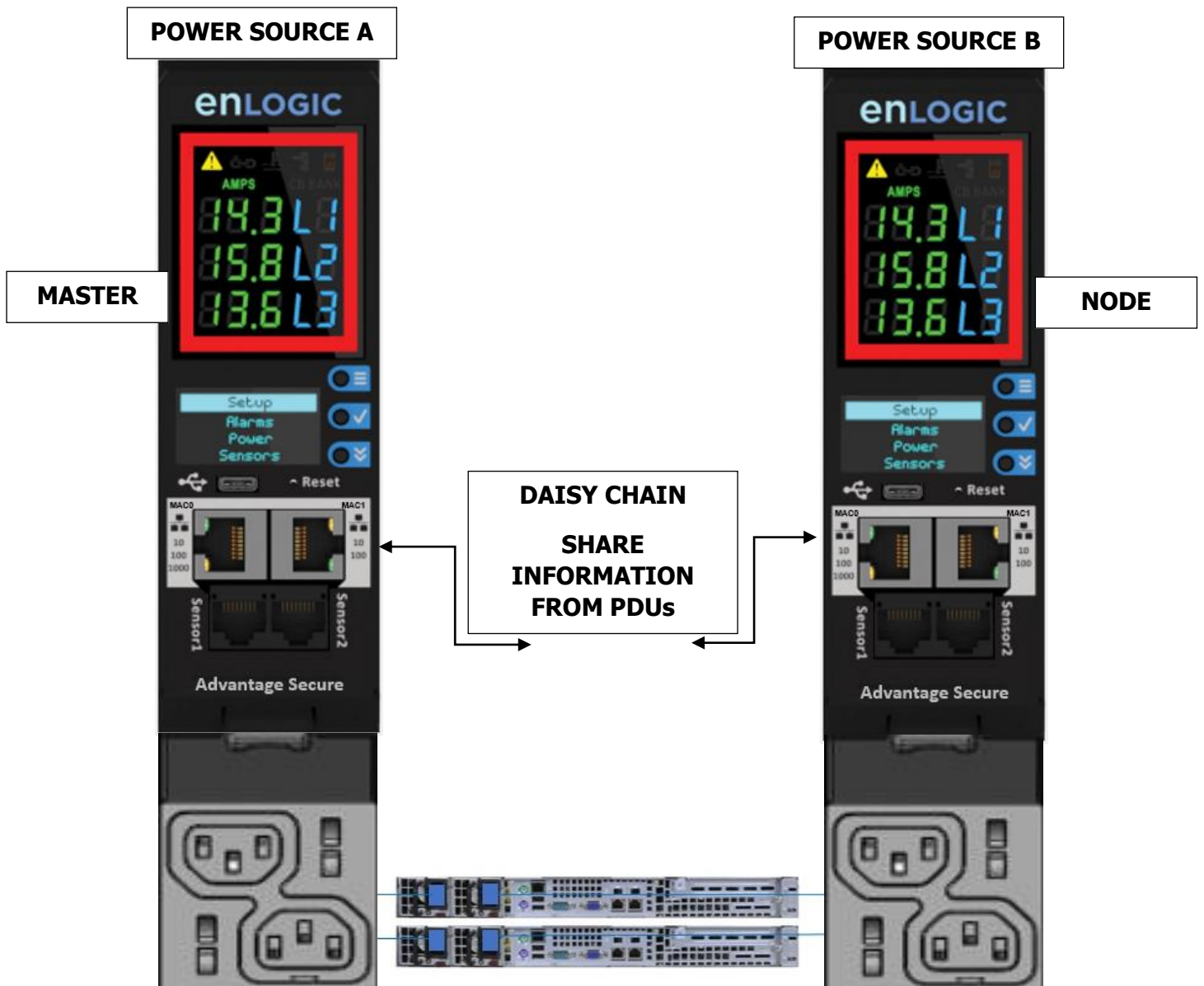
Note: *The length of the Ethernet cords connecting the PDUs must be less than 6 m (20 ft.).*

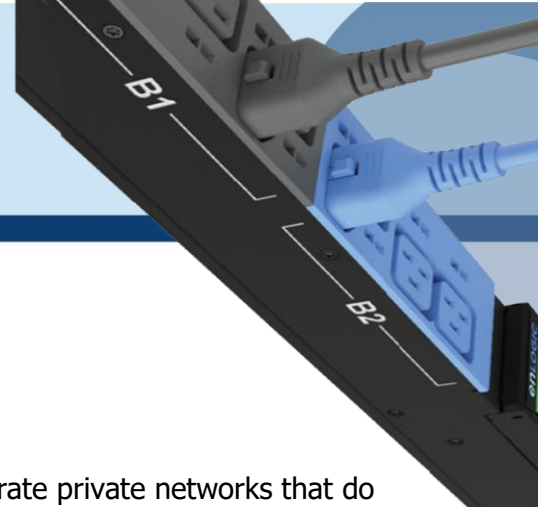
4. By default, the Daisy Chain command is enabled in the PDU configuration file and default mode of the PDU is QNA. Go to the **web interface** (or management software) to manage and control the PDUs in the Daisy Chain.



RNA (Redundant Network Access) Functionality

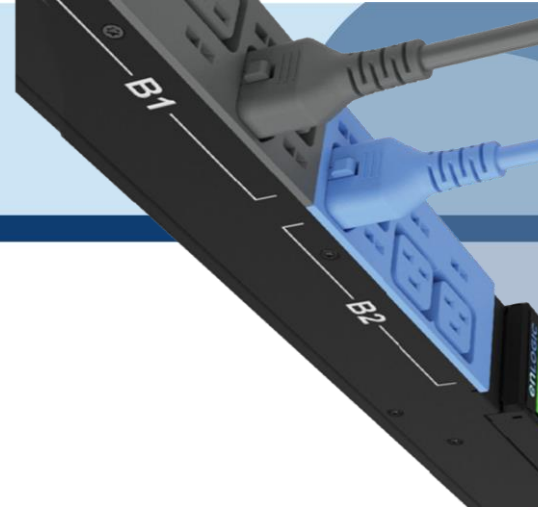
Enlogic RNA allows secure access of PDU data and statistics on two separate private networks. RNA is used with a redundant power delivery design including two rack PDUs for each IT rack. PDUs are used in RNA applications that must be of the same SKU.





How it Works

- Using Enlogic RNA, the landlord and tenant maintain two separate private networks that do not overlap.
- Enlogic RNA works using a redundant power delivery design (i.e., two rack PDUs for each IT rack).
- Each PDU is separately connected to the Tenant or Landlord's private communications network.
- The two PDUs are connected with the data communications bus to allow PDUs to share user-defined information.
- Each PDU acts like a master PDU to report PDU data to both networks.



RNA Setup

To setup RNA mode on Daisy chain setup the user must,

1. Configure the PDU for RNA Mode (using CLI).
2. Connect the LAN Network cords and Ethernet cords between PDUs.

To Connect PDUs for RNA Setup

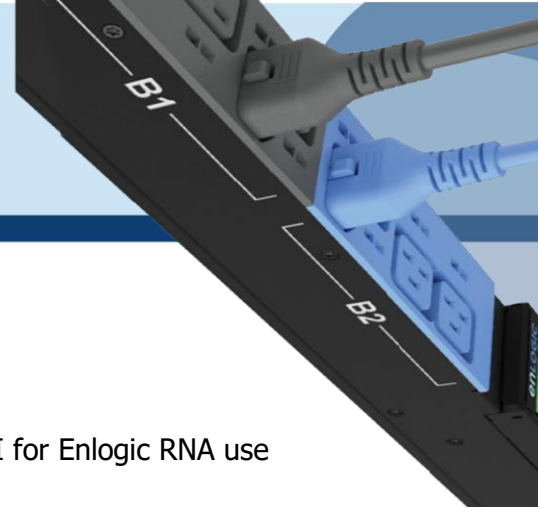
After the PDUs are configured for RNA

1. Connect the LAN network cable from network switch to the PDU1 Port1.
2. Connect another LAN NETWORK cable to Port 2 of last PDU in the daisy chain setup.
3. Connect the Ethernet cable from the Landlord PDU port 2 to Tenant PDU port 1 (to establish daisy chain connection).
4. Next step is to configure RNA mode to establish RNA connection.

To Configure RNA Mode in the CLI

1. Login to the CLI and type the command `dev daisy rna` on the last PDU of daisy chain setup.
2. The following message will appear:
SUCCESS
System Reboot now, Are you sure? (Y/ N)
3. Type Y to confirm reboot.
4. After reboot, the PDU will be setup to RNA Mode.

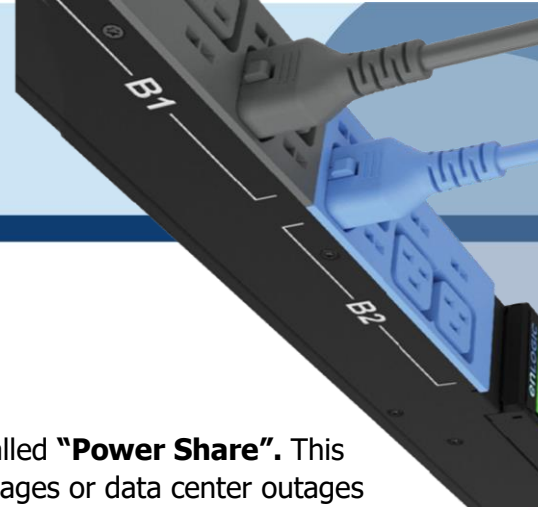
Note: RNA mode enabled PDU's should not be placed in between the daisy chain system.



Daisy Chain and RNA Commands in CLI

The following is a list of executable commands available in the CLI for Enlogic RNA use only.

Command	Description	Example
dev daisy rna	Changes mode from daisy chain to RNA	EN2.0> dev daisy rna System Reboot now, Are you sure?(Y/ N):
dev daisy qna	Changes mode from RNA to daisy chain	EN2.0> dev daisy qna System Reboot now, Are you sure?(Y/ N):

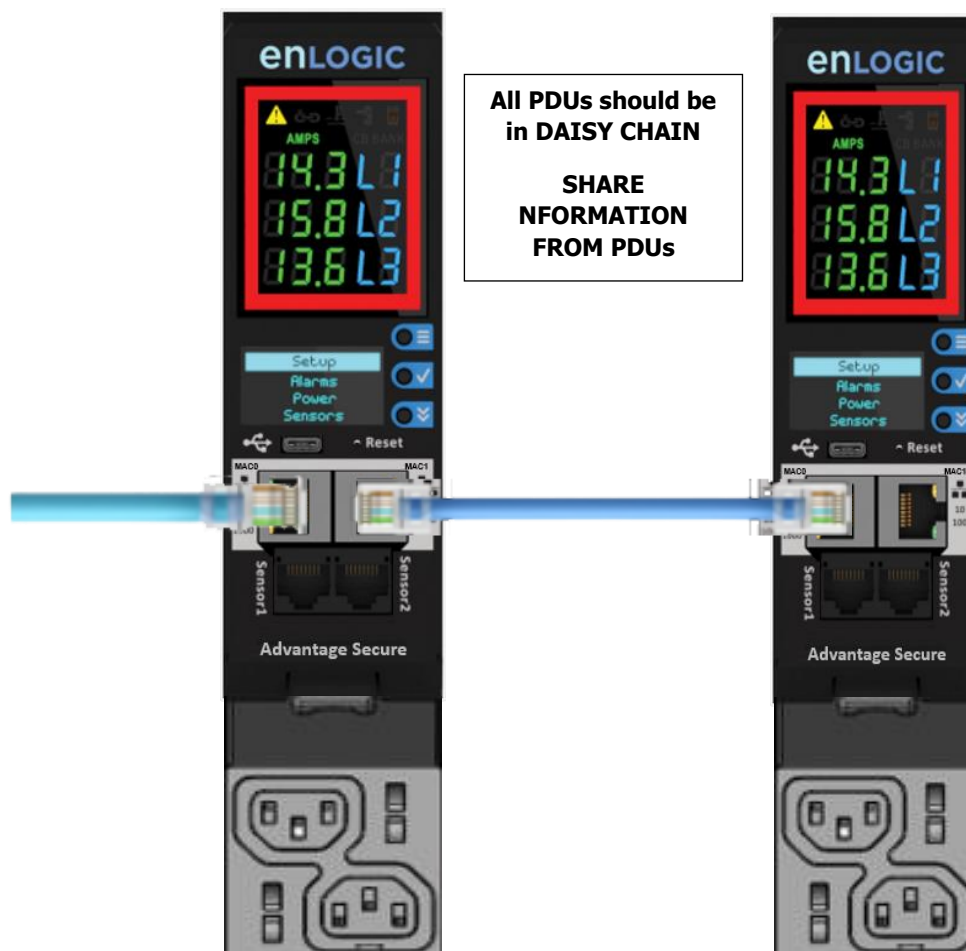


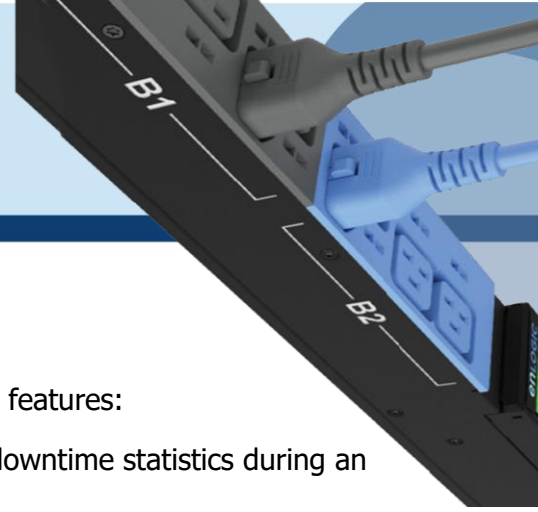
Power Share over Daisy Chain PDUs

Enlogic PDUs now come with a built-in failover power capability called **"Power Share"**. This function makes sure that the consequences of any unforeseen outages or data center outages are minimized. By giving the NMC redundant power, the Power Share feature reduces the possibility of a power outage on one of the power feeds before it occurs and keeps an eye on the downstream daisy chained PDUs.

In this case, the PDUs share power via the same Ethernet connection that is used in a daisy chain, allowing the PDU to continue receiving DC power from the linked PDU even in the event that it loses AC power.

In addition to the increased resilience and stability, this functionality allows the **"lost power"** PDU to continue maintaining network communications, sensor functions, and security operations.





Upcoming features

Enlogic firmware will support the following upcoming Power Share features:

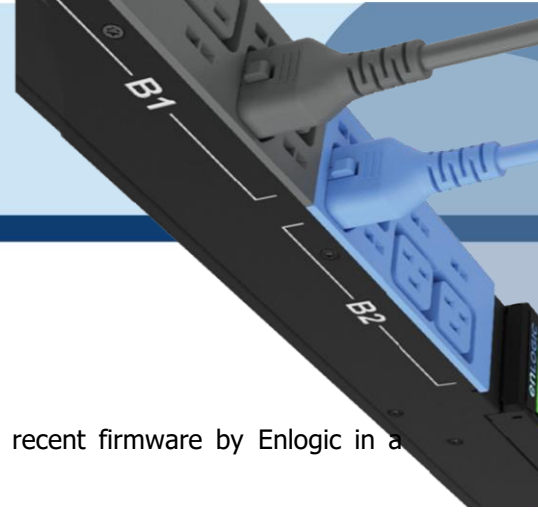
1. Enlogic Power Share feature helps customers understand downtime statistics during an outage and enhancing overall responsiveness.
2. Power Share also lowers the Mean Time to Repair (MTTR) by sending out timely notifications/alarms.
3. Users can set alerts and alarms, giving them crucial seconds to make decisions that will lessen accidental power interruptions.
4. SNMP, WEB UI, CLI and SSH are the four interfaces that can be used to monitor and control Power Share features. When the PDU is in Power Share mode this information is displayed in any/all of the above interfaces.
5. In the WEB UI, the Event logs also display that the PDU has lost its Main power and is in Power Share mode.
6. The downed controller receives redundant power via Power Share. As a consequence, visibility and network connectivity are maintained. The user can reach their destination more quickly and effectively since they are immediately notified of the fallen controller.
7. Power Share maintains connectivity to all downstream and upstream devices and keeps an eye on all sensor and power meter reading data. The fallen PDU's power reading would be the only thing unavailable.

Limitations

Enlogic PDUs now come with a built-in failover power capability called "**Power Share**". There are a few restrictions:

1. Only PDUs that are daisy chained—that is, linked to AC power—are eligible for the Power Share function. To power share PDUs, a Cat6 patch cable is used.
2. The PDU cannot share power with the PDUs next to it if it is currently consuming DC power.
3. In the case of an AC power source failure, each PDU has the capacity to supply DC power to power the sensors and network management electronics in the PDU [previous and next in sequence]. EG: In a 64 PDU daisy chain setup if the 50th PDU loses AC power, the 49th or 51st PDU will power share.
4. The Power Share feature never extends power beyond the adjacent PDUs.
5. Power Share allows power to be shared just with additional two NMC; power to the outlets is not shared and the outlet LED lights are turned off. This keeps both NMCs operating at maximum capacity. The alerts notify the user when a PDU loses power, this allows for a quick remediation by identifying where and when an outage occurs.
6. The Power Share feature of NMC helps mitigate the risks of a power loss on either power feed before they happen, maintains your visibility into daisy chained PDUs.

Please refer the **Questions and Answers (FAQs)** page below for some terminologies used in this section.



Firmware Update Procedures

Enlogic iPDUs and Inline Meters can be updated to support the most recent firmware by Enlogic in a variety of ways.

USB Method

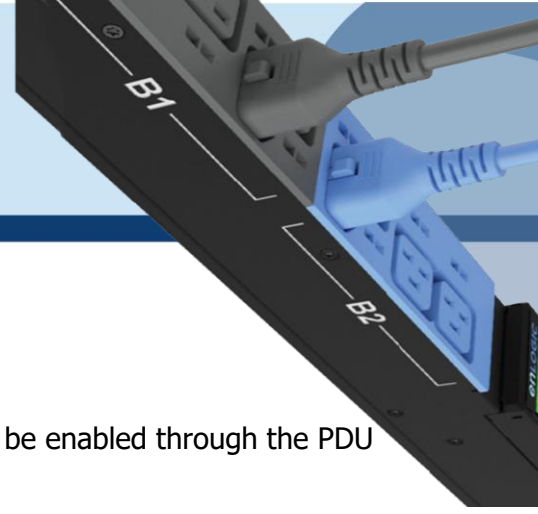
1. Go to www.enlogic.com and download the most recent Firmware version, a. 'enlogic.fw'.
2. Select Firmware Upload and click Yes to confirm.
3. **Note:** *The OLED will show the Firmware update progress. It also shows the process of updating. When the update is complete, the PDU will automatically reboot.*
4. Go to **Setup** and select **Device** and **Firmware** to confirm that the Firmware uploaded successfully.

Web Interface Method

1. Go to www.enlogic.com and download the most recent Firmware version, enlogic.fw . Save this file into a folder location.
2. Go to System management page and select the Upload Firmware option.
3. Select the PDU you want to upload firmware and upload the enlogic.fw file.

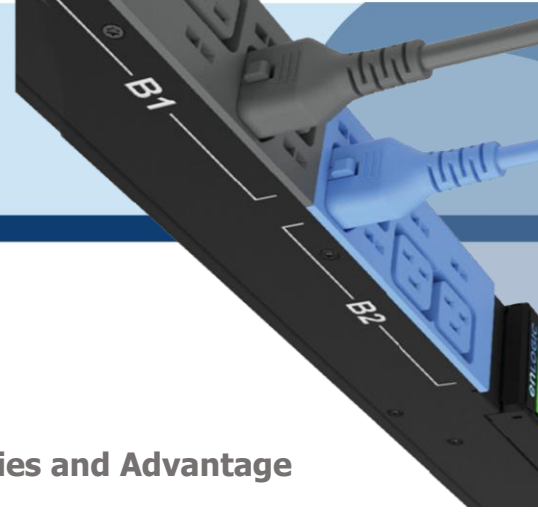
Note: *PDU will reboot, and Firmware upgrade will complete.*

The screenshot displays the Enlogic web interface. On the left, the 'System Management' page is visible, showing fields for System Information, Rack Location, and LED Edge Color. On the right, a modal dialog box titled 'Upload Firmware' is open. The dialog contains a warning message and a list of PDUs to choose from. 'PDU 1' is currently selected in the list.



4. To access the PDU using an FTPS program, FTPS must be enabled through the PDU Web Interface or through CLI or through SSH.
5. In the Web Interface, go to Network Settings -> FTPS.
6. Select the check box to **enable FTPS Access**.
7. Login to an FTP program with a role with administration privileges.
8. Transfer the firmware file enlogic.fw to /fw folder.
9. Connect to the PDU via SSH using a program such as TeraTerm or PUTTY.
10. Login using a role with administration privileges.
11. Execute the CLI command "sys upd all" to perform the FW upload operation.

After reboot message indication in console, push the "Y" from the prompt (Y/N) displays for the PDU reboot **Note:** *For Master PDU / Standalone configuration, at the (Y/N) prompt will be appeared for PDU reboot, type Y. When the upload is finished, the system will reboot automatically.*



Questions and Answers (FAQs)

Q1. What are the differences between Advantage Series and Advantage Secure PDUs (or NMCs)?”

Answer: Advantage Secure is a newer offer that adds a cybersecurity feature called Secure Boot. This adds hardware support to provide a “root of trust” that increases protection against attempts to load non-authenticated firmware to the PDU. It also adds additional flash memory for future use.

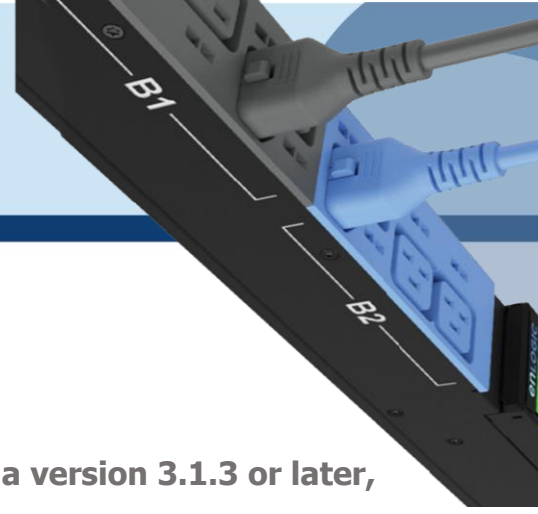
Q2. Are there any changes to the firmware file's format from earlier iterations for the Enlogic Firmware?

Answer: Unlike previous compressed or zipped files [.tar/.zip], the firmware file for all new versions will be provided in the **enlogic.fw** format.

Q3. How can we upgrade current or new NMCs to the latest firmware version 3.2.0?

Answer: Follow the steps mentioned before for the current in use or new NMCs:

- The firmware upgrades should be performed in the following order for **Advantage Series NMCs**:
 - Firmware version 2.0.6.7 .
 - Upgrade Bridge firmware 3.0.0.2 using the update folder in the USB, or enlogic.tar using the WEBUI & FTPS.
 - From, 3.0.0.2 [bridge firmware] to flash new firmware [3.2.0] use **enlogic.fw** using USB, WEBUI & FTPS.
- The firmware upgrades should be performed in the following order for **Advantage Secure NMCs**:
 - Firmware version 3.0.4 .
 - From, 3.0.4 to flash new firmware [3.2.0] use **enlogic.fw** using USB, WEBUI & FTPS.



Q4. When updating from a lower firmware version to a version 3.1.3 or later, are there any specific actions recommended?

Answer: After a new FW update, users may see an inaccurate energy value accumulated in the PDU; it is necessary to perform the **db energyclr all** command to clear that value. This inaccurate energy value accumulation is notices in two type of PDUs – Input Metered PDU (MI) and Monitored Switched (MS) SKUs.

Q5. When updating from a lower firmware version to a version 3.1.3 or later, can the firmware then be downgraded to a previous version?

Answer: Due to underlying file system improvements made in version 3.1.3, downgrades to a previous firmware version are not supported.

Q6. Can older iPDUs support the new Advantage Secure NMCs and Hot Swapping?

Answer: Older iPDU's NMCs cannot be hot swapped with the new Advantage Secure NMCs.

Q7. After updating firmware to a new version, can I use a configuration file created from the previous firmware version?

Answer: After flashing the new Firmware, previously stored configuration files cannot be used.

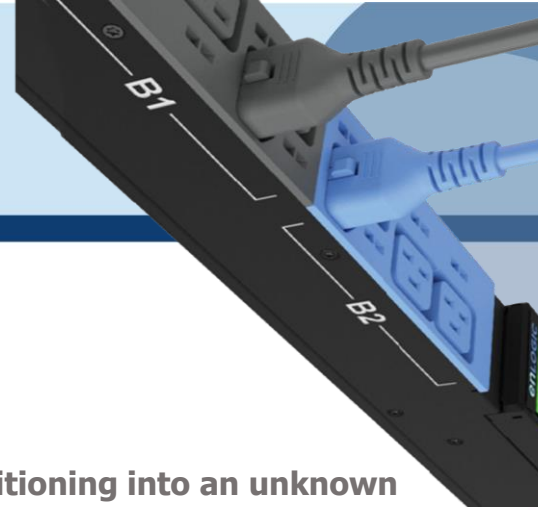
Q8. Will the MIB files in the new Firmware support IPv6 addresses?

Answer: The new Firmware will support a new MIB file that contains IPv6 addresses.



Q9. Could we understand some of the Power Share Terminologies in this document?

Acronym	Abbreviation
<i>Power Share function</i>	Parameter used to enable and/or disable Power Share mode
<i>AC</i>	Alternating Current/Standard electricity provided to devices
<i>DC</i>	Direct Current/One-directional flow of electric charge
<i>Main Power</i>	AC Power incoming from main supply to a PDU
<i>Backup Power</i>	Power supplied by an adjacent controller during Mains power loss
<i>Upstream</i>	Power sharing capability of a PDU to its preceding PDU
<i>Downstream</i>	Power sharing capability of a master PDU to the next/succeeding PDU
<i>Cat6 patch cable</i>	Cat6 Ethernet cable is a network cable used for connecting devices or PDUs
<i>MTTR (mean time to repair)</i>	MTTR (mean time to repair) is the average time it takes to repair a system (usually technical or mechanical). It includes both the repair time and any testing time.



Q10. What should a user do if they see an iPDU transitioning into an unknown state?

Answer: If this happens, the user can perform a soft RESET on the iPDU.

<p>NMC Reboot [RST]</p>	<p>Use a pin, press, and hold the recessed RESET key button for about 8 seconds, which will initiate the reset option without changing any configuration values. The OLED display will show the RST during this operation.</p>
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Reset Key Button : Use this recessed Pin hole for the Reset functionality.

